UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF \times 1934 For the quarterly period ended May 31, 2017 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 Commission File No. 1-11288 ACTUANT CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) Wisconsin 39-0168610 (State of incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Id. No.) N86 W12500 WESTBROOK CROSSING MENOMONEE FALLS, WISCONSIN 53051 Mailing address: P. O. Box 3241, Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53201 (Address of principal executive offices) (262) 293-1500 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ⊠ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or emerging growth company. See definition of "accelerated filer," "large accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one): Large accelerated filer X Accelerated filer П Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. Yes □ No ⊠ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.): Yes 🗆 No 🗵

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Class A Common Stock as of June 30, 2017 was 59,696,085.

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FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS AND CAUTIONARY FACTORS

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains certain statements that constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 that involve risks and uncertainties. Such forward-looking statements include statements regarding expected financial results and other planned events, including, but not limited to, anticipated liquidity, anticipated restructuring costs and related savings and capital expenditures. Words such as "may," "should," "could," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "plan," "project" and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual future events or results may differ materially from these statements. We disclaim any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements as a result of new information, future events or any other reason.

The following is a list of factors, among others, that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements:

- economic uncertainty or a prolonged economic downturn.
- end market conditions in the industrial, oil & gas, energy, power generation, infrastructure, commercial construction, truck, automotive, specialty vehicle, mining and agriculture industries:
- competition in the markets we serve and market acceptance of existing and new products;
- our ability to successfully identify and integrate acquisitions and realize anticipated benefits/results from acquired companies;
- divestitures and/or discontinued operations including retained liabilities from businesses that we sell:
- operating margin risk due to competitive pricing, operating inefficiencies, production levels and material, labor and overhead cost increases:
- our international operations present special risks, primarily from currency exchange rate fluctuations, exposure to local economic and political conditions, export and import restrictions and controls on repatriation of cash;
- regulatory and legal developments including changes to United States taxation rules, conflict mineral supply chain compliance, environmental laws and governmental climate change initiatives;
- the potential for a non-cash asset impairment charge, if operating performance or the outlook for one or more of our businesses were to fall significantly below current levels;
- our ability to execute our share repurchase program, which depends in part, on our free cash flow, liquidity and changes in the trading price of our common stock;

- our ability to execute restructuring actions and the realization of anticipated cost savings from those restructuring actions and cost reductions
 efforts:
- a significant failure in information technology (IT) infrastructure and systems, unauthorized access to financial and other sensitive data or cybersecurity
- due to the assembly nature of our operations we purchase a significant amount of components from suppliers and our reliance on suppliers involves certain risks:
- litigation, including product liability and warranty claims:
- inadequate intellectual property protection or if our products are deemed to infringe on the intellectual property of others:
- our level of indebtedness, ability to comply with the financial and other covenants in our debt agreements and fluctuations in interest rates;
- numerous other matters including those of a political, economic, business, competitive and regulatory nature contained from time to time in U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") filings, including, but not limited to, those factors listed in the "Risk Factors" section within Item 1A of Part I of the Form 10-K filed with the SEC on October 28, 2016.

When used herein, the terms "Actuant," "we," "us," "our" and the "Company" refer to Actuant Corporation and its subsidiaries. Actuant Corporation provides free-of-charge access to its Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments thereto, through its website, www.actuant.com, as soon as reasonably practical after such reports are electronically filed with the SEC.

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1—Financial Statements

ACTUANT CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended May 31,			Nine Months Ended May 31,			
	 2017		2016		2017		2016
Net sales	\$ 295,427	\$	305,341	\$	820,089	\$	873,641
Cost of products sold	192,623		197,815		536,892		566,524
Gross profit	 102,804		107,526		283,197		307,117
Selling, administrative and engineering expenses	70,051		70,120		205,609		210,202
Amortization of intangible assets	5,037		5,567		15,368		17,347
Director & officer transition charges	_		_		7,784		_
Restructuring charges	384		3,496		5,433		11,458
Impairment charges	_		_		_		186,511
Operating profit (loss)	 27,332		28,343		49,003		(118,401)
Financing costs, net	7,553		7,253		22,019		21,236
Other expense, net	1,297		751		1,260		1,605
Earnings (loss) before income tax benefit	 18,482		20,339		25,724		(141,242)
Income tax benefit	(4,029)		(827)		(6,827)		(18,666)
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 22,511	\$	21,166	\$	32,551	\$	(122,576)
Earnings (loss) per share:							
Basic	\$ 0.38	\$	0.36	\$	0.55	\$	(2.08)
Diluted	\$ 0.37	\$	0.36	\$	0.54	\$	(2.08)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:							
Basic	59,675		58,923		59,339		59,034
Diluted	60,402		59,589		60,055		59,034
Net earnings (loss) Earnings (loss) per share: Basic Diluted Weighted average common shares outstanding: Basic	\$ 22,511 0.38 0.37	\$	21,166 0.36 0.36 58,923	\$	32,551 0.55 0.54 59,339	\$	(122

ACTUANT CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three Months E	nded	May 31,	Nine Months Ended May 31,				
	 2017		2016		2017		2016	
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 22,511	\$	21,166	\$	32,551	\$	(122,576)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)								
Foreign currency translation adjustments	20,385		15,314		(3,363)		(20,182)	
Pension and other postretirement benefit plans, net of tax	(61)		(13)		676		23	
Cash flow hedges, net of tax	_		21		_		396	
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	 20,324		15,322		(2,687)		(19,763)	
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 42,835	\$	36,488	\$	29,864	\$	(142,339)	

ACTUANT CORPORATION
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	N	Iay 31, 2017	August 31, 2016			
ASSETS	·					
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	198,954	\$	179,604		
Accounts receivable, net		207,764		186,829		
Inventories, net		130,255		130,756		
Other current assets		68,478		45,463		
Total current assets		605,451		542,652		
Property, plant and equipment						
Land, buildings and improvements		42,676		41,504		
Machinery and equipment		282,264		268,362		
Gross property, plant and equipment		324,940		309,866		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(207,563)		(195,851)		
Property, plant and equipment, net		117,377		114,015		
Goodwill		519,793		519,276		
Other intangibles, net		223,286		239,475		
Other long-term assets		22,132		23,242		
Total assets	\$	1,488,039	\$	1,438,660		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Current liabilities						
Trade accounts payable	\$	127,636	\$	115,051		
Accrued compensation and benefits		50,361		46,901		
Current maturities of debt and short-term borrowings		30,000		18,750		
Income taxes payable		8,785		9,254		
Other current liabilities		51,924		51,956		
Total current liabilities		268,706	'	241,912		
Long-term debt, net		539,252		561,681		
Deferred income taxes		32,315		31,356		
Pension and postretirement benefit liabilities		24,462		25,667		
Other long-term liabilities		51,744		57,094		
Total liabilities		916,479		917,710		
Shareholders' equity						
Class A common stock, \$0.20 par value per share, authorized 168,000,000 shares, issued 80,131,931 and 79,393,393 shares, respectively		16,026		15,879		
Additional paid-in capital		135,579		114,980		
Treasury stock, at cost, 20,439,434 shares		(617,731)		(617,731)		
Retained earnings		1,292,196		1,259,645		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(254,510)		(251,823)		
Stock held in trust		(2,134)		(2,646)		
Deferred compensation liability		2,134		2,646		
Total shareholders' equity		571,560		520,950		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	1,488,039	\$	1,438,660		

ACTUANT CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Nine Months En	nded May 31,		
	2017	2016		
Operating Activities				
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 32,551	\$ (122,576)		
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings (loss) to cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	32,262	36,219		
Stock-based compensation expense	14,852	7,568		
Provision (benefit) for deferred income taxes	1,364	(2,225)		
Impairment charges, net of deferred tax benefits	_	169,056		
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,244	1,239		
Other non-cash adjustments	1,023	(460)		
Changes in components of working capital and other:				
Accounts receivable	(22,618)	7,755		
Inventories	(319)	5,436		
Trade accounts payable	13,457	(3,498)		
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(7,112)	(7,982)		
Income taxes payable/receivable	(19,922)	(26,108)		
Accrued compensation and benefits	3,769	3,730		
Other accrued liabilities	862	6,837		
Cash provided by operating activities	51,413	74,991		
Investing Activities				
Capital expenditures	(22,919)	(15,623)		
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	244	8,635		
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired	_	(80,674)		
Cash used in investing activities	(22,675)	(87,662)		
Financing Activities				
Net repayments on revolving credit facilities and other debt	_	(210)		
Principal repayments on term loan	(11,250)	_		
Redemption of 5.62% Senior Notes	(500)	_		
Purchase of treasury shares	_	(14,125)		
Taxes paid related to the net share settlement of equity awards	(999)	(1,344)		
Stock option exercises, related tax benefits and other	7,963	5,729		
Payment of deferred acquisition consideration	(742)	_		
Cash dividend	(2,358)	(2,376)		
Cash used in financing activities	(7,886)	(12,326)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(1,502)	(6,760)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	19,350	(31,757)		
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of period	179,604	168,846		
Cash and cash equivalents – end of period	\$ 198,954	\$ 137,089		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

General

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Actuant Corporation ("Actuant," or the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial reporting and with the instructions of Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. The condensed consolidated balance sheet data as of August 31, 2016 was derived from the Company's audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by United States generally accepted accounting principles. For additional information, including the Company's significant accounting policies, refer to the consolidated financial statements and related footnotes in the Company's fiscal 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair statement of financial results have been made. Such adjustments consist of only those of a normal recurring nature. Operating results for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire fiscal year ending August 31, 2017.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03, Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs, which includes amendments that require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. Under the new guidance, the recognition and measurement of debt issuance costs is not affected. This guidance was adopted on September 1, 2016. As a result of adoption, debt issuance costs of \$3.9 million were reclassified from other long-term assets to long-term debt, net (contra liability) on the balance sheet as of August 31, 2016. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements further clarifying that ASU 2015-03 relates only to the presentation of debt issuance costs related to term loans and does not relate to lines-of-credit or revolvers. As such, the debt issuance costs related to the Company's revolver remain classified in other long-term assets.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-16, Simplifying the Accounting for Measurement-Period Adjustments, which eliminates the requirement to retrospectively account for changes to provisional amounts initially recorded in a business acquisition opening balance sheet. This guidance was adopted on September 1, 2016. The adoption did not have a material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, *Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory*, which amends the existing guidance to prohibit immediate recognition of the current and deferred income tax impacts of intra-entity asset transfers. The ASU eliminates this prohibition for all intra-entity asset transfers, except inventory. This guidance was adopted, on a modified retrospective basis, at September 1, 2016. The adoption did not have a material impact on the cumulative retained earnings or on the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment, which removes the requirement to compare the implied fair value of goodwill with its carrying amount as part of step 2 of the goodwill impairment test. As a result, under the ASU, an entity should perform its annual, or interim, goodwill impairment test by comparing the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount and should recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value; however, the impairment loss recognized should not exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. This guidance will be adopted in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2017 in connection with our annual impairment testing.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-07, Compensation-Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost, which changes how employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement benefit plans present the net periodic benefit cost in the income statement. The new guidance requires the service cost component of net periodic benefit cost to be presented in the same income statement line items as other employee compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period. Other components of the net periodic benefit cost are to be stated separately from service cost and outside of operating income. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017 (fiscal 2019 for the Company) and interim periods within those annual periods. The amendment is to be applied retrospectively. Due to a majority of the Company's retirement benefit plans being frozen and the net periodic pension cost not being significant, the Company does not believe that adoption of this guidance will have a significant impact on the financial statements of the Company.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Stock Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting, which will simplify several aspects of accounting for share-based payment transactions. The guidance will require, among other items, that all excess tax deficiencies or benefits be recorded as income tax expense or benefit in the statement of

earnings and not in additional paid-in capital (shareholder's equity). This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 (fiscal 2018 for the Company) and interim periods within those annual periods. The impact of the adoption of this guidance will have the following effects:

