

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the year ended December 31, 2024

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM _____ **TO** _____

Commission file number: 1-10989

Ventas, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

61-1055020

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**300 North LaSalle Street, Suite 1600
Chicago, Illinois
60654**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(877) 483-6827

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Trading Symbol

VTR

Title of Each Class

Common Stock, \$0.25 par value

Name of Exchange on Which Registered

New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>			Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The aggregate market value of shares of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant on June 30, 2024, based on a closing price of the common stock of \$51.26 as reported on the New York Stock Exchange, was \$21.1 billion.

As of February 7, 2025, there were 437,139,980 shares of the registrant's common stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are incorporated by reference into Part III, Items 10 through 14 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K to the extent stated herein. Such proxy statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days of the registrant's fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Unless otherwise indicated or except where the context otherwise requires, the terms “we,” “us,” “our,” “Company” and other similar terms in this Annual Report on Form 10-K (the “Annual Report”) refer to Ventas, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). These forward-looking statements include, among others, statements of expectations, beliefs, future plans and strategies, anticipated results from operations and developments and other matters that are not historical facts. Forward-looking statements include, among others, statements regarding our and our officers’ intent, belief or expectation as identified by the use of phrases or words such as “assume,” “may,” “will,” “project,” “expect,” “believe,” “intend,” “anticipate,” “seek,” “target,” “forecast,” “plan,” “potential,” “opportunity,” “estimate,” “could,” “would,” “should,” “line of sight,” “outlook” and other comparable and derivative terms or the negatives thereof. Forward-looking statements are based on management’s beliefs as well as on a number of assumptions concerning future events. You should not put undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are not a guarantee of performance and are subject to a number of uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. We do not undertake a duty to update these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date on which they are made. We urge you to carefully review the disclosures we make concerning risks and uncertainties that may affect our business and future financial performance, including those made below under “Summary Risk Factors” and in “Item 1A, Risk Factors” of this Annual Report.

Summary Risk Factors

Our business is subject to significant risks and uncertainties that make an investment in us speculative and risky. Below we summarize what we believe are the principal risk factors, but these risks are not the only ones we face. You should carefully review and consider the full discussion of our risk factors in the section titled “Risk Factors” in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report, together with the other information in this Annual Report. If any of the following risks, or any other risks and uncertainties that are not addressed below or elsewhere in this Annual Report or that we have not yet identified, actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected and the value of our securities could decline.

Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy

- Macroeconomic trends, including trends relating to labor costs, unemployment, inflation, interest rates and exchange rates, may affect our business and financial results
- Changes in the U.S. political and regulatory environment could affect availability of government funding that we or our managers, tenants or borrowers rely on, which could negatively impact our business
- Economic conditions and other events or occurrences that affect areas in which our properties are geographically concentrated may impact financial results
- To the extent that we or our managers, tenants and borrowers are unable to navigate successfully the trends affecting our or their businesses and the industries in which we or they operate, we may be adversely affected
- We are vulnerable to adverse changes affecting our specific asset classes and the real estate industry generally
- Our third-party managers and tenants operate or exert substantial control over the properties that they manage for or rent from us, which limits our control and influence over operations and results
- Our operating assets may expose us to various operational risks, liabilities and claims that could adversely affect our ability to generate revenues or increase our costs and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations
- A significant portion of our revenues and operating income is dependent on a limited number of managers and tenants, including Atria, Sunrise, Le Groupe Maurice, Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred
- If we need to replace any of our managers or tenants, we may be unable to do so on as favorable terms, if at all, and we could be subject to delays, limitations and expenses, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations
- If our managers’, tenants’ or borrowers’ financial condition or business prospects deteriorate, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected
- We face potential adverse consequences from the bankruptcy, insolvency or financial deterioration of our managers, tenants, borrowers and other obligors
- The hospitals on or near the campuses where our outpatient medical buildings are located and their affiliated health systems may not remain competitive or financially viable
- Our research tenants face unique levels of expense and uncertainty
- If a borrower defaults, we may be unable to obtain payment, successfully foreclose on collateral or realize the value of any collateral, which could adversely affect our ability to recover our investment
- Our ongoing strategy depends, in part, upon identifying and consummating future acquisitions and investments and effectively managing our expansion opportunities
- Our investments in and acquisitions of properties may be unsuccessful or fail to meet our expectations
- Our investments in co-investment vehicles, joint ventures and minority interests may subject us to risks and liabilities that we would not otherwise face
- Increased construction and development in the markets in which our properties are located could adversely affect our future occupancy rates, operating margins and profitability
- Merger, acquisition and investment activity in our industries resulting in a change of control of, or a competitor’s investment in, one or more of our managers, tenants or borrowers could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations
- Development, redevelopment and construction risks could affect our profitability
- We may face increased risks and costs associated with volatility in materials and labor prices or as a result of supply chain or procurement disruptions, which may adversely affect the status of our construction projects
- Our success depends, in part, on our ability to attract and retain talented employees. The loss of any one of our key personnel or the inability to maintain appropriate staffing could adversely impact our business
- We may be required to recognize reserves, allowances, credit losses or impairment charges
- We own properties that are subject to ground lease, air rights or other restrictive agreements that limit our uses of the properties, restrict our ability to sell or otherwise transfer the properties and expose us to loss of the properties if such agreements are breached by us or terminated

- Purchase options, rights of first offer or rights of first refusal in favor of third parties could negatively affect us or discourage prospective buyers from negotiating with us with respect to the sale of our properties
- Damage from catastrophic or extreme weather and other natural events and the physical effects of climate change could result in losses to the Company
- Cybersecurity threats and incidents could disrupt our operations or the operations of the third parties with whom we do business, invest in or lend to, result in the loss of or unauthorized access to confidential or personal information or damage our or their business relationships and reputation
- Damage to our reputation could adversely affect our business, financial condition or result of operations
- Activist investors could cause us to incur substantial costs, divert management's attention and have an adverse effect on our business

Our Capital Structure Risks

- Market conditions and the actual and perceived state of the capital markets generally could negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations
- We are exposed to increases in interest rates, which could reduce our profitability and adversely impact our ability to refinance existing debt, sell assets or engage in acquisition, investment, development and redevelopment activity, and our decision to hedge against interest rate risk might not be effective
- We have a significant amount of outstanding indebtedness and may incur additional indebtedness in the future
- Limitations on our ability to access the capital markets could have an adverse effect on us, including our ability to make required payments on our debt obligations, make distributions to our stockholders or make future investments necessary to implement our business strategy
- We may be adversely affected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates
- Covenants in the instruments governing our and our subsidiaries' existing indebtedness limit our operational flexibility, and a covenant breach could adversely affect our operations

Our Legal, Compliance and Regulatory Risks

- Significant legal or regulatory proceedings could subject us or our managers, tenants or borrowers to increased operating costs and substantial uninsured liabilities, which could adversely affect our or their liquidity, financial condition and results of operations
- We and our managers, tenants and borrowers may be adversely affected by regulation and enforcement
- Our investments may expose us to unknown liabilities
- We and our managers, tenants and borrowers may be adversely affected by complex and evolving laws and regulations regarding data privacy and cybersecurity
- The amount and scope of insurance coverage provided by our policies and policies maintained by our managers, tenants or other counterparties may not adequately insure against losses
- Failure to maintain effective internal controls could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition
- We could incur substantial liabilities and costs if any of our properties are found to be contaminated with hazardous substances or we become involved in any environmental disputes
- There can be no assurance as to the total amount of financial assistance that we or our managers, tenants or borrowers will retain from programs implemented under the CARES Act and other pandemic-related legislation

Our REIT Status Risks

- Loss of our status as a REIT would have significant adverse consequences for us and the value of our common stock
- To preserve our qualification as a REIT, our certificate of incorporation contains ownership limits with respect to our capital stock that may delay, defer or prevent a change of control of our company
- Complying with REIT requirements may cause us to forego otherwise attractive opportunities (including investing in our tenants) or liquidate otherwise attractive investments

Note Regarding Third-Party Information

This Annual Report includes information that has been provided to us by our managers, tenants, borrowers, business partners and investments unconsolidated entities from SEC filings or other publicly available information of our tenants, managers, business partners and unconsolidated entities in which we invest. We believe that such information is accurate and that the sources from which it has been obtained are reliable. However, we cannot guarantee the accuracy of such information and have not independently verified the assumptions on which such information is based.

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PART I

ITEM 1. Business

BUSINESS

Overview

Ventas, Inc., an S&P 500 company, is a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) focused on delivering strong, sustainable shareholder returns by enabling exceptional environments that benefit a large and growing aging population. We hold a portfolio that includes senior housing communities, outpatient medical buildings, research centers, hospitals and healthcare facilities located in North America and the United Kingdom. As of December 31, 2024, we owned or had investments in 1,387 properties consisting of 1,356 properties in our reportable business segments (“Segment Properties”) and 31 properties held by unconsolidated real estate entities in our non-segment operations. Our Company is headquartered in Chicago, Illinois with additional corporate offices in Louisville, Kentucky and New York, New York.

We elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code (the “Code”), commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 1999. Provided we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we generally are not required to pay U.S. federal corporate income taxes on our REIT taxable income that is currently distributed to our stockholders. In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must satisfy a number of technical requirements, which impact how we invest in, operate and manage our assets. See “Risk Factors—Our REIT Status Risks” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K (the “Annual Report”).

We operate through three reportable business segments: senior housing operating portfolio, which we refer to as “SHOP,” outpatient medical and research portfolio, which we refer to as “OM&R,” and triple-net leased properties, which we refer to as “NNN.” We also hold assets outside of our reportable business segments, which we refer to as non-segment assets and which consist primarily of corporate assets, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, loans receivable and investments and accounts receivable as well as investments in unconsolidated entities. Our investments in unconsolidated entities include investments made through our third-party institutional private capital management platform, Ventas Investment Management (“VIM”). Through VIM, we partner with third-party institutional investors to invest in real estate through various joint ventures and other co-investment vehicles where we are the sponsor or general partner, including our open-ended investment vehicle, the Ventas Life Science & Healthcare Real Estate Fund (the “Ventas Fund”). See our Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes, including “Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Entities” included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

Our chief operating decision maker evaluates performance of the combined properties in each operating segment and determines how to allocate resources to these segments, based on net operating income (“NOI”) for each segment. See our Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes, including “Note 2 – Accounting Policies” and “Note 18 – Segment Information” included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

The following table summarizes information for our portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

Segment	NOI ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Total NOI	Segment Properties
Senior housing operating portfolio (SHOP)	\$ 866,383	41.9 %	629
Outpatient medical and research portfolio (OM&R)	579,271	28.0 %	426
Triple-net leased properties (NNN)	606,225	29.3 %	301
Non-segment ⁽²⁾	17,204	0.8 %	n/a
	<u>\$ 2,069,083</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>1,356</u>

⁽¹⁾ “NOI” is defined as total revenues, less interest and other income, property-level operating expenses and third-party capital management expenses. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional disclosure and a reconciliation of net income attributable to common stockholders, as computed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), to NOI.

⁽²⁾ NOI for non-segment includes management fees and promote revenues, net of expenses related to our third-party institutional private capital management platform, income from loans and investments and corporate-level expenses not directly attributable to any of our three reportable business segments.

Business Strategy

For more than 25 years, Ventas has pursued what we believe is a successful, enduring strategy focused on delivering outsized value to stockholders and other key stakeholders by enabling exceptional environments that benefit the aging population. Working with industry-leading care providers, partners, developers and research and medical institutions, our collaborative and experienced team is focused on achieving consistent, superior total returns through: (1) delivering profitable organic growth in senior housing, (2) capturing value-creating external growth focused on senior housing, (3) driving strong execution and cash flow generation throughout our portfolio of high-quality assets unified in serving the large and growing aging population and (4) maintaining financial strength, flexibility and liquidity.

Our objective is to generate reliable and growing cash flows from our portfolio, which enables us to pay regular cash dividends to stockholders and creates opportunities to increase stockholder value.

Our Businesses

Senior Housing Operating Portfolio (SHOP)

In our SHOP segment, we own and invest in senior housing communities. We participate directly in the financial performance of the communities' operations and are generally responsible for all operational costs, expenses and other liabilities. We typically engage third-party managers to operate the communities on our behalf but generally hold applicable healthcare licenses and enroll in applicable government healthcare programs on behalf of the communities in our SHOP segment.

The senior housing communities in our SHOP segment include independent living communities, assisted living communities, memory care communities and continuing care retirement communities. Independent living communities are typically age-restricted multifamily rental properties with central dining facilities that provide residents with access to meals and other services such as housekeeping, linen service, transportation and social and recreational activities. Assisted living communities typically offer similar services as independent living communities, plus supportive care that is provided by trained employees to residents who require assistance with activities of daily living, such as bathing, dressing and medication management. Memory care communities provide care for individuals with Alzheimer's disease and other forms of dementia or memory loss. Continuing care retirement communities are typically age-restricted properties that offer a continuum of care, and may include a combination of independent living, assisted living, memory care and skilled nursing units. Our assisted living, memory care and continuing care retirement communities are generally subject to state licensure requirements for the delivery of some or all of their services, while our independent living communities generally are not. Charges for room, board and services at these communities are generally paid from private sources, with limited reliance on government reimbursement programs such as Medicaid.

Because we have elected to be taxed as a REIT, we are subject to restrictions impacting how we invest in, operate or manage our properties, including the senior housing communities in our SHOP segment. Some of those restrictions depend on whether a senior housing community is treated as a "qualified healthcare property" under the REIT rules. We treat most of the senior housing communities in our SHOP segment as "qualified healthcare properties." Senior housing communities in our SHOP segment that are "qualified healthcare properties" generally must be managed and operated by a third-party manager, including for purposes of procuring supplies, hiring and training employees, entering into third-party contracts for the benefit of the property and providing resident care and services. Senior housing communities that are not "qualified healthcare properties" may be managed by us directly through a taxable REIT subsidiary or by a third-party manager. See "—Government Regulation—Tax Regulation included in Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report."

Where we engage a third-party manager, either by choice or as required by REIT tax rules, we generally rely on the third-party managers' personnel, expertise, technical resources and information systems, risk management processes, proprietary information, good faith and judgment to manage the senior housing communities' operations efficiently and effectively. We also rely on the third-party managers to set appropriate resident fees, to provide accurate property-level financial results in a timely manner and otherwise manage risk and operate the senior housing communities in compliance with the terms of our management agreements and all applicable laws and regulations. We are generally responsible for all operational costs, expenses and other risks and liabilities. While our managers typically indemnify us for liabilities arising out of certain of their actions such as gross negligence, fraud or willful misconduct, we may not be able to enforce these rights, or we may determine it is not prudent to do so if we believe that enforcement of our rights would be more detrimental to our business than seeking alternative approaches. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—Our third-party managers and tenants operate or exert substantial control over the properties that they manage for or rent from us,

which limits our control and influence over operations and results” and “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—Our operating assets may expose us to various operational risks, liabilities and claims that could adversely affect our ability to generate revenues or increase our costs and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Our management agreements typically have fixed terms and are subject to renewal under certain conditions. These agreements may include provisions for termination under specific circumstances, with or without the payment of a fee. The managers generally receive annual management fees which are calculated based on various performance measures, which may include revenue, NOI and other objective financial metrics. Additionally, incentive fees may be awarded if specified performance targets are met.

As of December 31, 2024, 28 third-party managers operated all of the 629 properties in our SHOP segment on our behalf. The following table provides information regarding our significant SHOP manager concentration as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	<u>Percentage of Total NOI</u>	<u>Segment Properties</u>	<u>Percentage of Segment Properties</u>
Atria Senior Living, Inc.	18.6 %	199	14.7 %
Sunrise Senior Living, LLC	6.2	98	7.2
Le Groupe Maurice	6.0	37	2.7

The properties in our SHOP segment managed by Atria Senior Living, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, “Atria”), Sunrise Senior Living, LLC (together with its subsidiaries, “Sunrise”) and Le Group Maurice (together with its subsidiaries, “Le Groupe Maurice”) accounted for a significant portion of our SHOP segment revenues and NOI for the year ended December 31, 2024. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Concentration risk” included in Part II, Item 7 of this Annual Report and “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—A significant portion of our revenues and operating income is dependent on a limited number of managers and tenants, including Atria, Sunrise, Le Groupe Maurice, Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

We hold a 34% ownership interest in Atria, which entitles us to customary minority rights and protections, as well as the right to appoint two members to the Atria Board of Directors. See Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Entities of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report for a further discussion of our ownership interest.

Outpatient Medical and Research Portfolio (OM&R)

In our OM&R segment, we primarily acquire, own, develop, lease and manage outpatient medical buildings and research centers.

Our outpatient medical buildings, which are predominantly located on or contiguous to a health system campus, are generally multi-tenant properties leased to health systems and several unrelated medical practices, although in many cases they may be associated with a large single specialty or multi-specialty group, including neighboring health systems. Tenants typically require customized space devoted to patient examination and treatment, diagnostic imaging, outpatient surgery and other outpatient services. Outpatient medical buildings typically require enhanced plumbing, electrical and mechanical systems to accommodate the needs of healthcare providers such as sinks in every room, brighter lights and specialized medical equipment.

Our research centers generally contain laboratory and office space that is leased primarily to universities, academic medical centers, technology, biotechnology, medical device and pharmaceutical companies and other organizations involved in the research industry. While these properties may have certain characteristics similar to commercial office buildings, they generally contain more advanced electrical, mechanical, heating, ventilating and air conditioning systems. The facilities generally have specialty equipment including emergency generators, fume hoods, lab bench tops and related amenities. In many instances, research center tenants make significant investments to improve their leased space, in addition to landlord improvements, to accommodate biology, chemistry or medical device research initiatives. Our research centers are often located on or contiguous to university and academic medical campuses.

We lease these properties to tenants under varying lease types that obligate the tenants to pay rent, and may require the tenant to pay their proportionate share of some or all property-related expenses, including utilities, real estate taxes, insurance,

repairs and maintenance, cleaning, roads and grounds expense and other expenses. The leases are typically for a fixed term, and may be subject to renewal under certain conditions.

Although we do not participate directly in the financial performance of our tenants' operations, we are exposed to the credit risk of our tenants in our OM&R segment. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—If our managers', tenants' or borrowers' financial condition or business prospects deteriorate, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected" included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Through our Lillibridge subsidiary and our 50% ownership interest in PMB Real Estate Services LLC ("PMBRES"), a property management platform, we provide outpatient medical building and research center management, leasing, marketing, facility development and advisory services to highly rated hospitals and health systems and universities, academic medical centers, biotech and other similar companies throughout the United States.

Triple-Net Leased Properties (NNN)

In our NNN segment, we invest in and own senior housing communities, skilled nursing facilities ("SNFs"), long-term acute care facilities ("LTACs"), freestanding inpatient rehabilitation facilities ("IRFs") and other healthcare facilities.

The senior housing communities in our NNN segment may include independent living communities, assisted living communities, memory care communities and continuing care retirement communities, which property types are described in more detail above in "—Senior Housing Operating Portfolio (SHOP)."

SNFs provide rehabilitative, restorative, skilled nursing and medical treatment for patients and residents who do not require the high technology, care-intensive, high-cost setting of an acute care or rehabilitation hospital. Treatment programs include physical, occupational, speech, respiratory and other therapies, including sub-acute clinical protocols such as wound care and intravenous drug treatment.

LTACs typically serve medically complex, chronically ill patients who require a high level of monitoring and specialized care, but whose conditions do not necessitate the continued services of an intensive care unit and have a Medicare average length of stay of greater than 25 days. The tenants of these LTACs have the capability to treat patients who suffer from multiple systemic failures or conditions such as neurological disorders, head injuries, brain stem and spinal cord trauma, cerebral vascular accidents, chemical brain injuries, central nervous system disorders, developmental anomalies and cardiopulmonary disorders. Chronic patients often depend on technology for continued life support, such as mechanical ventilators, total parenteral nutrition, respiration or cardiac monitors and dialysis machines, and, due to their severe medical conditions, generally are not clinically appropriate for admission to a skilled nursing facility or rehabilitation hospital.

IRFs are devoted to the rehabilitation of patients with various neurological, musculoskeletal, orthopedic and other medical conditions following stabilization of their acute medical issues. Other healthcare facilities provide medical and surgical services, including inpatient care, intensive care, cardiac care, diagnostic services and emergency services. These other healthcare facilities may also provide outpatient services such as outpatient surgery, laboratory, radiology, respiratory therapy, cardiology and physical therapy.

Charges for services provided at SNFs, LTACs, IRFs and other healthcare facilities are generally paid from a combination of government reimbursement, commercial insurance and other private sources.

