

ArcBest

Earnings Presentation

2Q26

A

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

The following is a “safe harbor” statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995: Certain statements and information in this presentation may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, among others, statements regarding (i) our expectations about our intrinsic value or our prospects for growth and value creation and (ii) our financial outlook, position, strategies, goals, and expectations. Terms such as “anticipate,” “believe,” “could,” “designed,” “estimate,” “expect,” “forecast,” “foresee,” “intend,” “likely,” “may,” “plan,” “predict,” “project,” “scheduled,” “seek,” “should,” “would,” and similar expressions and the negatives of such terms are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are based on management’s beliefs, assumptions, and expectations based on currently available information, are not guarantees of future performance, and involve certain risks and uncertainties (some of which are beyond our control). Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable as and when made, we cannot provide assurance that our expectations will prove to be correct and caution the reader not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. Actual outcomes and results could materially differ from what is expressed, implied, or forecasted in these statements due to a number of factors, including, but not limited to: data breaches, cybersecurity incidents, and/or interruptions or failures of our information systems that we depend on, including software programs and applications provided by third parties; untimely or ineffective development and implementation of, or failure to realize the potential benefits associated with, new or enhanced technology or processes; the loss or reduction of business from multiple large customers or an overall reduction in our customer base; the timing and performance of growth initiatives and the ability to manage our cost structure; the cost, integration, and performance of future acquisitions and the inability to realize the anticipated benefits of the acquisition; unsolicited takeover proposals, proxy contests, and other proposals or actions by activist investors; maintaining our corporate reputation and intellectual property rights; failure to achieve market acceptance or generate adequate returns through our Vaux® technologies; establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls over financial reporting; disruptions in domestic or global manufacturing activity, supply chains, and related changes in spending, resulting in material reductions in freight volumes; competitive initiatives and pricing pressures; increased prices for and decreased availability of equipment, including new revenue equipment, and higher costs of equipment-related operating expenses such as maintenance, fuel, and related taxes; availability of fuel, the effect of volatility in fuel prices and the associated changes in fuel surcharges on securing increases in base freight rates, and the inability to collect fuel surcharges; relationships with employees, including unions, and our ability to attract, retain, and upskill employees; unfavorable terms of, or the inability to reach agreement on, future collective bargaining agreements or a workforce stoppage by our employees covered under ABF Freight’s collective bargaining agreement; union employee wages and benefits, including changes in required contributions to multiemployer plans; availability and cost of reliable third-party services; our ability to secure independent owner-operators and/or operational or regulatory issues related to our use of their services; litigation or claims asserted against us; the effects, costs and potential liabilities related to changes in and compliance with, or violation of, existing or future governmental laws and regulations, including, but not limited to, environmental laws and regulations, such as emissions-control regulations and fuel efficiency regulations; default on covenants of financing arrangements and the availability and terms of future financing arrangements; our ability to generate sufficient cash from operations to support significant ongoing capital expenditure requirements and other business initiatives; self-insurance claims, insurance premium costs, and loss of our ability to self-insure; potential impairment of long-lived assets and goodwill and intangible assets; external events which may adversely affect us or the third parties who provide services for us, for which our business continuity plans may not adequately prepare us, including, but not limited to, the occurrence of natural disasters, public health crises, geopolitical conflicts, acts of terrorism or war, cybersecurity incidents, or trade restrictions; general economic conditions and related shifts in market demand that impact the performance and needs of industries we serve and/or limit our customers’ access to adequate financial resources; seasonal fluctuations, adverse weather conditions, natural disasters, and climate change; and other financial, operational, and legal risks and uncertainties detailed from time to time in ArcBest Corporation’s public filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

For additional information regarding known material factors that could cause our actual results to differ from those expressed in these forward-looking statements, please see our filings with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and Current Reports on Form 8-K.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements after the date they are made, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.



AT A GLANCE

NASDAQ: ARCB

We are a leading integrated logistics company that leverages technology and a full suite of solutions to meet customers' supply chain needs



1923

Founded



~\$400B

Addressable
Market*



99%

United States
Coverage



14k

Employees



~250

Campuses and
Service Centers



40k+

Owned
Equipment



Top 20

U.S. Truckload
Broker



30k+

Customers

MOTTO: *“We’ll find a way”*

MISSION

To connect and positively impact the world through solving logistics challenges

VISION

To be the leading logistics partner and innovator, working with customers to build better supply chains across the globe

STRATEGY

To drive long-term value by delivering a premium experience and growing informed, trusted, innovative relationships

VALUES



Creativity

We create solutions



Integrity

We do the right thing



Collaboration

We work together



Growth

We grow our people and our business



Excellence

We exceed expectations

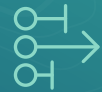


Wellness

We embrace total health

ARCBEST IS A STRATEGIC PARTNER TO CUSTOMERS

CUSTOMERS WANT AND NEED



Flexibility



Efficiency



Resiliency



Reliability



**ArcBest
Seamlessly
Connects
Customers &
Capacity**

PARTNERING WITH CUSTOMERS TO PROVIDE



**Actionable Supply
Chain Insights**

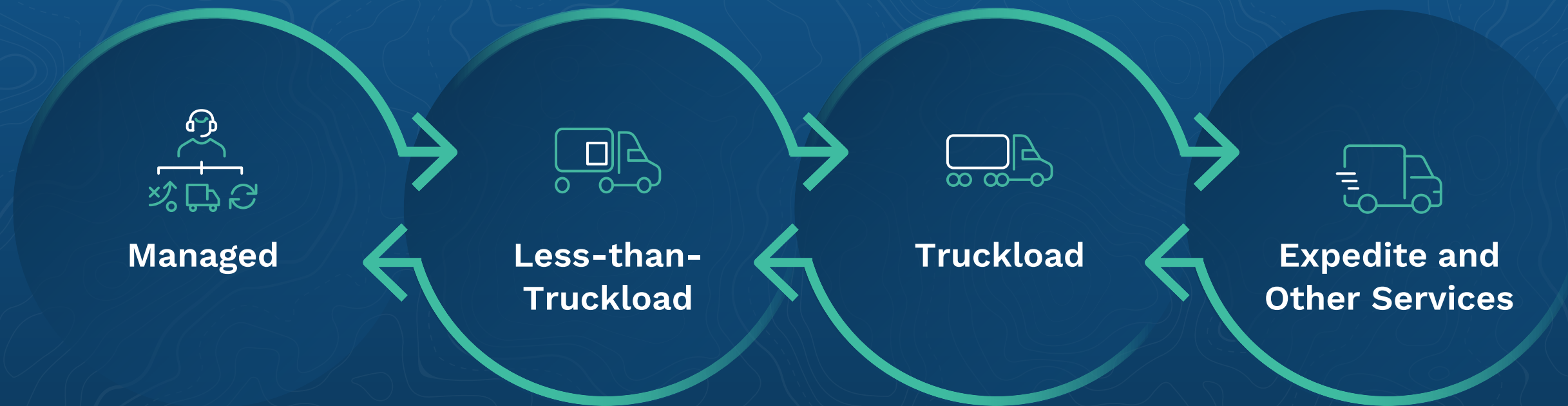


**Operational
Efficiencies**



Cost Savings

ARCBEST SOLVES CUSTOMER NEEDS THROUGH MULTIPLE SOLUTIONS



Customers use an average of **4** services

CUSTOMER-LED STRATEGY YIELDS RESULTS

70%

Asset-Light
+ Asset-Based

About 70% of customers who use
Asset-Light services also utilize
Asset-Based services

>3x

Revenue
& Profit

Revenue & Profit per
account is over 3X higher
on cross-sold accounts

5%

Higher Customer
Retention

Retention rates are 5
percentage points higher on
cross-sold accounts than on
single-solution accounts

Shared resources provide scale and cost efficiencies

Sales

Technology

Financial Services

Human Resources

MANAGED SOLUTIONS

ArcBest is a 3PL with Assets



Managed feeds
LTL, Truckload
and Expedite

Sourcing

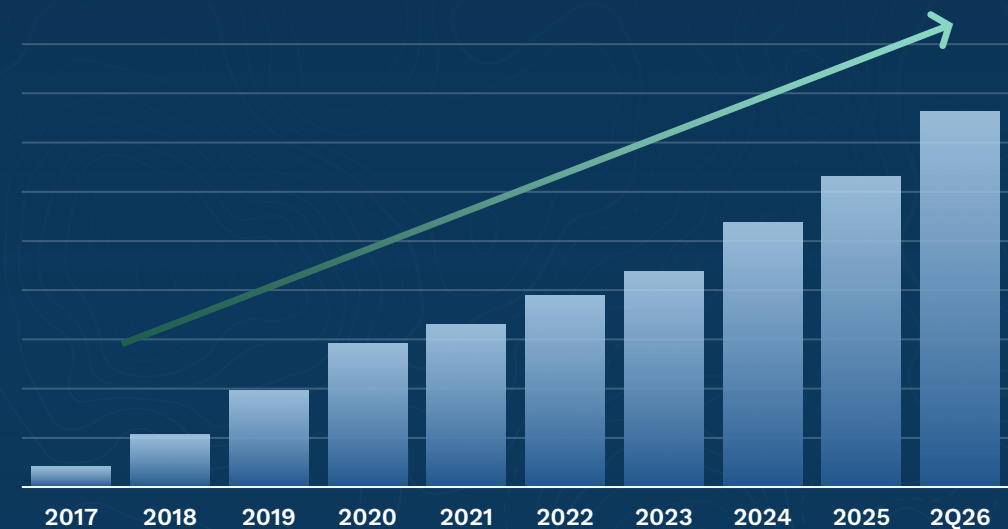


- Strong network of LTL, truckload & rail capacity providers
- ~240 Service Centers
- 40K+ pieces of owned equipment

Customer Benefits

- Supply Chain Optimization
- Network Design and Pool Distribution
- Vendor Consolidations
- Technology Enabled Integrations
- End-to-End Visibility & Reporting
- Supply Chain Efficiency and Reduced Costs

~40% CAGR '17-26



Average Managed Shipments Per Day

2028 FINANCIAL TARGETS

Margin Expansion and Growth

87%–90%

Asset-Based Non-GAAP
Operating Ratio ⁽¹⁾

\$40M–\$70M

Asset-Light Non-GAAP
Operating Income ⁽¹⁾

\$400M–\$500M

Annual Operating Cash Flow

Strong EPS Growth

\$12–\$15

Non-GAAP Diluted EPS ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾

16%–19%

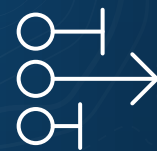
Non-GAAP Return on Capital Employed ⁽¹⁾

STRATEGIC PILLARS



Accelerating **PROFITABLE GROWTH**

- ✓ Go-to-Market Approach
- ✓ Maintaining Yield Discipline
- ✓ Expanding Quote Pool
- ✓ Enhancing Customer Service and Visibility Tools



Increasing **EFFICIENCY**

- ✓ Network Capacity
- ✓ Fleet Optimization
- ✓ Continuous Improvement Training



Driving **INNOVATION**

- ✓ Technology & AI Portfolio

GO-TO-MARKET APPROACH

Commercial Team

Marketing

Sales

Solutions
Design

Yield



Growing Core LTL
Business



Accelerating Managed
Opportunities



Growing Truckload
Business & Optimizing Mix



Enhancing
Expedite Growth

Making it easier for customers to choose and grow with ArcBest

MAINTAINING YIELD DISCIPLINE THROUGH CENTRALIZED PRICING STRATEGY

Cost

How much will it
cost to handle?