- add additional income tax expense (benefit) in the statement of operations which will create volatility in the Company's effective tax rate:
- the Company will no longer reclassify the excess tax benefit from operating activities to financing activities in the consolidated statement of cash flows:
- impact our computation of diluted earnings per share as the Company will exclude the excess tax benefit from the assumed proceeds available to repurchase shares.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. Under ASU 2014-09 and subsequent updates included in ASU 2016-10 and ASU 2016-12, an entity will recognize revenue when it transfers promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects what it expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services. It also requires more detailed disclosures to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2017 (fiscal 2019 for the Company). The Company has begun assessing its various revenue streams to identify performance obligations under these ASUs and the key aspects of the standard that will impact the Company's revenue recognition process. Based upon our preliminary assessments, these standards may impact our allocation of contract revenue between various products and services and the timing of when those revenues are recognized, but do not expect a material or significant impact to amounts recognized. Given the diversity of its commercial arrangements, the Company is continuing to assess the impact these standards may have on its consolidated results of operation, financial position, cash flows and financial statement disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases, to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing all lease transactions (with terms in excess of 12 months) on the balance sheet as a lease liability and a right-of-use asset. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018 (fiscal 2020 for the Company), including interim periods within those fiscal years. Upon adoption, the lessee will apply the new standard retrospectively to all periods presented or retrospectively using a cumulative effect adjustment in the year of adoption. The Company is currently gathering, documenting and analyzing lease agreements related this ASU and anticipates material additions to the balance sheet upon adoption of right-of-use assets, offset by the associated liabilities, due to our routine use of operating leases over time

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230), Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments, to address how certain cash receipts and cash payments are presented and classified in the statement of cash flows. This update addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice. This guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017 (fiscal 2019 for the Company), including interim periods within those fiscal years. This update will require adoption on a retrospective basis unless it is impracticable to apply. The Company does not believe that this guidance will have a significant impact on its presentation of the statement of cash flows.

Note 2. Director & Officer Transition Charges

During the nine months ended May 31, 2017, the Company recorded separation and transition charges of \$7.8 million in connection with the retirement of one director of the Company's Board of Directors and the transition of the Executive Vice President/Chief Financial Officer. The charges were mainly comprised of compensation expense for accelerated equity vesting, severance, outplacement, legal, signing bonus and relocation costs.

Note 3. Restructuring Charges

The Company has committed to various restructuring initiatives including workforce reductions, plant consolidations to reduce manufacturing overhead, satellite office closures, the continued movement of production and product sourcing to low cost alternatives and the centralization and standardization of certain administrative functions. Total restructuring charges for these activities were \$0.4 million and \$3.5 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2017 and 2016, respectively. Year-to-date restructuring charges totaled \$5.4 million and \$11.5 million for fiscal 2017 and 2016, respectively, and impacted all segments. Liabilities for severance will generally be paid during the next twelve months, while future lease payments related to facilities vacated as a result of restructuring will be paid over the underlying remaining lease terms.

The following rollforwards summarize restructuring reserve activity by segment (in thousands):

		Nine Months Ended May 31, 2017								
		ndustrial	Energy			Engineered Solutions		Corporate		Total
Balance as of August 31, 2016	\$	1,343	\$	3,021	\$	1,863	\$	46	\$	6,273
Restructuring charges		1,686		39		3,627		81		5,433
Cash payments		(2,060)		(1,123)		(3,128)		(83)		(6,394)
Other non-cash uses of reserve		(437)		(7)		(13)		(44)		(501)
Impact of changes in foreign currency rates		(19)		(2)		(10)		_		(31)
Balance as of May 31, 2017	\$	513	\$	1,928	\$	2,339	\$	_	\$	4,780

	Nine Months Ended May 31, 2016									
	Industrial		Energy			Engineered Solutions		Corporate		Total
Balance as of August 31, 2015	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_
Restructuring charges		1,792		4,877		4,528		261		11,458
Cash payments		(1,000)		(1,122)		(2,182)		(200)		(4,504)
Other non-cash uses of reserve		_		(170)		(304)		(1)		(475)
Impact of changes in foreign currency rates		17		(14)		18		_		21
Balance as of May 31, 2016	\$	809	\$	3,571	\$	2,060	\$	60	\$	6,500

Note 4. Acquisitions

During fiscal 2016, the Company completed two acquisitions which resulted in the recognition of goodwill in the condensed consolidated financial statements because their purchase price reflected the future earnings and cash flow potential of the acquired companies, as well as the complementary strategic fit and resulting synergies the acquisitions were expected to bring to existing operations. The Company makes an initial allocation of the purchase price at the date of acquisition, based upon its understanding of the fair value of the acquired assets and assumed liabilities. If additional information is obtained about these assets and liabilities within the measurement period (not to exceed one year from the date of acquisition) through asset appraisals and other sources, the Company will refine its estimates of fair value and adjust the initial purchase price allocation.

The Company acquired the stock of Larzep, S.A. ("Larzep") on February 17, 2016 for a purchase price of \$15.9 million net of cash acquired. This Industrial segment tuck-in acquisition is headquartered in Mallabia, Spain and is a supplier of hydraulic tools and solutions. The purchase price allocation resulted in \$9.7 million of goodwill (which is not deductible for tax purposes) and \$4.8 million of intangible assets, including \$3.6 million of customer relationships and \$1.2 million of tradenames.

The Company also acquired the assets of the Middle East, Caspian and the North African business of FourQuest Energy Inc. ("Pipeline and Process Services") for \$65.5 million on March 30, 2016. This Hydratight tuck-in acquisition was funded with existing cash and expanded the geographic presence and service offerings of the Energy segment, including pipeline pre-commissioning, engineering, chemical cleaning and leak testing. The purchase price allocation resulted in \$37.4 million of goodwill (which is not deductible for tax purposes) and \$8.7 million of intangible assets, including \$8.0 million of customer relationships and \$0.7 million of non-compete agreements. During fiscal 2017, goodwill related to this acquisition increased by \$1.1 million as a result of adjustments to reflect the fair value of acquired accounts receivables.

The two acquisitions generated combined sales of \$7.3 million and \$25.0 million for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2017, respectively. The Company incurred acquisition transaction costs of \$1.3 million and \$2.1 million for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2016, respectively.

The following unaudited pro forma operating results of the Company give effect to these acquisitions as though the transactions and related financing activities occurred on September 1, 2015 (in thousands, expect per share amounts):

		Three Month	led May 31,		d May 31,			
	_	2017		2016		2017		2016
Net sales								
As reported	\$	295,427	\$	305,341	\$	820,089	\$	873,641
Pro forma		295,427		308,526		820,089		899,535
Net earnings (loss)								
As reported	\$	22,511	\$	21,166	\$	32,551	\$	(122,576)
Pro forma		22,511		21,800		32,551		(118,590)
Basic earnings (loss) per share								
As reported	\$	0.38	\$	0.36	\$	0.55	\$	(2.08)
Pro forma		0.38		0.37		0.55		(2.01)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share								
As reported	\$	0.37	\$	0.36	\$	0.54	\$	(2.08)
Pro forma		0.37		0.37		0.54		(2.01)

Note 5. Divestiture Activities

On August 25, 2016, the Company completed the divestiture of its Sanlo business (Engineered Solutions segment) for \$9.7 million in cash, net of transaction costs. This divestiture resulted in a \$5.1 million pre-tax loss, but a \$1.6 million gain net of tax, in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2016. The results of the Sanlo business (which had net sales of \$2.7 million and \$8.2 million for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2016, respectively) are not material to the consolidated financial results and are included in the results from continuing operations in fiscal 2016.

Note 6. Goodwill, Intangible Assets and Long-Lived Assets

The changes in the carrying value of goodwill for thenine months ended May 31, 2017 are as follows (in thousands):

		Engineered						
	I1	ndustrial		Energy		Solutions		Total
Balance as of August 31, 2016	\$	101,739	\$	187,321	\$	230,216	\$	519,276
Purchase accounting adjustments		(59)		1,144		_		1,085
Impact of changes in foreign currency rates		219		(1,241)		454		(568)
Balance as of May 31, 2017	\$	101,899	\$	187,224	\$	230,670	\$	519,793

The gross carrying value and accumulated amortization of the Company's other intangible assets are as follows (in thousands):

		May 31, 2017						August 31, 2016						
	Weighted Average Amortization Period (Years)	Gross Carrying Value		Accumulated Amortization		Net Book Value		Book		Gross Carrying Value		Accumulated Amortization		Net Book Value
Amortizable intangible assets:														
Customer relationships	15	\$ 291,307	\$	178,168	\$	113,139	\$	292,671	\$	166,252	\$	126,419		
Patents	11	30,204		23,558		6,646		30,296		22,233		8,063		
Trademarks and tradenames	18	21,236		8,891		12,345		21,283		7,936		13,347		
Other intangibles	3	6,595		6,090		505		6,627		5,890		737		
Indefinite lived intangible assets:														
Tradenames	N/A	90,651		_		90,651		90,909		_		90,909		
		\$ 439,993	\$	216,707	\$	223,286	\$	441,786	\$	202,311	\$	239,475		

The Company estimates that amortization expense will be \$5.1 million for the remaining three months of fiscal 2017. Amortization expense for future years is estimated to be: \$20.2 million in fiscal 2018, \$19.6 million in 2019, \$18.9 million in fiscal

2020, \$18.0 million in fiscal 2021, \$16.0 million in fiscal 2022 and \$34.8 million thereafter. The future amortization expense amounts represent estimates and may be impacted by future acquisitions, divestitures or changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

Fiscal 2016 Interim Impairment Charge

The prolonged unfavorable conditions in the global oil & gas markets, including additional cuts in projected capital spending by energy customers, reduced exploration, drilling and commissioning activities and excess capacity in the industry were expected to have an adverse impact on the future financial results of the Cortland and Viking businesses. Accordingly, during the second quarter of fiscal 2016, the Company recognized a \$140.9 million impairment charge (as a result of lower projected future sales and profits) related to the Cortland and Viking businesses.

Additionally, weakness in off-highway vehicle and agricultural markets coupled with challenging overall industrial fundamentals, reductions in OEM customer build rates and production schedules and delays in the start of production by certain European OEMs for new or updated design models resulted in reduced sales and profitability of the maximatecc business. As a result of lower projected sales and profits, during the second quarter of fiscal 2016, the Company recognized a \$45.7 million impairment charge related to the maximatecc business.