We lease these properties to tenants under triple-net or absolute-net leases that obligate the tenants to pay all property-related expenses, including maintenance, utilities, repairs, taxes, insurance and capital expenditures. The leases in our NNN segment typically contain annual or periodic rent escalators that may be contingent upon the satisfaction of specified facility revenue parameters or based on increases in the Consumer Price Index ("CPI"), with caps, floors or collars. These agreements may include provisions for termination under specific circumstances, including in the event of a monetary or non-monetary default by the tenant or in the event of a failure of the tenant to meet certain financial or operational covenants. The agreements typically include broad indemnities in our favor from the tenant for liabilities arising out of the tenant's operations. Although we do not participate directly in the financial performance of the tenants' operations, we are exposed to the credit risk of our tenants in our NNN segment. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—If our managers', tenants' or borrowers' financial condition or business prospects deteriorate, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected" included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

The following table provides information regarding our significant triple-net leased tenant concentration as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Percentage of Total NOI	Segment Properties	Percentage of Segment Properties
Brookdale Senior Living, Inc. ⁽¹⁾	7.2 %	121	8.9 %
Kindred Healthcare, LLC	6.7	34	2.5
Ardent Health Partners, LLC ⁽²⁾	6.6	11	0.8

⁽¹⁾ Excludes nine properties managed by Brookdale Senior Living, Inc. pursuant to long-term management agreements and included in the SHOP segment.

⁽²⁾ We also lease 19 outpatient medical buildings to Ardent, which are included in the OM&R segment.

The properties we lease to Brookdale Senior Living, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, “Brookdale”), Ardent Health Partners, LLC (together with its subsidiaries, “Ardent”) and Kindred Healthcare, LLC (together with its subsidiaries, “Kindred”) accounted for a significant portion of our NNN segment revenues and NOI for the year ended December 31, 2024. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—A significant portion of our revenues and operating income is dependent on a limited number of managers and tenants, including Atria, Sunrise, Le Groupe Maurice, Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report, “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations— “Concentration Risk,” included in Part II, Item 7 of this Annual Report and “Note 3 – Concentration of Credit Risk” included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

As of December 31, 2024, we held warrants for 11.1 million shares of Brookdale common stock, which are exercisable at any time prior to December 31, 2025 and have an exercise price of \$3.00 per share (the “Brookdale Warrants”). In addition, we hold warrants exercisable at any time prior to September 13, 2034 for 9.9% of the common equity of a parent company of Kindred exercisable at the pre-transaction value of such common equity (the “Scion Warrants”). See “Note 9 – Other Assets” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

As of December 31, 2024, we held an approximately 6.7% ownership interest in Ardent. See “Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Entities” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report for a further discussion of our ownership interest.

Non-Segment Assets

Non-segment assets consist primarily of corporate assets, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, loans receivable and investments and accounts receivable. Our loans receivable and investments generally provide us with interest income and fees and are often secured by mortgage liens or leasehold mortgages on the underlying properties and corporate or personal guarantees by affiliates of the borrowing entity. In some cases, the loans are secured by a pledge of ownership interests in the entity or entities that own the related properties or may take the form of mezzanine loans, which are subordinated to senior secured loans held by other investors that encumber the same real estate. Non-segment assets also include other assets, such as our Brookdale and Kindred Warrants. See “Note 6 – Loans Receivable and Investments” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report. Although we do not participate directly in the financial performance of the operations of our borrowers’ properties, we are directly exposed to the credit risk of our borrowers and therefore indirectly to the operational risks of our borrowers. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—If our managers’, tenants’ or borrowers’ financial condition or business prospects deteriorate, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Non-segment assets also include our investments in unconsolidated entities, including investments in unconsolidated real estate entities through our third-party institutional private capital management platform, VIM, and investments in unconsolidated operating entities, such as Ardent and Atria. Through VIM, we partner with third-party institutional investors to invest in real estate through various joint ventures and other co-investment vehicles. In these arrangements, we are typically the general partner and earn fees as a result of that service. The assets in our VIM business are primarily comprised of three platforms: the Ventas Fund, a state pension fund joint venture and a sovereign wealth fund joint venture. The Ventas Fund is a perpetual life vehicle focused on investments in core and core plus life science, outpatient medical and senior housing real estate in North America. Our state pension fund joint venture is principally focused on investment in ground up development and value added redevelopment of senior housing. Our sovereign wealth fund joint venture is focused on university-based research and innovation development projects. In the Ventas Fund and certain other ventures, we have the ability to earn

revenues through incentive fees periodically during the life of a venture. See “Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Entities” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

Development and Redevelopment Activities

From time to time, we engage in development and redevelopment activities within our reportable business segments and through our investments in unconsolidated entities. For example, we are party to certain agreements that commit us to develop properties funded through capital that we and, in certain circumstances, our joint venture partners provide. As of December 31, 2024, we had three active and committed projects pursuant to these agreements, including two projects that are unconsolidated. In addition, from time to time, we engage in redevelopment projects with respect to our existing senior housing communities, outpatient medical buildings and research centers to maximize the value, increase NOI, maintain a market-competitive position, achieve property stabilization or change the primary use of the property.

Geographic Diversification of Properties

Our portfolio of assets is broadly diversified by geographic location throughout the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom, with properties in only one state (California) accounting for more than 10% of our total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2024. See “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—”Concentration Risk.” included in Part II, Item 7 of this Annual Report.

Competition

We generally compete for investments in real estate with publicly traded, private and non-listed healthcare REITs, real estate partnerships, healthcare providers, healthcare lenders and other investors, including developers, banks, insurance companies, pension funds, government-sponsored entities and private equity firms, some of whom may have greater financial resources and lower costs of capital than we do. Increased competition challenges our ability to identify and successfully capitalize on opportunities that meet our objectives, which is affected by, among other factors, the availability of suitable acquisition or investment targets, our ability to negotiate acceptable transaction terms and our access to and cost of capital. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—Our ongoing strategy depends, in part, upon identifying and consummating future acquisitions and investments and effectively managing our expansion opportunities” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report and “Note 10 – Senior Notes Payable and Other Debt” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

Our managers, tenants and borrowers typically compete on a local and regional basis with other organizations that provide comparable services. They typically compete to attract and retain residents and patients to our properties based on scope and quality of care, reputation and financial condition, price, location and physical appearance of the properties, services offered, qualified personnel, physician referrals and family preferences. With respect to outpatient medical buildings and research centers, we and our third-party managers compete to attract and retain tenants based on many of the same factors, in addition to quality of the affiliated health system or university, physician preferences and proximity to hospital or university campuses or research centers and quality of lab space. The ability of our managers, tenants and borrowers to compete successfully could be affected by private, federal and state reimbursement programs and other laws and regulations. See “Risk Factors—Our Legal, Compliance and Regulatory Risks—We and our managers, tenants and borrowers may be adversely affected by regulation and enforcement” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Human Capital Management

At Ventas, our experienced team drives our success and creates value. As of December 31, 2024, we had 498 employees, none of which are subject to a collective bargaining agreement.

We provide a unique environment that offers opportunities for our team to use their professional skills, develop their talents and learn from each other as they build successful careers. We are committed to upholding human dignity and equal opportunity under the principles outlined in the United Nations’ Universal Declaration of Human Rights. Our Global Code of Ethics and Business Conduct, Vendor Code of Conduct and Human Rights Policy embed the responsibility to respect human rights in business functions across our operations as well as our supply chain.

The Compensation Committee and Nominating, Governance and Corporate Responsibility (“NGCR”) Committee of our Board of Directors provide oversight on certain human capital matters, goals and framework. We report on human capital matters regularly to our Compensation Committee and periodically to our Board of Directors. The most significant human capital measures and objectives that we focus on include the topics described below.

Talent Acquisition, Development and Retention

We strive to foster a culture that attracts and retains individuals who share a passion for integrity, flawless execution, collaborative problem-solving and, above all, excellence. A key component of our ability to attract and retain the top talent in our industry is our investment in our people and their continuous development by providing expansive professional opportunities, best-in-class leadership development and a broad array of workshops and training.

Employee engagement and employee satisfaction contribute to our ability to attract and retain top talent. Each year, we conduct an employee engagement survey through an independent third party, which measures our progress on key employee issues and identifies opportunities for evolving our programs.

Compensation and Benefits

Ventas prides itself in offering an industry-leading compensation and benefits package. Our benefits programs include a robust offering of medical, dental, vision, life, accidental death and dismemberment, disability plans and wellness programs, all of which require very low employee contributions or are offered at no cost to employees. We also provide other ancillary benefits at competitive group rates that allow employees to customize benefits to best meet their needs. The Ventas retirement plans consist of a 401(k) profit sharing plan with both pretax and Roth offerings and competitive employer matching contributions.

Health & Safety

Ventas is committed to the health and safety of its employees. Helping to make our workplaces secure and hazard-free is a responsibility shared with each Ventas employee. Our commitment to health and safety is maintained by effective administration, training and education, and we expect our operating and development partners to comply with applicable company and legal requirements.

Organizational Resilience

Our talented employee base is the foundation of our organizational resilience. As part of our employee value proposition, in addition to competitive compensation and benefits offerings, we invest in growth, development opportunities and comprehensive performance management for our employees that empower them to realize their full potential, expand their capabilities and fill critical roles within the organization. Our employee base is comprised of a mix of longer tenured employees, who contribute deep institutional experience and knowledge, and shorter tenured employees, who contribute new perspectives and ways of doing things. As of December 31, 2024, more than 40% of our employees have been promoted or transferred internally for new opportunities, reflecting our deep commitment to creating an environment where people can build their careers.

The Nominating, Governance & Corporate Responsibility Committee leads, and the Board oversees and reviews at least annually, a robust short- and long-term succession planning process for our senior management team, including our CEO. In general, our management succession planning is designed to anticipate both “planned” successions, such as those arising from anticipated retirements, and unplanned succession events, including emergencies and a range of other potential contingencies.

The CEO and Vice President, Human Resources support the annual succession plan review conducted by the Nominating, Governance & Corporate Responsibility Committee by providing information about each executive role and succession scenarios, including an overview of each potential successor’s experience and potential, readiness assessment and planned leadership development opportunities. The independent members of the Board also regularly interact with executives across several leadership levels of Ventas through management presentations at the Board meetings and other informal events to form their own independent assessment of senior leaders.

Both the Nominating, Governance and Corporate Responsibility Committee and the Board also regularly review strength and gaps in the executive and senior management team and their organizations with the Company’s long-term strategy and goal of optimizing performance in mind. When appropriate, action plans are identified and executed to drive performance, enhance organizational resilience and support succession planning, including for the CEO. We engage third party experts where appropriate to bring additional insights to, and facilitate, succession planning, conduct assessments and provide coaching and development to executives and others in cases where the Company and the employee will benefit.

Corporate Sustainability

Ventas has a robust, data-driven strategy designed to support the sustainable growth of our business and build long-term value for shareholders and other key stakeholders. Three priorities guide our efforts:

- Our Impact: Enabling Sustainable Environments and Strong Communities
- Our Employees: Empowering Exceptional People
- Our Standards: Leading in Governance and Transparency

Ventas has set measurable goals related to each of our key sustainability topics and progress towards these goals is reported annually in our Corporate Sustainability Report.

These matters are overseen by our NGCR Committee. Our EVP, General Counsel and Ethics & Compliance Officer and VP, Corporate ESG & Sustainability report on these matters regularly to the NGCR Committee and periodically to our Board of Directors.

Insurance

We maintain or require in our lease, management and other agreements that our managers, tenants or other counterparties maintain comprehensive insurance coverage on our properties and their operations with terms, conditions, limits and deductibles that we believe are customary for similarly situated companies in each industry and we frequently review our insurance programs and requirements. The insurance that we maintain or require may take the form of commercial insurance, captive insurance or self-insurance.

We maintain the property insurance for a vast majority of our properties in our OM&R and SHOP segments. We also maintain liability insurance for certain outpatient medical properties, as well as the general and professional liability insurance for certain senior housing communities and related operations in our SHOP segment. However, some senior housing managers maintain the general and professional liability insurance for our senior housing communities and related operations that they manage in accordance with the terms of our management agreements.

Through our OM&R segment, we provide engineering, construction and architectural services in connection with new development projects, and we maintain and cause tenants, contractors, design professionals and other parties involved with such services to maintain property and liability insurance with respect to those activities.

In May 2020, the Company formed a wholly-owned captive insurance company, which provides insurance coverage for losses below the deductible and within the self-insured retention of the commercial property, general and professional liability insurance that we maintain for certain of our outpatient medical and senior housing locations.

Additional Information

We maintain a website at www.ventasreit.com and an Investor Relations website at ir.ventasreit.com. We use our Investor Relations website as a means of disclosing material information. Accordingly, investors should monitor our Investor Relations website in addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. The information on our website and our Investor Relations website is not incorporated by reference in this Annual Report, and our web addresses are included as an inactive textual reference only.

We make available, free of charge, through our Investor Relations website, our Annual Report, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC. In addition, our Guidelines on Governance, our Global Code of Ethics and Business Conduct (including waivers from and amendments to that document) and the charters for each of our Audit and Compliance, Nominating and Corporate Governance and Compensation Committees are available on our website, and we will mail copies of the foregoing documents to stockholders, free of charge, upon request to our Corporate Secretary at Ventas, Inc., 300 North LaSalle Street, Suite 1600, Chicago, Illinois 60654.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION

United States Healthcare Regulation, Licensing and Enforcement

Overview

We, along with our managers, tenants and borrowers in the United States, are subject to or impacted by extensive and complex federal, state and local healthcare laws and regulations, including laws and regulations relating to quality of care, licensure and certificates of need (“CON”), conduct of operations, government reimbursement, such as Medicare and Medicaid, fraud and abuse, qualifications of personnel, appropriateness and classification of care, adequacy of plant and equipment and data privacy and cybersecurity. In our SHOP segment, these laws and regulations typically apply directly to us and our senior housing communities, where we generally hold the applicable healthcare licenses. In some instances, we enroll in government reimbursement programs, such as Medicaid. In our other segments, our tenants and borrowers are typically subject to these laws and regulations. Imposition of sanctions associated with these laws and regulations could adversely affect the tenant’s or borrower’s ability to satisfy its obligations to us. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—Our operating assets may expose us to various operational risks, liabilities and claims that could adversely affect our ability to generate revenues or increase our costs and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations” and “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—If our managers’, tenants’ or borrowers’ financial condition or business prospects deteriorate, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Healthcare laws and regulations are wide-ranging, and noncompliance may result in the imposition of civil, criminal, and administrative penalties, including: the loss or suspension of accreditation, licenses or CONs; suspension of or non-payment for new admissions; denial of reimbursement; fines; suspension, decertification, or exclusion from federal and state healthcare programs; or facility closure. Changes in laws or regulations, reimbursement policies, enforcement activity and regulatory non-compliance by us or our managers, tenants or borrowers could have a significant effect on our and their operations and financial condition, which in turn may adversely impact us, as detailed below and set forth under “Risk Factors—Our Legal, Compliance and Regulatory Risks” in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Licensure, Certification and CONs

Senior housing communities, other than independent living communities, are subject to state and local laws that may require licenses, certifications and permits, and may vary greatly from one jurisdiction to another. Our senior housing communities that receive Medicaid payments are also subject to extensive federal laws and regulation. Our tenants or borrowers who operate other facilities, such as SNFs, LTACs, IRFs, health systems and medical practices, are typically subject to extensive federal and state regulation and must hold various licenses, certifications, and permits. Licensure and certification may be conditioned on requirements related to, among other things, the quality of medical care provided, compliance with staffing levels and reporting requirements, qualifications of the operator’s administrative personnel and clinical staff, adequacy of the physical plant and equipment and continuing compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Sanctions for failure to comply with licensure and certification laws and regulations include loss of licensure or certification and ability to participate in or receive payments from the Medicare and Medicaid programs, suspension of or non-payment for new admissions, fines, and potential criminal penalties.

Many of our licensed facilities, tenants and borrowers are subject to state CON laws, which require governmental approval prior to the development or expansion of licensed facilities and services. The approval process in states with CON laws generally requires a facility to demonstrate the need for additional or expanded licensed facilities or services. CONs, where applicable, are also sometimes necessary for changes in ownership or control of licensed facilities, addition of beds, investment in major capital equipment, introduction of new services or termination of services previously approved through the CON process. CON laws and regulations may restrict our or our tenants’ ability to expand and grow in certain circumstances, which could have an adverse effect on our or their revenues.

Fraud and Abuse Enforcement

Participants in the U.S. healthcare industry are subject to complex federal and state civil and criminal laws and regulations governing healthcare provider referrals, relationships and arrangements. These laws include: (i) federal and state false claims acts, which generally prohibit providers from filing false claims or making false statements to receive payment from Medicare, Medicaid or other federal or state healthcare programs; (ii) federal and state anti-kickback and fee-splitting statutes, including the federal Anti-Kickback Statute, which prohibits the payment or receipt of remuneration to induce referrals or generate business involving healthcare items or services payable by Medicare or Medicaid; (iii) federal and state physician

self-referral laws, which generally prohibit referrals of certain services by physicians to entities with which the physician or an immediate family member has a financial relationship; and (iv) the federal Civil Monetary Penalties Law, which requires a lower burden of proof than other fraud and abuse laws and prohibits, among other things, the knowing presentation of a false or fraudulent claim for certain healthcare services.

Violating these healthcare fraud and abuse laws and regulations may result in criminal and civil penalties, such as punitive sanctions, damage assessments, monetary penalties, imprisonment, denial of Medicare and Medicaid payments, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. These laws and regulations are enforced by a variety of federal, state and local governmental agencies, and many can also be enforced by private litigants through federal and state false claims acts and other laws that allow private individuals to bring whistleblower suits known as *qui tam* actions.

Reimbursement

Sources of revenue for us and some of our tenants and borrowers include, among others, governmental healthcare programs, such as the federal Medicare programs and state Medicaid programs, and non-governmental third-party payors, such as insurance carriers and health maintenance organizations. Medicare is a federal health insurance program for persons aged 65 and over, some disabled persons and persons with end-stage renal disease. Medicaid is a medical assistance program for eligible needy persons that is funded jointly by federal and state governments and administered by the states. Medicaid eligibility requirements and benefits vary by state. The Medicare and Medicaid programs are highly regulated and subject to frequent and substantial changes resulting from legislation, regulations and administrative and judicial interpretations of existing law.

Federal and state governments may from time to time reduce Medicare and Medicaid spending through methods such as reductions in reimbursement rates and increased enrollment in managed care programs. Private payors, such as insurance companies, are typically for-profit companies and are continuously seeking opportunities to control healthcare costs. In some cases, private payors rely on government reimbursement systems to determine reimbursement rates, such that reductions in Medicare and Medicaid payment rates may negatively impact payments from private payors. These changes may result in reduced or slower growth in reimbursement for certain services provided by some of our tenants and borrowers. Additionally, the U.S. Congress and certain state legislatures have introduced and passed a large number of proposals and legislation designed to make major changes in the healthcare system, including changes that directly or indirectly affect reimbursement. Several of these laws, including the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (the “Affordable Care Act”), have promoted shifting from traditional fee-for-service reimbursement models to alternative payment models that tie reimbursement to quality and cost of care, such as accountable care organizations and bundled payments. It is difficult to predict the nature and success of future financial or delivery system reforms, but changes to reimbursement rates and related policies could adversely impact our and our tenants’ results of operations.

CARES Act and Similar Governmental Funding Programs

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, in 2020, Congress enacted a series of economic stimulus and relief measures through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (the “CARES Act”), the Paycheck Protection Program and Health Care Enhancement Act and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021. Other domestic, foreign, local, regional or national governments also implemented similar grant programs. We, and our managers, tenants and borrowers, applied for and received grants under these types of government programs.

The HHS Office of Inspector General, the Pandemic Response Accountability Committee and other governments each may have the right to conduct audits of our, or our managers’, tenants’ or borrowers’, use of funds from such programs and may have the right to recoup some or all of the payments if it determines those payments were not made or the funds not used in compliance with its rules, regulations and interpretive guidance.

Data Privacy and Cybersecurity

We and our managers, tenants and borrowers are subject to federal and state laws and regulations related to data privacy and cybersecurity. In most cases, we depend on our managers, tenants and borrowers to fulfill any compliance obligations with respect to these data privacy and cybersecurity laws and regulations.

For example, data privacy and cybersecurity regulations issued pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended (“HIPAA”), restrict the use and disclosure of individually identifiable health information (“protected health information” or “PHI”), provide for individual rights and require safeguards for PHI and notification of breaches of unsecured PHI. Entities subject to HIPAA include most healthcare providers, including some of our managers, tenants and borrowers. These covered entities are required to implement administrative, physical and technical

practices to protect the security of PHI that is electronically maintained or transmitted. Business associates of covered entities who create, receive, maintain or transmit PHI are also subject to certain HIPAA provisions. Violations of HIPAA may result in substantial civil and/or criminal fines and penalties. The Federal Trade Commission uses its consumer protection authority to initiate enforcement actions in response to data breaches, and regulate unfair or deceptive acts or practices, including with respect to data privacy and cybersecurity. Moreover, the U.S. Congress has recently considered, and is currently considering, various proposals for more comprehensive data privacy and cybersecurity legislation to which we or our managers, tenants and borrowers may be subject if passed.

