WHEATON
PRECIOUS METALS



THE HIGH MARGIN PRECIOUS METALS COMPANY

November 2021
Corporate Presentation

Value through streaming.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

CAUTIONARY NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The information contained in this Presentation contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and “forward-looking information” within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements.

Readers are strongly cautioned to carefully review the cautionary notes to this Presentation and in particular:

Note 1 at the end of this Presentation contains our cautionary note regarding forward-looking statements and sets out the material assumptions and risk factors that could cause actual results to differ, including, but not limited to, fluctuations in the price of commodities, the impact of the COVID-19 virus pandemic, outcome of any audits by the CRA of Wheaton Precious Metal’s tax filings, the absence of control over mining operations from which Wheaton Precious Metal purchases precious metals or cobalt, and risks related to such mining operations and continued operation of Wheaton Precious Metal’s Counterparties. Readers should also consider the risks identified under “Description of the Business – Risk Factors” in Wheaton’s Annual Information Form and the risks identified under "Risks and Uncertainties" in Wheaton’s Management's Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) for the year ended December 31, 2020, both available on SEDAR and in Wheaton’s Form 40-F and Wheaton’s Form 6-Ks filed May 6, 2021 and August 12, 2021, all available on EDGAR. Where applicable, readers should also consider any updates to such “Risks and Uncertainties” that may be provided by Wheaton in any subsequently filed quarterly MD&A.

Note 2 at the end of this Presentation contains our cautionary note regarding the presentation of mineral reserve and mineral resource estimates.

The full presentation is available on Wheaton’s website (www.Wheatonpm.com). All values referenced on the presentation are in US dollars unless otherwise noted. In accordance with Wheaton Precious Metals™ Corp.’s (“Wheaton Precious Metals”, “Wheaton” or the “Company”) MD&A and financial statements, reference to the Company includes the Company’s wholly owned subsidiaries.

WHO IS WHEATON PRECIOUS METALS?

Value through streaming.

WHEATON PRECIOUS METALS

A MODEL DESIGNED TO BENEFIT ALL STAKEHOLDERS

Our Vision To be the world's premier precious metals investment vehicle.

Our Mandate To deliver ***value through streaming*** to all of our stakeholders:



To our **Shareholders**, by delivering low risk, high quality, diversified exposure and growth optionality to precious metals



To our **Partners**, by crystallizing value for precious metals yet to be produced



To our **Neighbours**, by promoting responsible mining practices and supporting the communities in which we live and operate

WHEATON'S STREAMING ADVANTAGE

THE SUSTAINABLE OPTION FOR PRECIOUS METAL INVESTING

HIGH QUALITY ASSETS

Ninety percent of Wheaton's current production comes from **high-margin** mines operating in the lowest half of their cost curve

PREDICTABLE COSTS

Contractually defined cost per ounce typically protects streamers from inflationary cost pressures

INNOVATIVE DIVIDEND

Dividend policy provides shareholders a minimum floor payment while giving direct exposure to Wheaton's growth and commodity prices[11]



EXPLORATION & EXPANSION UPSIDE

High-margin assets receive the benefit from mine exploration and expansion activities typically at no additional cost

COMMODITY PRICE LEVERAGE

Investors get leverage to the underlying commodities as delivery payments per ounce are pre-determined and made upon delivery

OPTIONALITY

Development projects not included in guidance have the potential of adding >200,000 GEOs per year[30]

SUSTAINABLE FOUNDATION

Wheaton is committed to long-term sustainability

WHEATON PRECIOUS METALS

TRANSITIONING TO A HYBRID WORLD

RECENT HIGHLIGHTS

Corporate development momentum continues:

Voisey's Bay (Vale) – Inaugural units of cobalt received as of Jan 1, 2021

Santo Domingo (Capstone) – 100% of Au for upfront payment of $290M

Cozamin (Capstone) – 50% of Ag for upfront payment of $150M

Fenix (Rio2) – 6% of Au for upfront payment of $50M[31]

Recognition for sustainability:

Second annual sustainability report published May 13th.

MSCI: "AA" (Upgrade from "A")[27]

Sustainalytics: #1 for Precious Metals and ESG Global 50 Top Rated Company[28]

Significant dividend growth leads to index inclusion:

Quarterly dividend increased by 25% year over year to $0.15 per common share[11]

S&P/TSX Canadian Dividend Aristocrats Index

Narrowing of 2021 Annual Guidance:

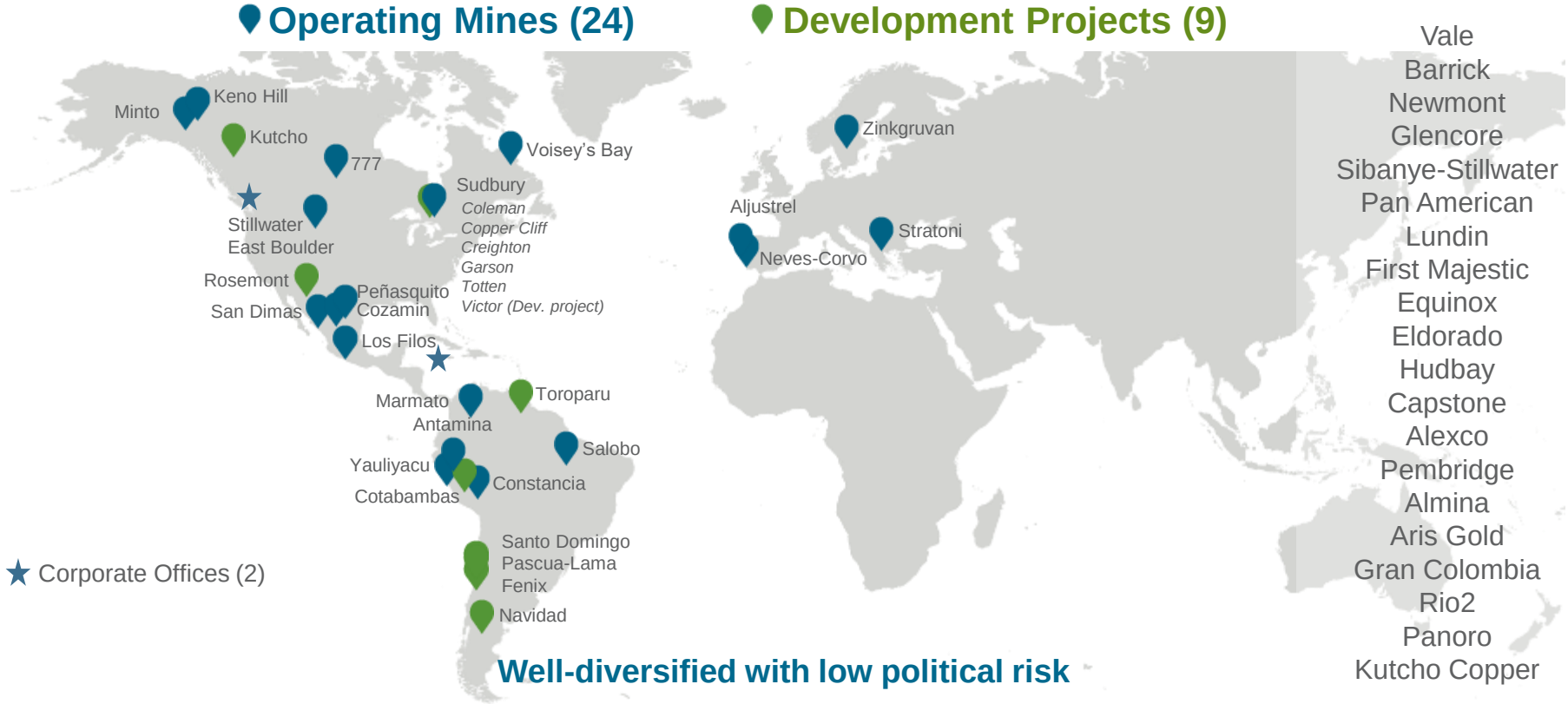
Gold: **330 – 345 koz**
Silver: **25.5 – 26.5 moz**
Other Metals: **45.0 – 55.0 koz**
GEOs: **735 – 765 koz**

Leadership in precious metals

Randy Smallwood is the Chair of the World Gold Council, focused on sustainability and precious metals marketing

HIGH QUALITY ASSET BASE

DIVERSIFIED PORTFOLIO OF HIGH-QUALITY ASSETS



Partners:

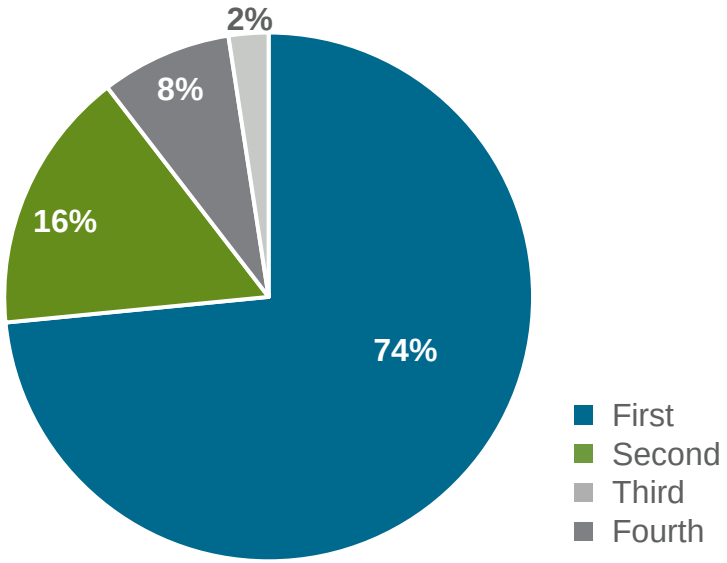
Vale
Barrick
Newmont
Glencore
Sibanye-Stillwater
Pan American
Lundin
First Majestic
Equinox
Eldorado
Hudbay
Capstone
Alexco
Pembridge
Almina
Aris Gold
Gran Colombia
Rio2
Panoro
Kutcho Copper

Well-diversified with low political risk

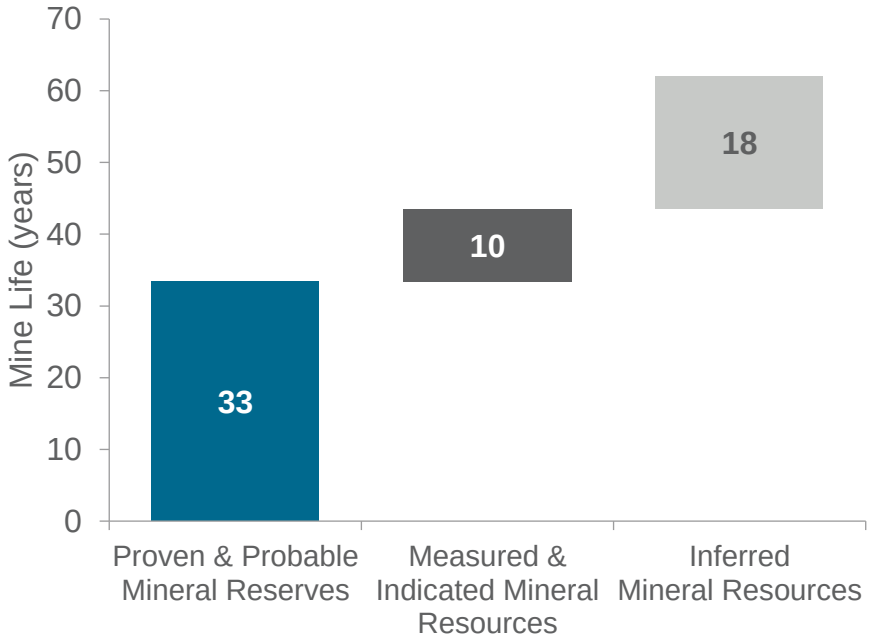
HIGH QUALITY ASSET BASE

LOW COST, LONG LIFE PRODUCTION

2021 Forecast Production by Cost Quartile[1,3]



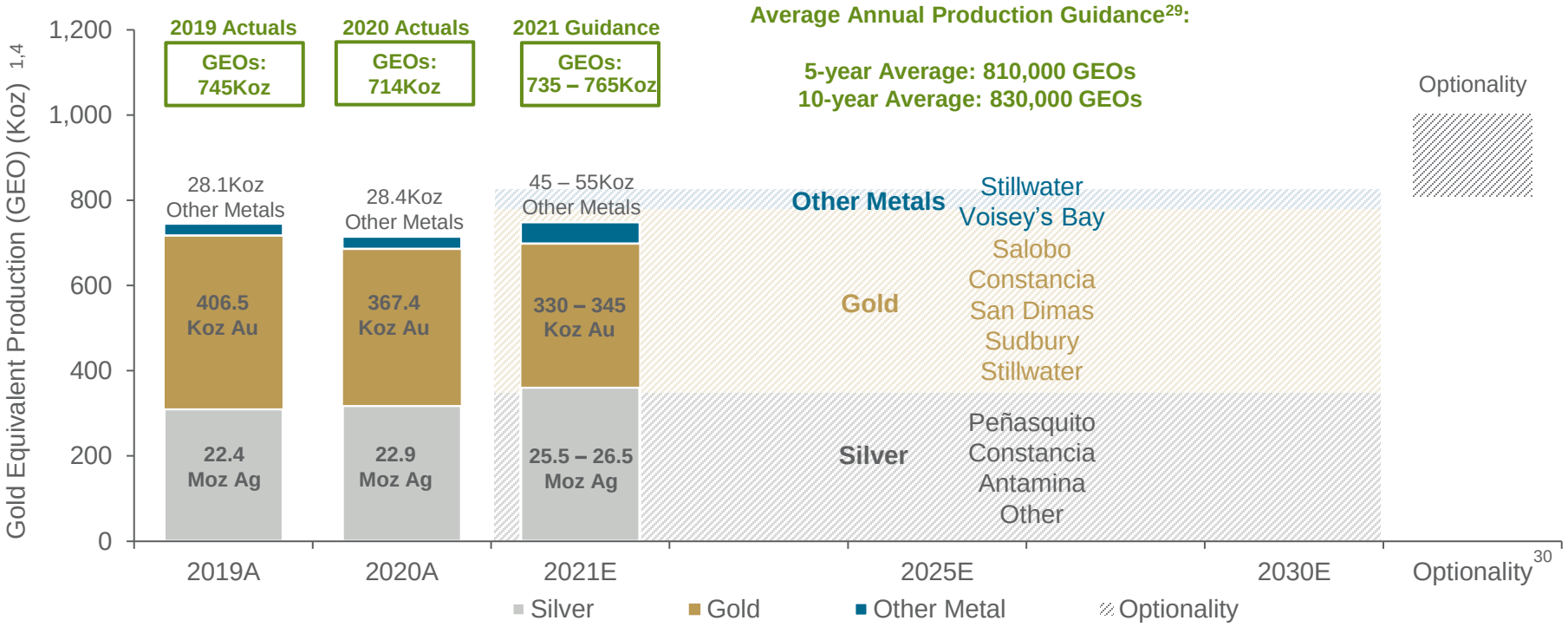
Mine Life of Operating Portfolio[1,2,3]



Ninety percent of Wheaton's production comes from assets that fall in the lowest half of the cost curve, and the portfolio has over 30 years of mine life based on reserves

HIGH QUALITY ASSET BASE

LONG TERM PRODUCTION OUTLOOK

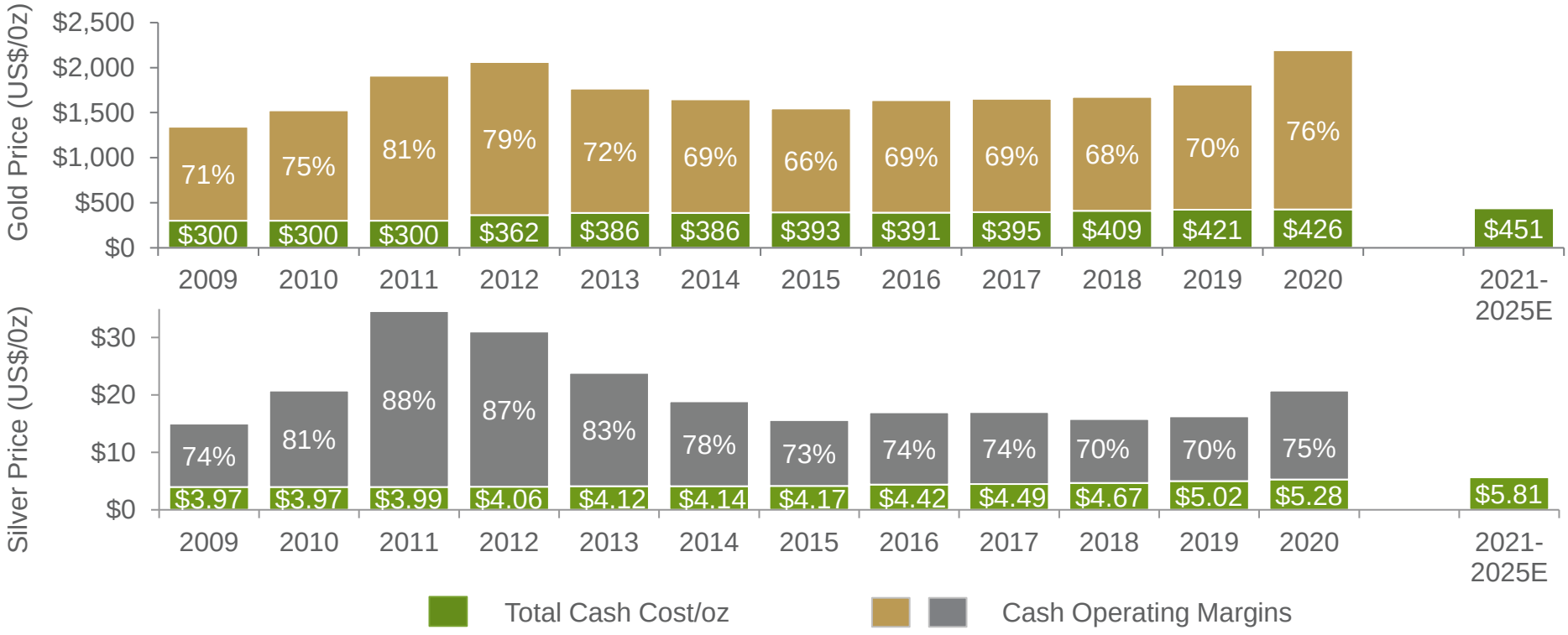


Wheaton's commitment to sustainable growth is reinforced by the introduction of 10-year guidance