A summary of the second quarter fiscal 2016 impairment charge by reporting unit is as follows (in thousands):

	C	Cortland		Viking		maximatecc	Total		
Goodwill	\$	34,502	\$	39,099	\$	44,521	\$	118,122	
Indefinite lived intangible assets		2,211		13,289		1,153		16,653	
Amortizable intangible assets		_		27,952		_		27,952	
Fixed assets		_		23,784				23,784	
	\$	36,713	\$	104,124	\$	45,674	\$	186,511	

Note 7. Product Warranty Costs

The Company generally offers its customers a warranty on products sold, although warranty periods vary by product type and application. The reserve for future warranty claims is based on historical claim rates and current warranty cost experience. The following is a rollforward of the product warranty reserve (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended May 31,							
	2017	2016						
Beginning balance	\$ 5,592 \$	3,718						
Provision for warranties	2,569	3,225						
Warranty reserve for acquired businesses	_	3						
Warranty payments and costs incurred	(3,993)	(3,155)						
Impact of changes in foreign currency rates	(13)	(35)						
Ending balance	\$ 4,155 \$	3,756						

Note 8. Debt

The following is a summary of the Company's long-term indebtedness (in thousands):

	Ma	ny 31, 2017	August 31, 2016
Senior Credit Facility			
Revolver (\$600 million)	\$	— \$	_
Term Loan		285,000	296,250
Total Senior Credit Facility	'	285,000	296,250
5.625% Senior Notes		287,559	288,059
Total Senior Indebtedness		572,559	584,309
Less: Current maturities of long-term debt		(30,000)	(18,750)
Debt issuance costs		(3,307)	(3,878)
Total long-term debt, net	\$	539,252 \$	561,681

The Company's Senior Credit Facility matures on May 8, 2020 and provides a \$600 million revolver, an amortizing term loan and a \$450 million expansion option, subject to certain conditions. Borrowings are subject to a pricing grid, which can result in increases or decreases to the borrowing spread, depending on the Company's leverage ratio, ranging from 1.00% to 2.25% in the case of loans bearing interest at LIBOR and from0.00% to 1.25% in the case of loans bearing interest at the base rate. As ofMay 31, 2017, the borrowing spread on LIBOR based borrowings was 2.00% (aggregating to a 2.75% variable rate borrowing cost). In addition, a non-use fee is payable quarterly on the average unused credit line under the revolver ranging from 0.15% to 0.35% per annum. As of May 31, 2017, the unused credit line under the revolver was \$595.7 million, of which \$104.8 million was available for borrowing. The amount immediately available for borrowing represents the maximum additional borrowings that could be utilized by the Company (based upon current earnings and net debt) without violating compliance with the associated financial covenants described below. Quarterly term loan principal payments of \$3.8 million began on June 30, 2016, increase to \$7.5 million starting on June 30, 2017 and extend through March 31, 2020, with the remaining principal due at maturity. The Senior Credit Facility, which is secured by substantially all of the Company's domestic personal property assets, also contains customary limits and restrictions concerning investments, sales of assets, liens on assets, dividends and other payments. The two financial covenants included in the Senior Credit Facility agreement are a maximum leverage ratio of 3.75:1 and a minimum interest coverage ratio of 3.5:1. The Company was in compliance with all financial covenants atMay 31, 2017.

On April 16, 2012, the Company issued \$300 million of 5.625% Senior Notes due 2022 (the "Senior Notes"), of which \$287.6 million and \$288.1 million remains outstanding at May 31, 2017 and August 31, 2016, respectively. The Senior Notes require no principal installments prior to theirJune 15, 2022 maturity, require semiannual interest payments in December and June of each year and contain certain financial and non-financial covenants. The Senior Notes include a call feature that allows the Company to repurchase them anytime on or after June 15, 2017 at stated redemption prices (ranging from 100.0% to 102.8%), plus accrued and unpaid interest. The Company repurchased \$0.5 million of Senior Notes at a redemption price of 103% in the third quarter of fiscal 2017.

Note 9. Fair Value Measurement

The Company assesses the inputs used to measure the fair value of financial assets and liabilities using a three-tier hierarchy. Level 1 inputs include quoted prices for identical instruments and are the most observable. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and observable inputs such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity rates and yield curves. Level 3 inputs are not observable in the market and include management's own judgments about the assumptions market participation would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The fair value of the Company's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and variable rate long-term debt approximated book value at both May 31, 2017 and August 31, 2016 due to their short-term nature and the fact that the interest rates approximated market rates. Foreign currency derivatives are recorded at fair value. The fair value of the Company's foreign currency forward contracts was a net liability of \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million at May 31, 2017 and August 31, 2016, respectively. The fair value of the foreign currency forward contracts was based on quoted inactive market prices and is therefore classified as Level 2 within the valuation hierarchy. The fair value of the Company's outstanding Senior Notes was \$297.3 million and \$299.6 million at May 31, 2017 and August 31, 2016, respectively. The fair value of the Senior Notes was based on quoted inactive market prices and is therefore classified as Level 2 within the valuation hierarchy.

Note 10. Derivatives

The Company is exposed to market risk for changes in foreign currency exchange rates due to the global nature of its operations. In order to manage this risk the Company hedges certain portions of its recognized balances and forecasted cash flows that are denominated in non-functional currencies. All derivatives are recognized in the balance sheet at their estimated fair value. On the date it enters into a derivative contract, the Company designates the derivative as a hedge of a recognized asset or liability ("fair value hedge") or a hedge of a forecasted transaction or of the variability of cash flows to be received or paid related to a recognized asset or liability ("cash flow hedge"). The Company does not enter into derivatives for speculative purposes. Changes in the value of fair value hedges and non-designated hedges are recorded in earnings along with the gain or loss on the hedged asset or liability, while changes in the value of cash flow hedges are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss, until earnings are affected by the variability of cash flows.

The U.S. dollar equivalent notional value of short duration foreign currency forward contracts (fair value hedges or non-designated hedges) was 43.3 million and \$143.4 million, at May 31, 2017 and August 31, 2016, respectively. Net foreign currency gains (losses) related to these derivative instruments are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months E	nded May 31,		Nine Months	Ended 1	May 31,
	2017	2016		2017		2016
Foreign currency loss	\$ (484)	\$ (3	394) \$	(2,450)	\$	(1,028)

These derivative gains and losses offset foreign currency gains and losses from the related revaluation of non-functional currency assets and liabilities (amounts included in other expense, net in the condensed consolidated statements of operations).

Note 11. Capital Stock and Share Repurchases

The Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of shares of the Company's common stock under publicy announced share repurchase programs. Since the inception of the initial share repurchase program in fiscal 2012, the Company has repurchased 20,439,434 shares of common stock for\$617.7 million. As of May 31, 2017, the maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the programs is 7,560,566 shares. There were no share repurchases in thethree and nine months ended May 31, 2017, respectively.

The reconciliation between basic and diluted earnings per share is as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three Months	Ended	l May 31,	Nine Months	End	ed May 31,
	2017		2016	2017		2016
Numerator:						
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 22,511	\$	21,166	\$ 32,551	\$	(122,576)
Denominator:						
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic	59,675		58,923	59,339		59,034
Net effect of dilutive securities - stock based compensation plans	 727		666	716		_
Weighted average common shares outstanding - diluted	60,402		59,589	\$ 60,055	\$	59,034
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.38	\$	0.36	\$ 0.55	\$	(2.08)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	0.37		0.36	0.54		(2.08)
Anti-dilutive securities from stock based compensation plans (excluded from earnings per share calculation)	1,969		1,930	1,981		4,973

Note 12. Income Taxes

The Company's income tax expense or benefit is impacted by a number of factors, including the amount of taxable earnings generated in foreign jurisdictions with tax rates that are lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate, permanent items, state tax rates and the ability to utilize various tax credits and net operating loss carryforwards. The Company's global operations, acquisition activity and specific tax attributes provide opportunities for continuous global tax planning initiatives to maximize tax credits and deductions. Both fiscal 2017 and 2016 include the benefits of tax planning initiatives. Comparative earnings (loss) before income taxes, income tax benefit and effective income tax rates are as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Three Months	Ended	l May 31,		Nine Months	s Ended	May 31,
Income tax benefit	 2017		2016		2017		2016
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	\$ 18,482	\$	20,339	\$	25,724	\$	(141,242)
Income tax benefit	(4,029)		(827)		(6,827)		(18,666)
Effective income tax rate	(21.8)%		(4.1)%)	(26.5)%	6	13.2 %
Adjusted effective income tax rate ⁽¹⁾	(21.8)%		(4.1)%)	(26.5)%	6	(2.8)%

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted effective income tax rate excludes the impairment charge of \$186.5 million (\$169.1 million after tax) in the nine months ended May 31, 2016.

Both the current and prior year effective income tax rates were impacted by the proportion of earnings in foreign jurisdictions with income tax rates lower than the U.S. federal income tax rate, the amount of income tax benefits from tax planning initiatives, and certain discrete income tax benefits. The Company's earnings (loss) before income taxes, excluding impairment charges, includes approximately 80% of earnings from foreign jurisdictions for both the estimated full-year fiscal 2017 and actual fiscal 2016. This foreign income tax rate differential had the effect of reducing the effective income tax rate from the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate by 11.2% and 15.8%, for the three months ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. In addition, the income tax benefit for the three months ended May 31, 2017 was the result of the recognition of income tax planning benefits resulting from certain losses from prior years for which no benefit was previously recognized which resulted in a 26.9% reduction from the 35% U.S. statutory rate and an overall net \$3.3 million reduction in tax reserves primarily associated with the lapsing of income tax statutes of limitations. Similarly, the income tax benefit for the three months ended May 31, 2016 was the net result of prior year tax planning related to certain currency gains and losses recognized for tax purposes which resulted in a 9.5% reduction from the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate and a\$2.3 million benefit from a discrete income tax adjustment (favorable provision to income tax return adjustments), partially offset by the provision for taxes due on earnings. These factors, combined with year-to-date activity, yielded an income tax benefit of 26.5% and 2.8% for the nine months ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, excluding the second quarter fiscal 2016 impairment charge. The tax benefits related to tax planning initiatives are not expected to repeat in future periods due to certain tax attributes that are no longer available and subsequent changes in relevant tax law

Note 13. Segment Information

The Company is a global manufacturer of a broad range of industrial products and systems and is organized intothree reportable segments: Industrial, Energy and Engineered Solutions. The Industrial segment is primarily involved in the design, manufacture and distribution of branded hydraulic and mechanical tools to the maintenance, industrial, infrastructure and production automation markets. During 2017, the Company rebranded its Integrated Solutions product line to Heavy Lifting Technology to align the brand with the solutions offered. The Energy segment provides joint integrity products and services, customized offshore vessel mooring solutions, as well as rope and cable solutions to the global oil & gas, power generation and other markets. The Engineered Solutions segment provides highly engineered position and motion control systems to original equipment manufacturers ("OEM") in various on and off-highway vehicle markets, as well as a variety of other products to the industrial and agricultural markets.

The following tables summarize financial information by reportable segment and product line (in thousands):

	Three Months 1	Ende	d May 31,	Nine Months Ended May 31,					
	 2017		2016		2017		2016		
Net Sales by Reportable Product Line & Segment:									
Industrial Segment:									
Industrial Tools	\$ 87,404	\$	81,770	\$	245,122	\$	233,599		
Heavy Lifting Technology	13,099		13,980		34,319		32,210		
	 100,503		95,750		279,441		265,809		
Energy Segment:									
Energy Maintenance & Integrity	59,905		73,377		176,316		210,762		
Other Energy Solutions	23,575		27,923		64,694		90,526		
	83,480		101,300		241,010		301,288		
Engineered Solutions Segment:									
On-Highway	57,710		58,440		159,952		161,949		
Agriculture, Off-Highway and Other	53,734		49,851	_	139,686		144,595		
	 111,444		108,291		299,638		306,544		
	\$ 295,427	\$	305,341	\$	820,089	\$	873,641		
Operating Profit (Loss):									
Industrial	\$ 23,705	\$	21,712	\$	60,860	\$	58,994		
Energy (1)	905		10,870		3,537		(115,803)		
Engineered Solutions (2)	8,105		3,651		10,676		(37,943)		
General Corporate	(5,383)		(7,890)		(26,070)		(23,649)		
	\$ 27,332	\$	28,343	\$	49,003	\$	(118,401)		

⁽¹⁾ Energy segment operating profit (loss) includes an impairment charge of \$140.9 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2016.