Data privacy and cybersecurity are also areas of increasing state legislative focus, and states are increasingly proposing or enacting legislation that relates to data privacy and cybersecurity. For example, the California Consumer Privacy Act, as amended by the California Privacy Rights Act (collectively, the “CCPA”), gives California residents certain rights with respect to their personal information. Other states where we or our managers, tenants or borrowers do business, or may in the future do business, have enacted, or are considering enacting, comprehensive data privacy and cybersecurity laws that share similarities with the CCPA, for example the Texas Data Privacy and Security Act, effective as of July 1, 2024. In addition, laws in all 50 U.S. states and most U.S. territories generally require businesses to provide notice under certain circumstances to consumers whose personal information has been disclosed as a result of a data breach, and we or our managers, tenants or borrowers may be required to report events related to data privacy or cybersecurity issues, events where customer information may be compromised, unauthorized access to our or their systems or networks and other security breaches, to affected individuals or the relevant regulatory authorities. These state statutes, and other similar federal and state laws and regulations that may be enacted in the future, may require us or our managers, tenants or borrowers to modify our or their data processing practices and policies, incur substantial compliance-related costs and expenses and otherwise suffer adverse impacts on our or their business.

International Healthcare Regulation

We own senior housing communities in Canada and the United Kingdom. Senior living residences in Canada are provincially regulated. Within each province, there are different categories for senior living residences that are generally based on the level of care sought or required by a resident (e.g., assisted or retirement living, senior living residences, residential care, long-term care). In some of these categories and depending on the province, residences may be government funded, or the individual residents may be eligible for a government subsidy, while other residences are exclusively private-pay. The governing legislation and regulations vary by province, but generally impose licensing requirements and requirements related to quality control, public health, infection control and other care-related operating standards. These laws empower regulators in each province to take a variety of steps to ensure compliance, conduct inspections, issue reports and generally regulate the industry. Our communities in Canada are also subject to data privacy and cybersecurity legislation, including, in certain provinces, data privacy and cybersecurity laws specifically related to personal health information. Although the obligations of senior living residences in the various provinces differ, they all include the obligation to protect personal information. The powers of data privacy and cybersecurity regulators and penalties for violations of data privacy and cybersecurity laws vary according to the applicable law or are left to the courts. Our senior living residences in Canada are also subject to a variety of other laws and regulations, including minimum wage standards and other employment laws.

In the United Kingdom, our senior housing communities are principally regulated as “care home services” under the Health and Social Care Act 2008. This legislation subjects service providers to standards of care and requires, among other things, that all persons carrying out such activities, and the managers of such persons, be registered. Providers of care home services are also subject (as data controllers) to the U.K.’s Data Protection Act 2018, as supplemented by the European Union’s General Data Protection Regulation as implemented into U.K. law (collectively, “UK GDPR”), which governs the processing of personal data (including in relation to employees, clients and recipients of care home services). The UK GDPR imposes a significant number of obligations on data controllers with the potential for fines of up to 4% of annual worldwide turnover or £17.5 million, whichever is greater. Our business operations in the United Kingdom are also subject to a range of other regulations, such as the U.K. Bribery Act 2010.

Regulation Impacting Life Sciences Research

Some of our tenants, including university-affiliated organizations and private sector companies, conduct life sciences, medical device or related research. These tenants may be dependent on the public markets, private investors, the federal government agencies, such as the National Institutes of Health (“NIH”), or other sources of funding to support their activities. Creating a new pharmaceutical product or medical device requires substantial investments of time and capital, in part because of the extensive regulation of the healthcare industry; it also entails considerable risk of failure in demonstrating that the product is safe and effective and in gaining regulatory approval and market acceptance. Therefore, these tenants may face high levels of regulation, expense and uncertainty. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—Our research tenants face unique levels of expense and uncertainty” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Our tenants with marketable products may be adversely affected by healthcare reform and government reimbursement policies, including changes under the current presidential administration or by private healthcare payors. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—Changes in the U.S. political and regulatory environment could affect availability of government funding that we or our managers, tenants or borrowers rely on, which could negatively impact our business” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report

Tax Regulation

We elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Code, commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 1999. Provided we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we generally will not be required to pay U.S. federal corporate income taxes on our REIT taxable income that is currently distributed to our stockholders. This treatment substantially eliminates the “double taxation” that ordinarily results from investment in a C corporation. We are required to pay income tax in certain circumstances, including on taxable income earned by our taxable REIT subsidiaries.

In addition, we are subject to state and local tax in the U.S. and certain states do not conform completely to the federal income tax rules. We also are subject to non-U.S. tax on our operations in Canada and in the U.K., as our U.S. REIT status does not by itself afford us special tax status in those countries. We attempt to structure our investments outside of the U.S. in the most efficient manner possible, but do expect to incur some tax expense on our non-U.S. operations, which could increase due to tax rate increases, interest expense limitations or other changes in law. In particular, recently finalized legislation related to interest expense deductibility in Canada may have a significant impact on our income tax expense and cash taxes. See “Risk Factors—Our REIT Status Risks—Legislative or other actions affecting REITs or taxes could have a negative effect on our stockholders or us” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

The Code defines a REIT as a corporation, trust or association:

- (1) that is managed by one or more trustees or directors;
- (2) that issues transferable shares or transferable certificates to evidence its beneficial ownership;
- (3) that would be taxable as a domestic corporation, but for Sections 856 through 860 of the Code;
- (4) that is not a financial institution or an insurance company within the meaning of certain provisions of the Code;
- (5) that is beneficially owned by 100 or more persons;
- (6) not more than 50% in value of the outstanding stock of which is owned, actually or constructively, by five or fewer individuals, including certain specified entities, during the last half of each taxable year; and
- (7) that meets other tests, regarding the nature of its income and assets and the amount of its distributions.

We believe that we have been organized and have operated in a manner that has allowed us, and will continue to allow us, to satisfy conditions (1) through (7) inclusive, during the relevant time periods, and we intend to continue to be organized and operate in this manner. However, qualification and taxation as a REIT depend upon our ability to meet the various qualification tests imposed under the Code, including through actual operating results, asset composition, distribution levels and diversity of stock ownership. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that we will be organized or will be able to operate in a manner so as to qualify or remain qualified as a REIT.

If we lose our status as a REIT (currently or with respect to any tax years for which the statute of limitations has not expired), we will face serious tax consequences that will substantially reduce the funds available to satisfy our obligations, to implement our business strategy and to make distributions to our stockholders for each of the years involved because:

- We would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to stockholders in computing our taxable income and would be subject to regular U.S. federal corporate income tax;
- We could be subject to increased state and local taxes; and
- Unless we are entitled to relief under statutory provisions, we could not elect to be subject to tax as a REIT for four taxable years following the year during which we were disqualified.

In addition, in such event we would no longer be required to pay dividends to maintain REIT status, which could adversely affect the value of our common stock. See “Risk Factors—Our REIT Status Risks.”

Our senior housing communities, including certain of our independent living communities, that are considered “qualified healthcare properties” that are not leased to a third party operator generally must be owned and operated in a structure where we engage a third-party manager to manage and operate the senior housing communities. For these senior housing communities we are required to rely on a third-party manager to manage and operate the property, including for purposes of procuring supplies, hiring and training all employees, entering into all third-party contracts for the benefit of the property, including resident/patient agreements, complying with laws and regulations, including but not limited to healthcare laws, and providing resident care and services, in exchange for a management fee. We treat most of the senior housing communities in our SHOP segment as qualified healthcare properties that must be operated by third-party managers.

Environmental Regulation

A wide variety of federal, local and foreign environmental and occupational health and safety laws and regulations affect our assets. These complex federal, local and foreign statutes, and their enforcement, involve a myriad of regulations, many of which impose strict liability on offenders. Some of these federal, local and foreign laws and regulations may directly impact us. Under various federal, local and foreign environmental laws, ordinances and regulations, an owner of real property or a secured lender, such as us, may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances at, under or disposed of in connection with such property, as well as other potential costs relating to hazardous or toxic substances (including government fines and damages for injuries to persons and adjacent property).

With respect to our properties that are operated by third parties, we may be held primarily or jointly and severally liable for costs relating to the investigation and cleanup of any property from which there is or has been an actual or threatened release of a regulated material and any other affected properties, regardless of whether we knew of or caused the release. Such costs typically are not limited by law or regulation and could exceed the property’s value. In addition, we may be liable for certain other costs, such as governmental fines and injuries to persons, property or natural resources, as a result of any such actual or threatened release. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—Our operating assets may expose us to various operational risks, liabilities and claims that could adversely affect our ability to generate revenues or increase our costs and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Under the terms of our leases and loans, we generally have a right to indemnification by the tenants of our properties or borrowers for any contamination caused by them.

In some instances, we have agreed to indemnify our managers and tenants against any environmental claims (including penalties and cleanup costs) resulting from any condition arising in, on or under, or relating to, the applicable properties at any time before the applicable lease or management commencement date. With respect to SHOP, we have agreed to indemnify our managers against any environmental claims (including penalties and cleanup costs) resulting from any condition on those properties.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

This section discusses material factors that affect our business, operations and financial condition. It does not describe all risks and uncertainties applicable to us, our industry or ownership of our securities. If any of the following risks, or any other risks and uncertainties that are not addressed below or that we have not yet identified, actually occur, we could be materially adversely affected, and the value of our securities could decline.

As set forth below, we believe that the risks we face generally fall into the following categories:

- Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy
- Our Capital Structure Risks
- Our Legal, Compliance and Regulatory Risks
- Our REIT Status Risks

Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy

Macroeconomic trends, including trends relating to labor costs, unemployment, inflation, interest rates and exchange rates, may affect our business and financial results.

Macroeconomic trends, including unfavorable trends relating to labor costs, unemployment, inflation, interest rates and exchange rates, may adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. Increased labor costs and a shortage of available skilled and unskilled workers may impact our or our managers', tenants' or borrowers' workforce, including employees at our senior housing communities. To the extent we or our managers, tenants or borrowers cannot hire sufficient qualified workers, we or they may need to rely on high-cost alternatives to meet labor needs, including contract and overtime labor. In addition, we and our managers, tenants and borrowers compete with various other companies in attracting and retaining qualified and skilled personnel. Competitive pressures may require that we or our managers, tenants or borrowers enhance pay and benefits packages to compete effectively for such personnel. We and our managers, tenants and borrowers may not be able to offset additional staffing costs by increasing the rates we charge, whether to residents, tenants or others. If there is an increase in these costs or if we or our managers, tenants and borrowers fail to attract and retain qualified and skilled personnel, our respective businesses and operating results could be adversely affected.

Many of our costs and the costs of our managers, tenants and borrowers, including operating and administrative expenses, interest expense and real estate acquisition and construction costs, are subject to inflation. These include expenses for property-related contracted services, utilities, repairs and maintenance and insurance and general and administrative costs including compensation costs, technology services and professional service fees. See also “—We may face increased risks and costs associated with volatility in materials and labor prices or as a result of supply chain or procurement disruptions, which may adversely affect the status of our construction projects.” Property taxes are also impacted by inflationary changes because taxes in some jurisdictions are regularly reassessed based on changes in the fair value of our properties. We may not be able to offset such additional costs by passing them through, or increasing the rates we charge, to residents and tenants. If there is an increase in these costs, our business, cash flows and operating results could be adversely affected.

Rising interest rates may also result in higher operating and incremental borrowing costs for us and our managers, tenants and borrowers. Increases in or elevated interest rates may also result in a decrease in the value of our real estate and a decrease in our cash flows and net income. See “—We are exposed to increases in interest rates, which could reduce our profitability and adversely impact our ability to refinance existing debt, sell assets or engage in acquisition, investment, development and redevelopment activity, and our decision to hedge against interest rate risk might not be effective.”

Elevated inflation or higher than expected interest rates due to macrodevelopments, U.S. government policies, or otherwise, could negatively impact consumer spending, our and our managers', tenants' and borrowers' businesses, and future demand for our properties. See also “—Market conditions and the actual and perceived state of the capital markets generally could negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations”, “—If our managers', tenants' or borrowers' financial condition or business prospects deteriorate, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.”

Changes in the U.S. political and regulatory environment could affect availability of government funding that we or our managers, tenants or borrowers rely on, which could negatively impact our business.

We and our managers, tenants and borrowers may rely on government programs or agencies as a source of funding. Our tenants include universities, academic medical centers and other research institutions whose funding may be dependent on grants from government agencies, such as the NIH and similar agencies or organizations. Other of our tenants, such as LTACs, SNFs and certain healthcare facilities, may rely on reimbursement from Medicare and/or Medicaid.

Funding from government agencies and reimbursement programs such as the NIH, Medicare and Medicaid, including the overall availability and reimbursement rates under these programs, often fluctuates and is subject to the political process, which is often unpredictable. For example, on February 7, 2025, the NIH issued Notice Number NOT-OD-25-068, a guidance document pronouncing that reimbursement for certain indirect costs would be capped at 15% for existing and future grant recipients, a rate that is lower than the in-place rate for many existing grant recipients. Certain of our tenants, including certain university tenants, may depend on NIH grants and reimbursements to partially fund research and in some cases to pay rent for space in our properties. In addition, federal policymakers have announced proposals to reduce overall healthcare spending, including with respect to Medicaid funding, which could impact our healthcare provider tenants and borrowers.

Any reduction in the availability or rate of funding or reimbursement, or delays surrounding the approval of such funding or reimbursement, may adversely impact our managers', tenants' or borrowers' operations or may cause our tenants to

cease making rent payment payments to us or delay or forgo leasing space in our properties, which in turn may negatively impact our business, financial condition, or results of operations. In addition, such developments could adversely impact the overall demand for space in our properties.

Economic conditions and other events or occurrences that affect areas in which our properties are geographically concentrated may impact financial results.

We are exposed to general economic conditions, local, regional, national and international economic conditions and other events and occurrences that affect the markets in which we own properties. Our operating performance is impacted by the economic conditions of the specific markets in which we have concentrations of properties and could be adversely affected if conditions become less favorable in any such markets.

A substantial portion of our value is derived from properties in California, New York, Texas, Illinois and Quebec, Canada. As a result, we are subject to increased exposure to adverse conditions affecting these regions, including downturns in the local economies or changes in local real estate conditions, changing demographics, increased construction and competition or decreased demand for our properties, regional climate events, such as wildfires, earthquakes or storms, regional disruptions to, or limited availability of, utilities and other services and changes in the state and local legal and regulatory environment. Our inability to respond to such condition, events or occurrences could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

To the extent that we or our managers, tenants and borrowers are unable to navigate successfully the trends affecting our or their businesses and the industries in which we or they operate, we may be adversely affected.

Our managers, tenants and borrowers include senior housing managers, hospitals, post-acute facilities and other healthcare systems, medical practices and life sciences and technology companies that are subject to a complex set of trends affecting their businesses and the industries in which they operate. If we or they are unable to successfully navigate these trends, our business, financial condition and results and that of our managers, tenants and borrowers could be adversely affected.

There have been, and there are expected to continue to be, advances and changes in technology, payment models, healthcare delivery models, public policy, regulation and consumer behavior and perception that could reduce demand for on-site activities provided at our properties. For example, the increased demand in telehealth solutions could broadly impact market demand for our properties and cause long-term structural changes in the marketplace. If our managers, tenants or borrowers are unable to adapt to long-term changes in demand, their financial condition could be materially impacted and our business, financial condition and results of operations could suffer.

Our managers, tenants and borrowers face a highly competitive labor market, which has been compounded by general inflationary pressures on wages and could be further compounded by a shortage of care givers or other trained personnel, union activities or minimum wage laws. For example, California SB-525, which was signed into law in June 2023 and became effective for healthcare workers in 2024, requires certain healthcare facility employers to pay wages for certain covered employees that are higher than other state-mandated minimum wages. Pressures such as these may require our managers, tenants and borrowers to comply with regulations or enhance pay and benefits packages to compete effectively for trained personnel or use high-cost alternatives to meet labor needs, including contract and overtime labor. They may be unable to offset these increased costs by increasing the amounts they charge their patients, residents or clients. Rising labor expense could negatively impact the financial condition of our managers, tenants and borrowers and impair their ability to meet their obligations to us.

Federal policymakers have announced proposals that may result in significant changes to the healthcare system in the United States, including with respect to government funding of or from NIH and Medicaid, which could impact certain of our managers, tenants and borrowers. See “—Changes in the U.S. political and regulatory environment could affect availability of government funding that we or our managers, tenants or borrowers rely on, which could negatively impact our business.” These and other trends could significantly and adversely affect the profitability of these tenants, which could affect their ability to make payments or meet their other obligations to us or their willingness to renew their leases on terms that are as favorable to us, or at all.

We are vulnerable to adverse changes affecting our specific asset classes and the real estate industry generally.

We invest in a variety of asset classes in real estate, including senior housing, outpatient medical, research, long-term acute care facilities and other healthcare facilities. While we endeavor to invest in a diversified portfolio, there can be no

assurance that in a particular economic or operational environment all assets will perform equally well or that our balance sheet will be appropriately balanced. Each of our asset classes are subject to their own dynamics and their own specific operational, financial, compliance, regulatory and market risks.

A broad downturn or slowdown in the healthcare real estate sector could have a greater adverse impact on our business than if we had investments in multiple industries and could negatively impact the ability of our managers, tenants and borrowers to meet their obligations to us. A downturn or slowdown in any one of our asset classes could adversely affect the value of our properties in such asset class and our ability to sell such properties at prices or on terms acceptable or favorable to us if at all.

We are exposed to the risks inherent in investments in real estate. Real estate investments are relatively illiquid, and our ability to quickly sell or exchange our properties in response to changes in economic or other conditions is limited. If we market any of our properties for sale, the value of those properties and our ability to sell at prices or on terms acceptable to us could be adversely affected by a downturn in the real estate industry. Transfers of healthcare real estate may be subject to regulatory approvals that are not required for transfers of other types of commercial real estate. We cannot assure you that we will recognize the full value of any property that we sell, and the inability to respond quickly to changes in the performance of our investments could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our third-party managers and tenants operate or exert substantial control over the properties that they manage for or rent from us, which limits our control and influence over operations and results.

A significant portion of our properties are either managed for us by third-party managers or leased from us by third-party tenants. Our third-party managers and tenants are ultimately in control of the day-to-day business of the properties that they manage for or lease from us. We have limited rights to direct or influence the business or operations of those properties, even though we have approval rights with respect to certain matters and the right to review operational and financial reporting information with respect to a majority of our portfolio. Although we may have the right under specified circumstances to terminate our arrangements with these third parties or pursue other remedies, we either may not be able to enforce these rights or may choose not to enforce these rights if we believe that enforcement would be more detrimental to our business than seeking alternative approaches. We depend on these third parties to operate these properties in a manner that complies with applicable law and regulation, minimizes legal risk and maximizes the value of our investment. These third parties may have business interests, goals and competing interests which conflict with ours that could create a conflict of interest. Additionally, new or smaller third-party managers may have less experience and require more oversight or attention. The failure by these third parties to operate these properties efficiently and effectively and adequately manage the related risks could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our operating assets may expose us to various operational risks, liabilities and claims that could adversely affect our ability to generate revenues or increase our costs and could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Under the REIT tax rules, the senior housing communities in our SHOP segment that are “qualified healthcare properties” generally must be operated and managed for us by third-party managers and we have limited rights to direct or influence the business or operations of those communities. A number of the non-qualified healthcare properties in our SHOP segment are also managed by third-party managers. However, in each case, we nonetheless participate directly in the financial performance of the communities’ operations and are ultimately responsible for all operational risks and other liabilities of such properties, other than those arising out of certain actions by our managers, such as gross negligence, fraud or willful misconduct. These risks include, and our financial performance is impacted by, among other things, fluctuations in occupancy levels, the inability to charge desirable resident fees (including anticipated increases in those fees), increases in the cost of food, supplies, energy, labor (as a result of labor shortages, unionization, inflation or otherwise) or other services, rent control regulations, national and regional economic conditions, the imposition of new or increased taxes, capital expenditure requirements, changes in management or equity, accounting misstatements, professional and general liability claims, litigation and regulatory actions and the availability and cost of insurance. Any one or a combination of these factors could impact the performance of our SHOP segment, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Such risks could also arise as a result of our ownership of outpatient medical and research buildings, and which could also adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We generally hold the applicable healthcare license and enroll in applicable government healthcare programs on behalf of the properties in our SHOP segment, which subjects us to potential liability under various healthcare laws and regulations. See “—We and our managers, tenants and borrowers may be adversely affected by regulation and enforcement.”