CASH OPERATING COSTS

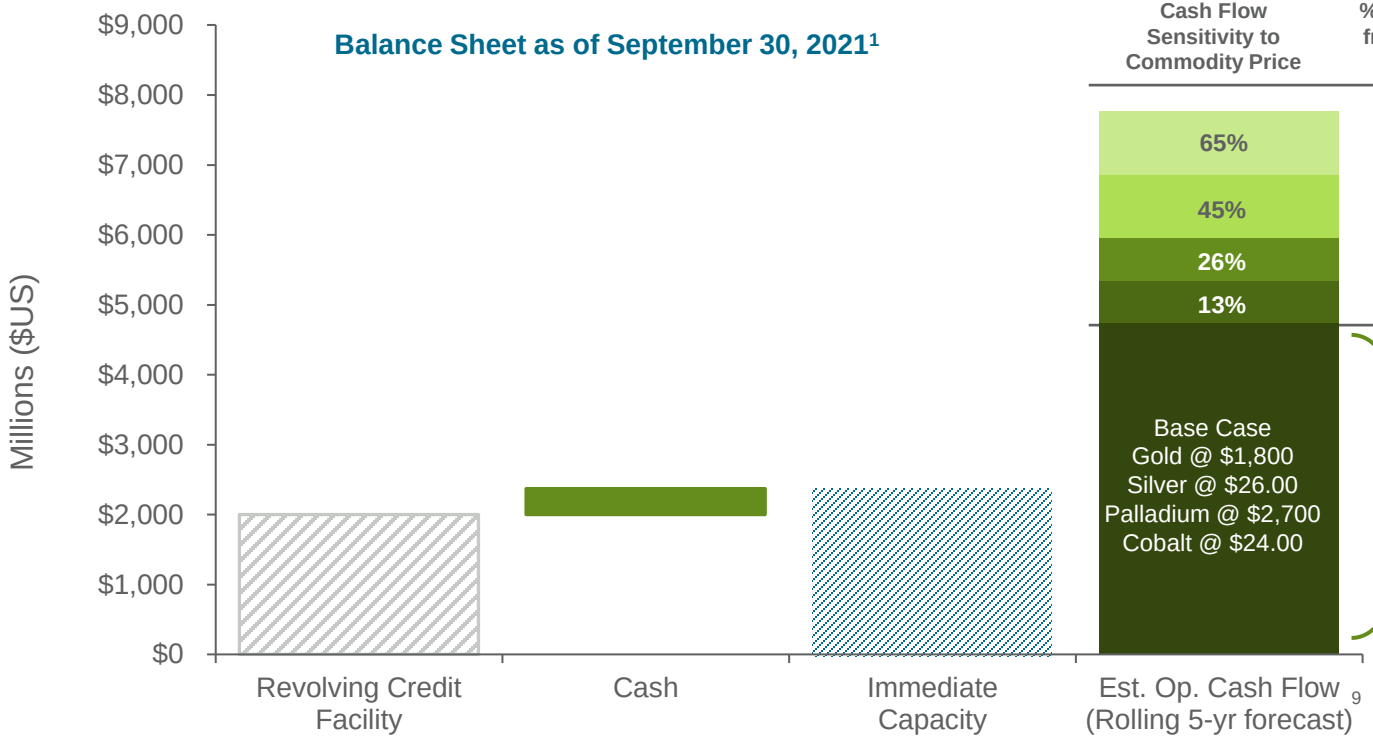
PREDICTABLE COSTS AND HIGH MARGINS

Total Cash Cost and Cash Operating Margins per Ounce[1,5,6,7]



STRONG BALANCE SHEET

AMPLE CAPACITY TO CONTINUE GROWING



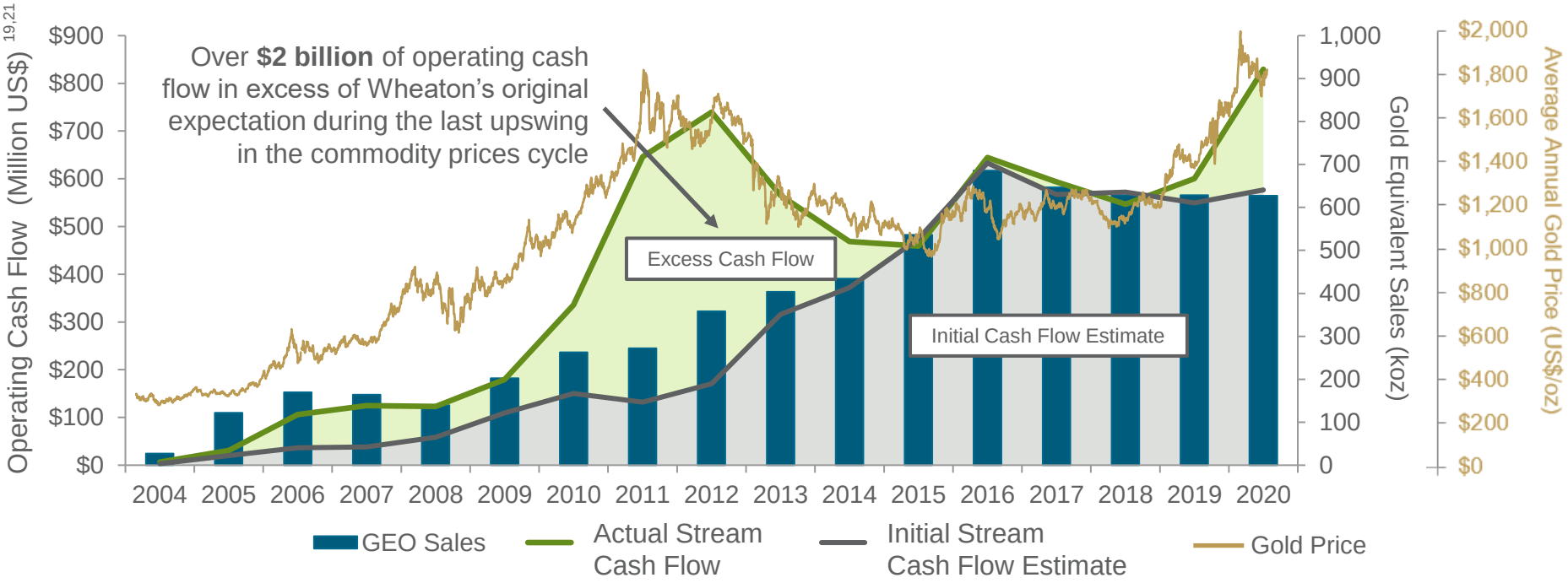
Cash Flow Sensitivity to Commodity Price	% Increase from Base Case	Au Price $US/oz	Ag Price $US/oz
65%	50%	$2,700	$36.75
45%	35%	$2,430	$33.10
26%	20%	$2,160	$29.40
13%	10%	$1,980	$26.95

~$1 billion in average annual operating cash flows generated at spot commodity prices

Cash flow sensitivities indicate a 50% increase in commodity prices will result in a 65% increase to cash flows

MARGINS AND CASH FLOW

OPTIONALITY TO HIGHER COMMODITY PRICES



Wheaton's 2020 sales volumes are 75 percent higher than in 2012 during the prior high commodity price cycle

INNOVATIVE AND SUSTAINABLE DIVIDEND

- **Quarterly Dividend Policy**
  - Dividends linked to operating cash flows whereby approximately 30% of the average of the previous four quarters' operating cash flows are distributed to shareholders
  - Floor of $0.13/share per quarter set for 2021, representing a 30% increase relative to 2020[7]
  - Declared fourth quarterly dividend of 2021 of $0.15/share, representing a 25% increase from prior year[7]
- **Benefits**
  - Direct precious metals price exposure with participation in robust organic production growth
  - Sustainable and flexible
  - >$1.4 billion declared in dividends since inception

Quarterly Dividend Declared



Declared dividend of $0.15/share represents 25% increase relative to Q3 2020

BENEFITS TO PARTNER MINING COMPANIES

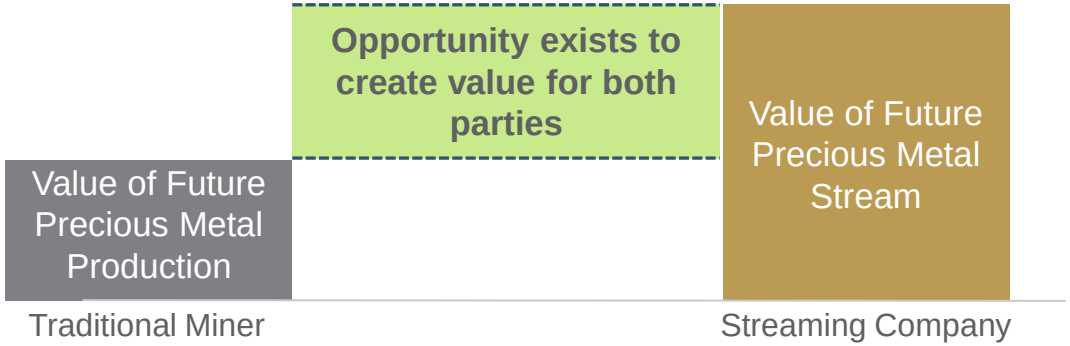
PRECIOUS METALS STREAMING

THE BENEFITS TO THE PARTNER MINING COMPANY

	Stream	Debt	Equity
Non-dilutive form of funding	✓	✓	
Initial value creation for both parties	✓		
Improves project IRR	✓		
Crystalize future production of mining partner	✓		
Contractual relationship means support & flexibility	✓		
Endorses technical merits of mine / project	✓		
Share production and operating risk	✓		✓
Expedited due diligence & closing process	✓		✓
No fixed payments	✓		✓

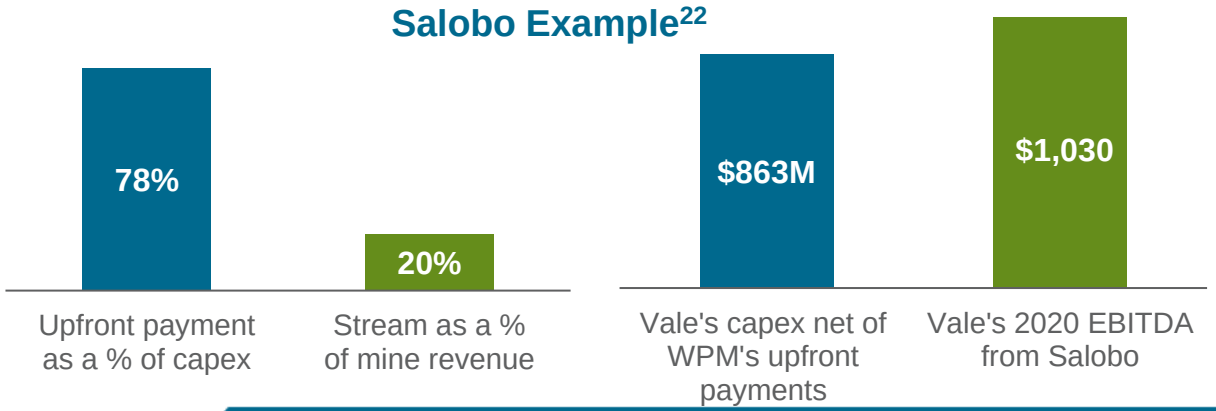
PRECIOUS METALS STREAMING

THE BENEFITS TO THE PARTNER MINING COMPANY



Initial Value Creation

The market values precious metal in a streaming company's portfolio greater than precious metal produced by a traditional miner



Improves IRRs

The upfront payment contributes a larger portion of capex than the stream represents as a percentage of revenue

BENEFITS TO THE COMMUNITY

SUSTAINABILITY

A CORE VALUE

Wheaton delivers **sustainable**, **long-term value** from both a business and social perspective

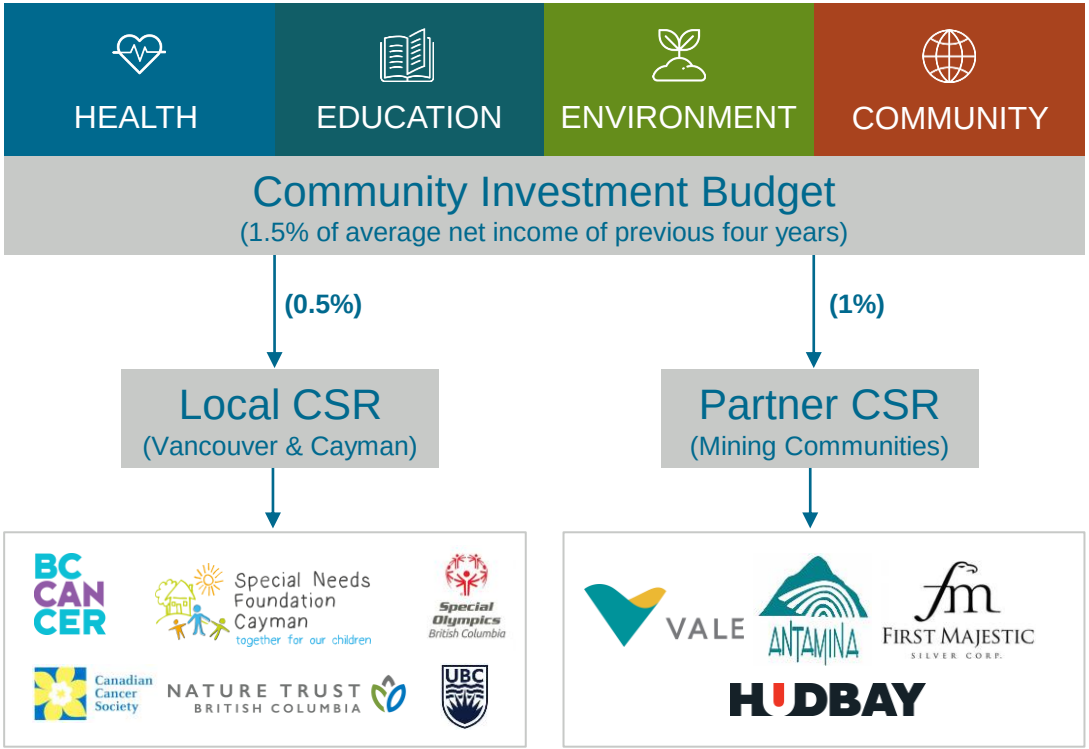
ESG Due Diligence	Community Investment Programs	Strong Policies & Practices	External & Voluntary Commitments

Wheaton has undertaken a broad range of sustainability initiatives and significantly increased disclosure around ESG risk management

COMMUNITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM

MAKING AN IMPACT

- Only streaming company with formal programs that benefit communities
- To help combat COVID-19, Wheaton established an additional **$5M Community Support & Relief Fund** to be used primarily to support communities around the mines from which we get precious metals
  - At September 30, 2021, Wheaton has made donations totaling $4 million under this program in support of frontline organizations including food banks, shelters and hospitals among others.



RECOGNITION FOR SUSTAINABILITY PERFORMANCE

- Top-rated among ESG analysts
  - Rated an “AA” by MSCI ESG Research (upgraded from “A” in September 2020)[27]
  - Ranked #1 for Precious Metals by Sustainalytics ESG Risk Ratings[28]
  - Ranked in the Global Top 50 out of over 12,000 companies across sectors by Sustainalytics
  - Classified as “Prime” by ISS ESG Corporate Rating
  - Included within the Euronext Vigeo World 120 Indice powered by Vigeo Eiris
- Carbon Neutral designation since 2015
- Signatory to the World Gold Council’s Responsible Gold Mining Principles
- First streaming company to join UN Global Compact
  - Largest sustainability initiative in the world
  - Demonstrates commitment to corporate sustainability through a principles-based approach
  - Incorporates ten universally accepted principles in the areas of **human rights, labour, environment** and **anti-corruption** into strategies, policies and procedures
  - Take strategic actions to advance broader societal goals including the UN Sustainable Development Goals

WHY INVEST IN WHEATON PRECIOUS METALS?

Value through streaming.