⁽²⁾ Engineered Solutions segment operating profit (loss) includes an impairment charge of \$45.7 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2016.

	N	Iay 31, 2017	August 31, 2016
Assets by Segment:			
Industrial	\$	308,148 \$	308,222
Energy		501,528	479,169
Engineered Solutions		511,391	493,840
General Corporate		166,972	157,429
	\$	1,488,039 \$	1,438,660

In addition to the impact of foreign currency exchange rate changes, the comparability of segment and product line information is impacted by acquisition/divestiture activities, impairment charges, director and officer transition charges, restructuring costs and related benefits. Corporate assets, which are not allocated, principally represent cash and cash equivalents, capitalized debt issuance costs and deferred income taxes.

Note 14. Contingencies and Litigation

The Company had outstanding letters of credit of \$16.1 million and \$17.8 million at May 31, 2017 and August 31, 2016, respectively, the majority of which relate to commercial contracts and self-insured workers compensation programs.

The Company is a party to various legal proceedings that have arisen in the normal course of business. These legal proceedings typically include product liability, environmental, labor, patent claims and other disputes. The Company has recorded reserves for loss contingencies based on the specific circumstances of each case. Such reserves are recorded when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and can be reasonably estimated. In the opinion of management, resolution of these contingencies are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company remains contingently liable for lease payments under leases of businesses that it previously divested or spun-off, in the event that such businesses are unable to fulfill their future lease payment obligations. The discounted present value of future minimum lease payments for these leases was \$13.8 million at May 31, 2017 (including \$11.1 million related to the former Electrical segment).

The Company has facilities in numerous geographic locations that are subject to a range of environmental laws and regulations. Environmental expenditures over the past two years have not been material. Management believes that such costs will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Note 15. Guarantor Subsidiaries

As discussed in Note 8, "Debt" on April 16, 2012, Actuant Corporation (the "Parent") issued\$300.0 million of 5.625% Senior Notes, of which \$287.6 million remains outstanding as of May 31, 2017. All of our material, domestic wholly owned subsidiaries (the "Guarantors") fully and unconditionally guarantee the 5.625% Senior Notes on a joint and several basis. There are no significant restrictions on the ability of the Guarantors to make distributions to the Parent. The following tables present the results of operations, financial position and cash flows of Actuant Corporation and its subsidiaries, the Guarantor and non-Guarantor entities, and the eliminations necessary to arrive at the information for the Company on a consolidated basis.

Certain assets, liabilities and expenses have not been allocated to the Guarantors and non-Guarantors and therefore are included in the Parent column in the accompanying condensed consolidating financial statements. These items are of a corporate or consolidated nature and include, but are not limited to, tax provisions and related assets and liabilities, certain employee benefit obligations, prepaid and accrued insurance and corporate indebtedness. Intercompany activity primarily includes loan activity, purchases and sales of goods or services, investments and dividends. Intercompany balances also reflect certain non-cash transactions including transfers of assets and liabilities between the Parent, Guarantor and non-Guarantor, allocation of non-cash expenses from the Parent to the Guarantors and non-Guarantors, non-cash intercompany dividends and the impact of foreign currency rate changes.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (in thousands)

Three Months Ended May 31, 2017

		111100	TVIOI	itiis Eliucu Ma	y 31,	2017		
Parent	(Guarantors	No	n-Guarantors		Eliminations	C	Consolidated
\$ 39,753	\$	98,391	\$	157,283	\$		\$	295,427
9,944		71,565		111,114		_		192,623
29,809		26,826		46,169				102,804
18,113		18,060		33,878		_		70,051
318		2,865		1,854		_		5,037
99		153		132		_		384
11,279		5,748		10,305				27,332
7,558		_		(5)		_		7,553
(3,941)		3,958		(17)		_		_
5,353		_		(5,353)		_		_
 (159)		98		1,358		_		1,297
2,468		1,692		14,322		_		18,482
(3,521)		(168)		(340)		_		(4,029)
5,989		1,860		14,662				22,511
 16,523		15,475		1,754		(33,752)		_
22,511		17,335		16,416		(33,752)		22,511
\$ 42,835	\$	24,376	\$	28,358	\$	(52,734)	\$	42,835
	9,944 29,809 18,113 318 99 11,279 7,558 (3,941) 5,353 (159) 2,468 (3,521) 5,989 16,523 22,511	\$ 39,753 \$ 9,944 29,809 18,113 318 99 11,279 7,558 (3,941) 5,353 (159) 2,468 (3,521) 5,989 16,523 22,511	Parent Guarantors \$ 39,753 \$ 98,391 9,944 71,565 29,809 26,826 18,113 18,060 318 2,865 99 153 11,279 5,748 7,558 — (3,941) 3,958 5,353 — (159) 98 2,468 1,692 (3,521) (168) 5,989 1,860 16,523 15,475 22,511 17,335	Parent Guarantors No \$ 39,753 \$ 98,391 \$ 9,944 71,565 \$ 29,809 26,826 \$ 18,113 18,060 \$ 318 2,865 \$ 99 153 \$ 11,279 5,748 \$ 7,558 — \$ (3,941) 3,958 \$ 5,353 — \$ (159) 98 \$ 2,468 1,692 \$ (3,521) (168) \$ 5,989 1,860 \$ 16,523 15,475 \$ 22,511 17,335 \$	Parent Guarantors Non-Guarantors \$ 39,753 \$ 98,391 \$ 157,283 9,944 71,565 111,114 29,809 26,826 46,169 18,113 18,060 33,878 318 2,865 1,854 99 153 132 11,279 5,748 10,305 7,558 — (5) (3,941) 3,958 (17) 5,353 — (5,353) (159) 98 1,358 2,468 1,692 14,322 (3,521) (168) (340) 5,989 1,860 14,662 16,523 15,475 1,754 22,511 17,335 16,416	Parent Guarantors Non-Guarantors \$ 39,753 \$ 98,391 \$ 157,283 9,944 71,565 111,114 29,809 26,826 46,169 18,113 18,060 33,878 318 2,865 1,854 99 153 132 11,279 5,748 10,305 7,558 — (5) (3,941) 3,958 (17) 5,353 — (5,353) (159) 98 1,358 2,468 1,692 14,322 (3,521) (168) (340) 5,989 1,860 14,662 16,523 15,475 1,754 22,511 17,335 16,416	\$ 39,753 \$ 98,391 \$ 157,283 \$ — 9,944 71,565 111,114 — 29,809 26,826 46,169 — 18,113 18,060 33,878 — 318 2,865 1,854 — 99 153 132 — 11,279 5,748 10,305 — 7,558 — (5) — (3,941) 3,958 (17) — 5,353 — (5,353) — (159) 98 1,358 — (159) 98 1,358 — 2,468 1,692 14,322 — (3,521) (168) (340) — 5,989 1,860 14,662 — 16,523 15,475 1,754 (33,752) 22,511 17,335 16,416 (33,752)	Parent Guarantors Non-Guarantors Eliminations C \$ 39,753 \$ 98,391 \$ 157,283 \$ — \$ 9,944 71,565 111,114 — — 29,809 26,826 46,169 — — 18,113 18,060 33,878 — — 318 2,865 1,854 — — 99 153 132 — — 11,279 5,748 10,305 — — 7,558 — (5) — — (3,941) 3,958 (17) — — 5,353 — (5,353) — — (159) 98 1,358 — — 2,468 1,692 14,322 — — (3,521) (168) (340) — — 5,989 1,860 14,662 — — 16,523 15,475 1,754 (33,752) — 33

${\color{blue} \textbf{CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)} \\ {\color{blue} \textit{(in thous and s)}}$

			Thre	e Moi	nths Ended Ma	ıy 31,	2016		
	Parent	G	uarantors	Nor	n-Guarantors	I	Eliminations	(Consolidated
Net sales	\$ 33,610	\$	94,095	\$	177,636	\$		\$	305,341
Cost of products sold	6,603		67,079		124,133		_		197,815
Gross profit	 27,007		27,016		53,503				107,526
Selling, administrative and engineering expenses	17,172		17,805		35,143		_		70,120
Amortization of intangible assets	318		3,322		1,927		_		5,567
Restructuring charges	100		443		2,953		_		3,496
Operating profit	 9,417		5,446		13,480				28,343
Financing costs (income), net	7,601		_		(348)		_		7,253
Intercompany (income) expense, net	(4,990)		(933)		5,923		_		_
Other expense, net	199		13		539				751
Earnings before income taxes	6,607		6,366		7,366		_		20,339
Income tax (benefit) expense	 (929)		287		(185)				(827)
Net earnings before equity in earnings of subsidiaries	 7,536		6,079		7,551		_		21,166
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries	13,630		7,715		1,769		(23,114)		_
Net earnings	 21,166		13,794		9,320		(23,114)		21,166
Comprehensive income	\$ 36,488	\$	27,280	\$	10,936	\$	(38,216)	\$	36,488

${\color{blue} \textbf{CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)} \\ {\color{blue} \textit{(in thousands)}}$

				Nin	e Montl	hs Ended May	31, 201	17		
		Parent	Gua	rantors	Non	-Guarantors	Elim	inations	Con	solidated
Net sales	\$	106,435	\$	263,640	\$	450,014	\$	_	\$	820,089
Cost of products sold		27,087		194,802		315,003		_		536,892
Gross profit		79,348		68,838		135,011				283,197
Selling, administrative and engineering expenses		54,633		51,245		99,731		_		205,609
Amortization of intangible assets		954		8,859		5,555		_		15,368
Restructuring charges		826		1,317		3,290		_		5,433
Director & officer transition charges		7,784		_		_		_		7,784
Operating profit		15,151		7,417 –	_	26,435				49,003
Financing costs (income), net		22,314		_		(295)		_		22,019
Intercompany (income) expense, net		(16,891)		14,114		2,777		_		_
Intercompany dividends		5,353		(59,401)		(5,353)		59,401		_
Other expense (income), net		1,878		24		(642)		_		1,260
Earnings before income taxes	'	2,497		52,680		29,948		(59,401)		25,724
Income tax (benefit) expense		(6,084)		(865)		122		_		(6,827)
Net earnings before equity in earnings of subsidiaries		8,581		53,545		29,826		(59,401)		32,551
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries		23,970		29,157		4,616		(57,743)		_
Net earnings		32,551		82,702		34,442		(117,144)		32,551
Comprehensive income	\$	29,864	\$	71,992	\$	41,817	\$	(113,809)	\$	29,864

${\color{blue} \textbf{CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)} \\ {\color{blue} \textit{(in thousands)}}$

			Nine	e Moi	nths Ended Ma	y 31	1, 2016		
	 Parent	(Guarantors	No	n-Guarantors		Eliminations	(Consolidated
Net sales	\$ 100,699	\$	279,135	\$	493,807	\$		\$	873,641
Cost of products sold	25,851		201,232		339,441		_		566,524
Gross profit	74,848		77,903		154,366				307,117
Selling, administrative and engineering expenses	54,049		53,644		102,509		_		210,202
Amortization of intangible assets	954		9,966		6,427		_		17,347
Restructuring charges	1,057		3,011		7,390		_		11,458
Impairment charges	 _		49,012		137,499				186,511
Operating profit (loss)	 18,788		(37,730)		(99,459)		_		(118,401)
Financing costs (income), net	22,364		_		(1,128)		_		21,236
Intercompany (income) expense, net	(16,284)		(7,830)		24,114		_		_
Intercompany dividends	_		_		(5,338)		5,338		_
Other expense, net	802		44		759		_		1,605
Earnings (loss) before income tax expense	11,906		(29,944)		(117,866)		(5,338)		(141,242)
Income tax (benefit) expense	(1,986)		944		(17,624)		_		(18,666)
Net earnings (loss) before equity in (loss) earnings of subsidiaries	13,892		(30,888)		(100,242)		(5,338)		(122,576)
Equity in (loss) earnings of subsidiaries	(136,468)		(87,354)		3,856		219,966		
Net loss	 (122,576)		(118,242)		(96,386)		214,628		(122,576)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (142,339)	\$	(133,602)	\$	(101,219)	\$	234,821	\$	(142,339)