A significant portion of our revenues and operating income is dependent on a limited number of managers and tenants, including Atria, Sunrise, Le Groupe Maurice, Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred.

The portfolios managed or leased by Atria, Sunrise, Le Groupe Maurice, Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred represent a substantial portion of our portfolio and account for a significant portion of our revenues and NOI.

We rely on Atria, Sunrise and Le Groupe Maurice to manage a significant portion of the properties in our SHOP segment, including by setting appropriate resident fees, managing expenses, providing accurate property-level financial results in a timely manner and otherwise managing risk and operating our senior housing communities profitably and in compliance with the terms of our management agreements and all applicable law and regulation. Any adverse developments in such managers' business and affairs or financial condition could impair their ability to manage our properties efficiently and effectively and could adversely affect the financial performance of our properties and our business, financial condition and results of operations. If Atria, Sunrise or Le Groupe Maurice experience financial, legal, accounting, regulatory or other difficulties that impact their financial stability or ability to operate, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

We depend on Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred to pay all property-related expenses, including maintenance, utilities, repairs, taxes, insurance and capital expenditures, and to comply with the terms of the mortgage financing, if any, affecting the properties they lease from us. These tenants have also agreed to indemnify, defend and hold us harmless from and against various claims, litigation and liabilities arising in connection with their respective businesses. We cannot assure you that they will be able to, or will continue to, satisfy their obligations to us, and any failure, inability or unwillingness by them to do so could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Any failure by any one of Brookdale, Ardent or Kindred to effectively conduct its operations or to maintain and improve the properties they lease from us could adversely affect their financial condition and, in turn, our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If we need to replace any of our managers or tenants, we may be unable to do so on as favorable terms, if at all, and we could be subject to delays, limitations and expenses, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our leases and management agreements have set terms. While our leases and management agreements may be renewed, either pursuant to prenegotiated renewal rights or through negotiation, there can be no assurance that our tenants will renew their leases with us, or our managers will renew their management agreements with us. Even if a tenant renews its lease with us, or a manager renews its management agreement with us, we cannot assure you that the renewals will be on favorable terms. This risk may be exacerbated if market conditions at the time of the renewal are not as favorable as they were at the time the lease or management agreement was initially entered into or if the manager or tenant is subject to financial or operational difficulties.

Our leases and management agreements provide us, our managers and our tenants with termination rights in certain circumstances. If our leases or management agreements are not renewed or are otherwise terminated, we may attempt to reposition those properties with one or more managers or tenants, as applicable, or for an alternative use. We may not be successful in identifying suitable replacements or entering into leases, management agreements or other arrangements with new managers or tenants on a timely basis or on terms as favorable to us as our current leases or management agreements, if at all. We may be required to fund certain expenses and obligations (such as real estate taxes, debt costs and maintenance expenses) or provide certain indemnities to preserve the value of, and avoid the imposition of liens on, our properties while they are being repositioned.

If our leases or management agreements are not renewed or are otherwise terminated at some properties, we may attempt to sell those properties. We may not be successful in identifying suitable buyers or entering into sale agreements with buyers on a timely basis or on favorable terms, if at all, and we may be required to fund some expenses and obligations (such as real estate taxes, debt costs and maintenance expenses) to preserve the value of, and avoid the imposition of liens on, our properties while they are being sold.

During transition periods to new managers or tenants or as a result of a repositioning for an alternative use, the attention of existing managers or tenants may be diverted from the performance of the properties, which could cause the financial and operational performance at those properties to decline. Our ability to reposition our properties with a suitable replacement manager or tenant or for an alternative use could be significantly delayed or limited by state licensing, receivership, certificates of need, Medicaid change-of-ownership rules or other legal and regulatory requirements or restrictions. We could incur substantial additional expenses in connection with any licensing, receivership or change-of-ownership proceedings.

In the case of our leased properties, following expiration of a lease term, or if we exercise our right to replace a tenant in default, rental payments on the related properties could decline or cease altogether while we attempt to reposition the properties with a suitable replacement tenant or for an alternative use. This risk could be exacerbated by laws and regulations in certain jurisdictions that limit our ability to take remedial action against defaulted tenants under certain circumstances. Market conditions in effect at the time of the expiration or default of a lease may require us to reduce our rental rates below those we currently charge to retain tenants or obtain new suitable replacement tenants. Our ability to locate and attract suitable replacement tenants could be impaired by the specialized healthcare use or contractual restrictions on use of the property, and we may be forced to spend substantial amounts to adapt the properties to other uses.

If our managers', tenants' or borrowers' financial condition or business prospects deteriorate, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

We rely heavily on our managers, tenants and borrowers and their ability to perform their obligations to us, regardless of whether our relationship is structured as a lease, as a management contract or as a loan. Any of our managers, tenants or borrowers may experience a weakening in their overall financial or operating condition, including as a result of deteriorating operating performance, changes in industry or market conditions, such as supply-demand dynamics, rising or elevated labor costs, interest rates or inflation, or other factors. If their financial condition deteriorates, they may be unable or unwilling to make payments or perform their obligations to us in a timely manner, if at all. Although we may have the right under specified circumstances to terminate a lease, evict a tenant, terminate our management agreements, demand immediate repayment of outstanding loan amounts or pursue other remedies, we may not be able to enforce these rights, or we may determine it is not prudent to do so if we believe that enforcement of our rights would be more detrimental to our business than seeking alternative approaches.

In some cases, our managers, tenants and borrowers rely on reimbursements from governmental programs for a portion of their revenues. Changes in reimbursement policies and other governmental regulation resulting from actions by the U.S. Congress, U.S. executive orders or other governmental or regulatory agencies may result in reductions in our managers', tenants' or borrowers' revenues, operations and cash flows and affect our managers', tenants' or borrowers' ability to meet their obligations to us. Failure to comply with reimbursement regulations or other laws applicable to healthcare providers could result in penalties, fines, litigation costs, lost revenue or other consequences, which could adversely impact our tenants' ability to make contractual rent payments to us or adversely impact our cash flows from operations under a management arrangement. Our managers, tenants and borrowers who operate senior housing communities often depend on private pay sources consisting of the income or assets of residents or their family members to pay fees. Costs associated with independent and assisted living services generally are not reimbursable under government reimbursement programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid.

Our managers, tenants and borrowers depend on their ability to attract seniors, patients and other users of their services to their businesses, which may be affected by many factors, including, among other factors: (i) prevailing economic conditions and market trends, including market volatility, inflation and the strength of the economy generally and the housing market in particular; (ii) the ability to pay for such services, either through private resources or government reimbursement programs; (iii) consumer confidence; (iv) demographics; (v) property conditions; (vi) clinical conditions and safety, including as a result of a severe cold and flu season, an epidemic or any other widespread illness, such as that seen throughout the COVID-19 pandemic; (vi) public perception about such healthcare services; and (vii) social and environmental factors.

If our managers, tenants or borrowers fail to effectively conduct their operations, or to maintain and improve our properties on our behalf, it could adversely affect (i) their ability to attract and retain patients and residents in our properties, which could have an adverse effect on our and our managers', tenants' or borrowers' business, financial condition or results of operations and (ii) our business reputation as the owner of the properties and the business reputation of our managers, tenants or borrowers. Further, if a manager, tenant or borrower defaults or fails to pay its outstanding obligations at a time when terminating our agreement with, or replacing, such manager, tenant or borrower may be extremely difficult or impossible, we may elect instead to amend such agreement, which may be on terms that are less favorable to us than the original agreements and may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

We face potential adverse consequences from the bankruptcy, insolvency or financial deterioration of our managers, tenants, borrowers and other obligors.

We lease a significant number of our properties to tenants, operate a significant number of our properties through third-party managers and provide financing to third-party borrowers. We have limited control over the success or failure of our managers', tenants' and borrowers' businesses, and, at any time, a manager, tenant or borrower may experience a downturn in

its business that weakens its financial condition. If that happens, the manager, tenant or borrower may fail to make payments or meet its other obligations to us, which could have an adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

A downturn in any one of our managers', tenants' or borrowers' businesses could ultimately lead to its bankruptcy if it is unable to timely resolve the underlying causes, which may be largely outside of its control. Bankruptcy and insolvency laws afford certain rights to a party that has filed for bankruptcy or reorganization that may render certain of our rights and remedies unenforceable or delay our ability to pursue such rights and remedies and realize any recoveries. For example, we cannot evict a tenant solely because it has filed a bankruptcy petition. A debtor-lessee may reject our lease in a bankruptcy proceeding, and any claim we have for unpaid rent might not be paid in full. We may be unable to exercise available termination rights under our management contracts during the pendency of any bankruptcy petition. We also may be required to fund certain expenses and obligations (such as real estate taxes, debt costs and maintenance expenses) to preserve the value of our properties, avoid the imposition of liens on our properties or transition our properties to a new manager or tenant.

Bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings may result in increased costs and require significant management attention and resources. If we are unable to transition affected properties efficiently and effectively, such properties could experience prolonged operational disruption, leading to lower occupancy rates and further depressed revenues. Publicity about a manager's, tenant's or borrower's financial condition and insolvency proceedings may negatively impact its reputation, which could result in decreased customer demand and revenues. Any or all of these risks could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. These risks would be magnified where we lease multiple properties to a single third party, as a failure or default would expose us to these risks across multiple properties.

See also "—If a borrower defaults, we may be unable to obtain payment, successfully foreclose on collateral or realize the value of any collateral, which could adversely affect our ability to recover our investment" below.

The hospitals on or near the campuses where our outpatient medical buildings are located and their affiliated health systems may not remain competitive or financially viable.

Our outpatient medical buildings and other properties that serve the healthcare industry depend on the competitiveness and financial viability of the hospitals on or near the campuses where our properties are located or that our properties are otherwise affiliated with, and their ability to attract physicians and other healthcare-related clients to our properties. The viability of these hospitals, in turn, depends on a solid quality and mix of healthcare services provided, successful competition for patients, physicians and physician groups, positive demographic trends in the surrounding community, positive macroeconomic conditions, superior market position and growth potential as well as the ability of the affiliated health systems to provide economies of scale and access to capital. If a hospital on or near the campus where one of our properties is located fails or becomes unable to meet its financial obligations, and if an affiliated health system is unable to support that hospital, that hospital may be unable to compete successfully. That could adversely impact the hospital's ability to attract physicians and other healthcare-related clients, and, in some cases, the hospital might even close or relocate. We rely on proximity to and affiliations with hospitals to create leasing demand in our outpatient medical buildings and similar properties. If a hospital moves, closes, doesn't remain competitive or financially viable or can't attract physicians and physician groups, our properties and our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Our research tenants face unique levels of expense and uncertainty.

Our research tenants develop and sell products and services in an industry that is characterized by rapid and significant changes, evolving industry standards, significant research and development risk, in some cases, and uncertainty over the implementation of new healthcare reform or medical device legislation. These tenants, particularly those involved in developing and marketing pharmaceutical or other life science products, require significant outlays of funds for the research and development, clinical testing, manufacture and commercialization of their products and technologies, as well as to fund their other obligations, including rent payments to us. Our tenants' ability to raise capital depends on the timely success of their research and development activities, viability of their products and technologies, their financial and operating condition and outlook and the overall financial, economic and legal and regulatory environment. If private investors, the federal government, universities, public markets or other sources of funding are unwilling or unable to fund these tenants because of general economic conditions, adverse market conditions or otherwise, a tenant may not be able to pay rent or meet its other obligations to us and its business may fail. The financing market and availability of government funding for research companies has been and may continue to be volatile, which may contribute to these risks. See "—Changes in the U.S. political and regulatory environment could affect availability of government funding that we or our managers, tenants or borrowers rely on, which could negatively impact our business."

The research and development, clinical testing, manufacture and marketing of some of our tenants' products require federal, state and foreign regulatory approvals. The approval process is typically long, expensive and uncertain. Even if our tenants have sufficient funds to seek approvals, one or all of their products may fail to obtain the required regulatory approvals on a timely basis or at all. Our tenants may only have a small number of products under development. If one product fails to receive the required approvals at any stage of development, it could significantly and adversely affect the tenant's entire business. Our tenants may be unable to manufacture their products successfully or economically, may be unable to adapt to rapid technological advances in their industry, may be unable to adequately obtain, maintain, enforce, defend, protect or commercialize their intellectual property, may face competition from new products or may not receive acceptance of their products. If our research tenants' business deteriorates for these or any other reasons, they may be unable to make payments or meet their other obligations to us.

We cannot assure you that any of our research tenants will be successful in their businesses. Any tenant that is unable to avoid, or sufficiently mitigate, the risks described above may have difficulty making payments or satisfying its other obligations to us, which in turn could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. See also "—If we need to replace any of our managers or tenants, we may be unable to do so on as favorable terms, if at all, and we could be subject to delays, limitations and expenses, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations."

If a borrower defaults, we may be unable to obtain payment, successfully foreclose on collateral or realize the value of any collateral, which could adversely affect our ability to recover our investment.

If a borrower defaults under a mortgage or other loan for which we are the lender, we may attempt to obtain payment in full or foreclose on the collateral securing the loan, including by acquiring any pledged equity interests or acquiring title to the subject properties, to protect our investment. The defaulting borrower may not be able to repay us even if we are legally entitled to full repayment of the debt. The defaulting borrower may contest our enforcement of foreclosure or other available remedies, seek bankruptcy protection against our exercise of enforcement or other available remedies or bring claims against us for lender liability. Any such delay or limit on our ability to pursue our rights or remedies could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. See "—We face potential adverse consequences from the bankruptcy, insolvency or financial deterioration of our managers, tenants, borrowers and other obligors."

Although our loan agreements give us the right to exercise, under certain circumstances, certain remedies in the event of a default on the obligations owing to us, we may decide not to exercise those remedies for one or more reasons. For example, we may not exercise remedies (or be successful in exercising remedies) if the terms are not enforceable, if the terms are too costly to enforce or if we believe that enforcement of our rights would be more detrimental to our business than seeking alternative approaches. We may also decide not to enforce other contractual protections, such as annual rent escalators, or the properties may not generate sufficient revenue to achieve the specified rent escalation parameters.

Even if we successfully foreclose on any collateral securing our mortgages and other loans, costs related to enforcement of our remedies, high loan-to-value ratios or declines in the value of the collateral could prevent us from realizing the full amount of our investment and we could be required to record a reserve or valuation allowance with respect to such loans. The collateral securing our mortgages and other loans may include equity interests in an entity with unexpected liabilities that limits the value of those equity interests, or the equity interests may be subject to securities law restrictions that limit our ability to sell those interests in a timely manner, if at all. The mortgages and other loans we hold may have other limiting characteristics that result in us not having full recourse to the collateral securing those obligations or may limit our flexibility if we foreclose on the collateral. In connection with any foreclosure on any loan, we may be required to assume, replace or otherwise incur indebtedness, which may have an adverse effect on our financial condition. We may be unable to reposition any real property included in acquired collateral on a timely basis, if at all, or without making significant improvements or repairs. Any delay or costs incurred in selling or repositioning acquired collateral could adversely affect our ability to recover the full amount of our investment.

Our ongoing strategy depends, in part, upon identifying and consummating future acquisitions and investments and effectively managing our expansion opportunities.

Our ongoing strategy depends, in part, upon identifying and consummating future acquisitions and investments and effectively managing our expansion opportunities. Our ability to execute this strategy successfully is affected by many factors, including the significant competition we face for acquisition, investment, development and redevelopment opportunities, the availability of suitable opportunities, our relationships with current and prospective clients and partners, our ability to obtain debt and equity capital at costs comparable to or better than our competitors and lower than the yield we earn on our acquisitions or investments and our ability to negotiate favorable terms with counterparties, including buyers and sellers of

assets. We compete for these opportunities with a broad variety of potential investors, including other healthcare REITs, real estate partnerships, healthcare providers, healthcare lenders and other investors, including developers, banks, insurance companies, pension funds, government-sponsored entities and private equity firms, some of whom may have advantages compared to us, including greater financial resources and lower costs of capital. See “Business—Competition” included in Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report. If we are unsuccessful at identifying and capitalizing on investment, acquisition, development and redevelopment opportunities and otherwise expanding and diversifying our portfolio, our growth and profitability may be adversely affected.

When expanding into areas that are new to us, we face numerous risks and uncertainties, including risks associated with (i) the required investment of capital and other resources; (ii) the possibility that we have insufficient expertise to engage in such activities profitably or without incurring inappropriate amounts of risk; (iii) the diversion of management’s attention from our other businesses; (iv) the increasing demands on or issues related to operational and management systems and controls; (v) compliance with additional legal or regulatory requirements with which we are not familiar; and (vi) the broadening of our geographic footprint, including the risks associated with conducting operations in non-U.S. jurisdictions. Any new strategies, markets or businesses that we enter into may not be successful or meet our expectations, or we may be unable to effectively monitor or manage our portfolio of properties as it expands. Failure to meet any of these objectives could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our investments in and acquisitions of properties may be unsuccessful or fail to meet our expectations.

We have made and expect to continue to make significant acquisitions and investments as part of our overall business strategy. Investing in and acquiring healthcare real estate entails risks associated with real estate investments generally, including the risk that the investment will not achieve expected returns, that the cost estimates for necessary property improvements will prove inaccurate or that a manager, tenant or borrower will fail to meet performance expectations or their obligations to us. We also make acquisitions and investments outside the United States, which raises legal, economic and market risks associated with doing business in foreign countries, such as currency exchange fluctuations and foreign tax risks.

Our real estate development and redevelopment projects present additional risks, including the risk of construction delays or cost overruns that increase expenses, the inability to obtain required zoning, occupancy and other governmental approvals and permits on a timely basis and the incurrence of significant costs prior to completion of the project. Healthcare real estate properties are often highly customized, and the development or redevelopment of such properties may require costly tenant-specific or market-driven improvements.

Other risks that our significant acquisition and investment activity, including our developments and redevelopments, presents include that:

- We may be unable to successfully integrate the operations, personnel or systems of acquired companies, maintain consistent standards, controls, policies and procedures, retain key personnel or companies we acquire or realize the anticipated benefits of acquisitions and other investments within the anticipated time frame if at all;
- Our underwriting assumptions, including projections of estimated future revenues and expenses and anticipated synergies and other costs savings, and other financial and operating metrics that we develop may be inaccurate, in which case we may not be able to realize the expected benefits of the acquisition, investment, development or redevelopment;
- Our leverage could increase or our per share financial results could decline if we incur additional debt or issue equity securities to finance acquisitions and investments;
- Acquisitions and investments could divert management’s attention from our existing assets;
- The value of the assets we acquire or invest in may decline or we may not realize the expected return on the developments or redevelopments we undertake; and
- If our acquisitions, investments, developments and redevelopments are not successful, the market price of our common stock may decline.

See also “—Our ongoing strategy depends, in part, upon identifying and consummating future acquisitions and investments and effectively managing our expansion opportunities.”

We cannot assure you that our acquisitions, investments, developments and redevelopments will be successful or meet our expectations, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our investments in co-investment vehicles, joint ventures and minority interests may subject us to risks and liabilities that we would not otherwise face.

We have and may continue to develop and acquire properties in co-investment vehicles or joint ventures with other persons or entities when circumstances warrant the use of these structures. In 2020, we formed Ventas Investment Management (“VIM”) to combine our private capital management capabilities for certain assets under a single platform. We also own minority investments in properties and unconsolidated operating entities. These minority investments usually entitle us to typical rights and protections but inherently involve a lesser degree of control over business operations than if we owned a majority interest. In the future, we may enter into additional co-investments, partnerships and joint ventures, either through VIM or otherwise.

There can be no assurance that our co-investments, joint ventures, minority or other investments, which we refer to collectively below as investments and ventures, will be successful or meet our expectations. These investments and ventures involve significant risk, including, among others, the following:

- We may be unable to take actions that are opposed by our partners under arrangements that require us to share decision-making authority;
- For investments and ventures in which we have a noncontrolling interest, our partners may take actions that we oppose;
- If our partners become bankrupt, insolvent or otherwise fail to fund their share of required capital contributions or fulfill other partner obligations, we may choose to or be required to contribute that capital;
- Our partners may seek to redeem their investment, and may do so simultaneously, causing the venture to seek capital to satisfy these requests on less than optimal terms;
- Some of our investments and ventures may incur indebtedness; in some cases, we may guarantee the payment of such indebtedness, in whole or in part; depending on credit market conditions, the refinancing or payoff of such indebtedness may require equity capital calls, which we or our partners may not be capable of funding or which may be required at inopportune times;
- We may be subject to restrictions on our ability to transfer our interest in the investment or venture, which may require us to retain our interest at a time when we would otherwise prefer to sell it;
- Our partners may have business interests or goals that conflict with our business interests and goals, including the timing, terms and strategies for any investments, and what levels of financing to incur or carry;
- Our partners may be structured differently than us for tax purposes and this could create conflicts of interest, including with respect to our compliance with the REIT requirements, and our REIT status could be jeopardized if any of our joint ventures do not operate in compliance with REIT requirements;
- Our investments or ventures or our partners may be unable to meet their financial or other obligations to us or to the investment or venture, including any obligation to provide equity to the investment or venture or indemnify us or the investment or venture for losses;
- Our partners may have competing interests in our markets that could create conflicts of interest;
- We could experience an impasse on certain decisions where we do not have sole decision-making authority, which could require us to expend additional resources on resolving such impasses or potential disputes;
- We could become engaged in a dispute with any of our partners that could lead to the sale of either parties’ ownership interest or the underlying assets;
- Disagreements with our partners could result in litigation or arbitration; and

- We may suffer other losses as a result of actions taken by our partners.