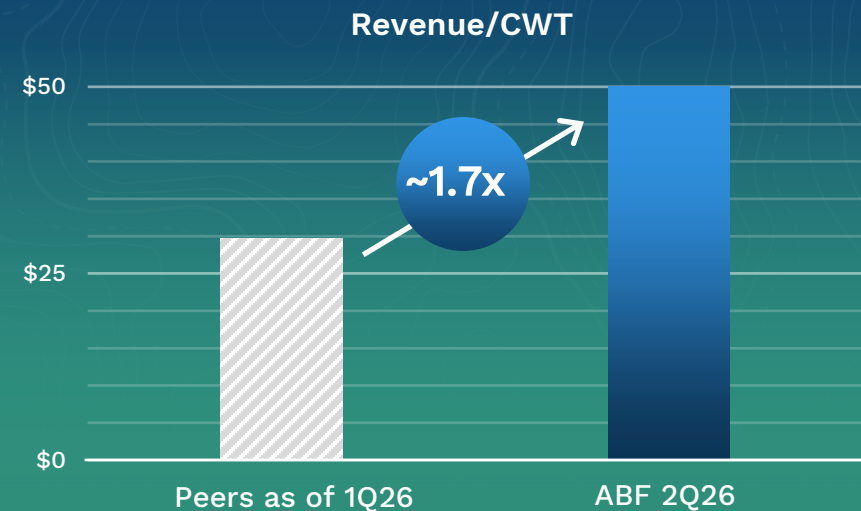
**Strongest
LTL Pricing
Metrics Among
Competitors**

Legend:



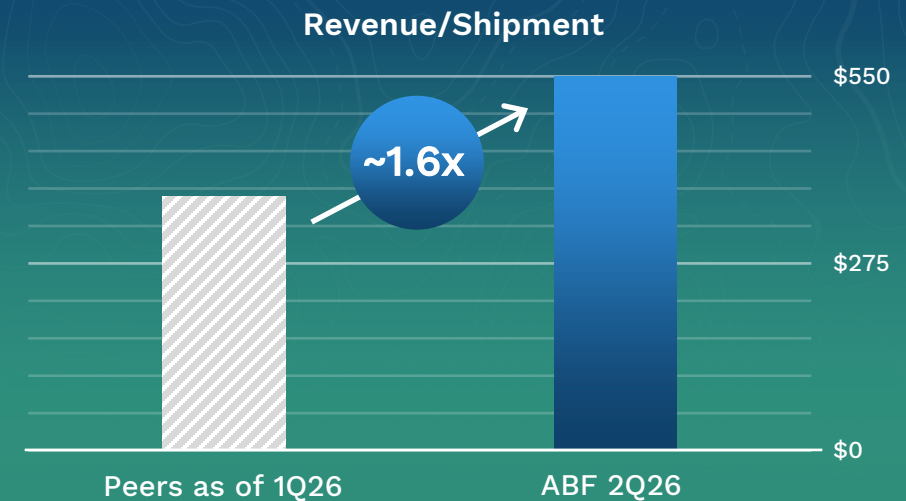
Market

What is the
market price?

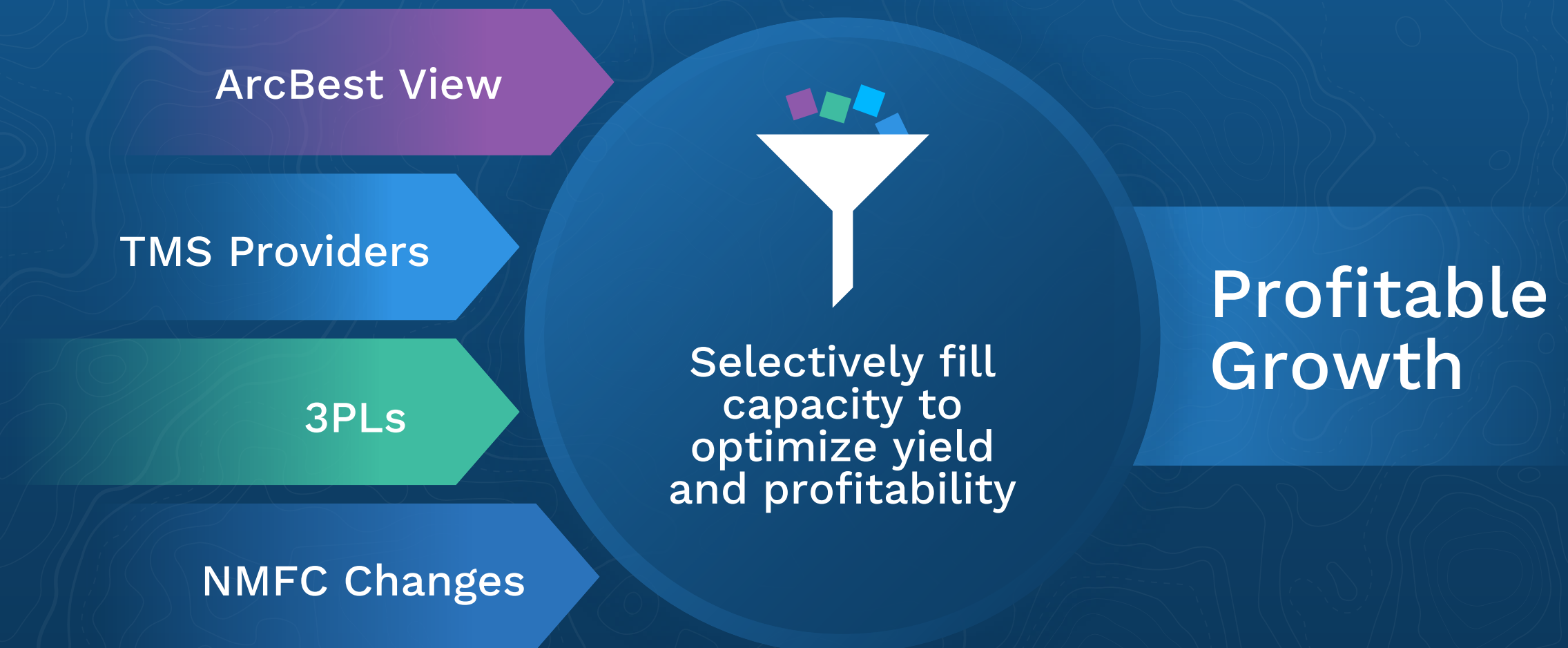


Value

What additional value
are we providing?



EXPANDING QUOTE POOL DRIVES PROFITABLE GROWTH



DYNAMIC PRICE IMPROVES AS QUOTES GROW

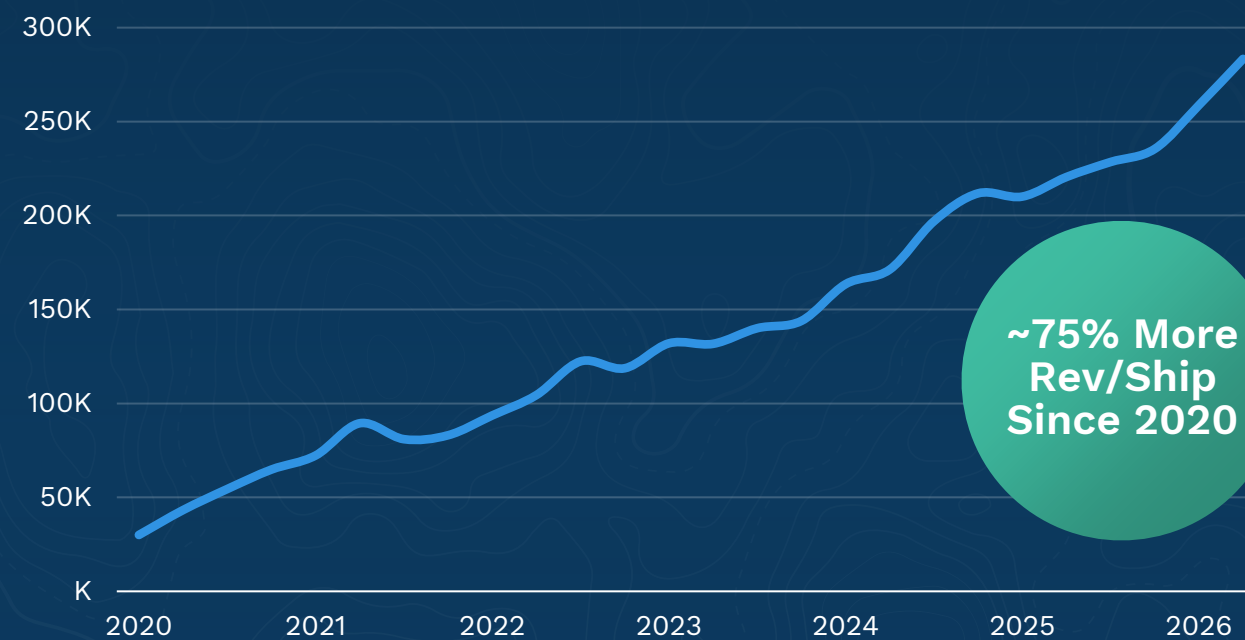


More quotes,
more choices



Drives additional
incremental profit

Daily Dynamic Quotes



NETWORK CAPACITY

ENABLES:

- ✓ Revenue Growth

IMPROVES:

- ✓ Efficiency
- ✓ Productivity
- ✓ Service

Strategically Adding Capacity

~8% Net Door Expansion Since 2021



Disciplined investments in our long-term LTL network facility roadmap



FLEET OPTIMIZATION

Disciplined investments in our fleet



FLEET INVESTMENT

- Annual reinvestment cycle
- Optimized total cost of ownership
- 40,000+ owned and operated pieces of equipment



FLEET EFFICIENCY

- Maintaining young and modern fleet
- Piloting and implementing solutions to improve vehicle efficiency



SAFETY

- Piloting speed limiter and control technology
- Implemented advanced safety features



SUSTAINABILITY

- Testing electric vehicles
- EPA SmartWay partner since 2006

ARCBEST AI APPROACH

Delivering tangible productivity gains and enabling growth



AI supports our strategy and is integrated into current initiatives



We apply multiple AI techniques aligned to each use case



Governance ensures responsible, secure, and rapid deployment



We equip employees with secure generative AI tools and training



We build where our network and process knowledge create advantage, and we partner where it speeds time-to-value



Our AI portfolio is prioritized to create meaningful value across the business



Customer value remains central as we balance digital enablement with human support