Cash and cash equivalents

Accounts receivable, net

Inventories, net

Other current assets

Total current assets Property, plant and equipment, net

ASSETS Current assets

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS (in thousands)

\$

Parent

\$

26,554

16,860

20,114

14,276

77,804

6,879

	M	ay 31, 2017					
Guarantors	Non	-Guarantors	Eliminations	Consolidated			
_	\$	172,400	\$ _	\$	198,954		
54,887		136,017	_		207,764		
44,605		65,536	_		130,255		
2,695		51,507	_		68,478		
102,187		425,460	_		605,451		
26,667		83,831	_		117,377		
200,499		280,447	_		519,793		
140,902		73,909	_		223,286		

38,847 200, Goodwill Other intangibles, net 8,475 140, Investment in subsidiaries 1,916,360 1,134,186 755,620 (3,806,166) Intercompany receivable 708,400 193,397 (901,797) Other long-term assets 4,944 812 16,376 22,132 Total assets 2,053,309 1,829,040 (4,707,963) 1,488,039 \$ 2,313,653 \$ \$ LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities \$ 88,836 127,636 Trade accounts payable 11,278 27,522 Accrued compensation and benefits 17,249 7,843 25,269 50,361 Current maturities of debt and short-term borrowings 30,000 30,000 8,785 8,785 Income taxes payable 6,525 Other current liabilities 17,887 51,924 27,512 Total current liabilities 76,414 41,890 150,402 268,706 Long-term debt, net 539,252 539,252 Deferred income taxes 23,899 8,416 32,315 Pension and postretirement benefit liabilities 15,632 8,830 24,462 Other long-term liabilities 44,621 371 6,752 51,744 Intercompany payable 781,931 119,866 (901,797) Shareholders' equity 571,560 2,271,392 1,534,774 (3,806,166)571,560 Total liabilities and shareholders' equity 2,053,309 2,313,653 1,829,040 (4,707,963) 1,488,039

${\color{blue} \textbf{CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEETS}} \\ {\color{blue} \textit{(in thousands)}}$

			Αι	igust 31, 2016			
	Parent	Guarantors	No	n-Guarantors	Eliminations	(Consolidated
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,953	\$ 71	\$	171,580	\$ _	\$	179,604
Accounts receivable, net	13,692	41,715		131,422	_		186,829
Inventories, net	19,897	44,283		66,576	_		130,756
Other current assets	7,754	3,858		33,851			45,463
Total current assets	 49,296	89,927		403,429	_		542,652
Property, plant and equipment, net	5,927	23,511		84,577	_		114,015
Goodwill	38,847	200,499		279,930	_		519,276
Other intangibles, net	9,429	149,757		80,289	_		239,475
Investment in subsidiaries	1,915,367	578,423		465,736	(2,959,526)		_
Intercompany receivable	_	1,159,672		_	(1,159,672)		_
Other long-term assets	5,702	10		17,530	_		23,242
Total assets	\$ 2,024,568	\$ 2,201,799	\$	1,331,491	\$ (4,119,198)	\$	1,438,660
LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Current liabilities							
Trade accounts payable	\$ 11,529	\$ 20,669	\$	82,853	\$ _	\$	115,051
Accrued compensation and benefits	17,506	5,754		23,641	_		46,901
Current maturities of debt and short-term borrowings	18,750	_		_	_		18,750
Income taxes payable	1,886	_		7,368	_		9,254
Other current liabilities	20,459	6,989		24,508	_		51,956
Total current liabilities	70,130	33,412		138,370	_		241,912
Long-term debt, net	561,681	_		_	_		561,681
Deferred income taxes	30,666	_		690	_		31,356
Pension and postretirement benefit liabilities	16,803	_		8,864	_		25,667
Other long-term liabilities	47,739	588		8,767	_		57,094
Intercompany payable	776,599	_		383,073	(1,159,672)		_
Shareholders' equity	520,950	2,167,799		791,727	(2,959,526)		520,950
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 2,024,568	\$ 2,201,799	\$	1,331,491	\$ (4,119,198)	\$	1,438,660

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

	Nine Months Ended May 31, 2017								
	Parent			Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations			Consolidated
Operating Activities									
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	82,185	\$	13,184	\$ 20,798	\$	(64,754)	\$	51,413
Investing Activities									
Capital expenditures		(2,706)		(8,037)	(12,176)		_		(22,919)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		_		135	109		_		244
Cash used in investing activities		(2,706)		(7,902)	(12,067)		_		(22,675)
Financing Activities									
Principal repayments on term loan		(11,250)		_	_		_		(11,250)
Taxes paid related to the net share settlement of equity awards		(999)		_	_		_		(999)
Redemption of 5.625% Senior Notes		(500)		_	_		_		(500)
Stock option exercises, related tax benefits and other		7,963		_	_		_		7,963
Payment of deferred acquisition consideration		_		_	(742)		_		(742)
Cash dividend		(2,358)		(5,353)	(59,401)		64,754		(2,358)
Intercompany loan activity		(53,734)		_	53,734		_		_
Cash used in financing activities		(60,878)		(5,353)	(6,409)		64,754		(7,886)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		_		_	(1,502)		_		(1,502)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		18,601		(71)	820		_		19,350
Cash and cash equivalents—beginning of period		7,953		71	171,580		_		179,604
Cash and cash equivalents—end of period	\$	26,554	\$	_	\$ 172,400	\$	_	\$	198,954

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands)

Nine Months Ended May 31, 2016 **Parent** Guarantors **Non-Guarantors** Eliminations Consolidated **Operating Activities** 15,256 74,991 Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 8,657 \$ 56,416 \$ (5,338) \$ **Investing Activities** Capital expenditures (4,656) (15,623) (1,237)(9,730)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 1,985 13 6,637 8,635 Intercompany investment (339)(6,125) 6,464 (80,674) (80,674) Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired Cash used in investing activities (1,563)(4,144)(88,419) 6,464 (87,662) **Financing Activities** Net repayments on revolver and other debt (210)(210)Purchase of treasury shares (14,125)(14,125)Taxes paid related to the net share settlement of equity awards (1,344)(1,344)Stock option exercises, related tax benefits and other 5,729 5,729 Cash dividend (2,376)(5,338)5,338 (2,376)Intercompany loan activity (12,139)12,139 339 (6,464) Intercompany capital contribution 6,125 Cash (used in) provided by financing activities (24,255) (4,999) 18,054 (1,126) (12,326) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash (6,760)(6,760)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (10,562)(486)(20,709)(31,757)Cash and cash equivalents—beginning of period 567 149,591 168,846 18,688 Cash and cash equivalents—end of period 8,126 81 128,882 137,089

Item 2 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Actuant Corporation, headquartered in Menomonee Falls, Wisconsin, is a Wisconsin corporation and was incorporated in 1910. We are a global diversified company that designs, manufactures and distributes a broad range of industrial products and systems to various end markets. The Company is organized into three operating segments: Industrial, Energy and Engineered Solutions. The Industrial segment is primarily involved in the design, manufacture and distribution of branded hydraulic and mechanical tools to the maintenance, industrial, infrastructure and production automation markets. The Energy segment provides joint integrity products and services, customized offshore vessel mooring solutions, as well as rope and cable solutions to the global oil & gas, power generation and other energy markets. The Engineered Solutions segment provides highly engineered position and motion control systems to original equipment manufacturers ("OEM") in various on and off-highway vehicle markets, as well as a variety of other products to the industrial and agricultural markets. Financial information related to the Company's segments is included in Note 13, "Segment Information" in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Our businesses provide an array of products and services across multiple markets and geographies which results in significant diversification. While we have begun to see indications of improvement within the broad industrial landscape, we expect full year fiscal 2017 sales to decline modestly as a result of the overall challenging and inconsistent demand we have experienced in oil & gas, mining, infrastructure, commercial and off-highway vehicles and agriculture markets. Tepid global industrial demand, reduced capital spending in oil & gas markets (exploration, drilling and commissioning activities) and inventory destocking by OEMs in vehicle and agriculture markets have been headwinds throughout fiscal 2017, with sequential easing of these challenges as the year progresses.

As a result of these and other factors, we are continuing the cost reduction programs initiated at the beginning of fiscal 2016. During fiscal 2016, we incurred \$15 million of restructuring costs related to facility consolidation, headcount reductions and operational improvement. Financial results for the nine months ended May 31, 2017 included \$5 million of additional restructuring costs. Due to the continuing challenging market conditions and operating results within our Energy segment, we are examining our cost structure, restructuring initiatives and service strategy to align our business with current market expectations and maximize available opportunities in the interim. As such, the Company anticipates restructuring initiatives and related pre-tax charges continuing for the balance of fiscal 2017 and early fiscal 2018, including approximately \$2 million to \$3 million of additional restructuring charges during that time.

Pre-tax cost savings realized from executing these restructuring initiatives totaled approximately \$14 million in fiscal 2016 and the first nine months of fiscal 2017 combined. Realized cost savings were comprised of \$4 million within the Industrial segment, \$6 million within the Energy segment and \$4 million within the Engineered Solutions segment. The Company anticipates realizing an incremental \$5 million to \$8 million in pre-tax cost savings for the balance of fiscal 2017 and in fiscal 2018 for all restructuring initiatives implemented in fiscals 2016, 2017 and early 2018. Twenty-five percent of the anticipated future cost savings are expected to benefit the Industrial segment, another 35% are expected to benefit the Energy segment and the remaining 40% are expected to benefit the Engineered Solutions segment. These gross cost savings are routinely offset by variations between years including sales and production volume variances, annual bonus expense differential and corresponding re-investment of savings into other initiatives.

Similarly, as a result of the continuing challenging market conditions and operating results within the Energy segment, we recently announced we are taking action on the most impactful portfolio management steps including actively pursuing strategic alternatives for our offshore mooring component. These actions are intended to extensively limit our upstream, offshore exposure tied predominately to exploration and well development activities. Depending upon the outcome of our consideration of available strategic alternatives specific to the offshore mooring component, we could incur significant cash and non-cash charges in future periods related to these actions.

Our priorities continue to include focused efforts to drive additional sales growth, investment in growth initiatives including strategic acquisitions, execution of restructuring actions, portfolio management and cash flow generation. The Industrial segment is focused on accelerating global sales growth through increased sales effectiveness, geographic expansion (especially Asia Pacific), new product introductions and development of second tier brands. The Energy segment remains focused on the integration of the Pipeline and Process Services acquisition, redirecting sales, marketing and engineering resources to non-oil & gas vertical markets, providing new and existing customers with critical products, services and solutions in a dynamic energy environment and pursuing strategic alternatives for the offshore mooring component and executing restructuring actions. The Engineered Solutions segment is focused on the execution of restructuring projects and lean manufacturing initiatives while improving sales (expansion of served markets and additional content with existing OEMs).