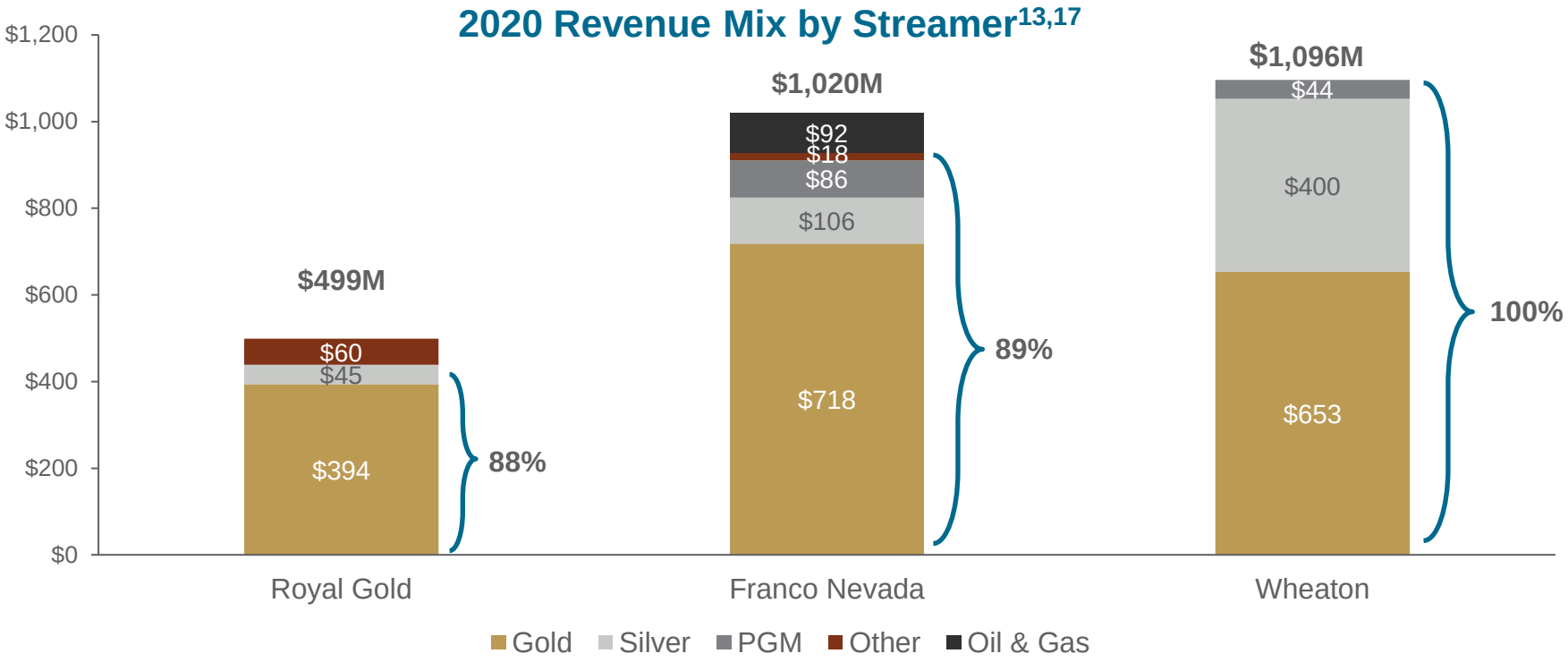
THE WORLD'S PREMIER PRECIOUS METALS INVESTMENT

	Wheaton	Other Streamers	Bullion / ETFs	Precious Metal Miners
>95% of revenue from precious metals[17]	✓		✓	?
No capital cost exposure	✓	✓		
No operating cost exposure[12]	✓	✓		
Exploration upside	✓	✓		✓
Highly diverse asset base	✓	✓		
Sustainable dividend	✓	?		
Leverage to commodity prices	✓	✓		✓

Wheaton has a high quality stream portfolio and is the only streamer with >95% of revenue exposed to precious metals production

WHEATON VERSUS OTHER STREAMERS

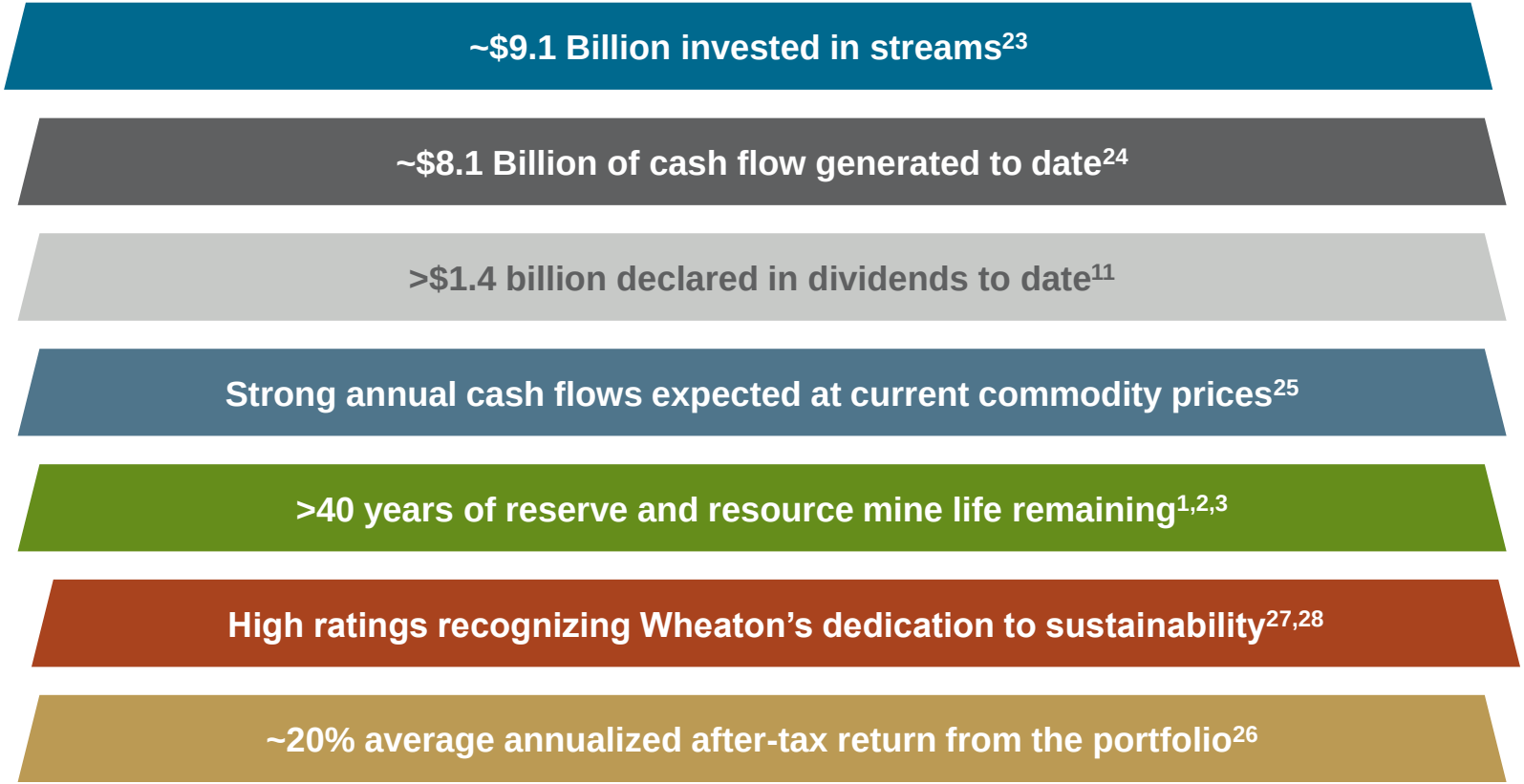
SECTOR LEADING REVENUE GENERATION



Wheaton's 2020 revenue is 100% precious metals, with higher total revenue than peers

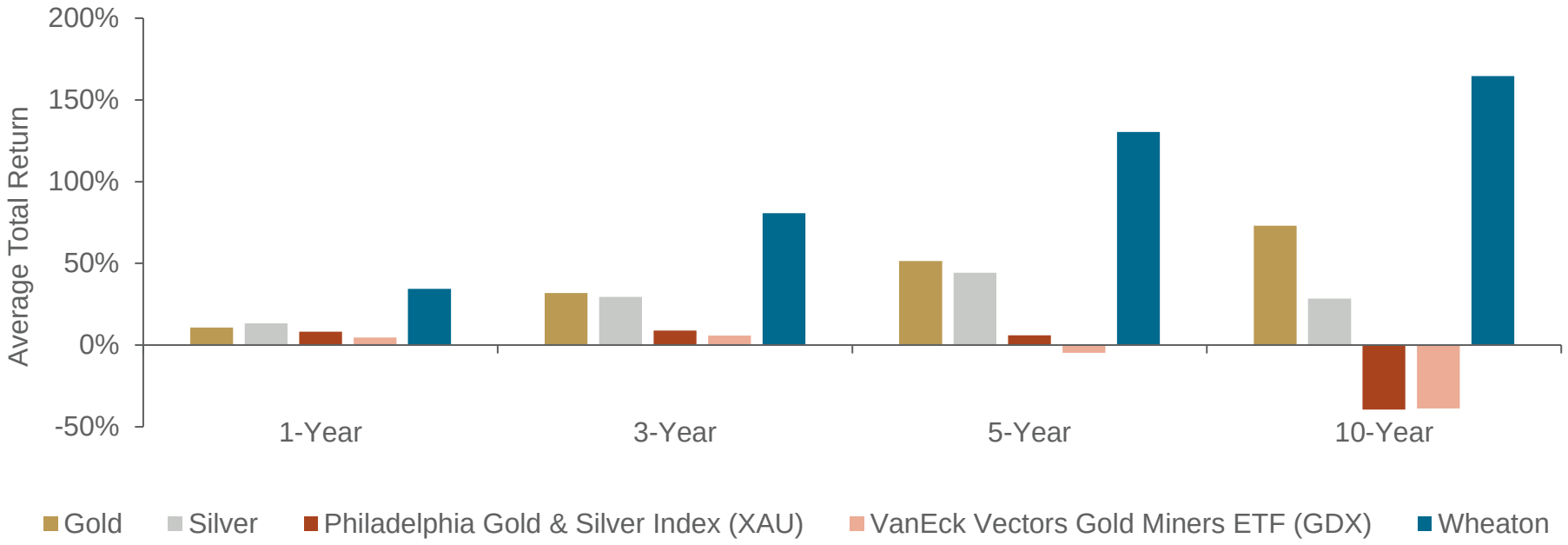
WHEATON'S TRACK RECORD

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021



CONSISTENTLY OUTPERFORMED GOLD AND SILVER

Total Average Rolling Multi-Year Return Comparison as of November 16, 2021[14]



Wheaton's strong track record has resulted in consistently returning value to shareholders

WHEATON PRECIOUS METALS

IF YOU LIKE PRECIOUS METALS, WHEATON CHECKS ALL THE BOXES

- ☑ Cost predictability
- ☑ Significant expansion & exploration potential
- ☑ High quality asset base
- ☑ Long-life operations
- ☑ Leverage to increasing precious metals prices
- ☑ Dedication to sustainability
- ☑ Innovative dividend

CONTACT

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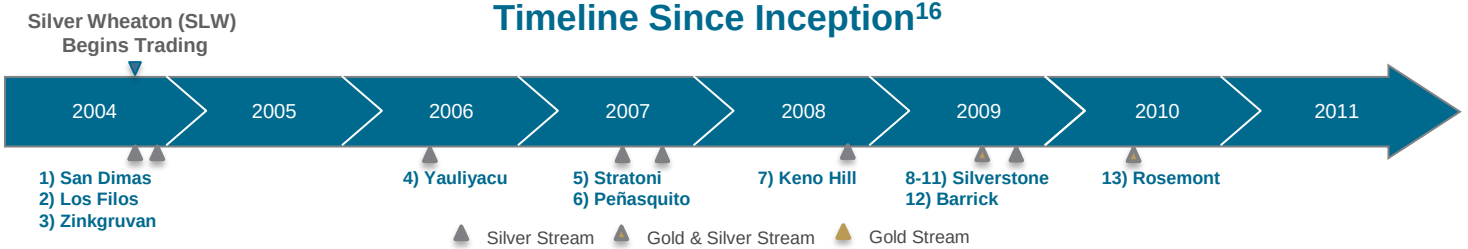
APPENDIX AND ENDNOTES

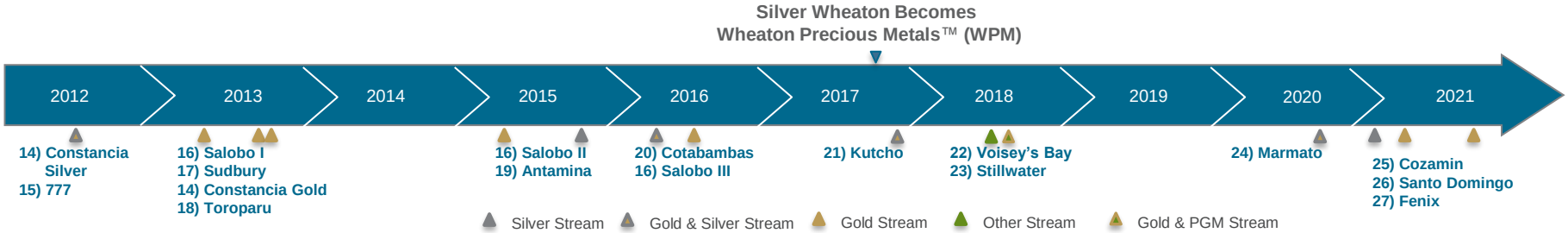
COMPANY ACQUISITION HISTORY

Timeline Since Inception[16]



	Precious Metal Interest	Mine Owner	Location of Mine	Upfront Consideration	Attributable Production Silver	Attributable Production Gold	Production Payment as of Sep 30, 2021[1] Silver	Production Payment as of Sep 30, 2021[1] Gold	Term of Agreement	Date of Original Contract
1	**San Dimas**	First Majestic	Mexico	$	25% paid in gold	25%		$618	Life of Mine	15-Oct-04
2	**Los Filos**	Equinox	Mexico	$ 4,463	100%	0%	$4.53		25 years	15-Oct-04
3	**Zinkgruvan**	Lundin	Sweden	$ 77,866	100%	0%	$4.46		Life of Mine	8-Dec-04
4	**Yauliyacu**	Glencore	Peru	$ 285,000	100% up to 1.5Moz, then 50%	0%	$8.98[2]		Life of Mine	23-Mar-06
5	**Stratoni**	Eldorado Gold	Greece	$ 57,500	100%	0%	$11.54[3]		Life of Mine	23-Apr-07
6	**Peñasquito**	Newmont	Mexico	$ 485,000	25%	0%	$4.29		Life of Mine	24-Jul-07
7	**Keno Hill**	Alexco	Canada	$ 50,000	25%	0%	Variable[4]		Life of Mine	2-Oct-08
8-11	**Silverstone Resources**									21-May-09
8	Minto	Pembridge	Canada	$ 54,805	100%	100% up to 30Koz, then 50%	$4.31	variable[25]	Life of Mine	20-Nov-08
9	Neves-Corvo	Lundin	Portugal	$ 35,350	100%	0%	$4.38		50 years	5-Jun-07
10	Aljustrel	Almina	Portugal	$ 2,451	100%[5]	0%	50% of spot[26]		50 years	5-Jun-07
11	Navidad (Loma de La Plata)	Pan American	Argentina	$ 43,289[6]	12.5%	0%	$4.00		Life of Mine	n/a[7]
	Barrick			$ 252,261[8]						
12	**Pascua-Lama**	Barrick	Chile/Argentina		25%	0%	$3.90		Life of Mine	8-Sep-09
	The Barrick transaction also included streams on Lagunas Norte, Pierina, Veladero which expired on March 31, 2018									
13	**Rosemont**	Hudbay	United States	$ 230,000[9]	100%	100%	$3.90	$450	Life of Mine	10-Feb-10

COMPANY ACQUISITION HISTORY



	Precious Metal Interest	Mine Owner	Location of Mine	Upfront Consideration	Attributable Production Silver	Attributable Production Gold	Attributable Production Other	Production Payment As of Sep 30, 2021[1] Silver	Production Payment As of Sep 30, 2021[1] Gold	Production Payment As of Sep 30, 2021[1] Other	Term of Agreement	Date of Original Contract
14	**Constancia**[10,11]	Hudbay	Peru	$ 429,900	100%	50%					Life of Mine	8-Aug-12
	Constancia Silver			$ 294,900	100%			$6.08				8-Aug-12
	Constancia Gold			$ 135,000		50%			$412			4-Nov-13
15	**777**[11]	Hudbay	Canada	$ 455,100	100%	50%		$6.32	$429		Life of Mine	8-Aug-12
16	**Salobo**[12]	Vale	Brazil	$ 3,059,360	0%	75%			$412		Life of Mine	28-Feb-13
	Salobo I			$ 1,330,000	0%	25%						28-Feb-13
	Salobo III			$ 900,000	0%	25%						2-Mar-15
	Salobo III[13]			$ 829,360	0%	25%						2-Aug-16
17	**Sudbury**[14]	Vale	Canada	$ 623,572	0%	70%			$400		20 years	28-Feb-13
	Coleman, Copper Cliff, Garson, Stobie, Creighton, Totten and Victor gold interests											
18	**Toroparu**[15]	Gran Colombia	Guyana	$ 153,500	50%	10%		$3.90	$400		Life of Mine	11-Nov-13
19	**Antamina**[16,17]	Glencore	Peru	$ 900,000	33.75%	0%		20% of Spot			Life of Mine	3-Nov-15
20	**Cotabambas**[18,19]	Panoro	Peru	$ 140,000	100%	25%		$5.90	$450		Life of Mine	21-Mar-16
21	**Kutcho**[20,21]	Kutcho Copper	Canada	$ 65,000	100%	100%		20% of Spot	20% of Spot		Life of Mine	15-Dec-17
22	**Voisey's Bay Cobalt**[22]	Vale	Canada	$ 390,000			42.4% / 21.2%			18% of Spot	Life of Mine	11-Jun-18
23	**Stillwater**[23]	Sibanye-Stillwater	USA	$ 500,000		100%	4.5% / 2.25% / 1%	18% of Spot		18% of Spot	Life of Mine	16-July-18
24	**Marmato**[24]	Aris Gold	Colombia	$ 110,000	6.5%	100%		18% of Spot	18% of Spot		Life of Mine	05-Nov-20
25	**Cozamin**[27]	Capstone	Mexico	$ 150,000	50%			10% of Spot			Life of Mine	19-Feb-21
26	**Santo Domingo**[28]	Capstone	Chile	$ 290,000		100%		18% of spot			Life of Mine	24-Mar-21
27	**Fenix**[29]	Rio2	Chile	$ 50,000		6%			18% of Spot		Life of Mine	16-Nov-21

COMPANY ACQUISITION HISTORY

NOTES TO TIMELINE

1. Subject to an annual inflationary adjustment with the exception of Loma de La Plata and Sudbury.
2. Should the prevailing market price for silver or gold be lower than this amount, the per ounce cash payment will be reduced to the prevailing market price, with the exception of Yauliyacu where the per ounce cash payment will not be reduced below $4.24 per ounce, subject to an annual inflationary factor.
3. In October 2015, in order to incentivize additional exploration and potentially extend the limited remaining mine life of Stratoni, Wheaton Precious Metals and Eldorado Gold agreed to modify the Stratoni silver purchase agreement. The primary modification is to increase the production price per ounce of silver delivered to Wheaton Precious Metals over the current fixed price by one of the following amounts: (i) $2.50 per ounce of silver delivered if 10,000 meters of drilling is completed outside of the existing ore body and within Wheaton Precious Metals' defined area of interest ("Expansion Drilling"); (ii) $5.00 per ounce of silver delivered if 20,000 meters of Expansion Drilling is completed; and (iii) $7.00 per ounce of silver delivered if 30,000 meters of Expansion Drilling is completed. Drilling in all three cases must be completed by December 31, 2020, in order for the agreed upon increase in production price to be initiated.
4. In March 2017, the Company amended its silver purchase agreement with Alexco Resource Corp. ("Alexco") to make the production payment a function of the silver head grade and silver spot price in the month in which the silver is produced. In addition, the area of interest was expanded to include properties currently owned by Alexco and properties acquired by Alexco in the future which fall within a one kilometer radius of existing Alexco holdings in the Keno Hill Silver District. As consideration of the amendments, Alexco issued 3,000,000 shares to Wheaton Precious Metals.
5. Wheaton Precious Metals only has the rights to silver contained in concentrate containing less than 15% copper at the Aljustrel mine.
6. Comprised of $11 million allocated to the silver interest upon the Company's acquisition of Silverstone Resources Corp. in addition to a contingent liability of $32 million, payable upon the satisfaction of certain conditions, including Pan American receiving all necessary permits to proceed with the mine construction.
7. Definitive terms of the agreement to be finalized.
8. The upfront consideration is net of the $373 million cash flows received relative to silver deliveries from the Lagunas Norte, Veladero, and Pierina mines.
9. The upfront consideration is currently reflected as a contingent obligation, payable on an installment basis to partially fund construction of the Rosemont mine once certain milestones are achieved, including the receipt of key permits and securing the necessary financing to complete construction of the mine.
10. Gold recoveries will be set at 55% for the Constancia deposit and 70% for the Pampacancha deposit until 265,000 ounces of gold have been delivered to the Company. Should there be a delay in achieving completion or mining the Pampacancha deposit beyond the end of 2018, Wheaton Precious Metals would be entitled to additional compensation in respect of the gold stream.
11. Subject to an increase to $9.90 per ounce of silver and $550 per ounce of gold after the initial 40 year term.
12. Vale has completed the expansion of the mill throughput capacity at the Salobo mine to 24 million tonnes per annum ("Mtpa") from its previous 12 Mtpa. If actual throughput is expanded above 28 Mtpa within a predetermined period, and depending on the grade of material processed, Wheaton Precious Metals will be required to make an additional payment to Vale based on a set fee schedule ranging from $113 million if throughput is expanded beyond 28 Mtpa by January 1, 2036, up to $953 million if throughput is expanded beyond 40 Mtpa by January 1, 2021.
13. Upfront payment consisted of $800 million cash & the amendment of the 10mil Wheaton Precious Metals common share purchase warrants previously issued to Vale in connection with the Sudbury precious metal purchase agreement which expire on Feb. 28, 2023 to reduce the strike price from $65 to $43.75 per common share. The amendment to these warrants was valued at $29 million using a Black-Scholes option pricing model.
14. Includes Coleman, Copper Cliff, Garson, Stobie, Creighton, Totten & Victor gold interests. Upfront payment consisted of $570 million cash plus 10 million Wheaton Precious Metals common share purchase warrants with a $65 strike and 10 year term.
15. Comprised of $16 million paid to date and $138 million to be payable on an installment basis to partially fund construction of the mine. Following the delivery of certain feasibility documentation or after December 31, 2017 if the feasibility documentation has not been delivered to Wheaton Precious Metals by such date, Wheaton Precious Metals may elect not to proceed with the agreement or not pay the balance of the upfront consideration and reduce the gold stream percentage from 10% to 0.909% and the silver stream percentage from 50% to nil. If Wheaton Precious Metals elects to terminate, Wheaton Precious Metals will be entitled to a return of the amounts advanced less $2 million which is non-refundable on the occurrence of certain events. If Wheaton Precious Metals elects to reduce the streams, Gran Colombia may return the amount of the deposit already advanced less $2 million to Wheaton Precious Metals and terminate the agreement.