TECHNOLOGY AND AI PORTFOLIO

Asset-Based Optimization

Optimize the asset-based network

City Route Optimization*

Flex Deliveries

Linehaul Optimization*

Delivery Image Grading*

Trailer Close Model

Augmented Appt Scheduling*

Network Simulation Tools*

Asset-Light Optimization

Provide efficiency & margin improvements

Inbound Call Offer Collection*

Inbound Email Offer Collection*

Spot Price Enhancements*

Load Posting Optimization

Automated Offer Negotiation*

Capacity Sourcing Augmentation

Interaction Optimization

Provide customers with better, quicker information

Interaction Categorization & Routing*

Phone & Email Tracking Automation*

Email Quoting Automation*

Phone & Email Load Scheduling Automation*

Enhanced Pickup ETAs

Email Document Request Automation*

Digital Platforms

Create self-service tools for Customers and Carriers

ArcBest View

Carrier Portal Digital Tools

Enhanced Tracking Statuses

Idea

Pilot

Learn

Refine

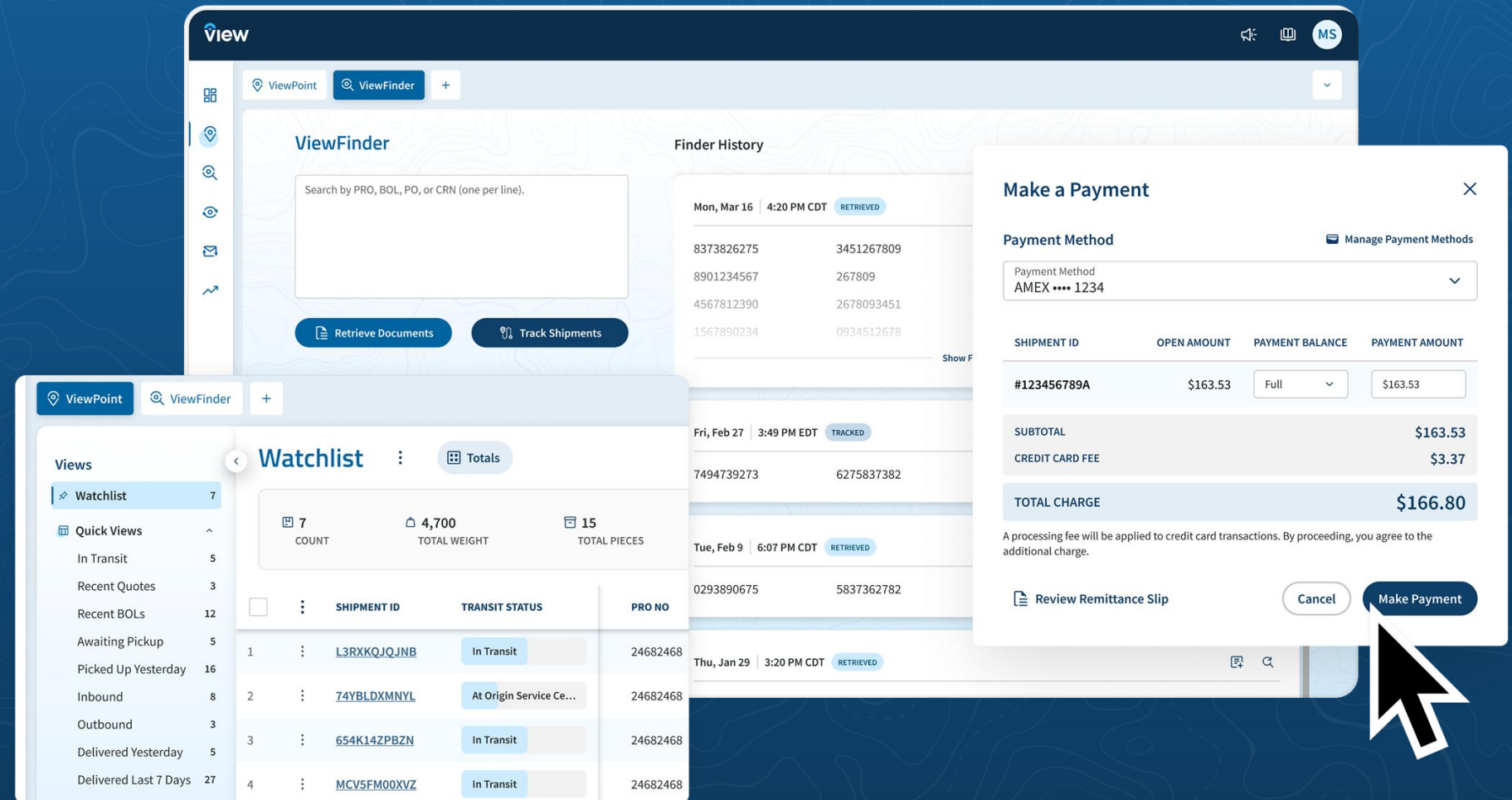
Expand

Operationalize

ArcBest View

Unified platform for shipment execution, visibility and insights

- Quote, book and manage shipments through a single interface
- Provides real-time visibility across ArcBest logistics solutions
- Delivers integrated reporting on cost and service performance
- Aligns workflows with how customers manage daily shipments
- Combines self-service convenience with ArcBest expertise



WHAT WE'RE HEARING:

"This is the best software we've seen.
It's so user friendly."

– Industrial equipment provider

"I have had the easiest time booking and
changing arrangements when needed!"

– Global defense contractor

"Amazing service,
very easy to use!"

– Healthcare provider

2Q26 vs 2Q25

Key Metrics

ARC BEST
CONSOLIDATED

\$1.2B ↑ 16%

ArcBest Consolidated Revenue

\$2.38 ↑ 75%

Non-GAAP Earnings per Diluted Share⁽¹⁾

\$73.9M ↑ 64%

Non-GAAP Operating Income⁽¹⁾

Asset-Based ↑ \$21M

Asset-Light ↑ \$5M

2Q26 vs 2Q25

Key Metrics

ASSET-BASED

\$784M  **10%**
Per Day

Asset-Based Revenue

\$72.3M  **42%**

Non-GAAP Operating Income⁽¹⁾

90.8% **200BPS**
Improvement

Non-GAAP Operating Ratio⁽¹⁾

Tonnage
per Day  **5%**

Billed Revenue
per Shipment  **13%**

Billed
Rev/CWT  **4%**

Shipments
per Day  **3%**

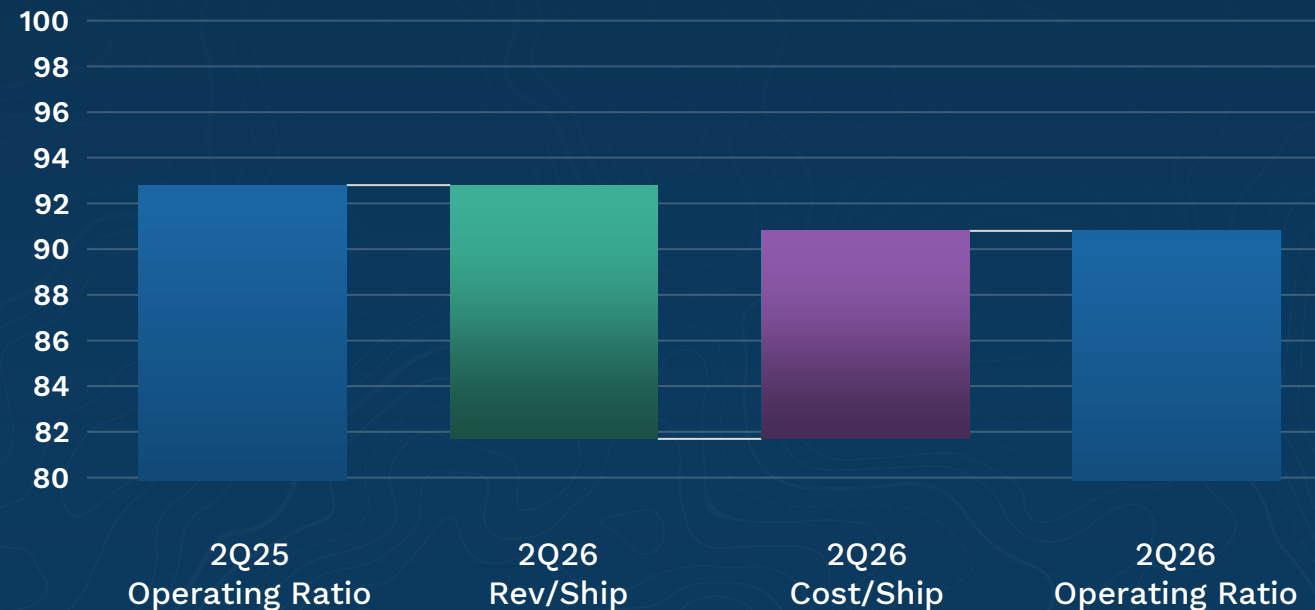
Weight per
Shipment  **8%**

Average Increase on
Contract Renewals
and Deferred Pricing
Agreements  **5.8%**

OPERATING RATIO BRIDGE

Asset-Based

Non-GAAP Operating Ratio YoY Bridge
2Q25 to 2Q26



Improved Rev/Ship outpaced higher Cost/Ship by 200 bps

KEY DRIVERS:

Higher Revenue per Shipment

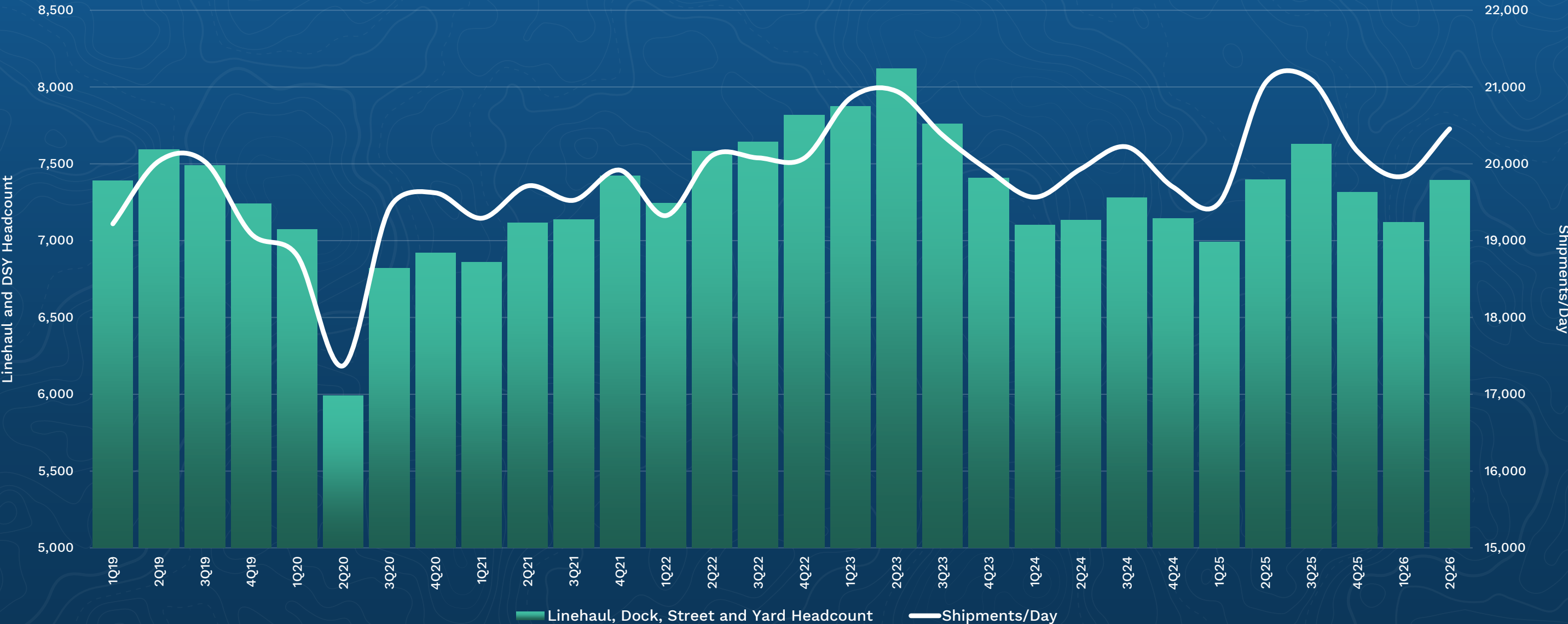
- ✓ Increased weight per shipment
- ✓ Higher revenue per hundredweight
- ✓ 5.8% increase on contract renewals during 2Q