We remain focused on maintaining our financial position and flexibility by adjusting our cost structure to reflect changes in demand levels and by proactively managing working capital and cash flow generation. At the same time, we remain laser-focused on developing and advancing our commercial effectiveness and offering mission critical solutions to customers.

Given our global geographic footprint, changes in foreign currency exchange rates could have a significant impact on our financial results, financial position and cash flow. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates will continue to add volatility as over one-half of our sales are generated outside of the United States in currencies other than the U.S. dollar. The strengthening of the U.S.

dollar unfavorably impacts our sales, cash flow and earnings given the translation of our international results into U.S. dollars. This also results in higher costs for certain international operations which incur costs or purchase components in U.S. dollars and reduces the dollar value of assets (including cash) and liabilities of our international operations.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth our results of operations (in millions, except per share amounts):

	Three Months Ended May 31,				Nine	Months 1	Ended	May 31,		
	 2017			2016		 2017			2016	
Net sales	\$ 295	100 %	\$	305	100%	\$ 820	100 %	\$	874	100 %
Cost of products sold	193	65 %		198	65%	537	65 %		567	65 %
Gross profit	 102	35 %		107	35%	283	35 %		307	35 %
Selling, administrative and engineering expenses	70	24 %		70	23%	206	25 %		210	24 %
Amortization of intangible assets	5	2 %		6	2%	15	2 %		17	2 %
Director & officer transition charges	_	%		_	%	8	1 %		_	— %
Restructuring charges	_	%		3	1%	5	1 %		11	1 %
Impairment charges	_	— %		_	%	_	— %		187	21 %
Operating profit (loss)	27	9 %		28	9%	49	6 %		(118)	(14)%
Financing costs, net	8	3 %		7	2%	22	3 %		21	2 %
Other expense, net	1	— %		1	%	1	— %		2	— %
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	 18	6 %		20	7%	26	3 %		(141)	(16)%
Income tax benefit	(4)	(1)%		(1)	1%	(7)	(1)%		(19)	(3)%
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 22	7 %	\$	21	7%	\$ 33	4 %	\$	(122)	(14)%
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	\$ 0.37		\$	0.36		\$ 0.54		\$	(2.08)	

Consolidated sales for the third quarter of fiscal 2017 were \$295 million, a decrease of \$10 million or 3% from the prior year, while year-to-date sales were \$820 million, a decrease of \$54 million or 6% from the prior year. For the three and nine months ended May 31, 2017, foreign currency exchange rates reduced sales by 2% and 1%, respectively. Net acquisition/divestitures generated a 1% headwind for the three months ended May 31, 2017 and a 1% benefit for the nine months ended May 31, 2017. As a result, core sales (sales excluding the impact of acquisitions, divestitures and changes in foreign currency exchange rates) were down 6% year-to-date compared to the prior year but flat in the third quarter. The year-to-date consolidated core sales decline was the result of challenging comparisons and difficult conditions that persist within the global energy market in the Energy segment. The Industrial and Engineered Solutions segments experienced continued sequential core sales growth in the third quarter as we are experiencing modest improvement in certain markets. For all periods presented, gross profit margins were consistent with prior year. The increase in selling, administrative and engineering expenses as a percentage of sales is the result of the Company's investment in commercial effectiveness, sales coverage and new product development. Results for the nine months ended May 31, 2017 included \$8 million of director and officer transition charges (as described in Note 2, "Director & Officer Transition Charges"), while results for the nine months ended May 31, 2016 included impairment charges related to the write-down of acquired goodwill, intangible assets and long-lived assets of certain businesses (as described in Note 6, "Goodwill, Intangible Assets and Long-Lived Assets").

Segment Results

Industrial Segment

The Industrial segment is a global supplier of branded hydraulic and mechanical tools to a broad array of end markets, including general maintenance and repair, industrial, oil & gas, mining, infrastructure and production automation. Its primary products include high-force hydraulic tools, production automation solutions and concrete stressing components and systems (collectively "Industrial Tools") and highly engineered heavy lifting solutions ("Heavy Lifting Technology"). During 2017, to better align the product line with the solutions offered, the Company rebranded its Integrated Solutions product line to Heavy Lifting Technology. The following table sets forth the results of operations for the Industrial segment (in millions):

	T	Three Months Ended May 31,				Nine Months	Ende	d May 31,
	-	2017		2016		2017		2016
Net sales	\$	101	\$	96	\$	279	\$	266
Operating profit		24		22		61		59
Operating profit %		23.6 %		22.7 %		21.8 %		22.2 %

Industrial segment third quarter sales were \$101 million, or 5% higher than the prior year, while year-to-date sales were\$279 million, an increase of 5% from the prior year. Third quarter core sales were up 6% and excluded a 1% unfavorable impact due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Core sales growth in the second and third quarter contributed to year-to-date core sales of 4%, which reflects a 2% benefit from the Larzep acquisition (\$5 million of sales). Overall, the year-over-year improvement reflects broad based industrial tool demand growth across all geographies. Activity levels improved across an array of end markets and distribution channels, including those serving mining, bolting, construction and other verticals. During the third quarter of fiscal 2017, core sales for the Industrial Tools product line increased \$6 million (8%) compared to the prior year, while the Heavy Lifting Technology product line experienced a 3% core sales decline. Operating profit margins increased slightly to 23.6% in the third quarter of fiscal 2017 compared to 22.7% in the prior year period as the margin expansion impact of incremental volume was offset by \$1 million in duplicative costs and delayed savings associated with facility consolidation efforts. Restructuring charges totaled \$2 million for both nine month periods presented.

Energy Segment

The Energy segment provides products and maintenance services to the global energy markets, where safety, reliability, up-time and productivity are key value drivers. Products include joint integrity tools and connectors for oil & gas and power generation installations and high performance ropes, cables and umbilicals. In addition to these products, the Energy segment also provides mooring systems and joint integrity tools under rental arrangements, as well as technical manpower solutions. The following table sets forth comparative results of operations for the Energy segment (in millions):

	Ti	Three Months Ended May 31,				Nine Months	Ende	d May 31,
	2	2017		2016		2017		2016
Net sales	\$	83	\$	101	\$	241	\$	301
Operating profit (loss) (1)		1		11		4		(116)
Operating profit %		1.1%		10.7%		1.5%		(38.4)%

⁽¹⁾ Operating profit (loss) includes an impairment charge of \$141 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2016.

Year-to-date Energy segment sales decreased 20% and declined 18% during the third quarter. Changes in foreign currency exchange rates unfavorably impacted sales comparisons by \$3 million and \$7 million for the three and nine month periods ended May 31, 2017. Sales from the Pipeline and Process Services (PPS) acquisition benefited sales by \$5 million and \$20 million for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2017, respectively. As a result, Energy segment core sales decline@3% year-to-date and 16% for the third quarter. Core sales from our Energy Maintenance & Integrity product line decreased \$12 million (17%) in the third quarter due to continued tight customer spending controls on maintenance activities which resulted in project cancellations, deferral and scope reductions, most notably in the Middle East and Asia Pacific regions. Core sales in our Other Energy Solutions product line, consisting of umbilical & rope solutions and offshore mooring, declined \$3 million (12%) in the third quarter due to the continued impact of reduced customer spending on exploration, drilling and commissioning activities and competitive pricing pressures. The operating loss for the nine months ended May 31, 2016 was largely the result of impairment charges of \$141 million. Excluding the impairment charges, year-to-date operating profit was\$4 million and \$25 million for fiscal 2017 and 2016, respectively. Lower operating profit on a year-to-date basis is the result of operating losses from our Other Energy Solutions product line and low labor and tool utilization rates associated with the lower sales volumes of our Energy Maintenance & Integrity product line. Restructuring costs to consolidate facilities and reduce headcount were insignificant for the nine months ended May 31, 2017 and \$5 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2016.

Engineered Solutions Segment

The Engineered Solutions segment is a global designer and assembler of customized position and motion control systems and other industrial products to various vehicle and other niche markets. The segment focuses on providing technical and highly engineered products, including actuation systems, mechanical power transmission products, engine air flow management systems, human to machine interface solutions and other rugged electronic instrumentation. The following table sets forth comparative results of operations for the Engineered Solutions segment (in millions):

	T	Three Months Ended May 31,				Nine Months Ended May 31,			
		2017		2016		2017		2016	
Net sales	\$	111	\$	108	\$	300	\$	307	
Operating profit (loss) (1)		8		4		11		(38)	
Operating profit %		7.3%	D	3.4%		3.6%		(12.4)%	

⁽¹⁾ Operating profit (loss) includes an impairment charge of \$46 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2016.

Fiscal 2017 third quarter Engineered Solutions segment net sales increased\$3 million (3%) to \$111 million while year-to-date sales decreased\$7 million (2%) from the prior year to \$300 million. Excluding \$3 million and \$8 million of prior year revenue from the divested Sanlo product line for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2016, respectively, and the unfavorable sales impact from changes in foreign currency exchange rates of \$2 million and \$4 million for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2017, respectively, core sales increased 8% for the quarter, which contributed to the 2% core sales increase for the nine months ended May 31, 2017. The year-to-date core sales growth reflects improving customer production rates across nearly all served off-highway markets including agriculture and construction, as well as robust sales to China's heavy-duty truck OEMs. The operating loss in fiscal 2016 included a \$46 million impairment charge related to the maximatecc business. Operating profit (excluding the 2016 impairment charge) was \$11 million and \$8 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, which is the result of higher volumes and benefit of prior restructuring actions. Restructuring charges were \$4 million and \$5 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Corporate

Corporate expenses decreased \$3 million for the third quarter and increased \$2 million year-to-date compared to the prior year. On a year-to-date basis, corporate expenses increased due to the director & officer transition charges of \$8 million recognized in the first quarter of fiscal 2017 (comprised of compensation expense for accelerated equity vesting, severance, outplacement, legal, signing bonus and relocation costs), partially offset by lower year-over-year professional fees tied to acquisition related costs incurred in the prior year.

Financing Costs, net

Net financing costs were \$8 million and \$7 million for the three months ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. For the nine months ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, net financing costs were \$22 million and \$21 million, respectively.

Income Taxes Expense

The Company's global operations, acquisition activity and specific tax attributes provide opportunities for continuous global tax planning initiatives to maximize tax credits and deductions. Both the current and prior year include the benefits of tax planning initiatives. Comparative earnings (loss) before income taxes, income tax benefit and effective income tax rates are as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended May 31,			
	 2017	2016	2017		2016
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	\$ 18 \$	20	\$ 26	\$	(141)
Income tax expense (benefit)	(4)	(1)	(7)		(19)
Effective income tax rate	(21.8)%	(4.1)%	(26.5)%	6	13.2 %
Adjusted effective income tax rate(1)	(21.8)%	(4.1)%	(26.5)%	6	(2.8)%

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted effective income tax rate excludes the impairment charge of \$186.5 million (\$169.1 million after tax) in the nine months ended May 31, 2016.