In some instances, our partners may have the right to cause us to sell our interest, or acquire our partner's interest, at a time when we otherwise would not have initiated such a transaction. Our ability to acquire our partner's interest will be limited if we do not have sufficient cash, available borrowing capacity or other capital resources. This may require us to sell our interest in the investment or venture when we would otherwise prefer to retain it.

In certain circumstances, Ventas serves as managing member, general partner or controlling party with respect to investments and ventures, including within our VIM platform. In such instances, we may face additional risks including, among others, the following:

- Ventas may have increased duties to the other investors or partners in the investment or venture;
- In the event of certain events or conflicts, our partners may have recourse against Ventas, including the right to monetary penalties, the ability to force a sale or exit the investment or venture;
- Our partners may have the right to remove us as the general partner or managing member in certain cases involving cause; and
- Our subsidiaries that would be the general partner or managing member of the investment or venture could be generally liable, under applicable law or the governing agreement of a venture, for the debts and obligations of the investment or venture, subject to certain exculpation and indemnification rights pursuant to the terms of the governing agreement.

Increased construction and development in the markets in which our properties are located could adversely affect our future occupancy rates, operating margins and profitability.

If existing supply and development collectively outpaces demand in the markets in which our properties are located, those markets may become saturated and we could experience decreased occupancy, reduced operating margins and lower profitability, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Depending on the jurisdiction, there are limited barriers to developing properties in our asset classes, particularly senior housing. As a result, supply and demand dynamics can change quickly. We may be unable to rebalance our portfolio in a timely manner in order to respond to changes in those dynamics.

Merger, acquisition and investment activity in our industries resulting in a change of control of, or a competitor's investment in, one or more of our managers, tenants or borrowers could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The senior housing and healthcare industries have experienced and may continue to experience consolidation, including among owners of real estate, managers, tenants borrowers and care providers. When a change of control of a managers, tenant or borrower occurs, that manager's, tenant's or borrower's strategy, financial condition, management team or real estate needs may change, any of which could adversely affect our relationship with that party and our revenues and results of operations. If any of our managers or tenants merge with one another, our dependence on a small group of significant third parties would increase, as would our exposure to the risks described above under "—Our investments in and acquisitions of properties may be unsuccessful or fail to meet our expectations." A competitor's investment in one of our managers, tenants or borrowers could enable our competitor to directly or indirectly influence that manager's, tenant's or borrower's business and strategy in a manner that impairs our relationship with the manager, tenant or borrower or is otherwise adverse to our interests. Depending on our contractual agreements and the specific facts and circumstances, we may not have the right to prevent a competitor's investment in, a change of control of, or other transactions impacting a manager, tenant or borrower.

Development, redevelopment and construction risks could affect our profitability.

We invest in various development and redevelopment projects. In deciding whether to make an investment in a project, we make certain underwriting assumptions regarding expected future performance. Our assumptions are subject to risks generally associated with development and redevelopment projects, including, among others, that:

- Tenants may not lease the amount of space projected or at the projected rental rate levels or lease on the projected schedule, including due to increased competition in the market and other market and economic conditions;

- Our underwriting assumptions and other financial and operating metrics that we develop, such as the estimated costs necessary to develop or redevelop the property, may be inaccurate, in which case we may not be able to realize the expected benefits of the project;
- We may not complete the project on schedule or within budgeted amounts;
- We may not be able to recognize rental revenue even though cash rent is being paid and the lease has commenced;
- We may encounter delays in obtaining or we may fail to obtain necessary zoning, land use, building, occupancy, environmental and other governmental permits and authorizations;
- We may be unable to obtain financing for the project on favorable terms or at all, including at the maturity of an applicable construction loan;
- Construction or other delays may provide tenants or residents the right to terminate preconstruction leases or cause us to incur additional costs, including through rent abatement;
- Volatility in the price of construction materials or labor may increase our project costs;
- Any partners in the project may maintain significant decision-making authority with respect to the project, which lessens our control and could lead to increased costs, project delays or disputes;
- Our builders or development managers may fail to meet their obligations to us or satisfy the expectations of our tenants and partners; and
- We may incorrectly forecast risks associated with development in new geographic regions or addressing markets that are new to us, including new markets where we may not have sufficient depth of market knowledge.

We may face increased risks and costs associated with volatility in materials and labor prices or as a result of supply chain or procurement disruptions, which may adversely affect the status of our construction projects.

The price of materials and labor for our construction projects may increase due to external factors, including but not limited to performance of third-party suppliers and contractors, overall market supply and demand, elevated or increasing interest rates, government regulation and policies, including actions taken by the Federal Reserve, and changes in general business, economic or political conditions. As a result, the costs of construction materials and skilled labor required for the completion of our development and redevelopment projects may fluctuate significantly over time.

We rely on a number of third-party suppliers and contractors to supply materials and labor for our construction projects. We may experience difficulties obtaining necessary materials from suppliers or vendors whose supply chains might be disrupted by macroeconomic conditions or otherwise, or difficulties obtaining adequate labor from third-party contractors. If we are unable to access materials and labor to complete our construction projects within our expected budgets and meet our or our development partners' and tenants' demands and expectations in a timely and efficient manner, our results of operations may be adversely impacted. We may be unable to complete our development or redevelopment projects timely or within our budget, which may affect our ability to lease space to potential tenants and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

If any of the risks described above occur, our development and redevelopment projects may not yield anticipated returns, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our success depends, in part, on our ability to attract and retain talented employees. The loss of any one of our key personnel or the inability to maintain appropriate staffing could adversely impact our business.

The success of our business depends, in part, on the leadership and performance of our executive management team and key employees and the ability to maintain appropriate staffing levels across our organization. Failure to attract, retain and motivate highly qualified employees, or failure to develop, implement and maintain viable succession plans, could result in loss of institutional knowledge and important skill sets negatively impact our culture, significantly impacting our performance and adversely affecting our business.

Competition for talented employees is intense, and we cannot assure you that we will retain our employees or that we will be able to attract and retain other highly qualified individuals in the future. If our long-term compensation and retention plans and succession plans are not effective, if we lose any one or more of our key officers and employees or are unable to maintain appropriate staffing or operate below capacity – causing us to forego potential revenue and growth opportunities and affecting our ability to effectively manage risk – our business could be adversely affected.

We may be required to recognize reserves, allowances, credit losses or impairment charges.

Declines in the value of our properties or other assets or loan collateral, financial deterioration of our borrowers or other obligors or other factors may result in the recognition of reserves, allowances, credit losses or impairment charges. Our determination of such reserves, allowances or credit losses relies on estimates regarding the fair value of any loan collateral, which is a complex and subjective process. In addition, we evaluate our assets for impairments based on various triggers, including market conditions, our current intentions with respect to holding or disposing of the assets and the expected future undiscounted cash flows from the assets. Impairments, reserves, allowances and credit losses are based on estimates and assumptions that are inherently uncertain, may increase or decrease in the future and may not represent or reflect the ultimate value of, or loss that we ultimately realize with respect to, the relevant assets. Any such impairment, reserve, allowance or credit loss, or any change in any of the foregoing, could have an adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

See also “—If a borrower defaults, we may be unable to obtain payment, successfully foreclose on collateral or realize the value of any collateral, which could adversely affect our ability to recover our investment” and “—We face potential adverse consequences from the bankruptcy, insolvency or financial deterioration of our managers, tenants, borrowers and other obligors.”

We own properties that are subject to ground lease, air rights or other restrictive agreements that limit our uses of the properties, restrict our ability to sell or otherwise transfer the properties and expose us to loss of the properties if such agreements are breached by us or terminated.

Our investments in outpatient medical buildings and research buildings and facilities as well as other properties may be made through leasehold interests in the land on which the buildings are located, leases of air rights for the space above the land on which the buildings are located, or other similar restrictive arrangements. Many of these ground lease, air rights and other restrictive agreements impose significant limitations on our uses of the subject properties, restrict our ability to sell or otherwise transfer our interests in the properties or restrict the leasing of the properties. These restrictions may limit our ability to timely sell or exchange the properties, impair the properties’ value or negatively impact our ability to find suitable tenants for the properties. We could lose our interests in the subject properties if the ground lease, air rights or other restrictive agreements are breached by us, are terminated or expire. In addition, we could be forced to renegotiate such ground leases upon their expiration on terms that are unfavorable to us.

Purchase options, rights of first offer or rights of first refusal in favor of third parties could negatively affect us or discourage prospective buyers from negotiating with us with respect to the sale of our properties.

Some of our properties are subject to purchase options, rights of first offer, rights of first refusal or similar rights in favor of third parties. Purchase options for our properties may give a third party the right to purchase the property at fair market value, at a price set based on our investment in the property, or at fixed prices as of certain dates. The proceeds we receive as a result of the exercise of a purchase option may be less than the price we paid for the property, and we may not be able to re-invest the proceeds on favorable terms or at all. In addition, purchase options could force us to sell a property when we would otherwise prefer to hold such property. Purchase options, rights of first offer or rights of first refusal that encumber our properties could discourage prospective buyers from negotiating with us and may prevent us from receiving the maximum price that we may otherwise have obtained.

Damage from catastrophic or extreme weather and other natural events and the physical effects of climate change could result in losses to the Company.

Some of our properties are in areas particularly susceptible to revenue loss, cost increase or damage caused by catastrophic or extreme weather and other natural events, including fires, snow, rain or ice storms, windstorms, tornadoes, hurricanes, earthquakes, flooding and other severe weather. These adverse weather and natural events could cause substantial damages or losses to our properties that could exceed our or our managers’, tenants’ or borrowers’ property insurance coverage.

Any of these events could cause a major power outage, leading to a disruption of our systems and operations. If we incur a loss greater than insured limits, or if for any reason insurance coverage is unavailable, we could lose our capital invested in the affected property, as well as anticipated future revenue from that property. Any such loss could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations. Climate change may increase the cost of property insurance on terms we find acceptable or make such insurance unavailable.

If significant changes in the climate occur in areas where our properties are located, we may experience extreme weather and changes in precipitation and temperature, all of which may result in physical damage to or a decrease in demand for properties located in these areas or affected by these conditions. Where climate change has a significant or sustained impact, our properties could be destroyed and our business, financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected.

Changes in federal, state or foreign legislation and regulation on climate change could result in increased capital expenditures to improve the energy efficiency of our existing properties and could also require us to spend more on our new development properties without a corresponding increase in revenue.

Cybersecurity threats and incidents could disrupt our operations or the operations of the third parties with whom we do business, invest in or lend to, result in the loss of or unauthorized access to confidential or personal information or damage our or their business relationships and reputation.

Cybersecurity threats and incidents have been occurring globally at a more frequent and advanced level and will likely continue to increase in frequency and severity in the future. Our business and the businesses of our managers, tenants, borrowers, investments in unconsolidated entities, vendors, suppliers, service providers and other third parties with whom we do business rely on technology and are consequently subject to risk from cybersecurity threats and incidents, including attempts to gain unauthorized access to systems and networks, to disrupt operations, corrupt data or steal confidential or personal information and other cybersecurity breaches. Such attempts can originate from a wide variety of sources, including organized crime, hackers, activists, insider threats, terrorists, nation-states, state-sponsored actors and others, any of which may see their effectiveness enhanced by the use of artificial intelligence.

While we have implemented measures designed to help mitigate these threats for our business, these measures cannot guarantee that we will be successful in preventing a cybersecurity incident. Our information technology systems and networks are essential to our ability to perform day-to-day operations of our business, and a cybersecurity threat or incident could result in a data center outage, disrupt our systems and operations, compromise the confidential or personal information of our employees, partners or the residents in our senior housing communities and damage our business relationships and reputation. Although we have implemented various measures designed to manage risks to our information technology systems and networks relating to these types of events, these measures could prove to be inadequate. If our information technology systems or networks are compromised, they could become inoperable for extended periods of time, cease to function properly or fail to adequately secure confidential and personal information, which could have an adverse impact on our ability to operate our business.

Cybersecurity threats and incidents, such as those involving software bugs, server malfunctions, software or hardware failure, telecommunications failures, error or misconduct, ransomware, covertly introduced malware, denial-of-service attacks, impersonation of authorized users or other social engineering schemes (including phishing attacks), industrial or other espionage and other cybersecurity breaches may not be identified even with sophisticated prevention and detection systems, potentially resulting in further harm and preventing them from being addressed appropriately. The failure of our systems or of our disaster recovery plans for any reason could cause significant interruptions in our operations and result in a failure to maintain the security, confidentiality or privacy of sensitive data, including personal information, material nonpublic information and intellectual property and trade secrets and other confidential or sensitive information we possess.

We do not control the information technology systems and network or cybersecurity measures put in place by our managers, tenants, borrowers, investments in unconsolidated entities, vendors, suppliers, service providers or other third parties with whom we do business, all of whom are subject to risks associated with cybersecurity threats and incidents. If those parties are unable to adequately manage those risks, their results of operations, financial condition and the viability of their business could be adversely affected, which could in turn have an adverse impact on us and our business. Any contractual protections with such third parties, such as indemnification obligations to us, if any at all, may be ineffective or otherwise inadequate.

In the event of a cybersecurity threat or incident involving us or our managers, tenants, borrowers, investments in unconsolidated entities, vendors, suppliers, service providers or other third parties with whom we do business, we and they may be required to make a significant investment to attempt to mitigate or remediate the effects of any cybersecurity threats incidents, and such efforts may not be successful. We and they may be subject to legal claims and regulatory or enforcement actions and may experience harm to our reputations and adverse publicity or suffer other adverse consequences. Further, we and they may not have adequate or any insurance coverage to cover any costs, expenses or other losses arising from any of the foregoing. In addition, we cannot be sure such insurance coverage will continue to be available on acceptable terms or at all, or that the applicable insurers will not deny coverage as to any future claim.

Damage to our reputation could adversely affect our business, financial condition or result of operations.

Our positive reputation for quality and service with our key stakeholders, including our managers, tenants development partners, lenders and stockholders, could be damaged. Such damage to our reputation could result if, for example, we experience a sustained period of distress, either as a result of general market conditions or otherwise, where our properties underperform, our managers or tenants default or in other instances that result in misalignment with those parties. Damage to our reputation could result in a decrease in the market price of our common stock or make it more difficult to maintain or expand our business relationships, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Activist investors could cause us to incur substantial costs, divert management's attention and have an adverse effect on our business.

Activist investors have engaged, and may in the future engage, in proxy solicitations, advance shareholder proposals or otherwise attempt to affect changes or acquire control over us. Responding to these actions can be costly and time-consuming, divert the attention of our Board and management from the management of our business and the pursuit of our business strategies. In addition to incurred costs, perceived uncertainties as to our future direction may result in the loss of potential business opportunities, damage to our reputation and may make it more difficult to attract and retain qualified directors, personnel and business partners. These actions could also cause our stock price to experience periods of volatility.

Our Capital Structure Risks

Market conditions and the actual and perceived state of the capital markets generally could negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We are dependent on the capital markets and any disruption to the capital markets or our ability to access such markets could impair our ability to fulfill our dividend requirements, make payments to our security holders or otherwise finance our business operations. Adverse developments affecting economies throughout the world, including elevated or rising inflation, a general tightening of availability of credit (including the price, terms and conditions under which it can be obtained), the state of the public and private capital markets, decreased liquidity in certain financial markets, elevated or increased interest rates, foreign exchange fluctuations, low or declining consumer confidence, the actual or perceived state of the real estate market, tightened labor markets or significant declines in stock markets, as well as concerns regarding pandemics, epidemics and the spread of contagious diseases, could impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. For example, unfavorable changes in general economic conditions, including recessions, economic slowdowns, high unemployment and rising prices or the perception by consumers of weak or weakening economic conditions may reduce disposable income and impact consumer spending in healthcare or senior housing, which could adversely affect our financial results.

During inflationary periods, interest rates have historically increased, which would have, and in recent periods has had, a direct effect on the interest expense and overall cost of our borrowings. The U.S. Federal Reserve may raise the federal funds rate, may maintain an elevated federal funds rate for longer than the market expects, or may not lower the federal funds rate consistent with market expectations. Any of these actions or failure to take action could result in higher than expected interest rates in the credit markets and the possibility of lower asset values, slowing economic growth or a recession. We are exposed to increases in or elevated interest rates in the short term through our variable-rate borrowings, which consist of borrowings under our unsecured credit facility, our unsecured term loans, our commercial paper program and certain other credit facilities. Therefore, interest rate increases or sustained elevated interest rates, due to inflation or otherwise, have in recent periods increased and may continue to increase our interest expense under these variable-rate facilities in the short term and increase our financing costs as we refinance our existing variable-rate and fixed-rate long-term borrowings, or incur additional interest expense related to the issuance of incremental debt in the long term.

To the extent there is turmoil in the global financial markets, this turmoil has the potential to adversely affect (i) the value of our properties; (ii) the availability or the terms of financing that we have or may be able to obtain; (iii) our ability to

make principal and interest payments on, or refinance when due, any outstanding indebtedness; (iv) our ability to pay a dividend; and (v) the ability of our managers, tenants and borrowers to satisfy their obligations to us. Disruptions in the capital and credit markets may also adversely affect the market price of our securities.

We are exposed to increases in interest rates, which could reduce our profitability and adversely impact our ability to refinance existing debt, sell assets or engage in acquisition, investment, development and redevelopment activity, and our decision to hedge against interest rate risk might not be effective.

Increases in or elevated interest rates may result in a decrease in the value of our real estate, a decrease in the market price of our common stock and a decrease in our cash flows and net income. Increases in or elevated interest rates may also adversely affect the securities markets generally, which could reduce the market price of our common stock without regard to our operating performance. Any such unfavorable changes to our borrowing costs and price of our common stock could significantly impact our ability to raise new debt and equity capital going forward and increase the cost of financing on our acquisition, investment, development and redevelopment activity. An increase in or elevated interest rates also could limit our ability to refinance existing debt upon maturity or cause us to pay higher rates upon refinancing, as well as decrease the amount that third parties are willing to pay for our assets, thereby limiting our ability to promptly reposition our portfolio in response to changes in economic or other conditions.

We receive a significant portion of our revenues by leasing assets under long-term triple-net leases that generally provide for fixed rental rates subject to annual escalations, while certain of our debt obligations are variable rate obligations with interest and related payments that vary with the movement of the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (“SOFR”), Bankers’ Acceptance or other indexes. The generally fixed rate nature of a significant portion of our revenues and the variable rate nature of certain of our debt obligations create interest rate risk. If interest rates continue to rise or remain elevated, the costs of our existing variable rate debt would increase or remain elevated and any new debt that we incur could increase. These increased costs could reduce our profitability, impair our ability to meet our debt obligations, or increase the cost of financing our acquisition, investment, development and redevelopment activity.

We may seek to manage our exposure to interest rate volatility with hedging arrangements that involve additional risks, including the risks that counterparties may fail to honor their obligations under these arrangements, that these arrangements may not be effective in reducing our exposure to interest rate changes, that the amount of income we earn from hedging transactions may be limited by federal tax provisions governing REITs, and that these arrangements may cause us to pay higher interest rates on our debt obligations than otherwise would be the case. Moreover, no amount of hedging activity can fully insulate us from the risks associated with changes in interest rates. Failure to hedge effectively against interest rate risk, if we choose to engage in such activities, could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We have a significant amount of outstanding indebtedness and may incur additional indebtedness in the future.