Higher Cost per Shipment

- ✓ Increased contracted union labor rates
- ✓ Higher fuel and purchased transportation
- ✓ Higher equipment depreciation

LABOR PLANNING ALIGNS HEADCOUNT AND SHIPMENTS

Technology and Training Drives Productivity Gains



July 2026 vs July 2025

Key Metrics

ASSET-BASED

JULY PRELIMINARY

Tonnage per Day  8%

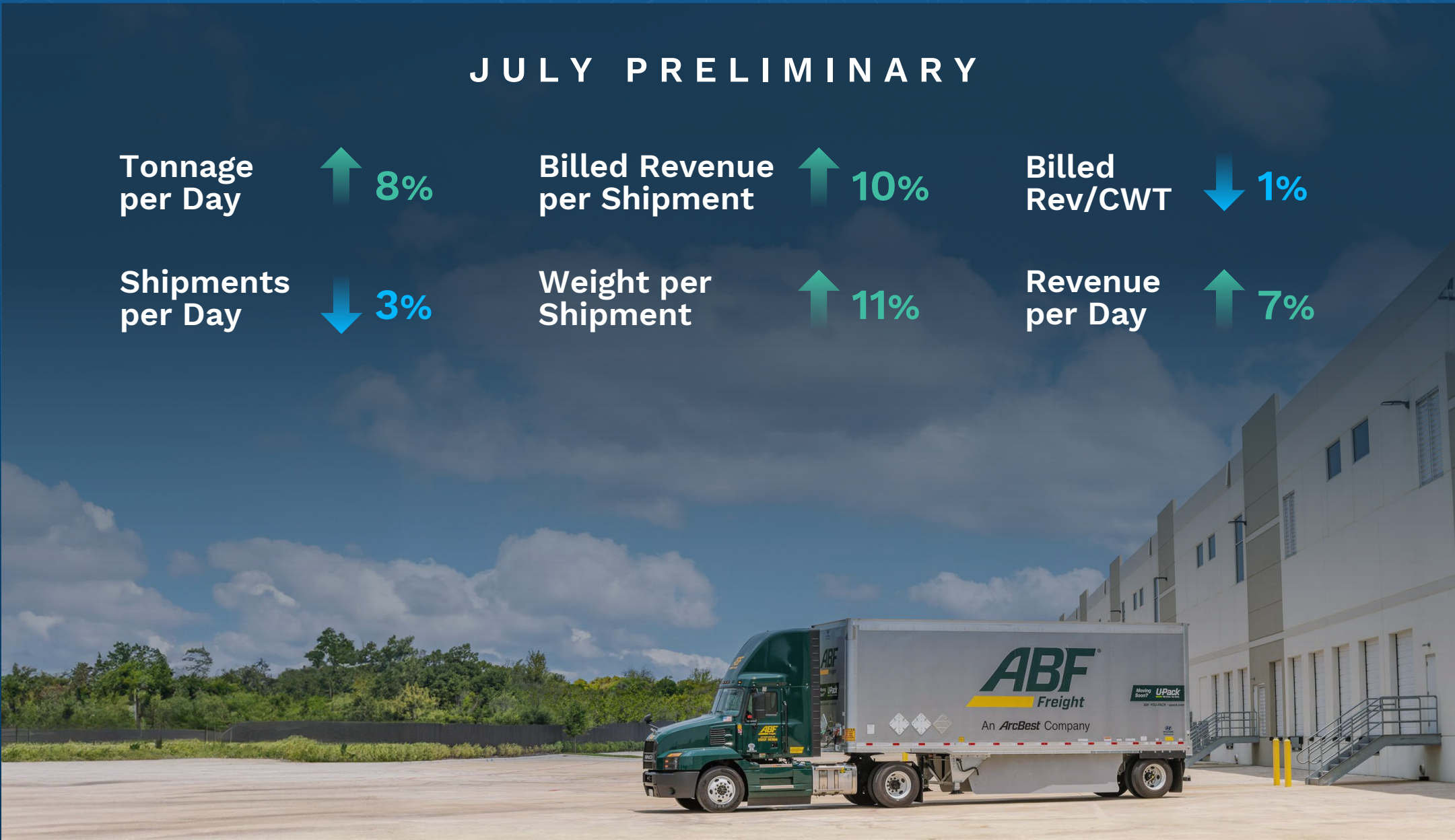
Billed Revenue per Shipment  10%

Billed Rev/CWT  1%

Shipments per Day  3%

Weight per Shipment  11%

Revenue per Day  7%



2Q26 vs 2Q25

Key Metrics

ASSET-LIGHT

\$439M ↑ **28%**
Per Day

Asset-Light Revenue

\$6.3M ↑ **458%**

Non-GAAP Operating Income⁽¹⁾

Shipments
per Day ↑ **15%**

Revenue per
Shipment ↑ **12%**

Shipments per
Employee per Day ↑ **35%**

Purchased Transportation as % of Revenue: **86%**

July 2026 vs July 2025

Key Metrics

ASSET-LIGHT

JULY PRELIMINARY

Shipments
per Day  7%

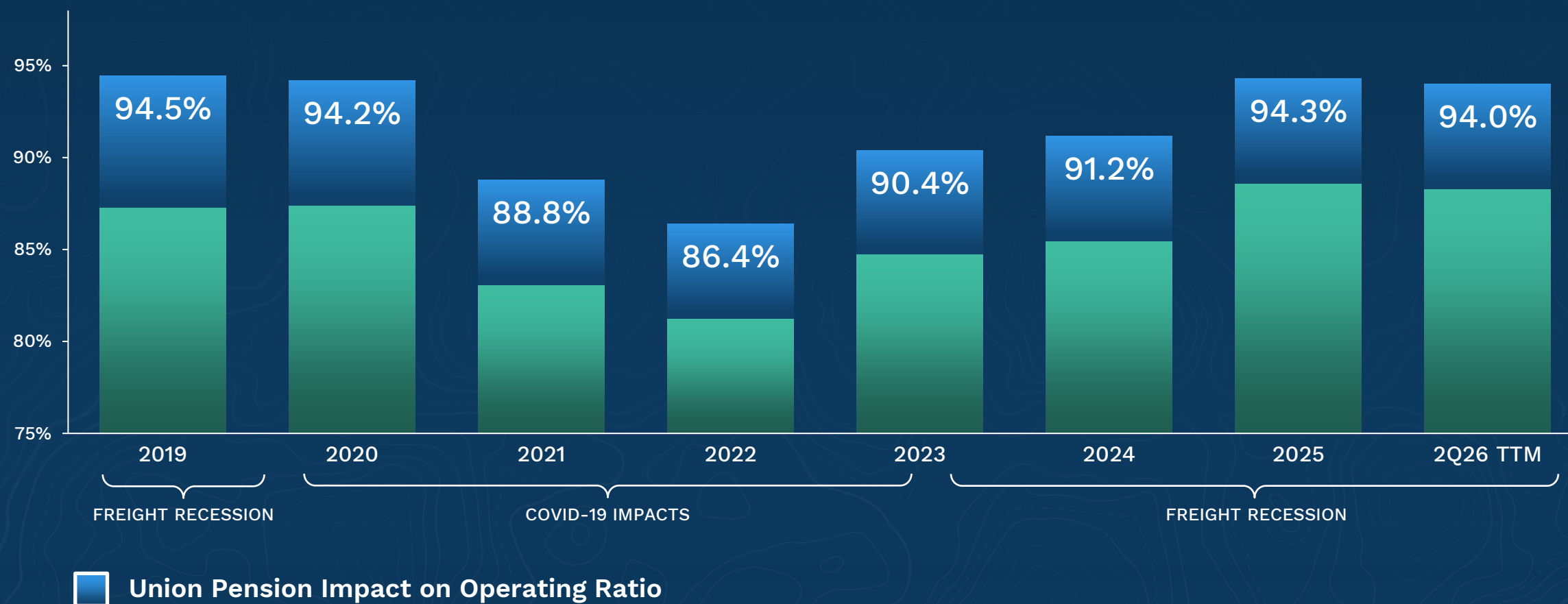
Revenue per
Shipment  19%

Revenue
per Day  28%

Purchased Transportation as % of Revenue: 86%



ASSET-BASED ANNUAL OPERATING RATIO



ASSET-BASED ANNUAL MARGIN

Revenue per shipment

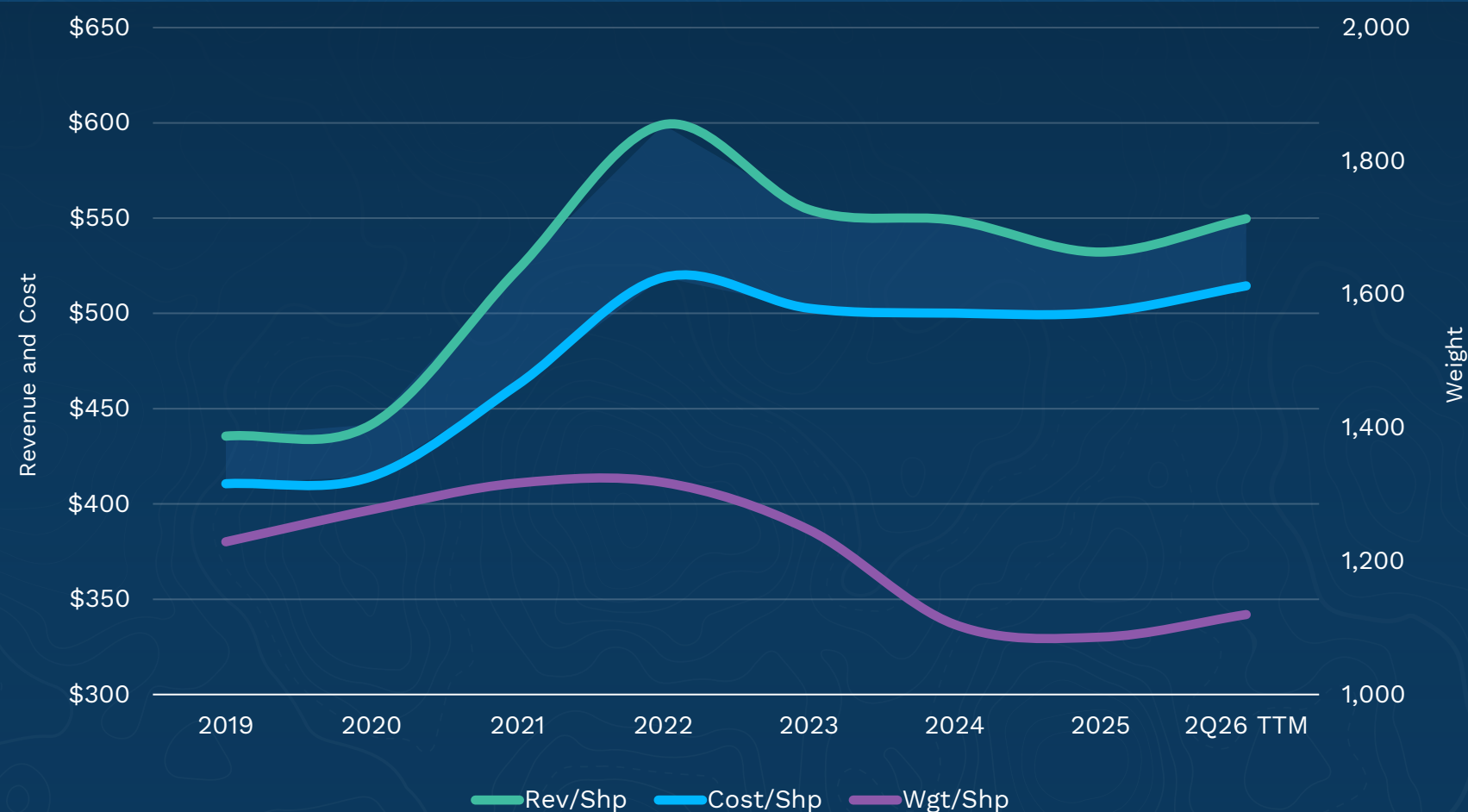