Both the current and prior year effective income tax rates were impacted by the proportion of earnings in foreign jurisdictions with income tax rates lower than the U.S. federal income tax rate, the amount of income tax benefits from tax planning initiatives,

and certain discrete income tax benefits. The Company's earnings (loss) before income taxes, excluding impairment charges, includes approximately80% of earnings from foreign jurisdictions for both the estimated full-year fiscal 2017 and actual fiscal 2016. This foreign income tax rate differential had the effect of reducing the effective income tax rate from the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate by 11.2% and 15.8%, for the three months ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. In addition, the income tax benefit for the three months ended May 31, 2017 was the result of the recognition of income tax planning benefits resulting from certain losses from prior years for which no benefit was previously recognized which resulted in a 26.9% reduction from the 35% U.S. statutory rate and an overall net\$\frac{3}{2}\$ million reduction in tax reserves primarily associated with the lapsing of income tax statutes of limitations. Similarly, the income tax benefit for the three months ended May 31, 2016 was the net result of prior year tax planning related to certain currency gains and losses recognized for tax purposes which resulted in a 9.5% reduction from the 35% U.S. statutory tax rate and a \$\frac{2}{2}\$ million benefit from a discrete income tax adjustment (favorable provision to income tax return adjustments), partially offset by the provision for taxes due on earnings. These factors, combined with year-to-date activity, yielded an income tax benefit of 26.5% and 2.8% for the nine months ended May 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, excluding the second quarter fiscal 2016 impairment charge. The tax benefits related to tax planning initiatives are not expected to repeat in future periods due to certain tax attributes that are no longer available and subsequent changes in relevant tax laws.

Cash Flows and Liquidity

At May 31, 2017, cash and cash equivalents included \$172 million of cash held by our foreign subsidiaries and \$27 million held domestically. We periodically utilize income tax safe harbor provisions to make temporary short-term intercompany advances from our foreign subsidiaries to our U.S. parent to reduce outstanding debt balances. At May 31, 2017, we did not have any temporary intercompany advances, compared to the \$54 million we had outstanding at August 31, 2016. The following table summarizes our cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities (in millions):

	Nine Months Ended May 31,					
		2017	20	16		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	51	\$	75		
Net cash used in investing activities		(23)		(88)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(8)		(12)		
Effect of exchange rates on cash		(1)		(7)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	19	\$	(32)		

Cash flows from operating activities were \$51 million for the nine months ended May 31, 2017, a decrease of \$24 million from the prior year due primarily to lower net earnings and an increase of accounts receivable in the current year. Operating cash flows and existing cash balances funded the \$11 million principal repayments on the term loan, \$23 million of capital expenditures and the \$2 million annual cash dividend.

Our Senior Credit Facility, which matures on May 8, 2020, includes a \$600 million revolver, an amortizing term loan and a \$450 million expansion option. Quarterly term loan principal payments of \$4 million commenced on June 30, 2016, increase to \$8 million per quarter beginning on June 30, 2017 and extending through March 31, 2020, with the remaining principal due at maturity. At May 31, 2017, the unused credit line under the revolver was \$596 million, \$105 million of which was available for borrowing. We believe the \$199 million of cash on hand, revolver availability and future operating cash flow will be adequate to meet operating, debt service, stock buyback, acquisition funding and capital expenditure requirements for the foreseeable future.

Primary Working Capital Management

We use primary working capital as a percentage of sales (PWC %) as a key metric of working capital management. We define this metric as the sum of net accounts receivable and net inventory less accounts payable, divided by the past three months sales annualized. The following table shows a comparison of primary working capital (in millions):

	May	May 31, 2017 PV		August 31, 20	August 31, 2016	
Accounts receivable, net	\$	208	18 %	\$	187	17 %
Inventory, net		130	11 %		131	12 %
Accounts payable		(128)	(11)%		(115)	(10)%
Net primary working capital	\$	210	18 %	\$	203	18 %

Commitments and Contingencies

We have operations in numerous geographic locations that are subject to a range of environmental laws and regulations. Environmental expenditures over the past two years have not been material and we believe that such costs will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

We remain contingently liable for lease payments of businesses that we previously divested or spun-off, in the event that such businesses are unable to fulfill their future lease payment obligations. The discounted present value of future minimum lease payments for these leases was \$14 million at May 31, 2017.

We had letters of credit outstanding of approximately \$16 million and \$18 million at May 31, 2017 and August 31, 2016, respectively, the majority of which relate to commercial contracts and self-insured workers compensation programs.

Contractual Obligations

Our contractual obligations have not materially changed in fiscal 2017 and are discussed in Part 1, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" under the heading "Contractual Obligations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2016.

Critical Accounting Policies

Refer to the Critical Accounting Policies in Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended August 31, 2016 for information about the Company's policies, methodology and assumptions related to critical accounting policies.

Item 3 - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The diverse nature of our business activities necessitates the management of various financial and market risks, including those related to changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity costs.

Interest Rate Risk: We manage interest expense using a mixture of fixed-rate and variable-rate debt. A change in interest rates impacts the fair value of our 5.625% Senior Notes, but not our earnings or cash flow because the interest rate on such debt is fixed. Our variable-rate debt obligations consist primarily of revolver and term loan borrowings under our Senior Credit Facility. A ten percent increase in the average cost of our variable rate debt would result in a corresponding \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million increase in financing costs for the three and nine months ended May 31, 2017.

Foreign Currency Risk: We maintain operations in the U.S. and various foreign countries. Our more significant non-U.S. operations are located in Australia, the Netherlands, the United Kingdom, Mexico, United Arab Emirates and China, and have foreign currency risk relating to receipts from customers, payments to suppliers and intercompany transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Under certain conditions, we enter into hedging transactions (primarily foreign currency forward contracts) that enable us to mitigate the potential adverse impact of foreign currency exchange rate risk (see Note 10, "Derivatives" for further information). We do not engage in trading or other speculative activities with these transactions, as established policies require that these hedging transactions relate to specific currency exposures.

The strengthening of the U.S. dollar against most currencies can have an unfavorable impact on our results of operations and financial position as foreign denominated operating results are translated into U.S. dollars. To illustrate the potential impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates on the translation of our results of operations, quarterly sales and operating profit were remeasured assuming a ten percent decrease in all foreign exchange rates compared with the U.S. dollar. Using this assumption, quarterly sales would have been lower by \$14 million and operating profit would have been lower by \$1 million, respectively, for the three months endedMay 31, 2017. This sensitivity analysis assumes that each exchange rate would change in the same direction relative to the U.S. dollar and excludes the potential effects that changes in foreign currency exchange rates may have on sales levels or local currency prices. Similarly, a ten percent decline in foreign currency exchange rates versus the U.S. dollar would result in a \$67 million reduction to equity (accumulated other comprehensive loss) as of May 31, 2017, as a result of non U.S. dollar denominated assets and liabilities being translated into U.S. dollars, our reporting currency.

Commodity Cost Risk: We source a wide variety of materials and components from a network of global suppliers. While such materials are typically available from numerous suppliers, commodity raw materials, such as steel and plastic resin, are subject to price fluctuations, which could have a negative impact on our results. We strive to pass along such commodity price increases to customers to avoid profit margin erosion.

Item 4 - Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our senior management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"). Based on this evaluation, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded as of the Evaluation Date that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective such that the information relating to the Company, including consolidated subsidiaries, required to be disclosed in our Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") reports (i) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and (ii) is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended May 31, 2017 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>

The Company's Board of Directors has authorized the repurchase of shares of the Company's common stock under publicly announced share repurchase programs. Since the inception of the initial share repurchase program in fiscal 2012, the Company has repurchased 20,439,434 shares of common stock for\$618 million. As of May 31, 2017, the maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the programs is 7,560,566 shares. There were no share repurchases in the three or nine months endedMay 31, 2017.

<u>Item 6 – Exhibits</u>

(a) Exhibits

See "Index to Exhibits" on page 34, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Date: July 7, 2017

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ACTUANT CORPORATION
(Registrant)

By: /S/ RICK T. DILLON

Rick T. Dillon

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

ACTUANT CORPORATION (the "Registrant") (Commission File No. 1-11288)

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MAY 31, 2017 INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit	Description	Filed Herewith	Furnished Herewith
4.2 (b)	Amendment No. 1 to the Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated June 20, 2017 among Actuant Corporation, the Lenders party thereto and JP Morgan Chase, N.A. as the agent	X	
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	X	
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	X	
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		X
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002		X
101	The following materials from the Actuant Corporation Form 10-Q for the quarter ended May 31, 2017 formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss), (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (v) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.	X	

AMENDMENT NO. 1

TO

FIFTH AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO FIFTH AMENDED AND RESTATED CREDIT AGREEMENT (the "Amendment") is made as of June 20, 2017 by and among Actuant Corporation, a Wisconsin corporation (the "Company"), Actuant Limited, a company organized under the laws of England ("Actuant Finance" and, collectively with the Company and Actuant Ltd., the "Borrowers"), the financial institutions listed on the signature pages hereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as the administrative agent for the "Lenders" referred to below (in such capacity, the "Agent"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings given to them in the "Credit Agreement" referred to below.

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the signatories hereto are parties to that certain Fifth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of May 8, 2015, among the Borrowers, the financial institutions from time to time parties thereto (the "Lenders") and the Agent (as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Credit Agreement"); and

WHEREAS, the parties hereto have agreed to amend the Credit Agreement on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises set forth above, the terms and conditions contained herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto have agreed to the following amendment to the Credit Agreement.

- 1. <u>Amendment</u>. Effective as of the date hereof and subject to the satisfaction of the conditions precedent set forth in <u>Section 2</u> below:
- (a) Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended to add each of the following definitions thereto in their appropriate alphabetical order therein:
 - "Bail-In Action" means the exercise of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by the applicable EEA Resolution Authority in respect of any liability of an EEA Financial Institution.
 - "Bail-In Legislation" means, with respect to any EEA Member Country implementing Article 55 of Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union, the implementing law for such EEA Member Country from time to time which is described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule.
 - "EEA Financial Institution" means (a) any institution established in any EEA Member Country which is subject to the supervision of an EEA Resolution Authority, (b) any entity established in an EEA Member Country which is a parent of an institution described in clause (a) of this definition, or (c) any institution established in an EEA Member Country which is a subsidiary of an institution described in clauses (a) or (b) of this definition and is subject to consolidated supervision with its parent.
 - "EEA Member Country" means any of the member states of the European Union, Iceland, Liechtenstein, and Norway.

- "EEA Resolution Authority" means any public administrative authority or any Person entrusted with public administrative authority of any EEA Member Country (including any delegee) having responsibility for the resolution of any EEA Financial Institution.
- "EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule" means the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule published by the Loan Market Association (or any successor Person), as in effect from time to time.
- "Write-Down and Conversion Powers" means, with respect to any EEA Resolution Authority, the write-down and conversion powers of such EEA Resolution Authority from time to time under the Bail-In Legislation for the applicable EEA Member Country, which write-down and conversion powers are described in the EU Bail-In Legislation Schedule.
- (b) Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby further amended to amend and restate the definitions of "Leverage Ratio" and "Qualified Cash Amount" in their entirety as follows:
 - "Leverage Ratio" means, at any date of determination, the ratio of Net Consolidated Indebtedness on such date to Consolidated EBITDA for the period of four consecutive fiscal quarters of the Company most recently ended as of such date. For purposes of this definition, if at any time the Leverage Ratio is being determined the Company or any Subsidiary shall have completed a Permitted Acquisition or an Asset Sale since the beginning of the relevant four fiscal quarter period, the Leverage Ratio shall be determined on a pro forma basis reasonably acceptable to the Agent after giving effect to such Acquisition or Asset Sale, as if such Permitted Acquisition or Asset Sale, and any related incurrence or repayment of Indebtedness, had occurred at the beginning of such period.