COMPANY ACQUISITION HISTORY

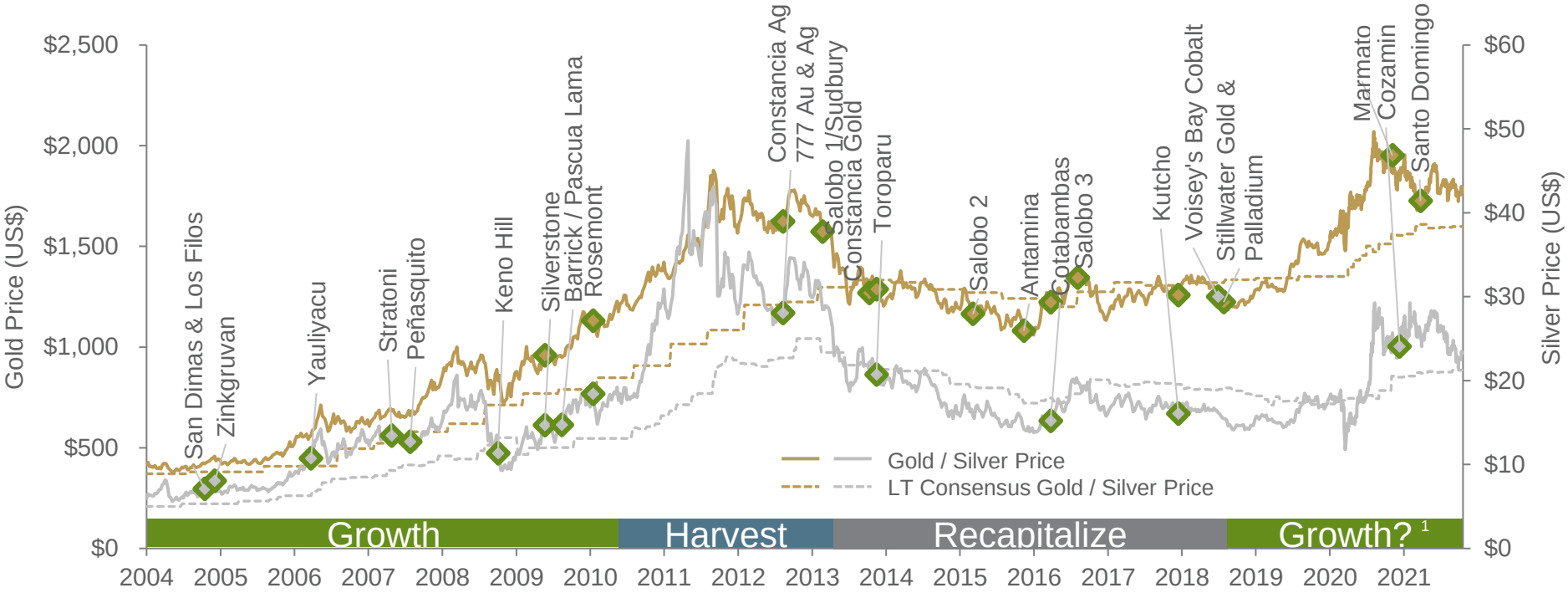
NOTES TO TIMELINE

15. Glencore owns 33.75% of the Antamina mine through a joint venture. Wheaton Precious Metals is entitled to Glencore's portion of the silver production.
16. Once the Company has received 140 million ounces of silver under the Antamina agreement, the Company's attributable silver production to be purchased will be reduced to 22.5%.
17. Comprised of $4.75 million paid to date, $9.25 million which is payable on an installment basis spread out over a period of up to eight years and $126 million payable on an installment basis to partially fund construction of the mine once certain conditions have been satisfied.
18. Once 90 million silver equivalent ounces attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals have been produced, the attributable production to be purchased will decrease to 66.67% of silver & 16.67% of gold production for the life of mine.
20. Comprised of $7 million as an early deposit, payable in 2018. The balance of the $65 million would be payable in instalments during construction of the Kutcho Project.
21. Once 5.6 million ounces of silver and 51,000 ounces of gold have been delivered, the stream will decrease to 66.67% of the silver and gold production for the life of the mine.
22. Stream is effective January 1, 2021. Once 31 million pounds of cobalt are delivered, the stream drops to 21.2% of cobalt for the life of mine. Production payment is set at 18% of the cobalt spot price until the value of the upfront cash consideration is reduced to zero, then the production payment is 22% of the cobalt spot price.
23. Stream is effective July 1, 2018. Wheaton will be entitled to an amount of palladium equal to: 4.5% of Stillwater palladium production up to 375 Koz: 2.25% of Stillwater palladium production between 375 Koz to 550 Koz delivered: and 1% of Stillwater palladium production thereafter for the life of mine. Production payment is set at 18% of the gold and palladium spot price until the value of the upfront cash consideration is reduced to zero, then the production payment is 22% of the gold and palladium spot price
24. Wheaton International will pay a total cash consideration of US$110M, US$38M of which is payable within six months subject to customary conditions, and the remaining portion of which is payable during the construction of the MDZ project subject to receipt of required permits and licenses, sufficient financing having been obtained to cover total expected capital expenditures, and other customary conditions. The stream is effective July 1, 2020. Production payment is set at 18% of the gold and silver spot price until the value of the upfront cash consideration is reduced to zero, then the production payment is 22% of the gold and silver spot price.
25. The Company has amended the Minto PMPA such that the per ounce cash payment per ounce of gold delivered will be 75% of the spot price of gold for each ounce of gold delivered under the Minto PMPA. This amended pricing will end on the earlier of (i) 14 months after the first delivery is due; or (ii) once 11,000 ounces of gold have been delivered to the Company. Once this amended pricing ends, the per ounce cash payment per ounce of gold delivered will be $325, subject to an increase in periods where the market price of copper is lower than $2.50 per pound.
26. 50% of amounts received under concentrate sales agreements.
27. Wheaton is entitled to 50% of silver production until 10 Moz have been delivered, thereafter dropping to 33% of silver production for the life of the mine.
28. Wheaton is entitled to 100% of the silver production until 285 thousand ounces have been delivered, thereafter dropping to 67% of payable gold production for the life of the mine. Wheaton International will make ongoing payments for gold ounces delivered equal to 18% of the spot gold price until the value of gold delivered less the cumulative Production Payments is equal to the upfront consideration of US$290 million, at which point the Production Payment will increase to 22% of the spot gold price. Closing of the transaction is expected to occur shortly following announcement and is subject to the completion of certain corporate matters and customary conditions.
29. Under the terms of the proposed PMPA, the Company will acquire 6% of the gold production until 90,000 ounces have been delivered and 4% of the gold production until 140,000 ounces have been delivered, after which the stream drops to 3.5% for the life of mine. In return, Wheaton International will make ongoing delivery payments equal to approximately 18% of the spot price until the value of gold delivered less the production payment is equal to the upfront consideration of $50 million, at which point the production payment will increase to 22% of the spot gold price.

STREAMING THROUGHOUT THE CYCLE

SOME DAYS YOU REAP, SOME DAYS YOU SOW…

Spot Gold Prices vs. Long-Term Analyst Consensus[18]

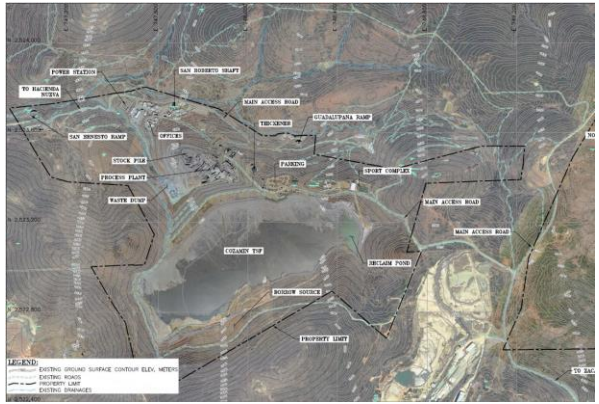


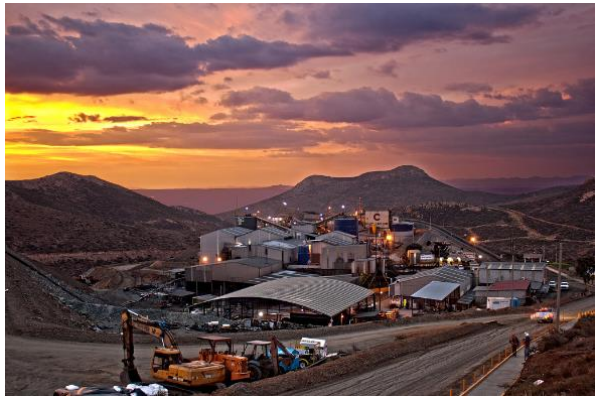
Streaming Cycle looks to be re-entering growth phase

GROWTH

COZAMIN – ASSET OVERVIEW[1]

Operator	Capstone Mining Corp.
Location	Zacatecas, Mexico
Stream	Silver
Date of Contract	February 19, 2021 (Effective December 1, 2020)
Term of Stream[1]	Life of Mine
Stream Parameters[1]	50% of silver production until 10 Moz have been delivered, thereafter dropping to 33% of silver production for the life of the mine.
Upfront Consideration[1]	$150 Million
Delivery Payment / oz[1]	10% of spot silver
Deposit	Epithermal and mesothermal vein deposit
Mine Type	Underground





Exploration success has led to significant resource increases and excellent potential exists to continue this expansion

GROWTH

SANTO DOMINGO – ASSET OVERVIEW[1]

Operator	Capstone Mining Corp.
Location	Atacama Region, Chile
Stream	Gold
Date of Contract	March 24, 2021
Term of Stream[1]	Life of Mine
Stream Parameters[1]	100% of gold production until 285 Koz have been delivered, thereafter dropping to 67% of gold production for the life of the mine.
Upfront Consideration[1]	$290 Million
Delivery Payment / oz[1]	18% of spot gold
Status	Fully permitted, construction scheduled to commence in late 2021 with production forecast for 2024





First-quartile copper project with long mine life provides additional near-term growth opportunity

GROWTH

FENIX GOLD PROJECT – ASSET OVERVIEW[1]

Operator	Rio2 Limited
Location	Chile (North east of Copiapo)
Stream	Gold
Date of Contract	Announced July 20, 2021 *(subject to customary conditions, including negotiation of definitive documentation)*
Term of Stream[1]	Life of Mine
Stream Parameters[1]	6% of Au until 90koz, 4% of Au until 140koz, 3.5% of Au thereafter
Upfront Consideration[1]	$50M in two equal installments
Delivery Payment / oz[1]	18% of spot gold until upfront deposit repaid, 22% of spot gold thereafter
Status	Receipt of EIA approval outstanding. First gold production forecast for Q4, 2022.





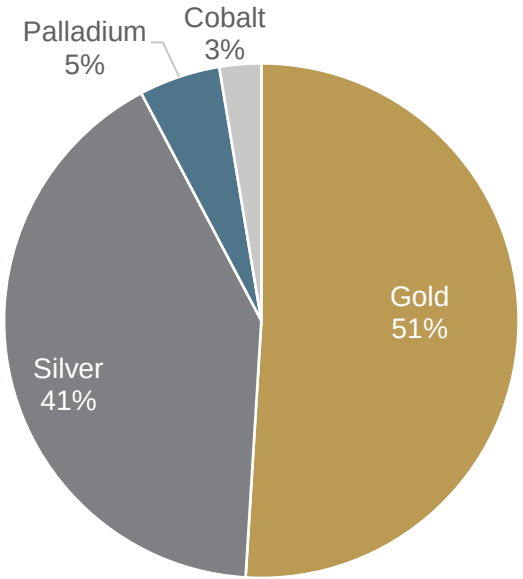
Photo Source: Rio2 website

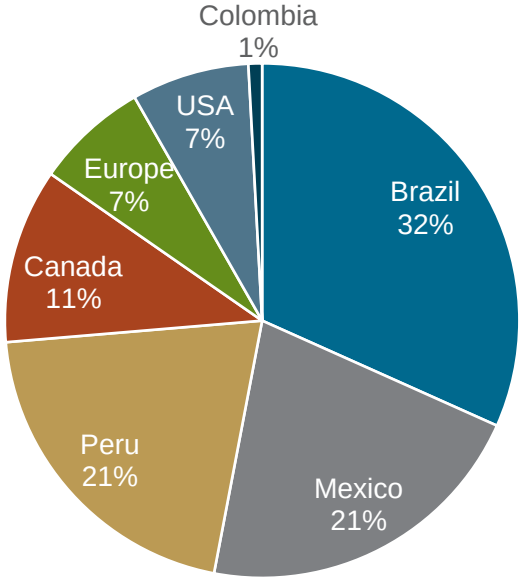
Near-term growth opportunity with strong production expansion potential

REVENUE EXPOSURE

HIGHLY DIVERSIFIED PORTFOLIO

2021-2025E Revenue Mix[1,4]

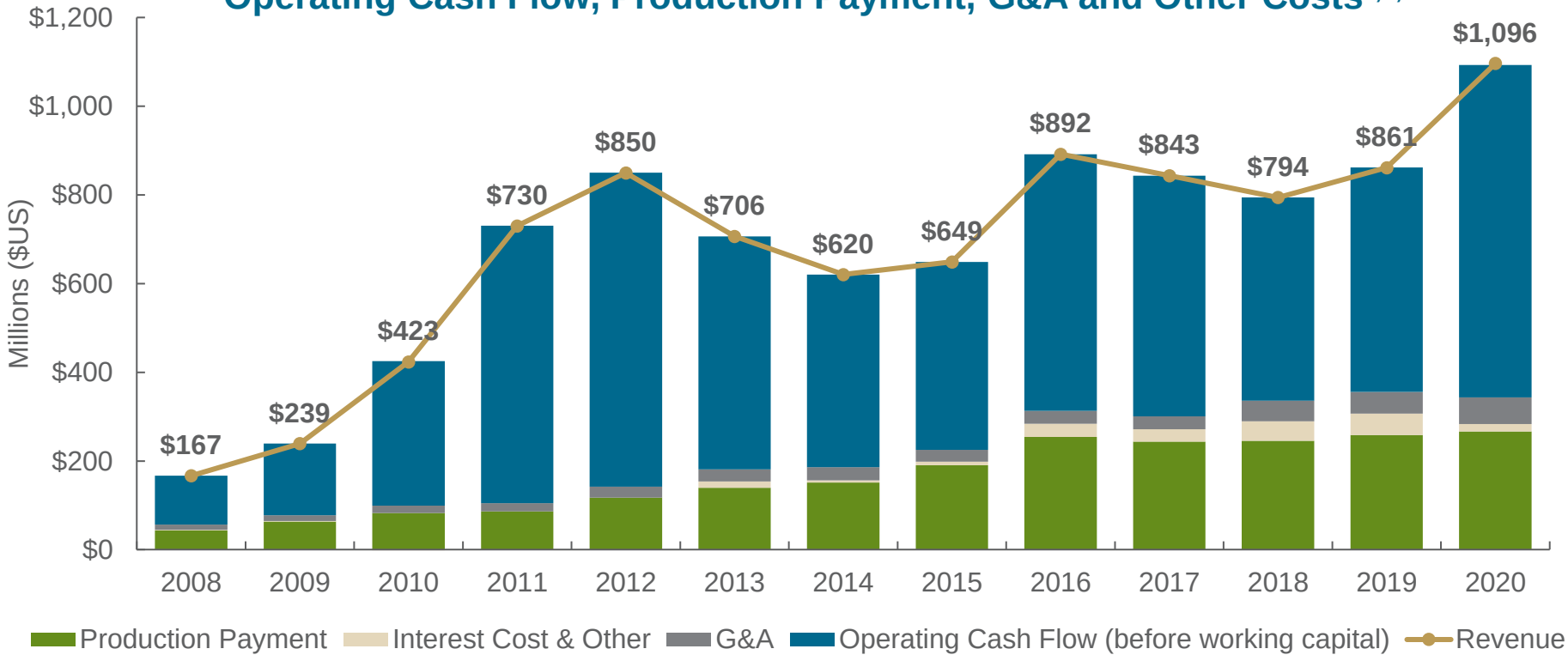




MARGINS AND CASH FLOW

STRONG CASH FLOW GENERATION DRIVEN BY COST CERTAINTY

Operating Cash Flow, Production Payment, G&A and Other Costs[5,6,7]