As of December 31, 2024, we had approximately \$13.6 billion of outstanding principal indebtedness. The instruments governing our existing indebtedness permit us to incur substantial additional debt, including secured debt, and we may satisfy our capital and liquidity needs through additional borrowings. Our indebtedness requires us to dedicate a significant portion of our cash flow from operations to the payment of debt service, thereby reducing the funds available to implement our business strategy and make distributions to stockholders. A high level of indebtedness on an absolute basis or as a ratio to our cash flow could also have the following consequences:

- Potential limits on our ability to adjust rapidly to changing market conditions and vulnerability in the event of a downturn in general economic conditions or in the real estate or healthcare industries;
- Potential impairment of our ability to obtain additional financing to execute on our business strategy; and
- Potential downgrade in the rating of our debt securities by one or more rating agencies, which could have the effect of, among other things, limiting our access to capital and increasing our cost of borrowing.

We mortgage, and expect to continue to mortgage, certain of our properties to secure payment of indebtedness. If we are unable to meet our mortgage payments, then the encumbered properties could be foreclosed upon or transferred to the mortgagee with a resulting loss of income and asset value.

Limitations on our ability to access the capital markets could have an adverse effect on us, including our ability to make required payments on our debt obligations, make distributions to our stockholders or make future investments necessary to implement our business strategy.

We are highly dependent on access to the debt and equity capital markets. We cannot assure you that we will be able to raise the capital necessary to meet our debt service obligations, make distributions to our stockholders or make future investments necessary to implement our business strategy if our cash flow from operations is insufficient to satisfy these needs. We cannot assure you that conditions in the capital markets will not deteriorate, that our access to capital and other sources of funding will not become constrained or that interest rates will not rise, any of which could adversely affect the availability and terms of future borrowings, renewals or refinancings and our results of operations and financial condition. If we cannot access capital at an acceptable cost or at all, we may be required to liquidate one or more investments in properties at times that may not permit us to maximize the return on those investments or that could result in adverse tax consequences to us.

As a public company, our access to debt and equity capital depends, in part, on the trading prices of our senior notes and common stock, which, in turn, depend upon market conditions that change from time to time, such as the market's perception of our financial condition, our growth potential and our current and expected future earnings and cash distributions. Our failure to meet the market's expectation regarding future earnings and cash distributions or a significant downgrade in the ratings assigned to our long-term debt could impact our ability to access capital or increase our borrowing costs.

We rely on the financial institutions that are parties to our revolving credit facilities. If these institutions become capital constrained, tighten their lending standards or become insolvent or if they experience excessive volumes of borrowing requests from other borrowers within a short period of time, they may be unable or unwilling to honor their funding commitments to us, which would adversely affect our ability to draw on our revolving credit facilities and, over time, could negatively impact our ability to consummate acquisitions, repay indebtedness as it matures, fund capital expenditures or make distributions to our stockholders.

We may be adversely affected by fluctuations in currency exchange rates.

Our ownership of properties in Canada and the United Kingdom currently subjects us to fluctuations in the exchange rates between U.S. dollars and Canadian dollars or the British pound, which may, from time to time, impact our financial condition and results of operations. If we continue to expand our international presence through investments in, or acquisitions or development of, assets outside the United States, Canada or the United Kingdom, we may transact business in other foreign currencies. Although we may pursue hedging alternatives, including borrowing in local currencies, to protect against foreign currency fluctuations, we cannot assure you that such hedging will be successful and that fluctuations will not adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Covenants in the instruments governing our and our subsidiaries' existing indebtedness limit our operational flexibility, and a covenant breach could adversely affect our operations.

The terms of the instruments governing our existing indebtedness require us to comply with certain customary financial and other covenants, such as maintaining debt service coverage, leverage ratios and minimum net worth requirements. Our continued ability to incur additional debt and to conduct business in general is subject to our compliance with these covenants, which limit our operational flexibility. Breaches of these covenants could result in defaults under the applicable debt instruments and could trigger defaults under any of our other indebtedness that is cross-defaulted against such instruments, even if we satisfy our payment obligations. Covenants contained in the instruments governing our subsidiaries' outstanding mortgage indebtedness may restrict our ability to obtain cash distributions from such subsidiaries for the purpose of meeting our debt service obligations. Financial and other covenants that limit our operational flexibility, as well as defaults resulting from our breach of any of these covenants, could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our Legal, Compliance and Regulatory Risks

Significant legal or regulatory proceedings could subject us or our managers, tenants or borrowers to increased operating costs and substantial uninsured liabilities, which could adversely affect our or their liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

From time to time, we or our managers, tenants or borrowers may be subject to lawsuits, investigations, claims and other legal or regulatory proceedings arising out of our or their alleged actions or inactions. These claims may include, among other things, professional liability and general liability claims, commercial liability claims, unfair business practices claims,

class action claims, employment-related claims, as well as regulatory proceedings, including proceedings related to our SHOP segment, where we are typically the holder of the applicable healthcare license. In addition, some of our properties are in states in which the litigation environment may pose a significant business risk to us.

In our operating assets, including those in our SHOP and OM&R segments, we are generally responsible for all liabilities of the properties, including any lawsuits, investigations, claims and other legal or regulatory proceedings, other than those arising out of certain limited actions by our managers, such as those caused by gross negligence, fraud or willful misconduct. As a result, we have exposure to, among other things, professional and general liability claims, employment-related claims and the associated litigation and other costs related to defending and resolving such claims, some of which may be uninsured, either as a result of insufficient coverage or unavailability of coverage at a reasonable price.

In our SHOP segment in particular, if one of our managers fails to comply with applicable law or regulation, we may be held responsible, which could subject us to civil, criminal and administrative penalties, including the loss or suspension of accreditation, licenses or certificates of need with respect to a single community or more broadly; suspension of or nonpayment for new admissions; denial of reimbursement; fines; suspension, decertification, or exclusion from federal, state or foreign healthcare programs; or facility closure. In addition, we cannot assure you that any contractual obligations to indemnify, defend and hold us harmless from such liabilities will be satisfied by third parties, or that any amounts held in escrow for such purpose will be sufficient.

An unfavorable resolution of any such lawsuit, investigation, claim or other legal or regulatory proceeding could materially and adversely affect our or our managers', tenants' or borrowers' liquidity, financial condition and results of operations, and may not be protected by sufficient or any insurance coverage. Even with a favorable resolution of litigation or a proceeding, the effect of litigation and other potential litigation and proceedings may materially increase operating costs we or our managers, tenants or borrowers incur. Negative publicity with respect to any lawsuits, claims or other legal or regulatory proceedings may also negatively impact their or our or the affected properties' reputation.

Our business may be subject to lawsuits or other legal or regulatory proceedings such as professional or general liability litigation alleging wrongful death and negligence claims, some of which may result in large damage awards and not be indemnified or subject to sufficient insurance coverage, may require our support as a result of our indemnification agreements or may result in restrictions in the operations of our or our managers' or tenants' business.

We and our managers, tenants and borrowers may be adversely affected by regulation and enforcement.

We and our managers, tenants and borrowers are subject to or impacted by extensive and frequently changing federal, state, local and international laws and regulations. For example, the healthcare industry is subject to laws and regulations that relate to, among other things, licensure and certificates of need, conduct of operations, ownership of communities and facilities, construction of new communities and facilities and addition of equipment, governmental reimbursement programs, such as Medicare and Medicaid, allowable costs, services, prices for services, qualified beneficiaries, appropriateness and classification of care, patient rights, resident health and safety, data privacy and cybersecurity, wage and hour, fraud and abuse and financial and other arrangements that may be entered into by healthcare providers. We generally hold the applicable healthcare licenses and enroll in applicable government healthcare programs on behalf of the properties in our SHOP segment, and that subjects us to potential liability under some healthcare laws and regulations. See "Government Regulation—United States Healthcare Regulation, Licensing and Enforcement" included in Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report. Many of our research tenants are subject to laws and regulations that govern the research, development, clinical testing, manufacture and marketing of drugs, medical devices and similar products.

The laws and regulations that apply to us and our managers, tenants and borrowers are complex and may change rapidly or new laws and regulations may be introduced, and efforts to comply with them require significant resources. Any new laws, regulations or changes in scope, interpretation or enforcement of the regulatory framework could require us or our managers, tenants or borrowers to make changes to our business or operations and invest significant resources in responding to these changes. For example, certain states have considered or passed legislation imposing restrictions that could affect the ability of REITs to acquire interests in healthcare properties, including hospitals. Other similar laws or regulations could be enacted at the state or federal level. If we or our managers, tenants or borrowers fail to comply with the extensive laws, regulations and other requirements applicable to our or their businesses and the operation of our or their properties, we or they could face a number of remedial actions, including forced closure, loss of accreditation, bans on admissions of new patients or residents, enforcement actions, investigations, imposition of fines, ineligibility to receive reimbursement from governmental and private third-party payor programs or civil or criminal penalties with respect to a single community or more broadly. If any of these occur, our and our managers', tenants' and borrowers' businesses, reputation, results of operations (including results of properties) or financial condition could be adversely affected.

Our investments may expose us to unknown liabilities.

We may acquire or invest in properties or businesses that are subject to liabilities and without any recourse, or with only limited recourse, against the prior owners or other third parties with respect to unknown liabilities. As a result, if a liability was asserted against us based upon ownership of those properties or businesses, we might have to pay substantial sums to settle or contest it, which could adversely affect our results of operations and cash flow.

We may assume or incur liabilities, including, in some cases, contingent liabilities, and be exposed to actual or potential claims in connection with our acquisitions that adversely affect us, such as:

- Liabilities relating to the clean-up or remediation of environmental conditions;
- Unasserted claims of vendors or other persons dealing with the prior owners;
- Liabilities, claims, litigation or obligations, including indemnification obligations, relating to periods prior to or following our acquisition;
- Claims for indemnification by general partners, directors, officers and others indemnified by the sellers; and
- Liabilities for taxes relating to periods prior to our acquisition.

If the liabilities we assume in connection with acquisitions are greater than expected, or if we discover obligations relating to the acquired properties or businesses, our business and results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

We and our managers, tenants and borrowers may be adversely affected by complex and evolving laws and regulations regarding data privacy and cybersecurity.

In the ordinary course of business, we and our managers, tenants and borrowers collect, use, store, disclose, transfer and otherwise process personal information, including personal information specific to tenants, residents and employees. We or our managers, tenants and borrowers may transfer some of this personal information to third parties who assist with certain aspects of our or their business for limited purposes. Accordingly, we and our managers, tenants and borrowers are subject to a variety of stringent data privacy and cybersecurity laws and regulations at the state, federal and international level, as well as contractual requirements and other obligations related to data privacy and cybersecurity. For more information about applicable data privacy and cybersecurity laws and regulations, see “Government Regulation—United States Healthcare Regulation, Licensing and Enforcement—Data Privacy and Cybersecurity” for a discussion of U.S. data privacy and cybersecurity laws and regulations and “Government Regulation—International Healthcare Regulation” for a discussion of international data privacy and cybersecurity laws and regulations.

The legal and regulatory environment surrounding data privacy and cybersecurity is constantly evolving and can be subject to significant change. Laws and regulations governing data privacy, cybersecurity and the unauthorized disclosure of personal information pose increasingly complex compliance challenges, including the potential for inconsistent interpretation, and the implementation and maintenance of compliance measures may potentially elevate our costs. While we believe we have taken commercially reasonable steps, and depend on our managers, tenants and borrowers, to comply with applicable data privacy and cybersecurity laws and regulations, these laws and regulations are in some cases relatively new and the interpretation and application of these laws and regulations are uncertain. Thus, there can be no assurance that our efforts will be deemed effective by regulatory authorities. As noted below, we and our managers, tenants and borrowers, are also subject to the possibility of cybersecurity threats or incidents, which themselves may result in a violation of these laws and regulations and may require us or our managers, tenants or borrowers to report certain incidents to affected individuals or the relevant regulatory authorities. These laws and regulations, and the laws and regulations that may be enacted in the future, also may require us or our managers, tenants or borrowers to modify our or their data processing practices and policies, incur substantial compliance-related costs and expenses and otherwise suffer adverse impacts on our or their business. Any failure, or perceived failure, by us or our managers, tenants or borrowers to comply with applicable data privacy and cybersecurity laws and regulations could result in enforcement actions, investigations, imposition of fines, or civil or criminal penalties. We and our tenants, managers and borrowers also may post public privacy policies and other documentation regarding our or their collection, use, disclosure and other processing of personal information, and any actual or perceived failure to comply with such published policies and other documentation may carry similar consequences or subject us or them to enforcement actions, investigations or litigation if such published policies and other documentation are found to be deceptive, unfair or

misrepresentative of our or their actual practices. If any of the foregoing occurs, our and our managers', tenants' and borrowers' businesses, reputation, results of operations (including results of properties) or financial condition could be adversely affected.

The amount and scope of insurance coverage provided by our policies and policies maintained by our managers, tenants or other counterparties may not adequately insure against losses.

We maintain or require in our lease, management and other agreements that our managers, tenants or other counterparties maintain comprehensive insurance coverage on our properties and their operations with terms, conditions, limits and deductibles that we believe are customary for similarly situated companies in each industry. Although we frequently review our insurance programs and requirements, we cannot assure you that we or our managers, tenants or other counterparties will be able to procure or maintain adequate levels of insurance. We also cannot assure you that we or our managers, tenants or other counterparties will maintain the insurance coverage required under our lease, management and other agreements, that we will continue to require the same levels of insurance under our lease, management and other agreements, that this insurance will be available at a reasonable cost in the future or at all or that the policies maintained will fully cover all losses on our properties when a catastrophic event occurs. We cannot make any guaranty as to the future financial viability of the insurers that underwrite our policies and the policies maintained by our managers, tenants and other counterparties. If we sustain losses in excess of our insurance coverage, we may be required to pay the difference and we could lose our investment in, or experience reduced profits and cash flows from, our operations.

In some cases, we and our managers and tenants may be subject to professional liability, general liability, employment, premise, data privacy, cybersecurity, environmental, unfair business practice and contracts claims brought by plaintiffs' attorneys seeking significant damages and attorneys' fees, some of which may not be insured or indemnified and some of which may result in significant damage awards. Due to the historically high frequency and severity of professional liability claims against senior housing and healthcare providers, the availability of professional liability insurance has decreased, and the premiums on this insurance coverage remain costly. Insurance for other claims such as wage and hour, certain environmental, data privacy, cybersecurity and unfair business practices may no longer be available, and the premiums on that insurance coverage, to the extent it is available, remain costly. As a result, insurance protection against these claims may not be sufficient to cover all claims against us or our managers or tenants and may not be available at a reasonable cost or otherwise on terms that provide adequate coverage. If we or our managers and tenants are unable to maintain adequate insurance coverage or are required to pay damages, we or they may be exposed to substantial liabilities, and the adverse impact on our or our managers' and tenants' respective financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be material, and could adversely affect our managers' and tenants' ability to meet their obligations to us.

Additionally, we and those of our managers and tenants who self-insure or who transfer risk of losses to a wholly-owned captive insurance company could incur large funded and unfunded property and liability expenses, which could materially adversely affect their or our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

Failure to maintain effective internal controls could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, we are required to provide a report by management on internal control over financial reporting, including management's assessment of the effectiveness of that control. Because of its inherent limitations, including the possibility of human error, the circumvention or overriding of controls, or fraud, effective internal controls over financial reporting may not prevent or detect material misstatement and can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal controls over financial reporting and our operating internal controls, including any failure to implement required new or improved controls as a result of changes to our business or otherwise, or if we experience difficulties in their implementation, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected and we could fail to meet our reporting obligations.

We could incur substantial liabilities and costs if any of our properties are found to be contaminated with hazardous substances or we become involved in any environmental disputes.

Under federal and state environmental laws and regulations, a current or former owner of real property may be liable for costs related to the investigation, removal and remediation of petroleum or hazardous or toxic substances that are released from or are present at or under, or that are disposed of in connection with, the property. Owners of real property may also face other environmental liabilities, including government fines and penalties imposed by regulatory authorities and damages for injuries to persons, property or natural resources. Environmental laws and regulations often impose liability without regard to whether the owner was aware of, or was responsible for, the presence, release or disposal of hazardous or toxic substances or petroleum. In some circumstances, environmental liability may result from the activities of a current or former manager or

tenant of the property. Although we generally have indemnification rights against the current managers or tenants of our properties for contamination they cause, that indemnification may not adequately cover all environmental costs. See “Government Regulation—Environmental Regulation” included in Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report.

There can be no assurance as to the total amount of financial assistance that we or our managers, tenants or borrowers will retain from programs implemented under the CARES Act and other pandemic-related legislation.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the CARES Act and other certain legislation authorized funds to be distributed to healthcare providers through the Provider Relief Fund. We applied for and received funds from the Provider Relief Fund, as well as from other similar state and local programs, in late 2020 through 2022 on behalf of the assisted living communities in our SHOP segment. Many of our managers, tenants and borrowers also received grants from the Provider Relief Fund. As a recipient of funds from the Provider Relief Fund, we, our managers, tenants and borrowers are required to comply with detailed reporting requirements specified by HHS, including in some instances by providing a third party audit of the use of the funds. In addition, the HHS Office of Inspector General and Pandemic Response Accountability Committee each have the right to conduct their own audits of the use of funds from the Provider Relief Fund, and HHS has the right to recoup some or all of the payments if it determines noncompliance with its rules. We cannot assure you that some or all of the grants received by us, our managers, tenants and borrowers will not need to be repaid, which repayment could adversely affect our business and results of operations.

Our REIT Status Risks

Loss of our status as a REIT would have significant adverse consequences for us and the value of our common stock.

If we lose our status as a REIT (currently or with respect to any tax years for which the statute of limitations has not expired), we will face serious tax consequences that will substantially reduce the funds available to satisfy our obligations, to implement our business strategy and to make distributions to our stockholders because:

- We would not be allowed a deduction for distributions to stockholders in computing our taxable income and would be subject to regular U.S. federal corporate income tax for any taxable year for which we did not qualify as a REIT;
- We could be subject to increased state and local taxes for those years; and
- Unless we are entitled to relief under statutory provisions, we could not elect to be subject to tax as a REIT for four taxable years following the latest taxable year during which we were disqualified.

In addition, for any year in which we are otherwise unable to qualify as a REIT, we will not be required to pay dividends to maintain REIT status, which could adversely affect the value of our common stock.

Qualification as a REIT involves the application of highly technical and complex provisions of the Code for which there are only limited judicial and administrative interpretations. The determination of factual matters and circumstances not entirely within our control, as well as new legislation, regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions, may adversely affect our investors or our ability to remain qualified as a REIT for tax purposes. In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must satisfy a number of requirements, generally including requirements regarding the ownership of our stock, requirements regarding the composition of our assets, a requirement that at least 95% of our gross income in any year must be derived from qualifying sources, and a requirement to make distributions to our stockholders aggregating annually at least 90% of our net taxable income, excluding capital gains. Although we believe that we currently qualify as a REIT, we cannot assure you that we will continue to qualify for all future periods.

Even if we qualify as a REIT, we are subject to some taxes on our income and property, including state, local, and foreign taxes, and U.S. federal income taxes in the case of our taxable REIT subsidiaries. To the extent the Company is required to pay any taxes under existing laws or due to future changes in law, we will have less cash available for distribution to shareholders.

The 90% distribution requirement will decrease our liquidity and may limit our ability to engage in otherwise beneficial transactions.

To comply with the 90% distribution requirement applicable to REITs and to avoid a nondeductible excise tax and federal corporate income tax on undistributed REIT taxable income, we must make annual distributions of 100% of our REIT taxable income to our stockholders. Such distributions reduce the funds we have available to finance our investment,

acquisition, development and redevelopment activity and may limit our ability to engage in transactions that are otherwise in the best interests of our stockholders.

From time to time, we may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to satisfy the REIT distribution requirements. For example, timing differences between the actual receipt of income and actual payment of deductible expenses, on the one hand, and the inclusion of that income and deduction of those expenses in arriving at our taxable income, on the other hand, or non-deductible expenses such as principal amortization or repayments or capital expenditures in excess of non-cash deductions may prevent us from having sufficient cash or liquid assets to distribute 100% of our REIT taxable income.

In the event that timing differences occur (or, as applicable, we decide to retain cash or to distribute such greater amount as may be necessary to avoid income and excise taxation), we may seek to borrow funds, issue additional equity securities, pay taxable stock dividends, distribute other property or securities or engage in other transactions intended to enable us to meet the REIT distribution requirements. Any of these actions may require us to raise additional capital to meet our obligations; however, see “—Our Capital Structure Risks—We are highly dependent on access to the capital markets. Limitations on our ability to access capital could have an adverse effect on us, including our ability to make required payments on our debt obligations, make distributions to our stockholders or make future investments necessary to implement our business strategy,” above. The terms of the instruments governing our existing indebtedness restrict our ability to engage in certain of these transactions.

To preserve our qualification as a REIT, our certificate of incorporation contains ownership limits with respect to our capital stock that may delay, defer or prevent a change of control of our company.