"Qualified Cash Amount" means, at any date of determination:

- (c) for purposes of the definition of "Pricing Leverage Ratio", an amount equal to the excess of (i) the sum of (A) 100% of the aggregate amount of unrestricted cash or Cash Equivalents of the Company and its Domestic Subsidiaries free and clear of all Liens other than Liens in favor of the Agent for the benefit of the Holders of Secured Obligations and nonconsensual Liens permitted by Section 6.15 and (B) 75% of the aggregate amount of unrestricted cash or Cash Equivalents of the Company's Foreign Subsidiaries free and clear of all Liens other than Liens in favor of the Agent for the benefit of the Holders of Secured Obligations and nonconsensual Liens permitted by Section 6.15 over (ii) \$5,000,000; and
 - (d) for purposes of the definition of "Leverage Ratio",
 - (i) so long as no Loans (other than Term Loans) are outstanding under this Agreement as of such date of determination, an amount equal to the sum of (A) 100% of the aggregate amount of unrestricted cash or Cash Equivalents of the Company and its Domestic Subsidiaries free and clear of all Liens other than Liens in favor of the Agent for the benefit of the Holders of Secured Obligations and nonconsensual Liens permitted by Section 6.15 and (B) 75% of the aggregate amount of unrestricted cash or Cash Equivalents of the Company's Foreign Subsidiaries free and clear of all Liens other than Liens in favor of the Agent for the benefit of the Holders of Secured Obligations and nonconsensual Liens permitted by Section 6.15; and
 - (ii) if any Loans (other than Term Loans) are outstanding under this Agreement as of such date of determination, an amount equal to the excess of (A) the sum of (I) 100% of the aggregate amount of unrestricted cash or Cash Equivalents of the Company and its Domestic Subsidiaries free and clear of all Liens other than Liens in favor of the Agent for the benefit of the Holders of Secured Obligations and nonconsensual Liens permitted by Section 6.15 and (II) 75% of the aggregate amount of unrestricted cash or Cash Equivalents of the Company's Foreign Subsidiaries free and clear of all Liens other than Liens in favor of the Agent for the benefit of the Holders of Secured Obligations and nonconsensual Liens permitted by Section 6.15 over (B) \$5,000,000; provided that in no event shall the Qualified Cash Amount determined under this clause (b)(ii) exceed the greater of (x) \$150,000,000 and

- (y) the lesser of \$300,000,000 and the aggregate principal amount of Senior Note Indebtedness outstanding as of such date.
- (e) Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby further amended to insert the following new sentence at the end of the definition of "Alternate Base Rate" as set forth therein:

"Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Alternate Base Rate shall be less than zero, such rate shall be deemed to be zero for purposes of this Agreement."

- (f) Section 1.1 of the Credit Agreement is hereby further amended to restate clause (d) of the definition of "Defaulting Lender" as set forth therein as follows:
 - "(d) has become the subject of (1) a Bankruptcy Event or (2) a Bail-In Action."
- (g) Section 2.21 of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended to amend and restate the second paragraph thereof in its entirety as follows:
 - If (i) a Bankruptcy Event or a Bail-In Action with respect to a Parent of any Lender shall occur following the date hereof and for so long as such event shall continue or (ii) the Swing Line Lender or the LC Issuer has a good faith belief that any Lender has defaulted in fulfilling its obligations under one or more other agreements in which such Lender commits to extend credit, the Swing Line Lender shall not be required to fund any Swing Line Loan and the LC Issuer shall not be required to issue or Modify any Facility LC, unless the Swing Line Lender or the LC Issuer, as the case may be, shall have entered into arrangements with the Company or such Lender, satisfactory to the Swing Line Lender or the LC Issuer, as the case may be, to defease any risk to it in respect of such Lender hereunder.
- (h) Article V of the Credit Agreement is amended to add the following new Section 5.24 thereto immediately following Section 5.23 thereof:
 - "5.24 EEA Financial Institutions. No Loan Party is an EEA Financial Institution."
- (i) Article IX of the Credit Agreement is amended to add the following new Section 9.17 thereto immediately following Section 9.16 thereof:
 - "9.17 <u>Acknowledgment and Consent to Bail-In of EEA Financial Institutions.</u> Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in any Loan Document or in any other agreement, arrangement or understanding among any such parties, each party hereto acknowledges that any liability of any EEA Financial Institution arising under any Loan Document may be subject to the Write-Down and Conversion Powers of an EEA Resolution Authority and agrees and consents to, and acknowledges and agrees to be bound by:
 - (a) the application of any Write-Down and Conversion Powers by an EEA Resolution Authority to any such liabilities arising hereunder which may be payable to it by any party hereto that is an EEA Financial Institution; and
 - (b) the effects of any Bail-In Action on any such liability, including, if applicable:
 - (i) a reduction in full or in part or cancellation of any such liability;
 - (ii) a conversion of all, or a portion of, such liability into shares or other instruments of ownership in such EEA Financial Institution, its parent entity, or a bridge institution that may be issued to it or otherwise conferred on it, and that such shares or other instruments of ownership will be accepted by it in lieu of any rights with respect to any such liability under this Agreement or any other Loan Document; or
 - (iii) the variation of the terms of such liability in connection with the exercise of the Write-Down and Conversion Powers of any EEA Resolution Authority."

- (j) Exhibit B to the Credit Agreement (Compliance Certificate) is hereby amended and restated in its entirety in the form attached hereto as Schedule 1.
- 2. <u>Conditions of Effectiveness.</u> This Amendment shall become effective as of the date hereof if, and only if, the Agent shall have received:
 - (a) executed copies of this Amendment from the Borrowers, the Agent and the Required Lenders;
 - (b) executed copies of the Reaffirmation attached hereto in the form of Exhibit A from each existing Guarantor and Foreign Law

Pledgor; and

- (c) confirmation that all fees and expenses of counsel to the Agent required to be paid in connection with the Loan Documents (including this Amendment) pursuant to <u>Section 9.6</u> of the Credit Agreement have been paid, in each case to the extent that invoices for the same have been submitted at least one Business Day prior to the date hereof.
 - 3. **Representations and Warranties of the Borrowers.** Each Borrower hereby represents and warrants as follows:
- (a) Such Borrower has the power and authority and legal right to execute and deliver this Amendment and to perform its obligations hereunder and under the Credit Agreement (as modified hereby). The execution and delivery by such Borrower of this Amendment and the performance of its obligations hereunder and under the Credit Agreement (as modified hereby) have been duly authorized by proper corporate proceedings, and this Amendment and the Credit Agreement (as modified hereby) constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of such Borrower enforceable against such Borrower in accordance with their terms, except as enforceability may be limited by bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally.
- (b) Neither the execution and delivery by such Borrower of this Amendment, nor the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein or in the Credit Agreement (as modified hereby), nor compliance with the provisions hereof or thereof will violate (i) any law, rule, regulation, order, writ, judgment, injunction, decree or award binding on such Borrower, (ii) the articles or incorporation or by-laws or other organizational documents of such Borrower or (iii) the provisions of any indenture, instrument or agreement to which such Borrower is a party or is subject, or by which it, or its Property, is bound, or conflict with or constitute a default thereunder, or result in, or require, the creation or imposition of any Lien in, of or on the Property of such Borrower pursuant to the terms of any such indenture, instrument or agreement.
- (c) No order, consent, adjudication, approval, license, authorization, or validation of, or filing, recording or registration with, or exemption by, or other action in respect of any governmental or public body or authority, or any subdivision thereof, which has not been obtained by such Borrower, is required to be obtained by such Borrower in connection with the execution and delivery of this Amendment or the legality, validity, binding effect or enforceability of the Credit Agreement (as modified hereby).
- (d) As of the date hereof and giving effect to the terms of this Amendment, (i) there exists no Default or Unmatured Default and (ii) the representations and warranties contained in <u>Article V</u> of the Credit Agreement (as modified hereby) are true and correct except to the extent any such representation or warranty is stated to relate solely to an earlier date, in which case such representation or warranty shall have been true and correct on and as of such earlier date.

4. Reference to and Effect on the Credit Agreement and Loan Documents.

- (a) Upon the effectiveness of <u>Section 1</u> hereof, each reference to the Credit Agreement in the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document shall mean and be a reference to the <u>Credit Agreement</u> as modified hereby. This Amendment is a Loan Document pursuant to the Credit Agreement and shall (unless expressly indicated otherwise herein or therein) be construed, administered, and applied, in accordance with all of the terms and provisions of the Credit Agreement.
- (b) Each Borrower (i) agrees that this Amendment and the transactions contemplated hereby shall not limit or diminish the obligations of such Borrower arising under or pursuant to the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents to which it is a party, (ii) reaffirms its obligations under the Credit Agreement and each and every other Loan Document to which it is a party (including, without limitation, each applicable Collateral Document), (iii) reaffirms all Liens on any collateral (including the Collateral) which have been granted by it in favor of the Agent pursuant to any of the Loan Documents, and (iv) acknowledges and agrees that except as specifically modified above, the Credit Agreement and all other Loan Documents executed and/or delivered in connection therewith shall remain in full force and effect and are hereby ratified and confirmed.

- (c) The execution, delivery and effectiveness of this Amendment shall not, except as expressly provided herein, operate as a waiver of any right, power or remedy of the Agent or the Lenders, nor constitute a waiver of or consent to any provision of the Credit Agreement or any other Loan Documents executed and/or delivered in connection therewith.
- 5. <u>Governing Law.</u> THIS AMENDMENT SHALL BE CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNAL LAWS (INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, 735 ILCS SECTION 105/5-1 ET SEQ., BUT OTHERWISE WITHOUT REGARD TO THE CONFLICT OF LAWS PROVISIONS) OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, BUT GIVING EFFECT TO FEDERAL LAWS APPLICABLE TO NATIONAL BANKS.
- 6. <u>Headings</u>. Section headings in this Amendment are included herein for convenience of reference only and shall not constitute a part of this Amendment for any other purpose.
- 7. <u>Counterparts.</u> This Amendment may be executed by one or more of the parties hereto on any number of separate counterparts (including by means of facsimile or electronic transmission), and all of said counterparts taken together shall be deemed to constitute one and the same instrument.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Amendment has been duly executed as of the day and year first above written.

ACTUANT CORPORATION, as a Borrower

By/s/ Terry M. Braatz

Name: Terry M. Braatz

Title: Treasurer

ACTUANT LIMITED, as a Borrower

By/s/ Terry M. Braatz

Name: Terry M. Braatz

Title: Director

ACTUANT FINANCE LIMITED, as a Borrower

By/s/ Terry M. Braatz

Name: Terry M. Braatz

Title: Director

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender and as Agent

By:/s/ Richard Barritt

Name: Richard Barritt Title: Vice President

CERTIFICATION

I, Randal W. Baker, certify that:

- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Actuant Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that
 material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during
 the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting

Date: July 7, 2017

/s/ Randal W. Baker

Randal W. Baker Chief Executive Officer and President

CERTIFICATION

I, Rick T. Dillon, certify that:

- I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Actuant Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that
 material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during
 the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting

Date: July 7, 2017

/s/ Rick T. Dillon

Rick T. Dillon

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, I, the undersigned Chief Executive Officer and President of Actuant Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certify, based on my knowledge, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended May 31, 2017 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the periods covered in the Report.

Date: July 7, 2017

/s/ Randal W. Baker Randal W. Baker

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Actuant Corporation and will be retained by Actuant Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The foregoing certification is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the Form 10-Q and shall not be considered filed as part of the Form 10-Q.

WRITTEN STATEMENT OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, I, the undersigned Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Actuant Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certify, based on my knowledge, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended May 31, 2017 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the periods covered in the Report.

Date: July 7, 2017

/s/ Rick T. Dillon

Rick T. Dillon

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Actuant Corporation and will be retained by Actuant Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The foregoing certification is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the Form 10-Q and shall not be considered filed as part of the Form 10-O