STRENGTHENING PARTNERSHIPS

CSR PROGRAM FOCUSES ON COMMUNITIES NEAR PARTNER MINES

Partner CSR Program:

- First streaming / royalty company to focus support on mining communities
  - Program provides long-term, sustainable benefits to the communities near our partners' mines
- Current initiatives
  - **Vale:** Working with the Vale Foundation to support several programs focused on health, community engagement and income generation opportunities near the Salobo mine in Brazil
  - **Glencore:** Improving the educational system in rural communities near the Antamina mine in Ancash, Peru
  - **Hudbay:** Enhancing economic opportunities through improved dairy production in four communities near the Constancia mine in Chumbivilcas, Peru
- Completed initiatives
  - Past projects include programs with Goldcorp, Barrick and Primero Mining







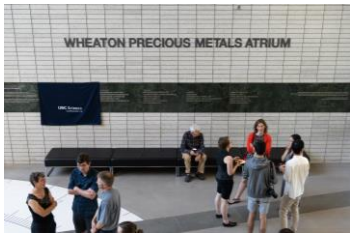
Investing in the communities around the mines from which we get our precious metals – It's the right thing to do

COMMUNITY IMPACT

SUPPORTING LOCAL AND GLOBAL INITIATIVES

Canadian initiatives support a broad range of services and causes

- Primary sponsor of key fundraising events for:
  - The BC Ride to Conquer Cancer – BC Cancer Agency
  - Daffodil Ball – Canadian Cancer Agency
  - Sports Celebrities Festival – Special Olympics BC and Canucks for Kids Fund
  - Courage to Come Back Awards – Coast Mental Health
  - Nature Trust Fall Gala – Nature Trust of British Columbia
- Sponsor over 50 initiatives benefitting local hospitals, cancer research, youth outreach programs, addiction treatment, and many, many more
- Carbon Neutral Company
  - Wheaton contributes to the Lara Ceramic Fuel Switching Project in Brazil to offset its climate impact









with OFFSETTERS
carbon neutral
company 2019

Success is built on more than just financial results

RESOLUTION OF THE CANADIAN TAX DISPUTE

REASSESSMENT FOR 2005-2010 SETTLED ON DECEMBER 13, 2018

Background[10]	▪ CRA reassessed Wheaton in September 2015 for tax years 2005-2010: • CRA's position was that income earned by Wheaton's foreign subsidiaries (Wheaton International) outside of Canada from mines located outside of Canada should be taxable in Canada on the basis of transfer pricing • **Total potential liability for 2005 - 2017 was over US$1bn**
Settlement[10]	▪ **Foreign income on earnings generated by Wheaton International will not be subject to tax in Canada under transfer pricing rules**[10] ▪ The service fee charged by Wheaton for the services provided to Wheaton International will be adjusted to include capital-raising costs and the mark-up will be increased from 20% to 30%. • This additional service fee will result in increased income generated by Wheaton in Canada that is subject to Canadian tax. ▪ The transfer pricing principles reached in the settlement principles will apply to taxation years after 2010 subject to there being no material change in facts or change in law or jurisprudence ▪ Total expenses of $29 million in respect of the 2005-2017 taxation years reflected in the Q4 2018 Statement of Earnings and includes a non-cash income tax expense of $16 million • Net cash expense of $13 million comprised of (i) $4 million of current income taxes; (ii) $4 million of interest and penalties; and (iii) $5 million of professional fees.

The tax settlement resulted in less than $10 million in cash taxes & interest through 2017

SHARES

CAPITAL STRUCTURE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

Weighted average number of shares outstanding:

Basic:	450.3 million
Diluted[15]:	451.7 million

3 Month Average Daily Trading Volume:

TSX:	0.9 million shares
NYSE:	1.9 million shares

STREAMS VS. ROYALTIES

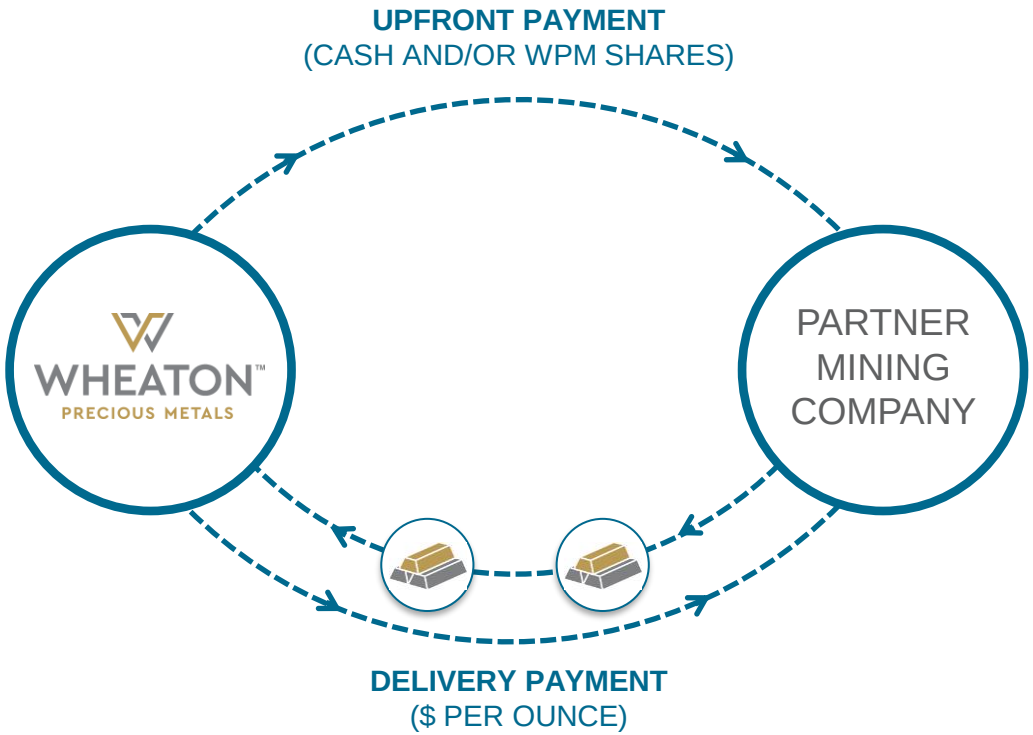
	Streaming Model	Royalty Model
	A ‘stream’ is a long term contract for the purchase of a certain percentage of refined metal	A ‘royalty’ is generally a registered interest in tenure
	Streaming agreements can allow the mining company the flexibility to manage their own taxes in the host country	International royalties are viewed as passive foreign income and thus subject to taxes
	Streaming agreements can provide the mining company with more funds upfront compared to a royalty agreement	A royalty valuation is generally reduced by higher levels of taxation
	More capital efficient as a portion of the payment is deferred and paid on an ongoing basis upon delivery of ounces	The initial payment for a royalty values all expected future production

The streaming model has become increasingly popular due to the flexibility provided to operators

HOW PRECIOUS METALS STREAMING WORKS

A NEW ALTERNATIVE IN PORTFOLIO OPTIMIZATION

Wheaton makes an Upfront Payment and in return, we purchase a fixed percentage of the future precious metals production from a mine at a predetermined price (Delivery Payment)



WHEATON STREAMING MODEL

1 **POTENTIAL OPPORTUNITY**

After identifying a *potential opportunity*, we use the *production profile* and reasonable *commodity price assumption* scenarios to map out *expected cash flows* over the life of the stream.

2 **PRODUCTION PROFILE**

3 **COMMODITY PRICE ASSUMPTIONS**

4 **APPROPRIATE DISCOUNT RATE**

Using the *appropriate discount rate*, *future cash flows* are discounted to determine the *value of the stream* if it were in Wheaton's portfolio, which is the *maximum price* we'd be willing to pay.

5 **FUTURE CASH FLOWS**

6 **ANALYZE THE IMPACT ON WHEATON'S PORTFOLIO**

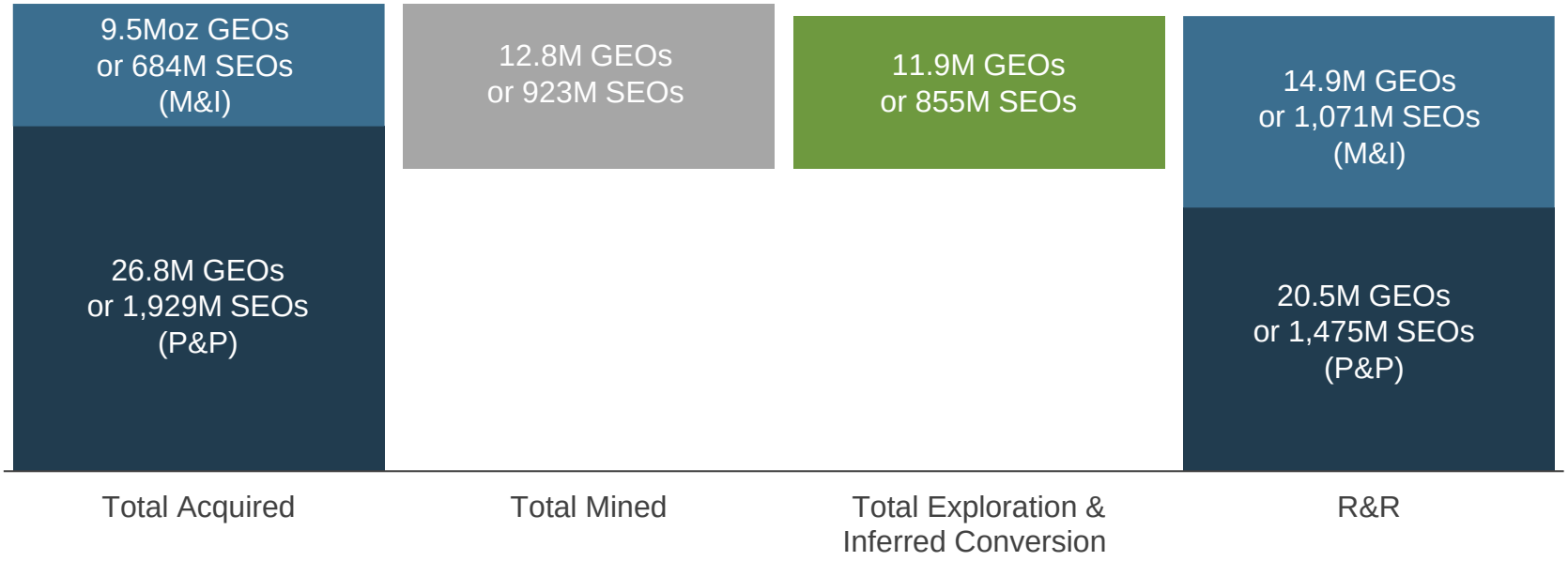
WHY WHEATON IS THE PREMIER STREAMING COMPANY

Focused on **sustainable relationships**	An established track record of treating our partners fairly, before and after a stream is consummated. Five of our last nine streams on operating assets were with existing partners. Wheaton also provides additional support once a stream is in place including partnering in CSR programs around the mine sites and offering technical support where appropriate.
Quality is of utmost importance	Maintaining a focus on high-quality, long-life assets that are accretive to our portfolio – not every stream is a Wheaton stream!
Strong reputation for **technical excellence**	Strong internal technical team adheres to a robust due diligence process, allowing us to consider any and all opportunities expeditiously.
Proven track record	Our knowledge of the streaming model allows us to move more efficiently through to final definitive agreements, resolving any issues quickly and rationally.
Healthy **Balance Sheet**	Strong cash flows and access to capital and debt ensures Wheaton's ability to pursue additional acquisitions and complete a transaction without any delays.
Demonstrated **Flexibility**	As a mine matures, so should a stream – streams can be modified in the later stages of a mine's life to encourage exploration and/or mine-life extension. We have modified five streams resulting in significant mine life extension, delivering more ounces to Wheaton and more cash flow to our partners.

STRONG TRACK RECORD OF ORGANIC GROWTH

EXPLORATION AND INFERRED CONVERSION

Reserves and Resources Growth[2,8]

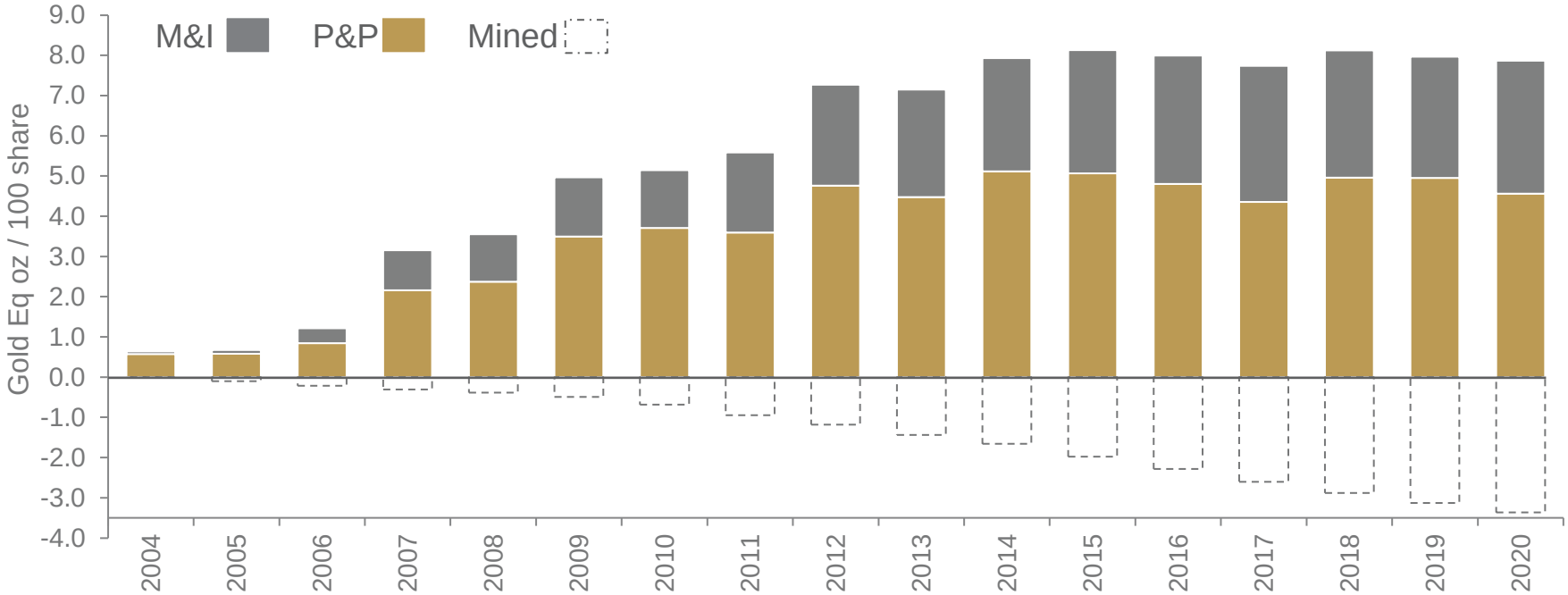


Exploration and inferred conversion generated 11.9M GEOs and significant exploration upside still exists across the stream portfolio

STRONG TRACK RECORD OF ACCRETIVE GROWTH

EXPANSION & GROWTH THROUGH EXPLORATION & ACQUISITIONS

Total attributable gold equivalent R&R per 100 shares since inception[2,8]



Significant growth in reserves and resources per share since inception

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

TOTAL PROVEN & PROBABLE

Proven & Probable Reserves Attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals [1,2,3,8,27]

As of December 31, 2020 unless otherwise noted [6]	Proven			Probable			Proven & Probable			Process Recovery [7]
	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	%
GOLD										
Salobo (75%) (10)	106.7	0.37	1.27	761.2	0.30	7.32	867.8	0.31	8.59	76%
Stillwater (11)	7.9	0.39	0.10	50.3	0.39	0.64	58.2	0.39	0.73	69%
Constancia (50%)	234.5	0.06	0.42	42.5	0.07	0.09	263.1	0.06	0.52	61%
Sudbury (70%) (12)	10.3	0.43	0.14	13.5	0.46	0.20	23.8	0.45	0.34	75%
San Dimas (25%) (13)	0.5	4.38	0.07	0.8	3.12	0.08	1.3	3.59	0.15	95%
777 (50%)	0.6	2.01	0.07	0.2	1.75	0.01	1.3	1.96	0.08	58%
Minto	0.4	0.25	0.003	2.0	0.67	0.04	2.4	0.60	0.05	75%
Marmato (6.5%) (12,14)	0.1	5.14	0.01	1.2	3.11	0.12	1.3	3.19	0.13	90%
Santo Domingo [12,27]	65.4	0.08	0.17	326.9	0.03	0.34	392.3	0.04	0.51	61%
Toroparu (10%) (15,16)	3.0	1.10	0.10	9.7	0.98	0.31	12.7	1.00	0.41	89%
Kutcho (16,17)	-	-	-	10.4	0.37	0.12	10.4	0.37	0.12	41%
Metates Royalty (18)	1.4	0.70	0.03	4.1	0.45	0.06	5.5	0.52	0.09	91%
TOTAL GOLD			**2.42**			**9.29**			**11.71**	
PALLADIUM										
Stillwater (4.5%) (11)	0.2	11.2	0.09	1.5	11.2	0.55	1.8	11.2	0.64	90%
TOTAL PALLADIUM			**0.09**			**0.55**			**0.64**	
COBALT										
Voisey's Bay (42.4%) (12,24)	5.7	0.12	14.6	6.5	0.12	17.1	12.1	0.12	31.7	84%
TOTAL COBALT			**14.6**			**17.1**			**31.7**	

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

TOTAL PROVEN & PROBABLE

Proven & Probable Reserves Attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals [1,2,3,8,27]