- ✓ Reflects disciplined pricing, changes in freight-profile and fuel
- ✓ Impacted by weight per shipment

Cost per shipment

- ✓ Reflects union labor contract and other inflationary increases
- ✓ Mitigated by technology, training and network design that improves productivity and efficiency

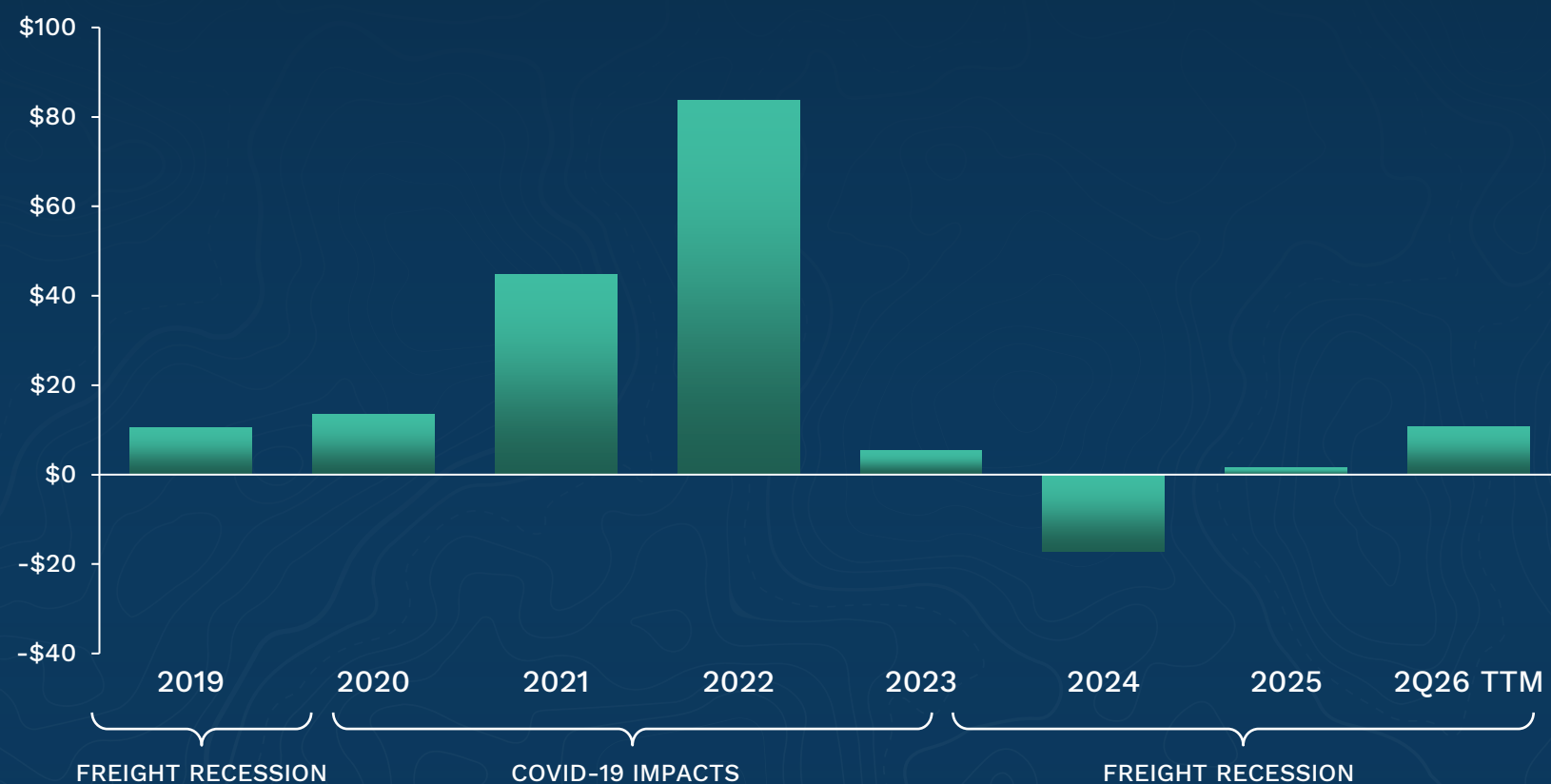
Weight per shipment

- ✓ Impacted by softness in manufacturing and housing



Focused on maximizing profitability per shipment through disciplined pricing and cost control

ASSET-LIGHT ANNUAL OPERATING INCOME



\$28M
IMPROVEMENT
IN OPERATING RESULTS

compared to 2024
(Non-GAAP)

BALANCED APPROACH TO CAPITAL ALLOCATION

Operating Cash Flow



Sustain & Drive Growth

Prioritizing high-return, organic investments in real estate, equipment, and innovative projects



Return Capital

Returning cash to shareholders through share repurchases and dividends



Mergers & Acquisitions

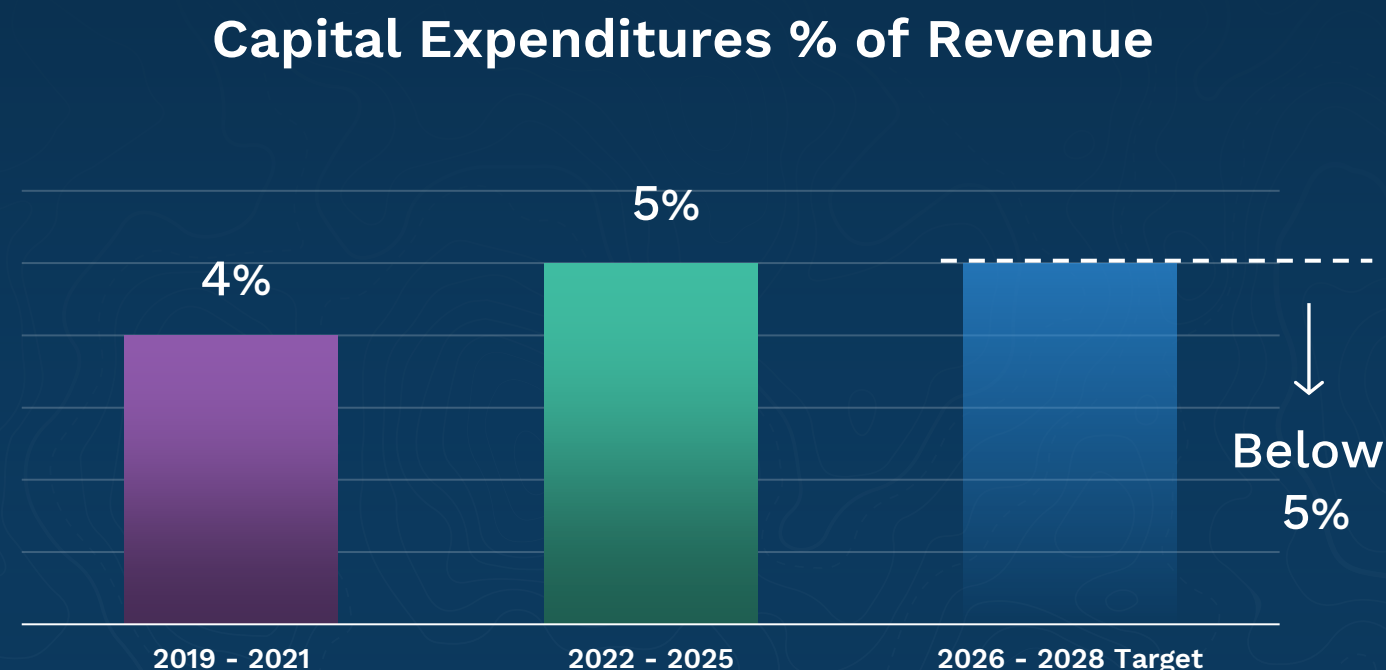
Selectively using mergers & acquisitions to advance strategy

Maintaining solid balance sheet and investment-grade credit metrics

CAPITAL INTENSITY DECREASING

KEY DRIVERS:

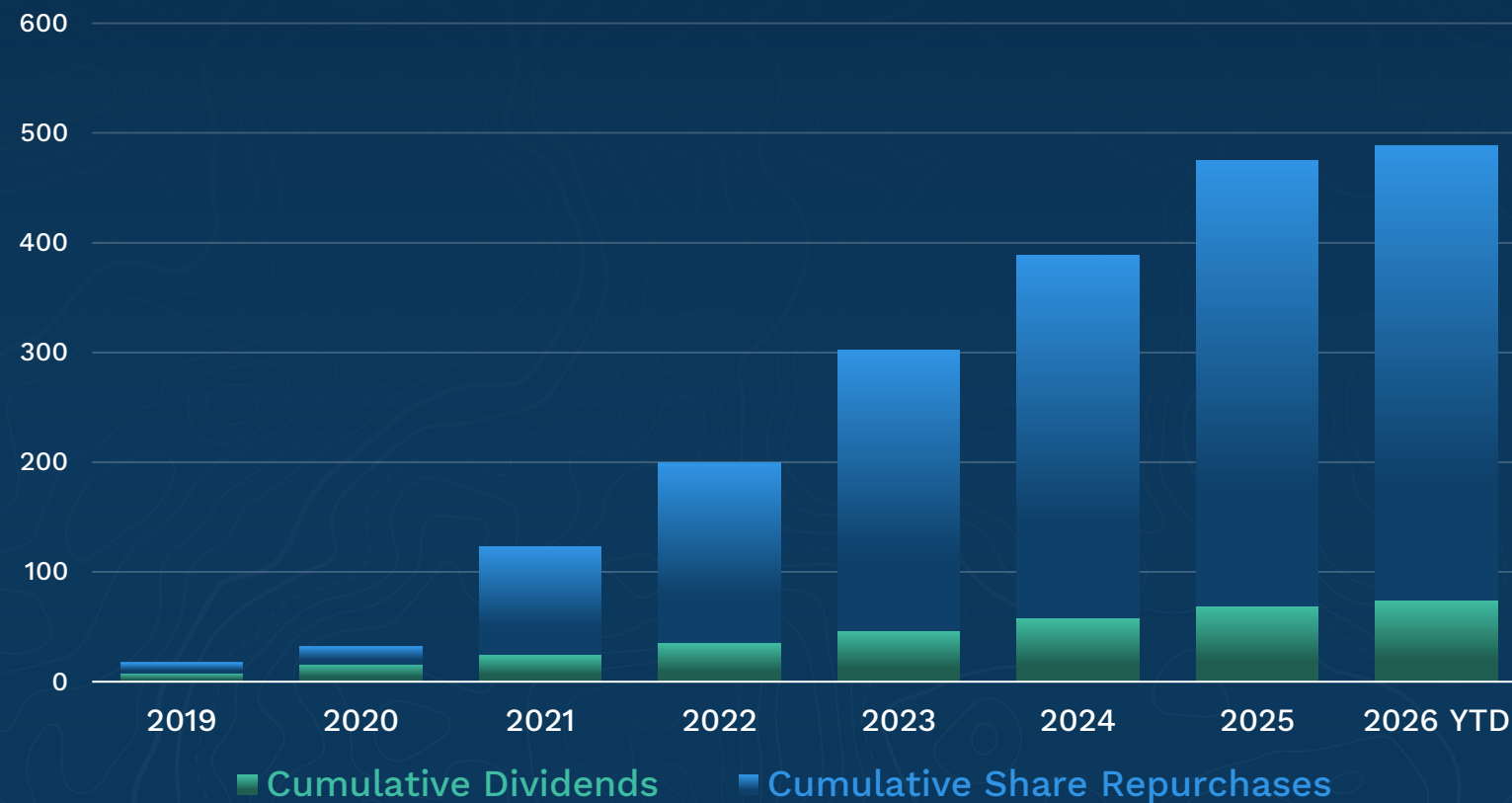
- ✓ Normalization following '22-'25 strategic investments
- ✓ Asset-Light strategy requires minimal capital
- ✓ Efficiency gains from tech, training, process improvements
- ✓ Rigorous capital investment evaluation
- ✓ Projected 2026 Net Capital Expenditures: \$140M to \$160M



Positioned for growth without major new buildouts

RETURN OF CAPITAL

Increasing Returns to Shareholders Through Dividends and Share Repurchases



\$125M

Share repurchase authorization

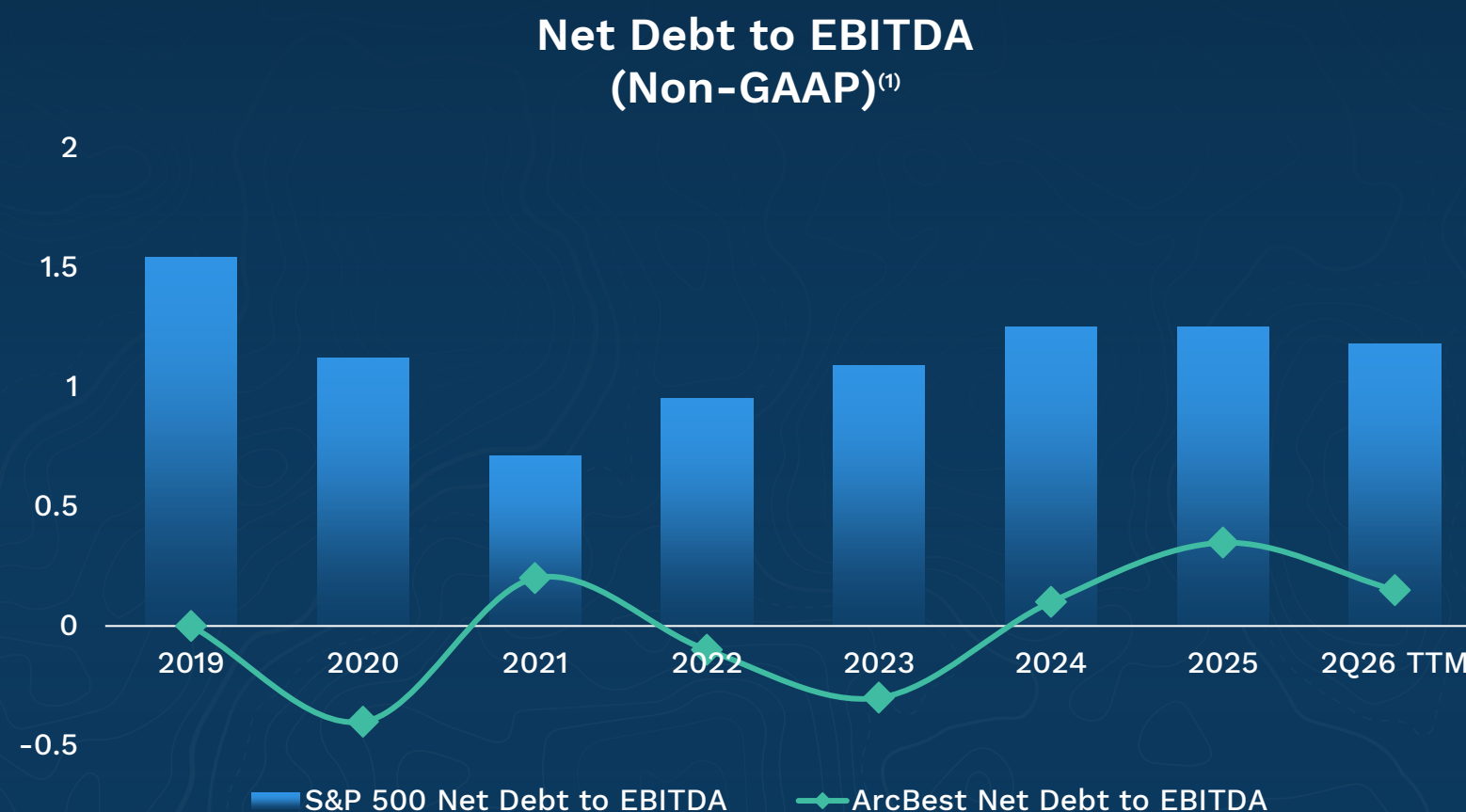
~\$500M

Returned to shareholders since 2019

**STRONG
OUTLOOK**

Generates significant free cash flow, enabling opportunistic share repurchases

SOLID FINANCIAL FOUNDATION



~\$300M

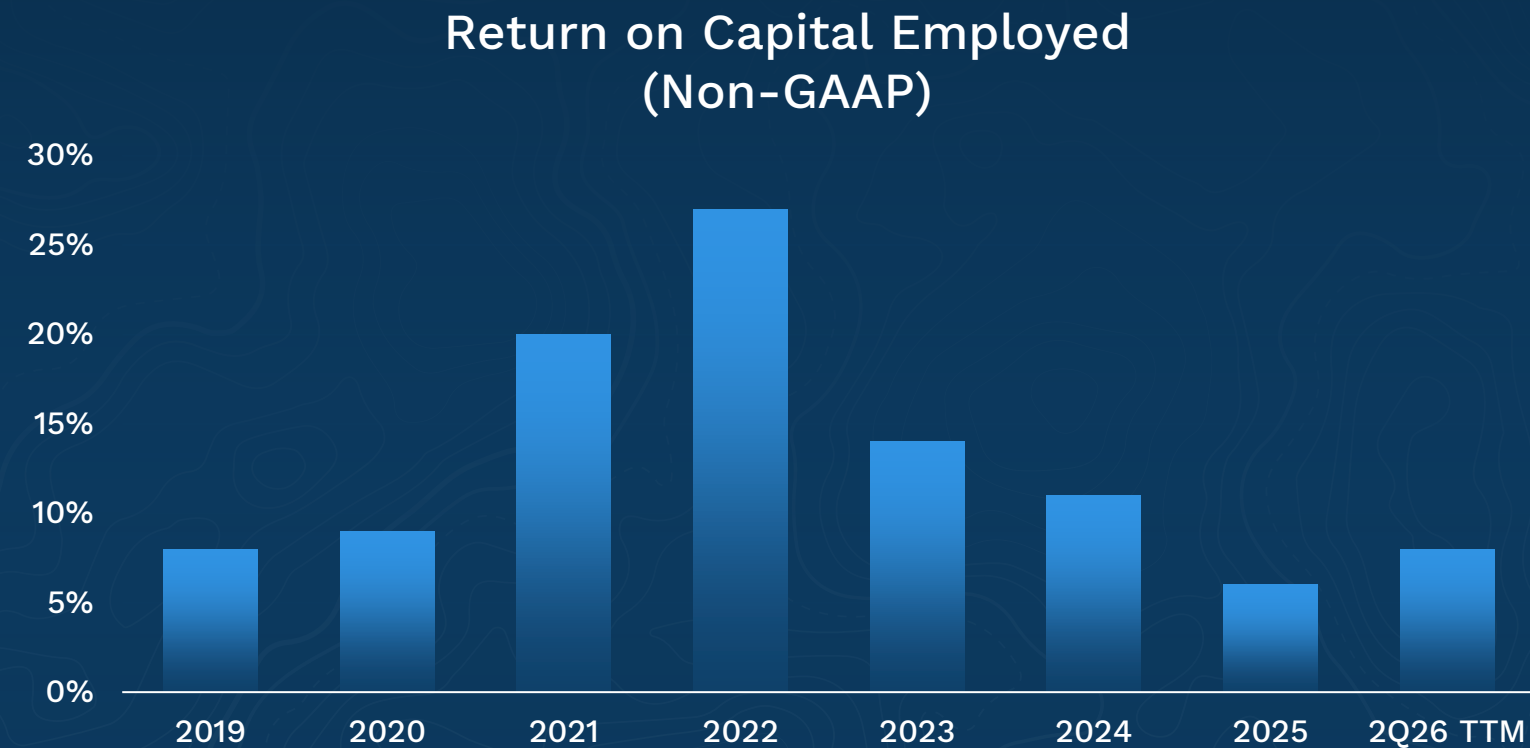
Potential Future
Debt Capacity⁽²⁾

~\$400M

Cash and Current
Debt Capacity

**~\$700M of Current and
Potential Capacity**

RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED



**DRIVES
SUSTAINABLE
VALUE**

Disciplined capital
allocation and strategic
investments that deliver
long-term growth

Reconciliations of GAAP to Non-GAAP Financial Measures

(Unaudited)

Note: We report our financial results in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). However, management believes that certain non-GAAP financial measures and ratios utilized internally to assess core performance offer analysts, investors, and others insights into performance trends by excluding items from operating results that management believes do not reflect our core operating performance. Our calculations may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies as other companies may calculate non-GAAP measures differently. Certain information discussed in the scheduled conference call could be considered non-GAAP measures. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative or a better measurement than operating income (loss), net income (loss) or earnings per share, as determined under GAAP, which are the most directly comparable measures for the periods presented.