Our certificate of incorporation contains restrictions on the ownership and transfer of our common and preferred stock to enable us to preserve our REIT status. Our certificate of incorporation provides certain specified remedies if a transfer would violate one of the ownership limitations. In particular, if a person acquires beneficial or constructive ownership of more than the ownership limit (currently, 9.0%, in number or value, of our outstanding common stock or more than 9.9%, in number or value, of our outstanding preferred stock), or in violation of certain other limitations set forth in our certificate of incorporation, then the shares that are beneficially or constructively owned in excess of the relevant limitation are considered “excess shares.” Excess shares are automatically deemed transferred to a trust for the benefit of a charitable institution or other qualifying organization selected by our Board of Directors. The trust is entitled to all dividends with respect to the excess shares and the trustee may exercise all voting power over the excess shares. We also have the right to purchase the excess shares for a price equal to the lesser of (i) the price per share in the transaction that created the excess shares or (ii) the market price on the day we purchase the shares, and we may defer payment of the purchase price for up to five years. If we do not purchase the excess shares, the trustee of the trust is required to transfer the shares at the direction of our Board of Directors. The owner of the excess shares is entitled to receive the lesser of the proceeds from the sale of the excess shares or the original purchase price for such excess shares, and any additional amounts are payable to the beneficiary of the trust. These ownership limits could delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change of control that might involve a premium price for our common stock or might otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders.

Our use of taxable REIT subsidiaries is limited under the Code.

Under the Code, no more than 20% of the value of the gross assets of a REIT may be represented by securities of one or more TRSs. This limitation may affect our ability to increase the size of our TRSs’ operations and assets, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to comply with the applicable limitation, or that such compliance will not adversely affect our business. Also, our TRSs may not, among other things, operate or manage healthcare facilities, which may cause us to forgo investments we might otherwise make. Finally, we may be subject to a 100% excise tax as a result of transactions involving our TRSs to the extent that it is determined that those transactions resulted in our TRSs having less taxable income than the TRSs would have had if the transactions were undertaken by unrelated parties on an arm’s-length basis. We believe our arrangements with or involving our TRSs are on arm’s-length terms and intend to continue to operate in a manner that allows us to avoid incurring the 100% excise tax described above, but there can be no assurance that we will be able to avoid application of that tax.

Complying with REIT requirements may cause us to forego otherwise attractive opportunities (including investing in our tenants) or liquidate otherwise attractive investments.

To qualify as a REIT for federal income tax purposes, we must continually satisfy tests concerning, among other things, the sources of our income, the nature and diversification of our assets, the amounts we distribute to our stockholders and the ownership of our common stock. In order to meet these tests, we may be required to forego investments we might

otherwise make (including investments in our tenants) or to liquidate otherwise attractive investments. This limited investment scope could also lead to financial risks or limit our flexibility during times of operating instability.

The lease of qualified healthcare properties to a TRS is subject to special requirements.

We lease certain healthcare properties to TRSs, which in turn contract with third-party managers to manage the healthcare operations at these properties. The rents we receive from a TRS pursuant to this arrangement are treated as qualifying rents from real property if the healthcare property is a qualified health care property (as defined in the Code), the rents are paid pursuant to a lease with a TRS and the manager qualifies as an eligible independent contractor (as defined in the Code). The determination of what is a qualified healthcare property is complex and, particularly with respect to unlicensed properties, dependent on the day-to-day operations and other arrangements in place at those properties. We believe that we have appropriately determined which of our properties are properly characterized as qualified healthcare properties and that we have structured the applicable leases and related arrangements in a manner intended to meet these requirements, but there can be no assurance that these conditions will be satisfied. If any of these conditions is not satisfied with respect to a particular lease, then the rents we receive with respect to such lease will not be qualifying rents, which could have an adverse effect on our ability to comply with REIT income tests and thus on our ability to qualify as a REIT unless we are able to avail ourselves of certain relief provisions.

The tax imposed on REITs engaging in "prohibited transactions" may limit our ability to engage in transactions which would be treated as sales for federal income tax purposes.

A REIT's net income from prohibited transactions is subject to a 100% penalty tax. In general, prohibited transactions are sales or other dispositions of property, other than foreclosure property, held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business, unless certain safe harbor exceptions apply. Although we do not intend to hold any properties that would be characterized as held for sale to customers in the ordinary course of our business, such characterization is a factual determination and no guarantee can be given that the IRS would agree with our characterization of our properties or that we will always be able to satisfy the available safe harbors.

Ventas may incur adverse tax consequences if New Senior or any of Ventas's subsidiary REITs failed to qualify as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Ventas completed its merger with New Senior and received an opinion from REIT counsel to the effect that, at all times starting with its taxable year ended December 31, 2014 and through the closing date, New Senior was organized and operated in conformity with the requirements for qualification and taxation as a REIT under the Code. The opinion is not binding on the IRS or any court, and it is possible that the IRS could take a contrary position or that this tax position might not be sustained. If New Senior failed to qualify as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, Ventas would succeed to any tax liabilities. These liabilities could be significant, and Ventas could possibly fail to qualify as a REIT. If New Senior failed to qualify as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, for the five-year period after the merger, upon a taxable disposition of any of New Senior's assets, Ventas could be subject to corporate-level tax with respect to all or a portion of the gain so recognized. Ventas's REIT status also depends on the ongoing qualification of subsidiary entities qualifying as REITs or TRSs, as applicable, as a result of its substantial ownership interest in those entities.

Legislative or other actions affecting REITs or taxes could have a negative effect on our stockholders or us.

The rules dealing with federal income taxation are constantly under review by persons involved in the legislative process and by the IRS and the U.S. Treasury Department. Changes to the tax laws, with or without retroactive application, could adversely affect our investors or us. New legislation, U.S. Treasury Department regulations, administrative interpretations or court decisions could significantly and negatively affect our ability to qualify as a REIT, the federal income tax consequences of such qualification, or the federal income tax consequences of an investment in us. Also, the law relating to the tax treatment of other entities, or an investment in other entities, could change, making an investment in such other entities more attractive relative to an investment in a REIT.

ITEM 1B. *Unresolved Staff Comments*

None.

ITEM 1C. *Cybersecurity*

Our business is subject to risk from cybersecurity threats and incidents. Cybersecurity threats and incidents include attempts to gain unauthorized access to our systems and networks, or those of our managers, tenants, borrowers, investments in unconsolidated entities, vendors, suppliers, service providers or other third parties with whom we do business, to disrupt operations, corrupt data or steal confidential or personal information and other cybersecurity breaches. Ventas considers cybersecurity risk a serious threat to our assets and our people and has put processes in place designed to mitigate the risk and impact of any such cybersecurity threat or incident.

Risk Management and Strategy

As part of our cybersecurity risk management process, we:

- Periodically review and implement procedures that endeavor to follow the cybersecurity standards set forth by the National Institute of Standards and Technology, including procedures with respect to evaluation and monitoring of cybersecurity threats and incidents;
- Implement, maintain and regularly review incident response plans to manage cybersecurity threats and incidents and further improve our preparedness and response infrastructure. Such plans are informed by our testing and monitoring activities and set forth actions to be taken in responding to and recovering from cybersecurity incidents which include procedures for assessing the severity of such threats and incidents, escalating and disseminating information and containing, investigating and remediating threats and incidents;
- Engage third-party security firms to monitor and respond to cybersecurity threats and incidents, including those associated with our use of third-party vendors and service providers, and conduct periodic penetration tests with the aim of identifying and remediating vulnerabilities;
- Periodically evaluate and assess cybersecurity risks associated with our use of key third-party business partners, vendors and service providers. However, we do not control the cybersecurity plans and systems put in place by such third parties and we may have limited contractual protections with such third parties, such as indemnification obligations to us, which could cause us to be negatively impacted as a result;
- Provide employees with the training, tools and resources designed to protect the Company from cybersecurity threats and incidents and to identify and report such threats and incidents. Our employees receive training and testing on cybersecurity protocols throughout the year, including regular anti-phishing campaigns, periodic live training programs and mandatory annual training and assessments with passing requirements. Each employee periodically acknowledges that they have read, understood and will abide by the Company's cybersecurity policies; and
- Seek to minimize the amount of personal information collected to support business needs and use storage and transfer protocols leveraging encryption of critical information, including confidential or personal information.

Our processes for assessing, identifying, and managing material risks from cybersecurity threats and incidents are integrated into our multi-disciplinary enterprise risk management ("ERM") process. Our ERM process is managed through our ERM Committee, which we have established to assess, identify and manage enterprise-wide risks to the Company, and is comprised of personnel from our senior leadership team. The ERM Committee is convened at least quarterly to review and update our top risks, including cybersecurity risks. Existing risks are evaluated for changes, and mitigation strategies are discussed as needed. New risks are discussed and evaluated for consideration as a top risk. Results are discussed with our Board of Directors at quarterly Board meetings as needed.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company is not aware of any cybersecurity threats or incidents that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Company, including with respect to our business strategy, results of operations or financial condition. While we have implemented measures designed to help mitigate the risk from cybersecurity threats and incidents, we cannot guarantee that we or our managers, tenants, borrowers, investments in unconsolidated entities, vendors, suppliers, service providers or other third parties with whom we do business will be successful in preventing a cybersecurity incident, or mitigating or remediating a cybersecurity threat, which could result in a data center outage, disrupt our systems and operations or the systems and operations of our managers, tenants, borrowers, investments in unconsolidated entities, vendors, suppliers, service providers or other third parties with whom we do business, compromise the confidential or personal information of our employees, partners or the residents in our senior housing communities and damage our business relationships and reputation. Although we have implemented various measures designed to manage risks relating to these types

of events, these measures and the systems supporting them could prove to be inadequate and, if compromised, could become inoperable for extended periods of time, cease to function properly or fail to adequately secure confidential or personal information. See “Risk Factors—Our Legal, Compliance and Regulatory Risks—Cybersecurity threats and incidents could disrupt our operations or the operations of the third parties with whom we do business, invest in or lend to, result in the loss of or unauthorized access to confidential or personal information or damage our or their business relationships and reputation” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Governance

Role of our Board of Directors and the Audit and Compliance Committee

As part of our Board of Directors’ role in overseeing the Company’s ERM program, which includes our cybersecurity risk management, our Board is responsible for overseeing management’s identification, assessment and management of material cybersecurity risks which may reasonably be expected to impact the Company. While our Board has overall responsibility for enterprise risk oversight, our Board has delegated to the Audit and Compliance Committee responsibility for overseeing risks from cybersecurity threats and incidents. The Audit and Compliance Committee is responsible for overseeing the effectiveness of the Company’s cybersecurity risk management initiatives, taking into account the Company’s risk exposures. Management briefs the Audit and Compliance Committee at least once a year and our Board as appropriate on cybersecurity controls, protocols, risk assessments and mitigation measures.

Role of our Management

Our management has primary responsibility for identifying, assessing and managing our exposure to cybersecurity threats and incidents, subject to oversight by our Board of Directors of the processes we establish to assess, monitor and mitigate that exposure.

Our Chief Information Officer oversees our Information Technology Team and is responsible for the development and implementation of strategy for our information systems, networks, infrastructure, cybersecurity and data analytics. She has more than 25 years of experience in the field of information technology and is a member of our senior leadership team. Prior to joining Ventas, she spent approximately 12 years at a multinational hospitality public company where, in her most recent role, she was responsible for application management and support of enterprise-wide systems. This role also had responsibility for global service desk support for more than 100,000 employees.

If a potentially material cybersecurity threat or incident is identified or discovered, the Company’s Information Technology Team will notify our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, General Counsel and other relevant business executives. Our Chief Information Officer will work with the appropriate leaders and employees in any impacted business groups, as well as appropriate personnel in our finance, legal and other departments, to assess the risks to the Company and potential impact while determining appropriate remediation steps.

If management determines that a cybersecurity threat or incident could be material to the Company, our management will notify the Audit and Compliance Committee, who will then escalate the risk to our full Board of Directors, depending on management’s assessment of the risk. As discussed above, management also provides regular reports to the Audit and Compliance Committee and to our Board as appropriate.

ITEM 2. Properties

As of December 31, 2024, we owned or had investments in 1,387 properties consisting of 1,356 properties in our SHOP, OM&R and NNN segments and 31 properties held by unconsolidated real estate entities in our non-segment operations. See “Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Entities.”

The following table provides additional information regarding the geographic diversification of our Segment Properties as of December 31, 2024:

Geographic Location	Senior Housing Communities		SNFs		Outpatient Medical Buildings		Research Centers		IRFs and LTACs		Other Healthcare Facilities	
	# of Properties	Units	# of Properties	Licensed Beds	# of Properties	Square Feet ⁽¹⁾	# of Properties	Square Feet ⁽¹⁾	# of Properties	Licensed Beds	# of Properties	Licensed Beds
Alabama	1	154	—	—	6	617	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arkansas	5	414	—	—	1	10	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arizona	29	2,572	—	—	14	893	—	—	1	60	—	—
California	78	8,864	—	—	29	2,256	—	—	8	667	—	—
Colorado	22	2,061	1	82	17	877	—	—	1	81	—	—
Connecticut	12	1,560	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Delaware	2	109	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia	—	—	—	—	2	103	—	—	—	—	—	—
Florida	45	4,073	—	—	14	343	1	252	7	563	—	—
Georgia	15	1,447	—	—	18	1,275	—	—	1	42	—	—
Hawaii	1	123	—	—	1	23	—	—	—	—	—	—
Iowa	2	215	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Idaho	1	70	—	—	1	76	—	—	—	—	—	—
Illinois	33	3,643	1	82	40	1,728	1	129	4	427	—	—
Indiana	9	752	—	—	41	2,287	—	—	1	59	—	—
Kansas	12	941	—	—	2	115	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	10	1,056	—	—	2	73	—	—	1	384	—	—
Louisiana	3	281	—	—	8	456	—	—	1	32	—	—
Massachusetts	18	2,173	2	181	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maryland	4	282	—	—	2	83	3	320	—	—	—	—
Maine	8	895	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Michigan	23	1,675	—	—	16	726	—	—	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	14	856	—	—	3	159	—	—	—	—	—	—
Missouri	5	474	—	—	19	1,117	5	810	4	159	—	—
Mississippi	1	94	—	—	1	51	—	—	—	—	—	—
Montana	5	464	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
North Carolina	36	3,048	—	—	15	676	9	1,144	1	124	—	—
North Dakota	2	115	—	—	1	114	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nebraska	2	251	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Hampshire	2	242	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey	14	1,310	1	153	3	37	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	4	451	—	—	3	53	—	—	2	123	4	555
Nevada	7	780	—	—	4	329	—	—	2	130	—	—
New York	41	4,501	—	—	4	244	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ohio	30	2,701	—	—	16	591	—	—	1	50	—	—
Oklahoma	9	694	—	—	1	80	—	—	1	41	4	958
Oregon	36	3,261	6	360	1	105	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pennsylvania	32	2,520	12	2,526	8	614	6	1,119	1	52	—	—
Rhode Island	4	399	—	—	—	—	3	444	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	6	539	—	—	22	1,188	—	—	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	5	295	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tennessee	17	1,355	—	—	5	250	—	—	1	49	—	—
Texas	59	5,392	—	—	47	2,084	—	—	9	627	2	445
Utah	6	661	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	41	—	—
Virginia	11	1,029	—	—	5	234	1	262	—	—	—	—
Washington	20	2,114	7	636	10	584	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin	35	2,236	—	—	15	745	—	—	—	—	—	—
West Virginia	2	122	4	326	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wyoming	2	169	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total U.S.	740	69,433	34	4,346	397	21,192	29	4,480	48	3,711	10	1,958
Canada	84	16,185	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
United Kingdom	11	723	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	121
Total	835	86,341	34	4,346	397	21,192	29	4,480	48	3,711	13	2,079

⁽¹⁾ Square Feet are in thousands. Totals may not foot due to rounding.

Corporate Offices

Our headquarters are located in Chicago, Illinois and we have additional corporate offices in Louisville, Kentucky and New York, New York. We lease all of our corporate offices.

ITEM 3. *Legal Proceedings*

The information contained in “Note 14 – Commitments and Contingencies” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report is incorporated by reference into this Item 3. Except as set forth therein, we are not a party to, nor is any of our property the subject of, any material pending legal proceedings.

ITEM 4. *Mine Safety Disclosures*

Not applicable.

PART II

ITEM 5. *Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities*

Market Information

Our common stock, par value \$0.25 per share, is listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") under the symbol "VTR." As of February 7, 2025, there were 437.1 million shares of our common stock outstanding, held by approximately 3,115 stockholders of record.

Dividends and Distributions

We pay regular quarterly dividends to holders of our common stock to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), governing REITs. In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we are required under the Code, among other things, to distribute annually at least 90% of our REIT taxable income, determined without regard to any net capital gain. In addition, we will be subject to income tax at the regular corporate rate to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income, including any net capital gains. We expect to distribute at least 100% of our taxable net income, after the use of any net operating loss carryforwards, to our stockholders for 2025.

In general, our Board of Directors makes decisions regarding the nature, frequency and amount of our dividends on a quarterly basis. Because the Board considers many factors when making these decisions, including our present and future liquidity needs, our current and projected financial condition and results of operations and the performance and credit quality of our managers, tenants, borrowers, we cannot assure you that we will maintain the practice of paying regular quarterly dividends to continue to qualify as a REIT. Please see "Cautionary Statements" and the risk factors included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report for a description of other factors that may affect our distribution policy.

Director and Employee Stock Sales

Certain of our directors, executive officers and other employees have adopted or, from time to time in the future, may adopt non-discretionary, written trading plans that comply with Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, or otherwise monetize, gift or transfer their equity-based compensation. These transactions typically are conducted for estate, tax and financial planning purposes and are subject to compliance with our Amended and Restated Securities Trading Policy and Procedures ("Securities Trading Policy"), the minimum stock ownership requirements contained in our Guidelines on Governance and all applicable laws and regulations.

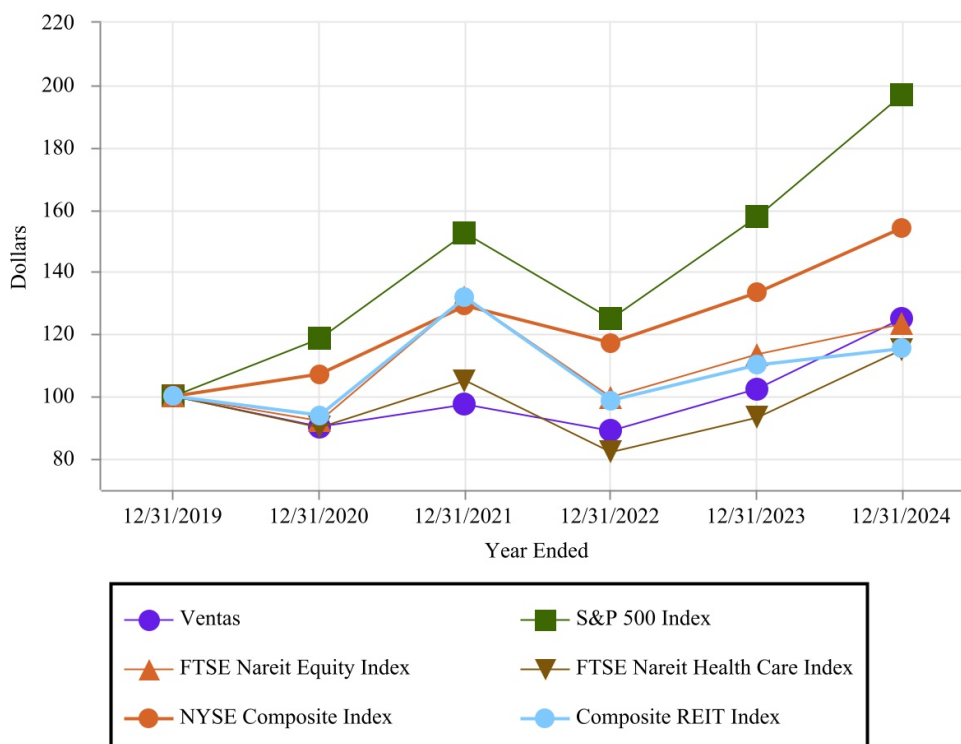
Our Securities Trading Policy expressly prohibits our directors, executive officers and employees from buying or selling derivatives with respect to our securities or other financial instruments that are designed to hedge or offset a decrease in the market value of our securities and from engaging in short sales with respect to our securities. In addition, our Securities Trading Policy prohibits our directors and executive officers from holding our securities in margin accounts or pledging our securities to secure loans. Each of our directors and executive officers has advised us that he or she is in compliance with the Securities Trading Policy and has not pledged any of our equity securities to secure margin or other loans.