As of December 31, 2020 unless otherwise noted [6]	Proven			Probable			Proven & Probable			
	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Process Recovery [7]
SILVER										
Peñasquito (25%) (10)	28.0	37.8	34.0	69.0	32.7	72.4	97.0	34.1	106.4	85%
Constancia	468.9	3.0	45.1	63.6	3.4	7.0	532.5	3.0	52.0	70%
Antamina (33.75%) (12,19)										
Copper	46.6	6.8	10.2	32.1	7.9	8.1	78.6	7.2	18.3	71%
Copper-Zinc	23.0	12.8	9.4	27.3	12.9	11.3	50.3	12.9	20.8	71%
Neves-Corvo										
Copper	5.2	31.0	5.2	24.5	30.0	23.6	29.7	30.2	28.8	24%
Zinc	4.7	71.0	10.8	25.4	60.6	49.5	30.1	62.2	60.3	30%
Zinkgruvan										
Zinc	3.4	77.9	8.5	5.4	83.6	14.5	8.8	81.4	23.0	83%
Copper	2.8	30.0	2.7	0.3	33.0	0.3	3.1	30.3	3.0	70%
Yauliyacu (20)	1.3	78.9	3.4	6.8	101.1	22.2	8.2	97.4	25.6	83%
Aljustrel (21)	9.7	47.4	14.8	27.4	46.9	41.4	37.2	47.1	56.2	26%
San Dimas (25%) (13)	0.5	312.5	4.8	0.8	327.2	8.4	1.3	321.7	13.2	94%
Cozamin (50%) (12,22)										
Copper	-	-	-	6.3	44.4	9.0	6.3	44.4	9.0	86%
Zinc	-	-	-	0.7	44.3	1.1	0.7	44.3	1.1	86%
Keno Hill (25%)										
Underground	-	-	-	0.3	804.5	7.6	0.3	804.5	7.6	96%
Los Filos	26.2	3.5	3.0	78.1	10.2	25.5	104.2	8.5	28.5	10%
Stratoni	-	-	-	0.6	148.0	2.7	0.6	148.0	2.7	80%
777	1.1	31.4	1.1	0.4	30.0	0.4	1.5	31.0	1.5	45%
Minto	0.4	3.4	0.0	2.0	6.0	0.4	2.4	5.6	0.4	78%

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

TOTAL PROVEN & PROBABLE

Proven & Probable Reserves Attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals [1,2,3,8,27]

As of December 31, 2020 unless otherwise noted [6]	Proven			Probable			Proven & Probable			
	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Process Recovery [7]
SILVER										
Marmato (12,14)	0.8	22.1	0.6	18.9	6.2	3.8	19.7	6.9	4.4	34%
Rosemont (23)	408.6	5.0	66.2	108.0	3.0	10.4	516.6	4.6	76.7	76%
Kutcho (16,17)	-	-	-	9.9	34.6	11.0	9.9	34.6	11.0	46%
Metates Royalty (18)	1.4	17.2	0.8	4.1	13.1	1.7	5.5	14.2	2.5	66%
TOTAL SILVER			**221.5**			**328.9**			**550.3**	

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

TOTAL MEASURED & INDICATED

Measured & Indicated Resources Attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals [1,2,3,8,27]

As of December 31, 2020 unless otherwise noted [6]	Measured			Indicated			Measured & Indicated		
	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs
GOLD									
Salobo (75%) (10)	3.5	0.27	0.03	294.6	0.31	2.90	298.1	0.31	2.93
Stillwater (11)	3.3	0.26	0.03	13.3	0.21	0.09	16.6	0.22	0.12
Constancia (50%)	68.3	0.06	0.12	62.2	0.05	0.10	130.5	0.05	0.22
Sudbury (70%) (12)	1.3	0.22	0.01	7.1	0.76	0.17	8.3	0.68	0.18
777 (50%)	0.1	2.31	0.004	0.05	1.61	0.002	0.1	2.01	0.01
Minto	3.3	0.40	0.04	9.0	0.57	0.17	12.4	0.53	0.21
Marmato (6.5%) (12,14)	0.1	5.30	0.01	1.1	2.62	0.09	1.1	2.81	0.10
Santo Domingo (12,27)	1.4	0.05	0.002	120.1	0.03	0.141	121.5	0.03	0.12
Toroparu (10%) (15,16)	1.2	0.93	0.03	9.0	0.87	0.25	10.2	0.87	0.29
Cotabambas (25%) (16,25)	-	-	-	29.3	0.23	0.22	29.3	0.23	0.22
Kutcho (16,17)	-	-	-	5.7	0.55	0.10	5.7	0.55	0.10
Brewery Creek (26)	-	-	-	0.4	1.11	0.02	0.4	1.11	0.02
TOTAL GOLD			**0.29**			**4.22**			**4.50**
COBALT									
Voisey's Bay (42.4%) (12,24)	1.7	0.04	1.5	-	-	-	1.7	0.04	1.5
TOTAL COBALT			**1.5**			**-**			**1.5**
PALLADIUM									
Stillwater (4.5%) (11)	0.03	7.1	0.01	0.1	5.1	0.02	0.2	5.5	0.03
TOTAL PALLADIUM			**0.01**			**0.02**			**0.03**

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

TOTAL MEASURED & INDICATED

Measured & Indicated Resources Attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals [1,2,3,4,5,9,27]

As of December 31, 2020 unless otherwise noted [6]	Measured			Indicated			Measured & Indicated		
	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs
SILVER									
Peñasquito (25%) (10)	8.7	26.8	7.5	60.5	26.7	52.0	69.2	26.8	59.5
Constancia	136.6	2.3	10.3	124.3	2.2	8.8	260.9	2.3	19.1
Antamina (33.75%) (12,19)									
Copper	31.2	7.0	7.0	108.1	9.0	31.3	139.3	8.6	38.3
Copper-Zinc	10.5	21.0	7.1	49.4	19.0	30.2	59.9	19.4	37.3
Neves-Corvo									
Copper	4.8	55.8	8.7	28.7	52.4	48.3	33.5	52.9	57.0
Zinc	6.7	61.9	13.4	35.7	59.0	67.8	42.4	59.5	81.2
Zinkgruvan									
Zinc	3.7	64.6	7.7	11.2	76.3	27.4	14.9	73.4	35.1
Copper	1.2	42.4	1.6	0.2	39.8	0.3	1.4	42.0	1.9
Yauliyacu (20)	5.9	101.4	19.2	8.0	121.8	31.2	13.9	113.1	50.4
Aljustrel (21)	4.3	67.3	9.3	3.9	58.9	7.4	8.2	63.3	16.7
Cozamin (50%) (12,22)									
Copper	0.2	53.3	0.3	4.5	36.9	5.3	4.7	37.5	5.6
Zinc	-	-	-	2.2	31.2	2.3	2.2	31.2	2.3
Pascua-Lama (25%)	10.7	57.2	19.7	97.9	52.2	164.4	108.6	52.7	184.1
Keno Hill (25%)									
Underground	-	-	-	0.7	455.8	10.5	0.7	455.8	10.5
Elsa Tailings	-	-	-	0.6	119.0	2.4	0.6	119.0	2.4
Los Filos	88.5	5.3	15.2	133.7	8.1	35.0	222.2	7.0	50.2
Stratoni	-	-	-	0.4	138.5	2.0	0.4	138.5	2.0
777	0.1	39.0	0.2	0.14	30.7	0.1	0.2	35.5	0.2
Minto	3.3	3.4	0.4	9.0	5.0	1.5	12.4	4.6	1.8

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

TOTAL MEASURED & INDICATED

Measured & Indicated Resources Attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals [1,2,3,4,5,9,27]

As of December 31, 2020 unless otherwise noted [6]	Measured			Indicated			Measured & Indicated		
	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs
SILVER									
Marmato (12,14)	0.9	26.5	0.8	12.8	8.1	3.4	13.8	9.4	4.2
Rosemont (23)	112.2	3.9	14.1	358.0	2.7	31.5	470.2	3.0	45.6
Loma de La Plata (12.5%)	-	-	-	3.6	169.0	19.8	3.6	169.0	19.8
Toroparu (50%) (15,16)	21.9	1.1	0.8	98.5	0.7	2.3	120.4	0.8	3.1
Cotabambas (16,25)	-	-	-	117.1	2.7	10.3	117.1	2.7	10.3
Kutcho (16,17)	-	-	-	5.4	25.9	4.5	5.4	25.9	4.5
TOTAL SILVER			**143.2**			**599.8**			**743.0**

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

TOTAL INFERRED

Inferred Resources Attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals [1,2,3,4,5,9,27]

As of December 31, 2020 unless otherwise noted [6]	Inferred		
	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs
GOLD			
Salobo (75%) (10)	198.5	0.22	1.39
Stillwater (11)	96.2	0.43	1.32
Constancia (50%)	28.4	0.09	0.08
Sudbury (70%) (12)	2.9	0.49	0.05
San Dimas (25%) (13)	1.5	3.58	0.17
777 (50%)	0.1	3.11	0.01
Minto	6.1	0.51	0.10
Marmato (6.5%) (12,14)	0.9	2.56	0.07
Santo Domingo (12,27)	31.8	0.02	0.03
Cotabambas (25%) (16,25)	151.3	0.17	0.84
Toroparu (10%) (16,17)	12.9	0.76	0.32
Kutcho (16,17)	8.8	0.25	0.07
Brewery Creek (26)	1.3	0.87	0.04
Metates Royalty (18)	0.3	0.39	0.003
TOTAL GOLD			**4.46**
PALLADIUM			
Stillwater (4.5%) (11)	1.0	12.1	0.37
TOTAL PALLADIUM			**0.37**
COBALT			
Voisey's Bay (42.4%) (12,24)	2.5	0.14	7.6
TOTAL COBALT			**7.6**

Inferred Resources Attributable to Wheaton Precious Metals [1,2,3,4,5,9,27]

As of December 31, 2019 unless otherwise noted [6]	Inferred		
	Tonnage Mt	Grade g/t / %	Contained Moz / Mlbs
SILVER			
Peñasquito (25%) (10)	37.7	26.4	32.0
Constancia	56.7	2.9	5.3
Antamina (33.75%) (12,19)			
Copper	219.7	9.0	63.6
Copper-Zinc	104.2	16.0	53.6
Neves Corvo Copper	12.6	33.2	13.5
Neves Corvo Zinc	3.7	63.0	7.4
Zinkgruvan			
Zinc	19.0	82.0	50.0
Copper	0.2	35.0	0.3
Yauliyacu (20)	13.4	246.9	106.8
Aljustrel (21)	15.7	46.2	23.3
San Dimas (25%) (13)	1.5	340.9	16.1
Cozamin (50%) (12,22)			
Copper	2.0	40.9	2.6
Zinc	2.6	37.5	3.2
Rosemont (23)	68.7	1.7	3.7
Pascua-Lama (25%)	3.8	17.8	2.2
Keno Hill (25%)	0.4	454.6	6.1
Los Filos	98.2	6.1	19.4
Stratoni	1.1	188.0	6.9
777	0.2	40.0	0.3
Minto	6.1	4.9	1.0
Marmato (12,14)	13.1	4.4	1.9
Loma de La Plata (12.5%)	0.2	76.0	0.4
Cotabambas (16,25)	605.3	2.3	45.4
Toroparu (50%) (15,16)	58.7	0.1	0.1
Kutcho (16,17)	8.8	20.6	5.8
TOTAL SILVER			**469.5**

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

ENDNOTES

1. All Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources have been estimated in accordance with the 2014 Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves and National Instrument 43-101 – Standards for Disclosure for Mineral Projects (“NI 43-101”), or the 2012 Australasian Joint Ore Reserves Committee (JORC) Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves.
2. Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources are reported above in millions of metric tonnes (“Mt”), grams per metric tonne (“g/t”) for gold, silver and palladium, percent (“%”) for cobalt, millions of ounces (“Moz”) for gold, silver and palladium and millions of pounds (“Mlbs”) for cobalt.
3. Qualified persons (“QPs”), as defined by the NI 43-101, for the technical information contained in this document (including the Mineral Reserve and Mineral Resource estimates) are:
    a) Neil Burns, M.Sc., P.Geo. (Vice President, Technical Services); and
    b) Ryan Ulansky, M.A.Sc., P.Eng. (Senior Director, Engineering),

both employees of the Company (the “Company’s QPs”).
4. The Mineral Resources reported in the above tables are exclusive of Mineral Reserves. The Cozamin mine, San Dimas mine, Minto mine, Neves-Corvo mine, Zinkgruvan mine, Stratoni mine, Stillwater mines, Keno Hill mines, Aljustrel mines and Toroparu project (gold only) report Mineral Resources inclusive of Mineral Reserves. The Company’s QPs have made the exclusive Mineral Resource estimates for these mines based on average mine recoveries and dilution
5. Mineral Resources which are not Mineral Reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability
6. Other than as detailed below, Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources are reported as of December 31, 2020 based on information available to the Company as of the date of this document, and therefore will not reflect updates, if any, after such date.
    a) Mineral Resources for Aljustrel’s Feitais mine are reported as of July 2020, Moinho & St João mines as of August 2020 and the Estação project as of July, 2018.
    b) Mineral Resources for the Brewery Creek project are reported as of May 31, 2020.
    c) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Constancia, 777 and San Dimas mines are reported as of December 31, 2019.
    d) Mineral Resources for the Cotabambas project are reported as of June 20, 2013.
    e) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Cozamin mine are reported as of October 31, 2020.
    f) Mineral Resources for Keno Hill’s Elsa Tailings project are reported as of April 22, 2010, Bellekeno mine Indicated Mineral Resources as of September 30, 2013, Mineral Resources for the Lucky Queen, Flame & Moth and Onek mines as of March 29, 2017 and Bermingham mine as of March 28, 2019. Mineral Reserves are reported as of March 28, 2019.
    g) Mineral Resources for the Kutcho project are reported as of September 8, 2020 and Mineral Reserves are reported as of June 15, 2017.
    h) Mineral Resources for the Loma de La Plata project are reported as of May 20, 2009.
    i) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Los Filos mine are reported as of October 31, 2018.
    j) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Neves-Corvo and Zinkgruvan mines are reported as of June 30, 2020.
    k) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Marmato mine are reported as of March 17, 2020.
    l) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Metates royalty are reported as of April 29, 2016.
    m) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Minto mine are reported as of December 31, 2018.
    n) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Rosemont project are reported as of March 30, 2017.
    o) Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Stratoni mine are reported as of September 30, 2020.
    p) Mineral Resources for the Toroparu project are reported as of September 20, 2018 and Mineral Reserves are reported as of March 31, 2013.
7. Process recoveries are the average percentage of gold, silver, palladium or cobalt in a saleable product (doré or concentrate) recovered from mined ore at the applicable site process plants as reported by the operators.

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

ENDNOTES (CONTINUED)

8. Mineral Reserves are estimated using appropriate process and mine recovery rates, dilution, operating costs and the following commodity prices:
    a. Aljustrel mine – 3.5% zinc cut-off for the Feitais, Moinho and St João mines and 3.0% zinc cut-off for the Estação project.
    b. Antamina mine - $3.08 per pound copper, $1.08 per pound zinc, $8.70 per pound molybdenum and $17.39 per ounce silver.
    c. Constancia mine - $1,375 per ounce gold, $17.00 per ounce silver, $3.10 per pound copper and $11.00 per pound molybdenum.
    d. Cozamin mine - NSR cut-offs of $48.04 per tonne for conventionally backfilled zones for 2020-2022, $51,12 per tonne for conventionally backfilled zones for 2023 and onward, $56.51 per tonne for paste backfilled zones of Vein 10 and $56.12 per tonne for paste backfilled zones of Vein 20, all assuming $2.75 per pound copper, $17.00 per ounce silver, $0.90 per pound lead and $1.00 per pound zinc.
    e. Keno Hill mines - $1,300 per ounce gold, $18.50 per ounce silver, $1.00 per pound lead and $1.15 per pound zinc.
    f. Kutcho project – 1.5% copper cut-off for the Main deposit and 1.0% copper cut-off for the Esso deposit, both assuming $2.75 per pound copper, $1.10 per pound zinc, $1,250 per ounce gold and $17.00 per ounce silver.
    g. Los Filos mine - $1,200 per ounce gold and $4.39 per ounce silver.
    h. Marmato mine – 2.23 grams per tonne gold cut-off for the Upper Mine, 1.91 grams per tonne gold cut-off for the Transition Zone and 1.61 grams per tonne gold cut-off for the MDZ, all assuming $1,400 per ounce gold.
    i. Metates royalty – 0.34 grams per tonne gold equivalent cut-off assuming $1,200 per ounce gold and $19.20 per ounce silver.
    j. Minto mine – 1.2% copper cut-off assuming $300 per ounce gold, $3.90 per ounce silver and $2.50 per pound copper.
    k. Neves-Corvo mine – 1.34% copper equivalent cut-off for the copper Mineral Reserves and 5.34% zinc equivalent cut-off for the zinc Mineral Reserves, both assuming $3.00 per pound copper, $0.95 per pound lead and $1.00 per pound zinc.
    l. Peñasquito mine - $1,200 per ounce gold, $17.00 per ounce silver, $0.90 per pound lead and $1.15 per pound zinc.
    m. Rosemont project - $6.00 per ton NSR cut-off assuming $18.00 per ounce silver, $3.15 per pound copper and $11.00 per pound molybdenum.
    n. Salobo mine – 0.253% copper equivalent cut-off assuming $1,290 per ounce gold and $3.18 per pound copper.
    o. San Dimas mine – $1,350 per ounce gold and $17.50 per ounce silver.
    p. Stillwater mines - combined platinum and palladium cut-off of 6.8 g/t.
    q. Stratoni mine – $273.40 per tonne NSR cut-off assuming $16.00 per ounce silver, $0.91 per pound lead and $1.00 per pound zinc.
    r. Sudbury mines - $1,300 per ounce gold, $8.16 per pound nickel, $3.18 per pound copper, $1,155 per ounce platinum, $1,093 per ounce palladium and $22.68 per pound cobalt.
    s. Toroparu project – 0.38 grams per tonne gold cut-off assuming $1,070 per ounce gold for fresh rock and 0.35 grams per tonne gold cut-off assuming $970 per ounce gold for saprolite.
    t. Voisey's Bay mines:
        i. Ovoid and SE Extension – Cdn $20.56 per tonne cut-off assuming $6.80 per pound nickel, $3.08 per pound copper and $29.48 per pound cobalt.
        ii. Discovery Hill - $29.52 per tonne cut-off assuming $8.16 per pound nickel, $3.18 per pound copper and $22.68 per pound cobalt
        iii. Reid Brook Division 1 - $225.00 per tonne cut-off assuming $6.35 per pound nickel, $2.90 per pound copper and $20.41 per pound cobalt.
        iv. Reid Brook Divisions 2-4 - $275.00 per tonne cut-off assuming $9.71 per pound nickel, $3.40 per pound copper and $11.52 per pound cobalt.Eastern Deeps Mineral Reserves - $175.00 per tonne cut-off assuming $6.35 per pound nickel, $2.90 per pound copper and $20.41 per pound cobalt.
    u. Yauliyacu mine - $17.39 per ounce silver, $3.08 per pound copper, and $1.08 per pound zinc.
    v. Zinkgruvan mine – 6.1% zinc equivalent cut-off for the zinc Mineral Reserve and 1.4% copper cut-off for the copper Mineral Reserve, both assuming $3.00 per pound copper and $0.95 per pound lead and $1.00 per pound zinc.
    w. 777 mine – $1,392 per ounce gold, $16.33 per ounce silver, $2.92 per pound copper and $1.11 per pound zinc.