ADDITIONAL
INFORMATION

Forward-Looking Non-GAAP Financial Measures

All forward-looking financial targets in this presentation assume a consolidated tax rate of 25%.

Consolidated non-GAAP earnings per share and non-GAAP return on capital employed are non-GAAP financial measures that are most directly comparable to consolidated earnings per share and return on capital employed. These non-GAAP measures exclude purchase accounting amortization, which is expected to total \$7M pre-tax in 2028. We are unable to provide a quantitative reconciliation of these forward-looking non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures without unreasonable effort because the timing, amount, and nature of the adjustments that would be required to reconcile such measures are inherently uncertain, depend on future events outside of our control, and cannot be reasonably predicted. These items include innovative technology costs, life insurance proceeds, changes in the cash surrender value of life insurance policies, income taxes related to future vesting of restricted stock units, and potential non-recurring or unusual items, any of which could be material.

Non-GAAP Asset-Based Operating Ratio is a non-GAAP financial measure that is most directly comparable to Asset-Based Operating Ratio. Non-GAAP Asset-Based OR could be adjusted for non-recurring, infrequent, or unusual items. Because the timing, amount and nature of any adjustments are unknown, and any adjustments could be material in future periods, we are unable to provide quantitative reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

Asset-Light non-GAAP operating income range of \$40M to \$70M excludes GAAP impacts from purchase accounting amortization, which is expected to total \$7M in 2028. Including these impacts, the Asset-Light GAAP operating income would range from \$33M to \$63M in 2028. See reconciliation table to the right.

RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES	(Unaudited)
	2028 Target
Asset-Light – Operating Income	(\$ millions)
Amounts on a GAAP basis	\$ 33 - 63
Purchase accounting amortization, pre-tax ⁽¹⁾	7
Non-GAAP amounts	\$ 40 - 70

1. Represents the amortization of acquired intangible assets in the Asset-Light segment.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ArcBest Consolidated

RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

	(Unaudited)	
	2Q26	2Q25
ArcBest Consolidated – Operating Income (Loss)		
	(\$ millions)	
Amounts on a GAAP basis	\$ (20.6)	\$ 37.3
Innovative technology costs, pre-tax ⁽¹⁾	7.5	7.1
Purchase accounting amortization, pre-tax ⁽²⁾	2.5	3.2
Asset impairment charges, pre-tax ⁽³⁾	85.3	-
Restructuring charges, pre-tax ⁽⁴⁾	2.2	-
Gain on sale of property, pre-tax ⁽⁵⁾	(2.9)	-
Change in fair value of contingent consideration, pre-tax ⁽⁶⁾	-	(2.7)
Non-GAAP amounts ⁽⁷⁾	\$ 73.9	\$ 45.0

1. Represents costs related to our customer pilot offering of Vaux and initiatives to optimize our performance through technological innovation.
2. Represents the amortization of acquired intangible assets in the Asset-Light segment.
3. Represents \$50.8 million in asset impairment charges related to the write-off of certain freight movement system assets associated with Vaux. Also represents \$25.7 million in noncash asset impairment charges to write off the Panther trade name as part of a strategic brand consolidation decision within Asset-Light's operations and \$8.8 million in lease-related impairment charges for certain Asset-Light office space.
4. Represents restructuring charges for the realignment of the Company's organizational structure as previously announced.
5. Represents the gain on a service center sale within the Asset-Based operations.
6. Represents change in fair value of the contingent earnout consideration recorded for the MoLo acquisition.
7. Non-GAAP amounts are calculated in total and may not equal the sum of the GAAP and the non-GAAP adjustments due to rounding.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ArcBest Consolidated

RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES	(Unaudited)	
	2Q26	2Q25
ArcBest Consolidated – Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share ⁽¹⁾		
Amounts on a GAAP basis	\$ (0.62)	\$ 1.12
Innovative technology costs, after-tax (includes related financing costs) ⁽²⁾	0.25	0.24
Purchase accounting amortization, after-tax ⁽³⁾	0.08	0.10
Asset impairment charges, after-tax ⁽⁴⁾	2.86	-
Restructuring charges, after-tax ⁽⁵⁾	0.07	-
Gain on sale of property, after-tax ⁽⁶⁾	(0.10)	-
Change in fair value of contingent consideration, after-tax ⁽⁷⁾	-	(0.09)
Changes in cash surrender value and gains on life insurance policies	(0.11)	(0.06)
Tax expense (benefit) from vested RSUs	(0.06)	0.04
Non-GAAP amounts ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 2.38	\$ 1.36

1. For the three months ended June 30, 2026, ArcBest reported a net loss on a GAAP basis and reported net income on a non-GAAP basis. The average common shares outstanding used to calculate non-GAAP diluted earnings per share for the 2026 period was adjusted to include unvested restricted stock awards, which were excluded from the calculation of GAAP diluted earnings per share due to the net loss.

Average Common Shares Outstanding	Three Months Ended June 30, 2026
Diluted shares on GAAP basis	22,348,772
Effect of unvested restricted stock awards	134,670
Non-GAAP diluted shares	22,483,442

2. Represents costs related to our customer pilot offering of Vaux and initiatives to optimize our performance through technological innovation.
3. Represents the amortization of acquired intangible assets in the Asset-Light segment.
4. Represents \$50.8 million in asset impairment charges related to the write-off of certain freight movement system assets associated with Vaux. Also represents \$25.7 million in noncash asset impairment charges to write off the Panther trade name as part of a strategic brand consolidation decision within Asset-Light's operations and \$8.8 million in lease-related impairment charges for certain Asset-Light office space.
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8. Non-GAAP amounts are calculated in total and may not equal the sum of the GAAP and the non-GAAP adjustments due to rounding.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Asset-Based

RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES	(Unaudited)			
	2Q26		2Q25	
Asset-Based – Operating Income	(\$ millions)			
Amounts on a GAAP basis	\$ 74.3	90.5%	\$ 51.0	92.8%
Restructuring charges, pre-tax ⁽¹⁾	1.0	(0.1)	-	-
Gain on sale of property, pre-tax ⁽²⁾	(2.9)	0.4	-	-
Non-GAAP amounts ⁽³⁾	\$ 72.3	90.8%	\$ 51.0	92.8%

1. Represents restructuring charges for the realignment of the Company's organizational structure as previously announced.
2. Represents the gain on a service center sale within the Asset-Based operations.
3. Non-GAAP amounts are calculated in total and may not equal the sum of the GAAP and the non-GAAP adjustments due to rounding.

Asset-Light

RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES	(Unaudited)	
	2Q26	2Q25
Asset-Light – Operating Income (Loss)	(\$ millions)	
Amounts on a GAAP basis	\$ (31.3)	\$ 0.6
Purchase accounting amortization, pre-tax ⁽¹⁾	2.5	3.2
Asset impairment charges, pre-tax ⁽²⁾	34.5	-
Restructuring charges, pre-tax ⁽³⁾	0.7	-
Change in fair value of contingent consideration, pre-tax ⁽⁴⁾	-	(2.7)
Non-GAAP amounts ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 6.3	\$ 1.1

1. Represents the amortization of acquired intangible assets in the Asset-Light segment.
2. Represents \$25.7 million in noncash asset impairment charges to write off the Panther trade name as part of a strategic brand consolidation decision within Asset-Light's operations and \$8.8 million in lease-related impairment charges for certain Asset-Light office space.
3. Represents restructuring charges for the realignment of the Company's organizational structure as previously announced.
4. Represents change in fair value of the contingent earnout consideration recorded for the MoLo acquisition.
5. Non-GAAP amounts are calculated in total and may not equal the sum of the GAAP and the non-GAAP adjustments due to rounding.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Asset-Based

RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES*																
	(Unaudited)															
	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024		2025		2Q26 TTM	
Asset-Based Operating Income	(\$ millions, except percentages)															
Amounts on a GAAP basis	\$ 102.1	95.2%	\$ 98.9	95.3%	\$ 260.7	89.9%	\$ 381.1	87.3%	\$ 253.2	91.2%	\$ 242.6	91.2%	\$ 172.0	93.7%	\$ 186.3	93.4%
Restructuring charges, pre-tax ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	-
Gain on sale of certain properties, pre-tax ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15.7)	0.6	(18.6)	0.7
Innovative technology costs, pre-tax ⁽³⁾	13.7	(0.6)	22.5	(1.1)	27.6	(1.1)	27.2	(0.9)	21.7	(0.8)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asset impairment charges, pre-tax ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonunion vacation policy enhancement, pre-tax ⁽⁵⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ELD conversion costs, pre-tax ⁽⁶⁾	2.7	(0.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonunion pension termination costs, pre-tax ⁽⁷⁾	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-GAAP amounts ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 118.8	94.5%	\$ 121.3	94.2%	\$ 288.3	88.8%	\$ 409.6	86.4%	\$ 275.5	90.4%	\$ 242.6	91.2%	\$ 156.3	94.3%	\$ 168.6	94.0%

*See “Notes to Non-GAAP Financial Tables” for footnotes to this non-GAAP table

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Asset-Light

*See “Notes to Non-GAAP Financial Tables” for footnotes to this non-GAAP table

RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES*

	(Unaudited)							
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2Q26 TTM
Asset-Light – Operating Income (Loss)	(\$ millions)							
Amounts on a GAAP basis	\$ (20.2)	\$ 9.7	\$ 46.4	\$ 52.7	\$ (12.3)	\$ 58.4	\$ (15.3)	\$ (42.6)
Purchase accounting amortization, pre-tax ⁽⁹⁾	4.2	3.8	5.3	12.9	12.8	12.8	12.8	11.4
Asset impairment charges, pre-tax ⁽⁴⁾	26.5	-	-	-	14.4	1.7	6.6	41.1
Restructuring charges, pre-tax ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7
Change in fair value of contingent consideration, pre-tax ⁽¹⁰⁾	-	-	-	18.3	(19.1)	(90.3)	(2.7)	-
Legal settlement, pre-tax ⁽¹¹⁾	-	-	-	-	9.5	0.3	-	-
Gain on sale of subsidiaries, pre-tax ⁽¹²⁾	-	-	(6.9)	(0.4)	-	-	-	-
Nonunion vacation policy enhancement, pre-tax ⁽⁵⁾	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	-
Non-GAAP amounts ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 10.5	\$ 13.4	\$ 44.7	\$ 83.8	\$ 5.3	\$ (17.1)	\$ 1.5	\$ 10.7

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ArcBest Consolidated

(continuing operations)⁽¹³⁾

*See “Notes to Non-GAAP
Financial Tables” for footnotes
to this non-GAAP table

RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP TO NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES*