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

ENDNOTES (CONTINUED)

9. Mineral Resources are estimated using appropriate recovery rates and the following commodity prices:

a. Aljustrel mine – 3.5% zinc cut-off for Feitais, Moinho and St João mines and 3.0% zinc cut-off for the Estação project.

b. Antamina mine - $3.30 per pound copper, $1.18 per pound zinc, $10.54 per pound molybdenum and $20.82 per ounce silver.

c. Brewery Creek project – 0.37 g/t gold cut-off assuming $1,500 per ounce gold.

d. Constancia mine – $1,375 per ounce gold, $17.00 per ounce silver, $3.10 per pound copper and $11.00 per pound molybdenum.

e. Cotabambas project – 0.2% copper equivalent cut-off assuming $1,350 per ounce gold, $23.00 per ounce silver, $3.20 per pound copper and $12.50 per pound molybdenum.

f. Cozamin mine - $50 per tonne NSR cut-off assuming $3.25 per pound copper, $20.00 per ounce silver, $1.00 per pound lead and $1.20 per pound zinc.

g. Keno Hill mines:

i. Bellekeno mine – Cdn $185 per tonne NSR cut-off assuming $22.50 per ounce silver, $0.85 per pound lead and $0.95 per pound zinc.

ii. Lucky Queen and Flame & Moth mines – Cdn $185 per tonne NSR cut-off assuming $1,300 per ounce gold, $20.00 per ounce silver, $0.94 per pound lead and $1.00 per pound zinc.

iii. Onek mine - Cdn $185 per tonne NSR cut-off assuming $1,250 per ounce gold, $20.00 per ounce silver, $0.90 per pound lead and $0.95 per pound zinc.

iv. Bermingham mine - Cdn $185 per tonne NSR cut-off assuming $20.00 per ounce silver, $0.95 per pound lead, $1.00 per pound zinc and $1,300 per ounce gold.

v. Elsa Tailings project – 50 grams per tonne silver cut-off assuming $17.00 per ounce silver and $1,000 per ounce gold.

h. Kutcho project – 1.0% copper equivalent cut-off for the Main and Sumac deposits and 0.9% copper equivalent cut-off for Esso, all assuming $3.25 per pound copper, $1.25 per pound zinc, $1,550 per ounce gold and $20.00 per ounce silver.

i. Loma de La Plata project – 50 grams per tonne silver equivalent cut-off assuming $12.50 per ounce silver and $0.50 per pound lead.

j. Los Filos mine - $1,400 per ounce gold and $4.39 per ounce silver.

k. Marmato mine – 1.9 grams per tonne gold cut-off for the Upper Mine and 1.3 grams per tonne gold cut-off for the MDZ and Transition Zone, all assuming $1,500 per ounce gold.

l. Metates royalty – 0.34 grams per tonne gold equivalent cut-off assuming $1,200 per ounce gold and $19.20 per ounce silver.

m. Minto mine – 0.5% copper cut-off for Open Pit and 1.0% copper cut-off for Underground.

n. Neves-Corvo mine – 1.0% copper cut-off for the copper Mineral Resource and 4.5% zinc cut-off for the zinc Mineral Resource.

o. Pascua-Lama project – $1,500 per ounce gold, $18.75 per ounce silver and $3.50 per pound copper.

p. Peñasquito mine - $1,400 per ounce gold, $20.00 per ounce silver, $1.10 per pound lead and $1.40 per pound zinc.

q. Rosemont project – $5.70 per ton NSR cut-off assuming $18.00 per ounce silver, $3.15 per pound copper and $11.00 per pound molybdenum.

r. Salobo mine – 0.253% copper equivalent cut-off assuming $1,290 per ounce gold and $3.18 per pound copper.

s. San Dimas mine – $1,450 per ounce gold and $18.50 per ounce silver.

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

ENDNOTES (CONTINUED)

9. Mineral Resources are estimated using appropriate recovery rates and the following commodity prices:

    t. Stillwater mines – geologic boundaries for Inferred Mineral Resources at both the Stillwater mine and East Boulder mine.

    u. Stratoni mine – Geologically constrained to massive sulfide contacts.

    v. Sudbury mines - $1,300 per ounce gold, $8.16 per pound nickel, $3.18 per pound copper, $1,155 per ounce platinum, $1,093 per ounce palladium and $22.68 per pound cobalt.

    w. Toroparu project – 0.30 grams per tonne gold cut-off assuming $1,350 per ounce gold and $3.00 per pound copper.

    x. Voisey's Bay mines:

        i. Reid Brook Divisions 2-4 - $275.00 per tonne cut-off assuming $9.71 per pound nickel, $3.40 per pound copper and $11.52 per pound cobalt.

        ii. Discovery Hill - $29.52 per tonne assuming $8.16 per pound nickel, $3.18 per pound copper and $22.68 per pound cobalt.

    y. Yauliyacu mine – $20.82 per ounce silver, $3.30 per pound copper, and $1.18 per pound zinc.

    z. Zinkgruvan mine – 4.5% zinc cut-off for the zinc Mineral Resource and 1.0% copper cut-off for the copper Mineral Resource.

    aa. 777 mine – $1,392 per ounce gold, $16.33 per ounce silver, $2.92 per pound copper and $1.11 per pound zinc.

10. The scientific and technical information in these tables regarding the Peñasquito mine was sourced by the Company from the following filed documents:

    a. Peñasquito – Newmont's December 31, 2020 Resources and Reserves press release (https://www.newmont.com/investors/news-release/news-details/2021/Newmont-Reports-2020-Mineral-Reserves-of-94-Million-Gold-Ounces-Replacing-80-Percent-of-Depletion/default.aspx) and

    b. Salobo – The Company has filed a technical report for the Salobo Mine, which is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.comThe Company's attributable Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Antamina silver interest, Sudbury gold interest and Voisey's Bay cobalt interest, have been constrained to the production expected for the various contracts.

    The Company QP's have approved this partner disclosed scientific and technical information in respect of the Peñasquito mine, as well as, the Company's Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve estimates for the Salobo mine.

11. The Stillwater precious metals purchase agreement provides that effective July 1, 2018, Sibanye-Stillwater will deliver 100% of the gold production for the life of the mines and 4.5% of palladium production until 375,000 ounces are delivered, 2.25% of palladium production until a further 175,000 ounces are delivered and 1.0% of the palladium production thereafter for the life of the mines. Attributable palladium Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources have been calculated based upon the 4.5% / 2.25% / 1.0% production entitlements.

The Stillwater mine has been in operation since 1986 and the East Boulder mine since 2002. Individual grades for platinum, palladium, gold and rhodium are estimated using ratios applied to the combined platinum plus palladium grades based upon average historic production results provided to the Company as of the date of this document. As such, the Attributable Mineral Resource and Mineral Reserve palladium and gold grades for the Stillwater mines have been estimated using the following ratios:

a. Stillwater mine: Pd = (Pt + Pd) / (1/3.5 + 1) and Au = (Pd + Pt) x 0.0238

b. East Boulder mine: Pd = (Pt + Pd) / (1/3.6 + 1) and Au = (Pd + Pt) x 0.0323

ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVES & RESOURCES

ENDNOTES (CONTINUED)

12. The Company's attributable Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves for the Antamina silver interest, Cozamin silver interest, Marmato gold and silver interests, Sudbury gold interest and Voisey's Bay cobalt interest have been constrained to the production expected for the various contracts.
13. Under the terms of the San Dimas PMPA, the Company is entitled to an amount equal to 25% of the payable gold production plus an additional amount of gold equal to 25% of the payable silver production converted to gold at a fixed gold to silver exchange ratio of 70:1 from the San Dimas mine. If the average gold to silver price ratio decreases to less than 50:1 or increases to more than 90:1 for a period of 6 months or more, then the "70" shall be revised to "50" or "90", as the case may be, until such time as the average gold to silver price ratio is between 50:1 to 90:1 for a period of 6 months or more in which event the "70" shall be reinstated.
14. The Marmato purchase agreement provides that Caldas will deliver 6.5% of the gold production until 190 thousand ounces are delivered and 3.25% of gold production thereafter, as well as, 100% of the silver production until 2.15 million ounces are delivered and 50% of silver production thereafter. Attributable reserves and resources have been calculated on the 6.5% / 3.25% basis for gold and 100% / 50% basis for silver.
15. The Company's agreement with Gran Colombia is an Early Deposit agreement, whereby the Company will be entitled to purchase 10% of the gold production and 50% of the silver production from the Toroparu project for the life of mine.
16. The Company has the option in the Early Deposit agreements, to terminate the agreement following the delivery of a feasibility study or if feasibility study has not been delivered within a required time frame.
17. The Company's agreement with Kutcho Copper is an Early Deposit agreement, whereby the Company will be entitled to purchase 100% of the gold and silver production from the Kutcho project until 51,000 ounces of gold and 5.6 million ounces of silver have been delivered, after which both streams will decrease to 66.67% for the remaining life of mine. Attributable reserves and resources have been calculated on the 100% / 66.67% basis.
18. The Company's agreement with Chesapeake Gold Corp (Chesapeake) is a royalty whereby the Company will be entitled to a 0.5% net smelter return royalty.
19. The Antamina silver purchase agreement in respect to the Antamina mine (November 3, 2015) provides that Glencore will deliver 33.75% of the silver production until 140 million ounces are delivered and 22.5% of silver production thereafter, for a 50-year term that can be extended in increments of 10 years at the Company's discretion. Attributable reserves and resources have been calculated on the 33.75% / 22.5% basis.
20. The Yauliyacu mine silver purchase agreement provides that Glencore will deliver to the Company a per annum amount equal to the first 1.5 million ounces of payable silver produced at the Yauliyacu mine and 50% of any excess for the life of the mine.
21. The Company only has the rights to silver contained in concentrates containing less than 15% copper at the Aljustrel mine.
22. The Cozamin silver purchase agreement provides that Capstone will deliver 50% of the silver production until 10 million ounces are delivered and 33% thereafter for the life of the mine. Attributable reserves and resources have been calculated on the 50% / 33% basis.
23. The Rosemont mine Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves do not include the Oxide material.
24. The Voisey's Bay cobalt purchase agreement provides that effective January 1, 2021, Vale will deliver 42.4% of the cobalt production until 31 million pounds are delivered to the Company and 21.2% of cobalt production thereafter, for the life of the mine. Attributable reserves and resources have been calculated on the 42.4% / 21.2% basis.
25. The Company's agreement with Panoro is an Early Deposit agreement, whereby the Company will be entitled to purchase 100% of the silver production and 25% of the gold production from the Cotabambas project until 90 million silver equivalent ounces have been delivered, at which point the stream will drop to 66.67% of silver production and 16.67% of gold production for the life of mine.
26. The Company's agreement with Golden Predator is a royalty, whereby the Company will be entitled to a 2.0% net smelter return royalty for the first 600,000 ounces of gold produced, above which the NSR will increase to 2.75%. Golden Predator has the right to repurchase 0.625% of the increased NSR by paying the Company Cdn$2.0M. Attributable resources have been calculated on the 2.0% / 2.75% basis.
27. Precious metals and cobalt are by-product metals at all of the Mining Operations, other than gold at the Marmato mine, silver at the Keno Hill mines and the Loma de La Plata zone of the Navidad project, gold at the Toroparu project and palladium at the Stillwater mines and therefore, the economic cut off applied to the reporting of precious metals and cobalt reserves and resources will be influenced by changes in the commodity prices of other metals at the mines.

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1. The information contained herein contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation concerning the business, operations and financial performance of Wheaton and, in some instances, the business, mining operations and performance of Wheaton’s precious metals purchase agreement (“PMPA”) counterparties. Forward-looking statements, which are all statements other than statements of historical fact, include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the successful negotiation and entering into of definitive documentation by Wheaton International with Rio2, payment by Wheaton International of US$50 million to Rio2 and the satisfaction of each party's obligations in accordance with the Fenix PMPA, the receipt by Wheaton International of gold production in respect of the Fenix Gold project, statements with respect to the future price of commodities, the impact of epidemics (including the COVID-19 virus pandemic), including the potential heightening of other risks, the estimation of future production from Mining Operations (including in the estimation of production, mill throughput, grades, recoveries and exploration potential), the estimation of mineral reserves and mineral resources (including the estimation of reserve conversion rates) and the realization of such estimations, the commencement, timing and achievement of construction, expansion or improvement projects by Wheaton’s PMPA counterparties at mineral stream interests owned by Wheaton (the “Mining Operations”), the ability of Wheaton’s PMPA counterparties to comply with the terms of a PMPA (including as a result of the business, mining operations and performance of Wheaton’s PMPA counterparties) and the potential impacts of such on Wheaton, the costs of future production, the estimation of produced but not yet delivered ounces, the impact of the listing of the Company’s common shares, any statements as to future dividends, the ability to fund outstanding commitments and the ability to continue to acquire accretive PMPAs, future payments by the Company in accordance with PMPAs, including any acceleration of payments, projected increases to Wheaton's production and cash flow profile, projected changes to Wheaton's production mix, the ability of Wheaton’s PMPA counterparties to comply with the terms of any other obligations under agreements with the Company, the ability to sell precious metals and cobalt production, confidence in the Company's business structure, the Company's assessment of taxes payable and the impact of the CRA Settlement for years subsequent to 2010, possible audits for taxation years subsequent to 2015, the Company’s assessment of the impact of any tax reassessments, the Company's intention to file future tax returns in a manner consistent with the CRA Settlement, , and assessments of the impact and resolution of various legal and tax matters, including but not limited to outstanding class action and audits. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "projects", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", "potential", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of Wheaton to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, including but not limited to specific risks relating to the completion of documentation and diligence for the Fenix PMPA with Rio2, the satisfaction of each party's obligations in accordance with the terms of the Fenix PMPA with Rio2, risks associated with fluctuations in the price of commodities (including Wheaton’s ability to sell its precious metals or cobalt production at acceptable prices or at all), risks of significant impacts on Wheaton or the Mining Operations as a result of an epidemic (including the COVID-19 virus pandemic), risks related to the Mining Operations (including fluctuations in the price of the primary or other commodities mined at such operations, regulatory, political and other risks of the jurisdictions in which the Mining Operations are located, actual results of mining, risks associated with the exploration, development, operating, expansion and improvement of the Mining Operations, environmental and economic risks of the Mining Operations, and changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined), the absence of control over the Mining Operations and having to rely on the accuracy of the public disclosure and other information Wheaton receives from the Mining Operations, uncertainty in the estimation of production from Mining Operations, uncertainty in the accuracy of mineral reserve and mineral resource estimation, the ability of each party to satisfy their obligations in accordance with the terms of the PMPAs, the estimation of future production from Mining Operations, Wheaton's interpretation of, compliance with or application of, tax laws and regulations or accounting policies and rules being found to be incorrect, any challenge or reassessment by the CRA of the Company's tax filings being successful and the potential negative impact to the Company's previous and future tax filings, assessing the impact of the CRA Settlement for years subsequent to 2010 (including whether there will be any material change in the Company's facts or change in law or jurisprudence), the possible adoption of a global minimum tax, credit and liquidity, indebtedness and guarantees, mine operator concentration, hedging, competition, claims and legal proceedings against Wheaton or the Mining Operations, security over underlying assets, governmental regulations, international operations of Wheaton and the Mining Operations, exploration, development, operations, expansions and improvements at the Mining Operations, environmental regulations and climate change, Wheaton and the Mining Operations ability to obtain and maintain necessary licenses, permits, approvals and rulings, (con)

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(con.) Wheaton and the Mining Operations ability to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permitting requirements, lack of suitable infrastructure and employees to support the Mining Operations, inability to replace and expand mineral reserves, including anticipated timing of the commencement of production by certain Mining Operations (including increases in production, estimated grades and recoveries), uncertainties of title and indigenous rights with respect to the Mining Operations, Wheaton and the Mining Operations ability to obtain adequate financing, the Mining Operations ability to complete permitting, construction, development and expansion, global financial conditions, and other risks discussed in the section entitled "Description of the Business – Risk Factors" in Wheaton's Annual Information Form available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, Wheaton's Form 40-F for the year ended December 31, 2020 and Form 6-Ks filed May 6, 2021 and August 12, 2021, all on file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on EDGAR (the "Disclosure"). Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions management currently believes to be reasonable, including (without limitation): the completion of documentation and diligence in respect of the Fenix PMPA with Rio2, the payment of US$50 million to Rio2 and the satisfaction of each party's obligations in accordance with the terms of the Fenix PMPA with Rio2, that there will be no material adverse change in the market price of commodities, that neither Wheaton nor the Mining Operations will suffer significant impacts as a result of an epidemic (including the COVID-19 virus pandemic), that the Mining Operations will continue to operate and the mining projects will be completed in accordance with public statements and achieve their stated production estimates, that the mineral reserves and mineral resource estimates from Mining Operations (including reserve conversion rates) are accurate, that each party will satisfy their obligations in accordance with the PMPAs, that Wheaton will continue to be able to fund or obtain funding for outstanding commitments, that Wheaton will be able to source and obtain accretive PMPAs, that any outbreak or threat of an outbreak of a virus or other contagions or epidemic disease will be adequately responded to locally, nationally, regionally and internationally, without such response requiring any prolonged closure of the Mining Operations or having other material adverse effects on the Company and counterparties to its PMPAs, that the trading of the Company's common shares will not be adversely affected by the differences in liquidity, settlement and clearing systems as a result of multiple listings of the Common Shares on the LSE, the TSX and the NYSE, that the trading of the Company's common shares will not be suspended, and that the net proceeds of sales of common shares, if any, will be used as anticipated, that expectations regarding the resolution of legal and tax matters will be achieved (including ongoing class action litigation and CRA audits involving the Company), that Wheaton has properly considered the interpretation and application of Canadian tax law to its structure and operations, that Wheaton has filed its tax returns and paid applicable taxes in compliance with Canadian tax law, that Wheaton's application of the CRA Settlement for years subsequent to 2010 is accurate (including the Company's assessment that there will be no material change in the Company's facts or change in law or jurisprudence for years subsequent to 2010), and such other assumptions and factors as set out in the Disclosure. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate and even if events or results described in the forward-looking statements are realized or substantially realized, there can be no assurance that they will have the expected consequences to, or effects on, Wheaton. Readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements and are cautioned that actual outcomes may vary. The forward-looking statements included herein are for the purpose of providing readers with information to assist them in understanding Wheaton's expected financial and operational performance and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Any forward looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, reflects Wheaton's management's current beliefs based on current information and will not be updated except in accordance with applicable securities laws. Although Wheaton has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from those contained in forward looking statements, there may be other factors that cause results, level of activity, performance or achievements not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended.