	(Unaudited)							
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2Q26 TTM
ArcBest Consolidated – Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁴⁾	(\$ millions)							
Net Income (Amounts on a GAAP basis)	\$ 35.2	\$ 67.3	\$ 210.5	\$ 294.6	\$ 142.2	\$ 173.4	\$ 60.1	\$ 16.3
Interest and other related financing costs	11.5	11.7	8.9	7.7	9.1	9.0	12.4	14.3
Income tax provision	10.1	20.4	62.6	93.7	44.8	45.4	23.0	4.4
Depreciation and amortization ⁽¹⁵⁾	111.1	116.8	122.6	138.2	145.3	149.1	170.3	178.4
Amortization of share-based compensation	9.4	10.3	11.2	12.5	11.4	11.4	10.6	9.1
Change in fair value of contingent consideration ⁽¹⁰⁾	-	-	-	18.3	(19.1)	(90.3)	(2.7)	-
Asset impairment charges ⁽⁴⁾	26.5	-	-	-	30.2	1.7	12.0	97.3
Legal settlement ⁽¹¹⁾	-	-	-	-	9.5	0.3	-	-
Change in fair value of equity investment ⁽¹⁶⁾	-	-	-	-	(3.7)	28.7	-	-
Gain on sale of subsidiaries, after-tax ⁽¹²⁾	-	-	(6.9)	(0.4)	-	-	-	-
Transaction costs, after-tax ⁽¹⁷⁾	-	-	6.0	-	-	-	-	-
Amortization of actuarial losses of benefit plans and pension settlement expense ⁽¹⁸⁾	9.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA ⁽⁸⁾	\$ 213.6	\$ 226.5	\$ 414.8	\$ 564.6	\$ 369.6	\$ 328.6	\$ 285.8	\$ 319.9

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ArcBest Consolidated

(continuing operations)⁽¹³⁾

*See “Notes to Non-GAAP
Financial Tables” for footnotes
to this non-GAAP table

RETURN ON CAPITAL EMPLOYED (ROCE) ⁽¹⁹⁾	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024		2025		2Q26 TTM	
							(Unaudited, \$ millions)									
Net Income (Amounts on a GAAP basis)	\$	35.2	\$	67.3	\$	210.5	\$	294.6	\$	142.2	\$	173.4	\$	60.1	\$	16.3
Innovative technology costs, after-tax (includes related financing costs) ⁽³⁾		15.7		19.6		24.9		30.8		39.7		26.1		22.2		22.4
Purchase accounting amortization, after-tax ⁽⁹⁾		3.1		2.8		3.9		9.6		9.6		9.6		9.6		8.6
Changes in cash surrender value and gains on life insurance policies		(3.7)		(2.3)		(4.1)		2.7		(4.6)		(3.3)		(3.3)		(4.4)
Tax expense (benefit) from vested RSUs ⁽²⁰⁾		0.5		0.5		(7.6)		(8.1)		(5.3)		(11.3)		1.0		(1.4)
Change in fair value of contingent consideration, after-tax ⁽¹⁰⁾		-		-		-		13.6		(14.4)		(67.9)		(2.0)		-
Asset impairment charges, after-tax ⁽⁴⁾		19.8		-		-		-		22.6		1.3		9.1		73.3
Legal settlement, after-tax ⁽¹¹⁾		-		-		-		-		7.1		0.2		-		-
Gain on sale of certain properties, after-tax ⁽²⁾		-		-		-		-		-		-		(11.8)		(14.0)
Restructuring charges, after-tax ⁽¹⁾																1.6
Change in fair value of equity investment, after-tax ⁽¹⁶⁾		-		-		-		-		(2.8)		21.6		-		-
Gain on sale of subsidiaries, after-tax ⁽¹²⁾		-		-		(5.4)		(0.3)		-		-		-		-
Nonunion vacation policy enhancement, after-tax ⁽⁵⁾		-		-		-		1.5		-		-		-		-
Tax credits ⁽²¹⁾		(2.5)		(1.3)		(1.5)		0.2		-		-		-		-
Transaction costs, after-tax ⁽¹⁷⁾		-		-		4.4		-		-		-		-		-
Nonunion pension expense, including settlement expense, after-tax ⁽²²⁾		8.0		0.1		-		-		-		-		-		-
ELD conversion costs, after-tax ⁽⁶⁾		2.0		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Nonunion pension termination costs, after-tax ⁽⁷⁾		0.3		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
After-tax interest expense ⁽²³⁾		8.7		8.8		6.5		5.7		6.7		6.6		9.1		10.6
ROCE Earnings ⁽⁸⁾	\$	87.1	\$	95.5	\$	231.5	\$	350.5	\$	200.8	\$	156.3	\$	93.9	\$	113.0
Beginning equity		717.7		763.0		828.6		929.1		1,151.4		1,242.4		1,314.4		1,300.4
Ending equity		763.0		828.6		929.1		1,151.4		1,242.4		1,314.4		1,295.7		1,267.6
Average Total Equity ⁽²⁴⁾	\$	740.4	\$	795.8	\$	878.8	\$	1,040.2	\$	1,196.9	\$	1,278.4	\$	1,305.0	\$	1,284.0
Beginning debt		291.7		323.5		284.2		225.5		264.6		228.9		189.1		241.4
Ending debt		323.5		284.2		225.5		264.6		228.9		189.1		223.9		215.5
Average Total Debt ⁽²⁵⁾	\$	307.6	\$	303.9	\$	254.9	\$	245.1	\$	246.8	\$	209.0	\$	206.5	\$	228.5
Average Capital Employed	\$	1,048.0	\$	1,099.7	\$	1,133.7	\$	1,285.3	\$	1,443.7	\$	1,487.4	\$	1,511.5	\$	1,512.5
ROCE (percent)		8%		9%		20%		27%		14%		11%		6%		8%

Notes to Non-GAAP Financial Tables

The following footnotes apply to the non-GAAP financial tables on the previous four slides in this presentation:

- 1) Represents restructuring charges for the realignment of the Company's organizational structure as previously announced.
- 2) Primarily includes gains on service center sales within the Asset-Based operations.
- 3) Represents costs related to our customer pilot offering of Vaux and initiatives to optimize our performance through technological innovation. The 2019-2023 periods also include costs associated with the freight handling pilot test program at ABF Freight, for which the decision was made to pause the pilot during third quarter 2023. Costs for 2019-2020 have been adjusted to conform to the current-year presentation.
- 4) The 2026 periods represents \$50.8 million in asset impairment charges related to the write-off of certain freight movement system assets associated with Vaux. Also represents \$25.7 million in noncash asset impairment charges to write off the Panther trade name as part of a strategic brand consolidation decision within Asset-Light's operations and \$8.8 million in lease-related impairment charges for certain Asset-Light office space. The 2025 periods represent noncash asset impairment charges recognized during fourth quarter 2025 related to the indefinite-lived intangible assets within Asset-Light's segment and the write-off of certain assets utilized in the freight handling pilot program. The 2024 periods represent noncash asset impairment charges for certain revenue equipment and software recognized during fourth quarter 2024 as part of a strategic decision to adjust capacity within Asset-Light's operations. The 2023 periods represent noncash lease-related impairment charges for a freight handling pilot facility, an Asset-Based service center, and Asset-Light office spaces that were made available for sublease. The 2019 periods represent a noncash impairment charge recognized in fourth quarter related to a portion of the goodwill, customer relationship intangible assets, and revenue equipment associated with the acquisition of truckload brokerage and truckload dedicated businesses within the Asset-Light segment.
- 5) Represents a one-time, noncash charge for enhancements to our nonunion vacation policy which were effective third quarter 2022.
- 6) Impairment charges related to equipment replacement and other one-time costs incurred to comply with the electronic logging device ("ELD") mandate which became effective in December 2019.
- 7) Consulting fee incurred in third quarter 2019 associated with the termination of the nonunion defined benefit pension plan.
- 8) Non-GAAP amounts are calculated in total and may not equal the sum of the GAAP and the non-GAAP adjustments due to rounding.
- 9) Represents the amortization of acquired intangible assets in the Asset-Light segment.
- 10) Represents change in fair value of the contingent earnout consideration recorded for the MoLo acquisition.
- 11) Represents settlement expenses related to the classification of certain Asset-Light employees under the *Fair Labor Standards Act*, which were paid during first quarter 2025.
- 12) Gains associated with the April 2021 divestitures of moving services subsidiaries for which the gains were recognized in second quarter 2021, when the contingent consideration was received on the transactions, as well as including the contingent amount recognized in second quarter 2022 when the funds were released to escrow.
- 13) Historical results of FleetNet have been excluded from results for all periods presented, and reclassifications have been made to the prior-period financial statements to conform to current-year presentation.
- 14) Adjusted EBITDA is used for business planning and as a key performance measure, particularly because it excludes certain significant expenses resulting from strategic decisions or other factors rather than core daily operations, such as amortization of acquired intangibles and software of the Asset-Light segment, restructuring costs, and the change in fair value of contingent consideration. The calculation of Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA begins with net income (loss), which is the most directly comparable GAAP measure.
- 15) Includes amortization of intangibles associated with acquired businesses.
- 16) For 2024, represents a noncash impairment charge to write off an equity investment in Phantom Auto, a provider of human-centered remote operation software, which ceased operations during first quarter 2024. For 2023, represents the increase in fair value of an investment in Phantom Auto based on observable price changes during second quarter 2023.
- 17) Represents costs associated with the November 1, 2021, acquisition of MoLo Solutions, LLC.
- 18) Includes pre-tax pension settlement expense of \$4.2 million related to the Company's nonunion defined benefit pension plan, for which plan termination was completed as of December 31, 2019, and a \$4.0 million noncash pension termination expense related to an amount which was stranded in accumulated other comprehensive income until the pension benefit obligation was settled upon plan termination.
- 19) Management uses Adjusted Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) as a measure of the profitability of the company's capital employed in its business operations. ROCE is a good indicator of long-term company and management performance as it relates to capital efficiency. The calculation of ROCE as presented below begins with the numerator of Net Income from Continuing Operations and the denominator of Average Debt and Average Total Equity. The Net Income from Continuing Operations is adjusted for Non-GAAP items and after-tax interest expense.
- 20) Represents recognition of the tax impact for the vesting of share-based compensation.
- 21) Represents tax credits recognized in the tax provision which relate to a prior tax year due to timing of recognition or retroactive reinstatement of the tax credits. Includes amounts related to alternative fuel tax credit in 2018, 2019 and 2022. Includes amounts related to research and development tax credit in 2019, 2020 and 2021. The 2022 period also includes amounts related to the alternative fuel tax credit for the year ended December 31, 2021, which were recorded in third quarter 2022.
- 22) Represents nonunion pension expense, including pension settlement and termination expense, related to the Company's nonunion defined benefit pension plan for which plan termination was completed in 2019. Also includes pension settlement expense related to the Company's supplemental benefit plan.
- 23) After-tax interest expense is interest and other related financing costs, net of an assumed tax rate reflective of the applicable statutory and/or effective tax rates for the period presented.
- 24) Average total equity is the average of the beginning and ending total stockholders' equity.
- 25) Average total debt is the average of the beginning and ending current portion of long-term debt and long-term debt, less current portion.