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2. CAUTIONARY NOTE TO UNITED STATES INVESTORS REGARDING PRESENTATION OF MINERAL RESERVE AND MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATES: The information contained herein has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the securities laws in effect in Canada, which differ from the requirements of United States securities laws. The terms "mineral reserve", "proven mineral reserve" and "probable mineral reserve" are Canadian mining terms defined in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (the "CIM") – CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the "CIM Standards"). These definitions differ from the definitions in Industry Guide 7 ("SEC Industry Guide 7") under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "U.S. Securities Act"). Under U.S. standards, mineralization may not be classified as a "reserve" unless the determination has been made that the mineralization could be economically and legally produced or extracted at the time the reserve determination is made. Also, under SEC Industry Guide 7 standards, a "final" or "bankable" feasibility study is required to report reserves, the three-year historical average price is used in any reserve or cash flow analysis to designate reserves and the primary environmental analysis or report must be filed with the appropriate governmental authority. In addition, the terms "mineral resource", "measured mineral resource", "indicated mineral resource" and "inferred mineral resource" are defined in and required to be disclosed by NI 43-101; however, these terms are not defined terms under SEC Industry Guide 7 and are normally not permitted to be used in reports and registration statements filed with the SEC. Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of the mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into reserves. "Inferred mineral resources" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian rules, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource exists or is economically or legally mineable. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. Disclosure of "contained ounces" in a resource is permitted disclosure under Canadian regulations; however, the SEC normally only permits issuers to report mineralization that does not constitute "reserves" by SEC standards as in place tonnage and grade without reference to unit measures. Accordingly, information contained herein that describes Wheaton's mineral deposits may not be comparable to similar information made public by U.S. companies subject to reporting and disclosure requirements under the United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder. United States investors are urged to consider closely the disclosure in Wheaton's Form 40-F, a copy of which may be obtained from Wheaton or from http://www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml.
3. Company reports & Wood Mackenzie est. of 2020 byproduct cost curves for gold, zinc/lead, copper, PGM, nickel & silver mines. Production and reserves and resources assume Gold $1800/oz, Silver $25/oz, Palladium $2,300/oz and Cobalt $17.75/lb. Portfolio mine life based on recoverable reserves and resources as of Dec 31, 2020 and 2020 actual mill throughput and is weighted by individual reserve and resource category.
4. Gold equivalent ounces are based on the following commodity price assumptions: $1,800 / ounce gold, $25 / ounce silver, $2,300 / ounce palladium, and $17.75 / pound of cobalt. Five- and ten-year guidance do not include optionality production from Pascua Lama, Navidad, Cotabambas, Metatas, or additional expansions at Salobo outside of project currently in construction. In addition, five-year guidance also does not include any production from Rosemont, Toroparu, Kutcho, or the Victor project at Sudbury.
5. Ongoing delivery payments are generally defined at the initiation or amendment of a precious metal purchase agreement.
6. Refer to non-IRFS measures at the end of this presentation.
7. 2021-2025E average cash costs are calculations based on existing agreements contributing to 2021-2025E production forecasts.
8. From Dec. 31, 2004 to Dec. 31, 2020, Mineral Reserves and Mineral Resources are as of Dec. 31 for each year (see www.wheatonpm.com); Current reserves and resources include reserves and resources updated to Dec 31 2020; assumes Gold $1,800/oz, Silver $25/oz, Palladium $2,300/oz and Cobalt $17.75/lb. Cumulative mined production based on management estimates & company reports.

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9. Estimated operating cash flow calculations based on rolling five-year production forecast with (i) production payments of between $5.81 per silver ounce, $451 per gold ounce, and 18% production payment per palladium ounce and per cobalt pound (and assumed marketing cost). (iii) 90% payable rates (iv) indicated silver and gold prices being in place throughout the periods, (v) deduction of general & administrative expenses of approximately $40 million on an annual basis, (vi) calculation before dividends, interest expense and taxes, and (vii) successful resolution of the CRA dispute. Cash flow estimates are presented to show impact of silver and gold prices on cash flow and are not guaranteed. Revolving Credit Facility of $2 billion with term to June 2026. Please see also Note 1 for material risks, assumptions, and important disclosure associated with this information, including, but not limited to, risks and assumptions associated with fluctuations in the price of commodities, the absence of control over mining operations from which Wheaton Precious Metals purchases silver or gold, production estimates and the challenge by the CRA of Wheaton Precious Metals' tax filings.
10. The application of the settlement to years after 2010 (including the 2011 to 2015 taxation years which are currently under audit) is limited to transfer pricing and will be subject to there being no material change in facts or change in law or jurisprudence. Cash taxes estimated after the application of non-capital losses. Estimates of interest given as of the date stated. Interest accrues until payment date.
11. The declaration and payment of dividends remains at the discretion of the Board and will depend on the Company's cash requirements, future prospects and other factors deemed relevant by the Board.
12. Ongoing delivery payments are generally fixed at approximately US$5.00/oz for silver and US$400/oz for gold with an inflationary adjustment of approximately 1% per annum after the third year of production; Production payments at Antamina fixed at 20% of spot silver prices, production at Stillwater fixed at 18% of spot gold and palladium prices until reduction of upfront payment to nil and to 22% of spot thereafter, production at Marmato fixed at 18% of spot gold and silver prices and production at Cozamin fixed at 10% of spot silver prices.
13. Disaggregated revenue, 2020 Full Year Fiscal Financials for Wheaton Precious Metals and Franco Nevada as of year end December 31, 2020, Royal Gold year end as of September 30, 2020.
14. Wheaton Precious Metals' Total Return from 2005 to November 12, 2021, averaged over various time horizons versus gold, silver, the Philadelphia gold and silver index (XAU) and the Van Eck Vectors Gold Miners ETF (GDX) over the same period. Data from Factset includes dividend payment.
15. Per the treasury method.
16. Upfront payment denoted in US$ millions; excludes closing costs and capitalized interest, where applicable. See notes specific to the Timeline on the page immediately following Timeline graphs.
17. Based on 2020 full year results, Wheaton was 100% precious metals focused. Starting January 1, 2021, Wheaton began receiving cobalt from the Voisey's Bay stream.
18. Spot gold prices from Factset and consensus gold prices as compiled by CIBC World Markets.
19. Actual precious metals prices from 2004 – 2020 and resultant cash flows compared to estimated precious metals price and cash flows at the time of transacting. Wheaton completes a post mortem every year on past transactions and measures actual cash flows generated relative to expected cash flows at the time.
20. Pascua Lama Technical Report – Barrick - dated March 31, 2011; Rosemont Technical Report – Hudbay – dated March 30, 2017; Vale Day Presentation dated November 29, 2016; Toroparu Technical Report Prefeasibility Study – Gold X Mining Corp. – Dated May 24, 2013; Navidad Preliminary Assessment – Pan American Silver – dated January 14, 2010, Kutcho Project Prefeasibility Study – Kutcho Copper – Dated July 31, 2017. On August 1, 2019, Hudbay announced that the U.S. District Court for the District of Arizona ("Court") issued a ruling in the lawsuits challenging the U.S. Forest Service's issuance of the Final Record of Decision ("FROD") for the Rosemont project in Arizona. The Court ruled to vacate and remand the FROD such that Rosemont cannot proceed with construction at this time. On June 22, 2020 Hudbay announced that they had filed the initial brief with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit in relation to appealing this decision. On September 18, 2020, Barrick announced that it accepted the Antofagasta Environmental Court's decision to uphold the closure order and sanctions Chile's environmental regulator imposed on Barrick's subsidiary that holds the Chilean portion of the Pascua-Lama project. Barrick indicated that Pascua-Lama would now be transitioned from care and maintenance to closure.

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21. Gold equivalent ounce sales calculated using assumes Gold $1,800/oz, Silver $25/oz, Palladium $2,300/oz and Cobalt $17.75/lb.
22. Capex is defined as the actual and estimated growth capital expenditure from 2007 to 2018 as reported in the Salobo Copper-Gold Mine Technical Report dated Dec. 31, 2019 (approx. US$3.9bn). Capex from the Salobo expansion will be incorporated once construction is complete. The stream as a percentage of mine revenue is defined as the number of gold ounces purchased by Wheaton Precious metals in 2020 multiplied by the difference of the 2020 average LBMA gold price and the $400 delivery payment made by Wheaton to Vale divided by the total 2020 revenue from the mine.
23. Excludes precious metals streaming agreements that have not yet been fully paid for (Salobo expansion, Rosemont, Kutcho, Cotabambas, Navidad, Marmato, Santo Domingo)
24. As of June 30, 2021. Cash flow generated relates to streaming before general and administrative costs.
25. Using commodity price assumptions of $ 27.00 per silver ounce, $1,800 per gold ounce, $2,900 per palladium ounce and $20.50 per cobalt pound. Cash flow calculated as Total Revenues less cost of sales (excluding depreciation) forecast before general and administrative costs.
26. Average annualized after-tax return from portfolio calculates IRR based on net cash flow since start of stream and applies enterprise value attributable to streams as of June 30, 2021 as a terminal value.
27. Based on MSCI report dated September 23, 2021, Wheaton Precious Metals received a rating of AA (on a scale of AAA-CCC) in the MSCI ESG Ratings assessment. The use by Wheaton Precious Metals of any MSCI ESG Research LLC or its affiliates ("MSCI") data, and the use of MSCI logos, trademarks, service marks or index names herein, do not constitute a sponsorship, endorsement, recommendation, or promotion of Wheaton Precious Metals by MSCI. MSCI services and data are the property of MSCI or its information providers, and are provided 'as-is' and without warranty. MSCI names and logos are trademarks or service marks of MSCI.
28. Based on Wheaton's Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating Report dated September 23, 2021.
29. Five and ten-year guidance does not include production from Pascua Lama, Navidad, Cotabambas, Metates, or additional expansions at Salobo outside of project currently in construction. In addition, five-year guidance also does not include any production from Rosemont, Toroparu, Kutcho or the Victor project at Sudbury. Graph depicts average annual 10-year guidance of 830,000 GEOs per year from 2021 to 2030.
30. 'Optionality' references production from development projects not included in Guidance; Pascua Lama, Navidad, Cotabambas and additional Salobo expansion outside of project currently in construction.
31. Stream parameters for Fenix Gold Project: 6% of Au until 90koz, 4% of Au until 140koz, 3.5% of Au thereafter.

ENDNOTES: NON-IFRS MEASURES

Wheaton has included, throughout this document, certain non-IFRS performance measures, including (i) adjusted net earnings and adjusted net earnings per share; (ii) operating cash flow per share (basic and diluted); (iii) average cash costs of gold, silver and palladium on a per ounce basis and cobalt on a per pound basis, with the Company receiving its first deliveries of cobalt from Voisey's Bay during the first quarter of 2021; and (iv) cash operating margin. The Company has removed the non-IFRS measure associated with net debt as Wheaton fully repaid its debt during the first quarter of 2021. These non-IFRS measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS, and other companies may calculate these measures differently. The presentation of these non-IFRS measures is intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS.

i. Adjusted net earnings and adjusted net earnings per share are calculated by removing the effects of non-cash impairment charges, non-cash fair value (gains) losses and other one-time (income) expenses as well as the reversal of non-cash income tax expense (recovery) which is offset by income tax expense (recovery) recognized in the Statements of Shareholders' Equity and OCI, respectively. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, management and certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance.

The following table provides a reconciliation of adjusted net earnings and adjusted net earnings per share (basic and diluted).

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
(in thousands, except for per share amounts)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Net earnings	$ 134,937	$ 149,875	$ 463,063	$ 350,583
Add back (deduct):				
(Gain) loss on fair value adjustment of share purchase warrants held	1,246	1,107	2,392	845
(Gain) loss on fair value adjustment of convertible notes receivable	490	1,095	(4,136)	(1,382)
Income tax expense (recovery) recognized in the Statement of Shareholders' Equity	(269)	(92)	837	(1,731)
Income tax expense (recovery) recognized in the Statement of OCI	627	(9)	(1,989)	5,145
Other	56	31	(319)	435
Adjusted net earnings	$ 137,087	$ 152,007	$ 459,848	$ 353,895
Divided by:				
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding	450,326	449,125	449,977	448,484
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding	451,717	451,999	451,369	449,892
Equals:				
Adjusted earnings per share - basic	$ 0.304	$ 0.338	$ 1.022	$ 0.789
Adjusted earnings per share - diluted	$ 0.303	$ 0.336	$ 1.019	$ 0.787

ENDNOTES: NON-IFRS MEASURES

ii. Operating cash flow per share (basic and diluted) is calculated by dividing cash generated by operating activities by the weighted average number of shares outstanding (basic and diluted). The Company presents operating cash flow per share as management and certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance in comparison to other companies in the precious metal mining industry who present results on a similar basis.

The following table provides a reconciliation of operating cash flow per share (basic and diluted).

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
(in thousands, except for per share amounts)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cash generated by operating activities	$ 201,287	$ 228,099	$ 649,856	$ 557,480
Divided by:				
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding	450,326	449,125	449,977	448,484
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding	451,717	451,999	451,369	449,892
Equals:				
Operating cash flow per share - basic	$ 0.447	$ 0.508	$ 1.444	$ 1.243
Operating cash flow per share - diluted	$ 0.446	$ 0.505	$ 1.440	$ 1.239

ENDNOTES: NON-IFRS MEASURES

iii. Average cash cost of gold, silver and palladium on a per ounce basis and cobalt on a per pound basis is calculated by dividing the total cost of sales, less depletion, by the ounces or pounds sold. In the precious metal mining industry, this is a common performance measure but does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. In addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, management and certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance and ability to generate cash flow.

The following table provides a calculation of average cash cost of gold, silver and palladium on a per ounce basis and cobalt on a per pound basis.

	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
(in thousands, except for gold and palladium ounces sold, cobalt pounds sold and per unit amounts)	2021	2020	2021	2020
Cost of sales	$ 117,505	$ 130,720	$ 415,215	$ 386,342
Less: depletion	(54,976)	(60,601)	(195,458)	(184,104)
Cash cost of sales	$ 62,529	$ 70,119	$ 219,757	$ 202,238
Cash cost of sales is comprised of:				
Total cash cost of gold sold	$ 31,405	$ 38,570	$ 105,721	$ 120,075
Total cash cost of silver sold	27,782	29,426	104,159	76,300
Total cash cost of palladium sold	2,667	2,123	6,804	5,863
Total cash cost of cobalt sold	675	-	3,073	-
Total cash cost of sales	$ 62,529	$ 70,119	$ 219,757	$ 202,238
Divided by:				
Total gold ounces sold	67,649	90,101	232,843	283,310
Total silver ounces sold	5,487	4,999	17,744	14,656
Total palladium ounces sold	5,703	5,546	14,703	15,460
Total cobalt pounds sold	131,174	-	658,074	-
Equals:				
Average cash cost of gold (per ounce)	$ 464	$ 428	$ 454	$ 424
Average cash cost of silver (per ounce)	$ 5.06	$ 5.89	$ 5.87	$ 5.21
Average cash cost of palladium (per ounce)	$ 468	$ 383	$ 463	$ 379
Average cash cost of cobalt (per pound)	$ 5.15	$ n.a.	$ 4.67	$ n.a.

ENDNOTES: NON-IFRS MEASURES

iv. Cash operating margin is calculated by subtracting the average cash cost of gold, silver and palladium on a per ounce basis and cobalt on a per pound basis from the average realized selling price of gold, silver and palladium on a per ounce basis and cobalt on a per pound basis. The Company presents cash operating margin as management and certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance in comparison to other companies in the precious metal mining industry who present results on a similar basis as well as to evaluate the Company's ability to generate cash flow.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash operating margin.

(in thousands, except for cobalt pounds sold, gold and palladium ounces sold and per unit amounts)	Three Months Ended September 30		Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Total sales:				
Gold	$ 121,416	$ 171,734	$ 418,734	$ 490,528
Silver	$ 130,587	$ 123,434	$ 453,924	$ 286,494
Palladium	$ 13,834	$ 12,100	$ 36,932	$ 32,990
Cobalt	$ 3,120	$ -	$ 13,878	$ -
Divided by:				
Total gold ounces sold	67,649	90,101	232,843	283,310
Total silver ounces sold	5,487	4,999	17,744	14,656
Total palladium ounces sold	5,703	5,546	14,703	15,460
Total cobalt pounds sold	131,174	-	658,074	-
Equals:				
Average realized price of gold (per ounce)	$ 1,795	$ 1,906	$ 1,798	$ 1,731
Average realized price of silver (per ounce)	$ 23.80	$ 24.69	$ 25.58	$ 19.55
Average realized price of palladium (per ounce)	$ 2,426	$ 2,182	$ 2,512	$ 2,134
Average realized price of cobalt (per pound)	$ 23.78	$ n.a.	$ 21.09	$ n.a.
Less:				
Average cash cost of gold [1] (per ounce)	$ (464)	$ (428)	$ (454)	$ (424)
Average cash cost of silver [1] (per ounce)	$ (5.06)	$ (5.89)	$ (5.87)	$ (5.21)
Average cash cost of palladium [1] (per ounce)	$ (468)	$ (383)	$ (463)	$ (379)
Average cash cost of cobalt [1] (per pound)	$ (5.15)	$ n.a.	$ (4.67)	$ n.a.
Equals:				
Cash operating margin per gold ounce sold	$ 1,331	$ 1,478	$ 1,344	$ 1,307
As a percentage of realized price of gold	74%	78%	75%	76%
Cash operating margin per silver ounce sold	$ 18.74	$ 18.80	$ 19.71	$ 14.34
As a percentage of realized price of silver	79%	76%	77%	73%
Cash operating margin per palladium ounce sold	$ 1,958	$ 1,799	$ 2,049	$ 1,755
As a percentage of realized price of palladium	81%	82%	82%	82%
Cash operating margin per cobalt pound sold	$ 18.63	$ n.a.	$ 16.42	$ n.a.
As a percentage of realized price of cobalt	78%	n.a.	78%	n.a.