Stock Performance Graph

The following performance graph compares the cumulative total return (including dividends) to the holders of our common stock from December 31, 2019 through December 31, 2024, with the cumulative total returns of the S&P 500 Index, the FTSE Nareit Equity REITs Index ("FTSE Nareit Equity Index"), the FTSE Nareit Equity Health Care Index ("FTSE Nareit Health Care Index"), the NYSE Composite Index and the FTSE Nareit Composite REIT Index (the "Composite REIT Index") over the same period. The comparison assumes \$100 was invested on December 31, 2019 in our common stock and in each of the foregoing indices and assumes reinvestment of dividends, as applicable. We have included the S&P 500 Index because we are a member of the S&P 500. Additionally, we have elected to replace the NYSE Composite Index and Composite REIT Index with FTSE Nareit Health Care Index and FTSE Nareit Equity Index because we believe those indices are more representative of the industries in which we compete, or otherwise provide fair bases for comparison with us, and are therefore particularly relevant to an assessment of our performance. In this transition year, in accordance with Item 201(e)(4) of Regulation S-K, the stock performance graph below includes both the new indices as well as the replaced indices that we used in the immediately preceding year to assist our investors in understanding the impact of the transition. The figures in the table below are rounded to the nearest dollar.

	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022	12/31/2023	12/31/2024
Ventas	\$100	\$90	\$97	\$89	\$102	\$125
S&P 500 Index	\$100	\$118	\$152	\$125	\$158	\$197
FTSE Nareit Equity Index	\$100	\$92	\$132	\$100	\$113	\$123
FTSE Nareit Health Care Index	\$100	\$90	\$105	\$82	\$93	\$115
NYSE Composite Index	\$100	\$107	\$129	\$117	\$133	\$154
Composite REIT Index	\$100	\$94	\$132	\$99	\$110	\$115

Ventas Total Return Performance



Stock Repurchases

We do not have a publicly announced repurchase plan or program in effect. The table below summarizes repurchases of our common stock made during the quarter ended December 31, 2024:

	Number of Shares Repurchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
October 1 through October 31	496	\$ 62.93	—	—
November 1 through November 30	—	—	—	—
December 1 through December 31	145	62.26	—	—
Total	641	\$ 62.78	—	—

⁽¹⁾ Repurchases represent shares withheld to pay taxes on the vesting of restricted stock and restricted stock units (including time-based and performance-based awards) and/or to pay taxes on the exercise price upon the exercise of stock options, granted to employees. The value of the shares withheld is the closing price of our common stock on the date the vesting or exercise occurred (or, if not a trading day, the immediately preceding trading day) or the fair market value of our common stock at the time of the exercise, as the case may be.

ITEM 6. [Reserved]

ITEM 7. *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*

The following discussion provides information that management believes is relevant to an understanding and assessment of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations of Ventas, Inc. You should read this discussion in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report and our Risk Factors included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Business Summary and Overview of 2024

Ventas, Inc., (together with its consolidated subsidiaries, unless otherwise indicated or except where the context otherwise requires, “we,” “us,” “our,” “Company” and other similar terms) is a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) focused on delivering strong, sustainable shareholder returns by enabling exceptional environments that benefit a large and growing aging population. We hold a portfolio that includes senior housing communities, outpatient medical buildings, research centers, hospitals and healthcare facilities located in North America and the United Kingdom. As of December 31, 2024, we owned or had investments in 1,387 properties consisting of 1,356 properties in our reportable business segments (“Segment Properties”) and 31 properties held by unconsolidated real estate entities in our non-segment operations. Our Company is headquartered in Chicago, Illinois with additional corporate offices in Louisville, Kentucky and New York, New York.

We elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code (the “Code”), commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 1999. Provided we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we generally are not required to pay U.S. federal corporate income taxes on our REIT taxable income that is currently distributed to our stockholders. In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must satisfy a number of technical requirements, which impact how we invest in, operate and manage our assets. See “Risk Factors—Our REIT Status Risks” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report on Form 10-K (the “Annual Report”).

We operate through three reportable business segments: senior housing operating portfolio, which we refer to as “SHOP,” outpatient medical and research portfolio, which we refer to as “OM&R,” and triple-net leased properties, which we refer to as “NNN.” We also hold assets outside of our reportable business segments, which we refer to as non-segment assets and which consist primarily of corporate assets, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, loans receivable and investments and accounts receivable as well as investments in unconsolidated entities. Our investments in unconsolidated entities include investments made through our third-party institutional private capital management platform, Ventas Investment Management (“VIM”). Through VIM, we partner with third-party institutional investors to invest in real estate through various joint ventures and other co-investment vehicles where we are the sponsor or general partner, including our open-ended investment vehicle, the Ventas Life Science & Healthcare Real Estate Fund (the “Ventas Fund”). See our Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes, including “Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Entities” included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

Our chief operating decision maker evaluates performance of the combined properties in each operating segment and determines how to allocate resources to these segments, based on net operating income (“NOI”) for each segment. See our Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes, including “Note 2 – Accounting Policies” and “Note 18 – Segment Information” included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

The following table summarizes information for our portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

Segment	NOI ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Total NOI	Segment Properties
Senior housing operating portfolio (SHOP)	\$ 866,383	41.9 %	629
Outpatient medical and research portfolio (OM&R)	579,271	28.0 %	426
Triple-net leased properties (NNN)	606,225	29.3 %	301
Non-segment ⁽²⁾	17,204	0.8 %	n/a
	<u>\$ 2,069,083</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>1,356</u>

⁽¹⁾ “NOI” is defined as total revenues, less interest and other income, property-level operating expenses and third-party capital management expenses. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional disclosure and a reconciliation of net income attributable to common stockholders, as computed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), to NOI.

⁽²⁾ NOI for non-segment includes management fees and promote revenues, net of expenses related to our third-party institutional private capital management platform, income from loans and investments and corporate-level expenses not directly attributable to any of our three reportable business segments.

For more than 25 years, Ventas has pursued what we believe is a successful, enduring strategy focused on delivering outsized value to stockholders and other key stakeholders by enabling exceptional environments that benefit the aging population. Working with industry-leading care providers, partners, developers and research and medical institutions, our collaborative and experienced team is focused on achieving consistent, superior total returns through: (1) delivering profitable organic growth in senior housing, (2) capturing value-creating external growth focused on senior housing, (3) driving strong execution and cash flow generation throughout our portfolio of high-quality assets unified in serving the large and growing aging population and (4) maintaining financial strength, flexibility and liquidity.

Our objective is to generate reliable and growing cash flows from our portfolio, which enables us to pay regular cash dividends to stockholders and creates opportunities to increase stockholder value.

2025 Market Trends

We expect senior housing to benefit from strong supply/demand fundamentals, including robust projected demand growth combined with low projected supply growth. Senior housing is expected to benefit from a large and growing aging demographic in the United States, with the 80+ population anticipated to grow by more than 28% through 2030. United States senior housing construction starts are at their lowest point since 2010.

Our operations have been and are expected to continue to be impacted by economic and market conditions. For instance, in senior housing, our managers and tenants have experienced expense pressures, due in part to increased inflation and low unemployment. While there have been signs that expense pressures are moderating, there can be no assurance that this will continue to be the case.

Continual improvement in the performance and growth of our business will also depend on the broader macroeconomic environment, including interest rates, inflation and GDP growth.

See “Risk Factors” in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report for additional discussion of risks affecting our business.

Select 2024 and Early 2025 Highlights

Investments and Dispositions

- During the year ended December 31, 2024, we made \$2.0 billion of investments including 50 senior housing communities reported within our SHOP segment, five long-term acute care facilities (“LTACs”) reported within our NNN segment for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.9 billion and new secured debt financing of \$109.0 million to the owner of a senior housing property, secured by the asset and with additional credit support. The loan provides us with a right of first offer to purchase the asset on certain terms and conditions. The loan has a 3-year term and bears interest at a variable rate based on one-month SOFR, subject to a floor of 4.50%, plus a spread of 5.75%, increasing to 6.00% commencing October 1, 2025.
- During the year ended December 31, 2024, we sold 19 senior housing communities in our SHOP segment, 12 outpatient medical buildings (one of which was vacant) in our OM&R segment and 24 properties in our NNN segment for aggregate consideration of \$315.1 million and recognized \$57.0 million in Gain on real estate dispositions in our Consolidated Statements of Income.
- In January 2025, we acquired two senior housing communities reported within our SHOP segment for an aggregate purchase price of \$70.0 million.

Liquidity and Capital

- As of December 31, 2024, we had \$3.8 billion in liquidity, including availability under our revolving credit facility, cash and cash equivalents on hand and unsettled equity forward sales agreements, with no borrowings outstanding under our commercial paper program.

Senior Notes

- In February 2024, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Ventas Canada Finance Limited (“Ventas Canada”), issued and sold C\$650.0 million (\$478.3 million) aggregate principal amount of 5.10% Senior Notes, Series J due 2029 in a private placement.
- In April and May 2024, we repaid \$800.0 million senior notes consisting of \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.50% Senior Notes due 2024 and \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% Senior Notes due 2024.
- In April 2024, we repaid C\$73.0 million (\$53.4 million) aggregate principal amount of 2.80% Senior Notes, Series E due 2024.
- In May 2024, our wholly-owned subsidiary, Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership (“Ventas Realty”), issued and sold \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.625% Senior Notes due 2034 in a registered public offering.
- In September 2024, Ventas Realty issued and sold \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Senior Notes due 2035 in a registered public offering.
- In September 2024, we repaid C\$163.3 million (\$120.8 million) aggregate principal amount of 4.125% Senior Notes due 2024.
- In January and February 2025, we repaid \$450.0 million and \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.65% Senior Notes due 2025 and aggregate principal amount of 3.50% Senior Notes due 2025, respectively.

Equity

- During the year ended December 31, 2024, we issued 37.3 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of \$2.2 billion, representing an average price of \$58.38 per share, of which 3.4 million shares or approximately \$201.1 million in gross proceeds remained unsettled with maturity in March 2026.
- In January 2025, we entered into additional unsettled equity forward sales agreements for 0.8 million shares or approximately \$49.8 million in gross proceeds with maturity in March 2026.
- As of December 31, 2024, we had \$1.5 billion remaining under our current “at-the-market” equity offering program for future sales of common stock.

Portfolio

- During the year ended December 31, 2024, we converted 11 senior housing communities from the NNN segment to the SHOP segment. We also transitioned 17 senior housing communities within the SHOP segment to new managers.
- In September 2024, we entered into agreements with Kindred Healthcare, LLC and certain of its affiliates (“Kindred”) and its parent companies (“ScionHealth”) with respect to 23 LTACs whose lease term was scheduled to expire under our Master Lease with Kindred on April 30, 2025 (the “Kindred Group 2 LTACs”). Under these agreements, among other things: (i) the term of the Kindred Master Lease for 20 of the Kindred Group 2 LTACs was extended to April 30, 2030, (ii) we acquired five LTACs from Kindred, which were added to the Kindred Master Lease with a term expiring on September 30, 2034, and (iii) we received warrants for 9.9% of the common equity of ScionHealth exercisable at its pre-transaction value. The current term for three Kindred Group 2 LTACs will expire on April 30, 2025.
- In December 2024, we entered into agreements with Brookdale Senior Living, Inc. and certain of its affiliates (“Brookdale”) with respect to 121 senior housing properties whose lease term was scheduled to expire under our Master Lease with Brookdale on December 31, 2025. Under these agreements, among other things: (i) the term of the Brookdale Master Lease for 65 senior housing properties was extended to December 31, 2035, and (ii) commencing September 1, 2025, we will have the right to convert 45 senior housing properties to our SHOP segment with one or more managers of our choosing. The current term for the remaining 11 properties will expire on December 31, 2025.

Other Items

- In July 2024, Ardent Health Partners, Inc., the parent company of the tenants under, and guarantor of, the Ardent Master Lease, consummated an initial public offering (the “Ardent IPO”). Following the Ardent IPO, our equity stake in Ardent decreased from 7.5% to approximately 6.7%, which resulted in a gain of \$8.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, which is included in Income from unconsolidated entities in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report have been prepared in accordance with GAAP set forth in the Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”), as published by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”). GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions regarding future events that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. We base these estimates on our experience and assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, if our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions or other matters had been different, we may have applied a different accounting treatment, resulting in a different presentation of our financial statements. We periodically reevaluate our estimates and assumptions and, in the event they prove to be different from actual results, we make adjustments in subsequent periods to reflect more current estimates and assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain.

We believe that the critical accounting policies described below, among others, affect our more significant estimates and judgments used in the preparation of our financial statements. For more information regarding our critical accounting policies, see “Note 2 – Accounting Policies” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

Principles of Consolidation

The Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report include our accounts and the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and the joint venture entities over which we exercise control. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation, and our net earnings are reduced by the portion of net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests.

GAAP requires us to identify entities for which control is achieved through means other than voting rights and to determine which business enterprise is the primary beneficiary of variable interest entities (“VIEs”). A VIE is broadly defined as an entity with one or more of the following characteristics: (a) the total equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance the entity’s activities without additional subordinated financial support; (b) as a group, the holders of the equity investment at risk lack (i) the ability to make decisions about the entity’s activities through voting or similar rights, (ii) the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity, or (iii) the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity; and (c) the equity investors have voting rights that are not proportional to their economic interests, and substantially all of the entity’s activities either involve, or are conducted on behalf of, an investor that has disproportionately few voting rights. We consolidate our investment in a VIE when we determine that we are its primary beneficiary. We may change our original assessment of a VIE upon subsequent events such as the modification of contractual arrangements that affects the characteristics or adequacy of the entity’s equity investments at risk and the disposition of all or a portion of an interest held by the primary beneficiary.

We identify the primary beneficiary of a VIE as the enterprise that has both: (i) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity’s economic performance; and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the VIE that could be significant to the entity. We perform this analysis on an ongoing basis.

Accounting for Real Estate Acquisitions

When we acquire real estate, we first make reasonable judgments about whether the transaction involves an asset or a business. Our real estate acquisitions are generally accounted for as asset acquisitions as substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. We record the cost of the assets acquired as tangible and intangible assets and liabilities based upon their relative fair values as of the acquisition date.

Our asset acquisitions may include one or more groups of real estate properties within which there are different types of tangible and intangible assets, typically consisting of land, buildings, site improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and lease intangibles. When we acquire multiple real estate properties in a single transaction, we first assess the individual fair

value of the real estate properties and then determine the individual fair value of the various types of tangible and intangible assets therein. The individual fair value of the real estate properties is estimated by applying a valuation methodology such as the direct capitalization method of the income approach, which includes estimate for a capitalization rate, annual gross income, vacancy, and expenses based on a number of factors including historical operating results, known and anticipated trends as well as market and economic conditions.

We estimate the fair value of buildings acquired on an as-if-vacant basis or replacement cost basis and depreciate the building value over the estimated remaining life of the building, generally not to exceed 35 years. We determine the fair value of other fixed assets, such as site improvements and furniture, fixtures and equipment, based upon the replacement cost and depreciate such value over the assets' estimated remaining useful lives as determined at the applicable acquisition date. We determine the value of land either by considering the sales prices of similar properties in recent transactions or based on internal analyses of recently acquired and existing comparable properties within our portfolio. We generally determine the value of construction in progress based upon the replacement cost. However, for certain acquired properties that are part of a ground-up development, we determine fair value by using the same valuation approach as for all other properties and deducting the estimated cost to complete the development. During the remaining construction period, we capitalize project costs until the development has reached substantial completion. Construction in progress, including capitalized interest, is not depreciated until the development has reached substantial completion.

Intangibles primarily include the value of in-place leases and acquired lease contracts. We include all lease-related intangible assets and liabilities within acquired lease intangibles and accounts payable and other liabilities, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The fair value of acquired lease-related intangibles, if any, reflects: (i) the estimated value of any above or below market leases, determined by discounting the difference between the estimated market rent and in-place lease rent; and (ii) the estimated value of in-place leases related to the cost to obtain tenants, including leasing commissions, and an estimated value of the absorption period to reflect the value of the rent and recovery costs foregone during a reasonable lease-up period as if the acquired space was vacant. We amortize any acquired lease-related intangibles to revenue or amortization expense over the remaining life of the associated lease plus any assumed bargain renewal periods. If a lease is terminated prior to its stated expiration or not renewed upon expiration, we recognize all unamortized amounts of lease-related intangibles associated with that lease in operations over the shortened lease term.

We estimate the fair value of purchase option intangible assets and liabilities, if any, by discounting the difference between the applicable property's acquisition date fair value and an estimate of its future option price. We do not amortize the resulting intangible asset or liability over the term of the lease, but rather adjust the recognized value of the asset or liability upon sale.

In connection with an acquisition, we may assume rights and obligations under certain lease agreements pursuant to which we become the lessee of a given property. We generally assume the lease classification previously determined by the prior lessee absent a modification in the assumed lease agreement. We assess assumed operating leases, including ground leases, to determine whether the lease terms are favorable or unfavorable to us given current market conditions on the acquisition date. To the extent the lease terms are favorable or unfavorable to us relative to market conditions on the acquisition date, we recognize an intangible asset or liability at fair value and amortize that asset or liability to interest or rental expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income over the applicable lease term. Where we are the lessee, we record the acquisition date values of leases, including any above or below market value, within operating lease assets and operating lease liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

We estimate the fair value of noncontrolling interests assumed consistent with the manner in which we value all of the underlying assets and liabilities.

We calculate the fair value of long-term assumed debt by discounting the remaining contractual cash flows on each instrument at the current market rate for those borrowings, which we approximate based on the rate at which we would expect to incur a replacement instrument on the date of acquisition, and recognize any fair value adjustments related to long-term debt as effective yield adjustments over the remaining term of the instrument.

Impairment of Long-Lived and Intangible Assets

We periodically evaluate our long-lived assets, primarily consisting of investments in real estate, for impairment indicators. If indicators of impairment are present, we evaluate the carrying value of the related real estate investments in relation to the future undiscounted cash flows of the underlying operations. In performing this evaluation, we consider market

conditions and our current intentions with respect to holding or disposing of the asset. We adjust the net book value of real estate properties and other long-lived assets to fair value if the sum of the expected future undiscounted cash flows, including sales proceeds, is less than book value. We recognize an impairment loss at the time we make any such determination.

Estimates of fair value used in our evaluation of investments in real estate are based upon an income approach, if necessary, or other acceptable valuation techniques that are based, in turn, upon all available evidence including level three inputs, such as net operating income, revenue and expense growth rates, estimates of future cash flows, capitalization rates, discount rates, general economic conditions and trends, or other available market data such as replacement cost or comparable sales. Our ability to accurately predict future operating results and cash flows and to estimate and determine fair values impacts the timing and recognition of impairments. While we believe our assumptions are reasonable, changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on our financial results.

Accounting for Foreclosed Properties

The Company may receive properties pursuant to a foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or other legal action in full or partial settlement of loans receivable by taking legal title or physical possession of the properties. We refer to such actions as a “foreclosure” and to such properties as “foreclosed properties.” We account for foreclosed properties received in settlement of loans receivable in accordance with ASC 310, *Receivables*. Foreclosed real estate received in full or partial satisfaction of a loan and any debt assumed upon foreclosure is recorded at fair value at the time of foreclosure. If the amortized cost basis in the loan exceeds the fair value of the collateral received, the difference is recorded as an allowance on loans receivable and investments in the Consolidated Statements of Income. Conversely, if the fair value of the collateral received is higher than the amortized cost basis in the loan, the difference, less the fair value of any debt assumed, less the principal amount of the loan receivable (after the reversal of previously recorded allowances), and net of working capital assumed and transaction costs, is recorded as a gain on foreclosure of real estate in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Recent Accounting Standards

In December 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2023-09, Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures (“ASU 2023-09”), which requires public entities on an annual basis to (1) disclose specific categories in the rate reconciliation and (2) provide additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold (if the effect of those reconciling items is equal to or greater than 5 percent of the amount computed by multiplying pretax income or loss by the applicable statutory income tax rate). ASU 2023-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. We are evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2023-09 on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2024, the SEC adopted the final rule under SEC Release No. 33-11275, The Enhancement and Standardization of Climate Related Disclosures for Investors, which requires registrants to disclose climate-related information in registration statements and annual reports. The new rules would be effective for annual reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 2025. However, in April 2024, the SEC exercised its discretion to stay these rules pending the completion of judicial review of certain consolidated petitions with the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit in connection with these rules. We are evaluating the impact of this rule on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

On November 4, 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses* (DISE), which requires disaggregated disclosure of income statement expenses for public business entities (PBEs). ASU 2024-03 requires a footnote disclosure about specific expenses by requiring PBEs to disaggregate, in a tabular presentation, each relevant expense caption on the face of the income statement that includes certain natural expenses relevant to the Company, such as (1) employee compensation, (2) depreciation and (3) intangible asset amortization. The tabular disclosure would also include certain other expenses, when applicable. The ASU does not change the expense captions an entity presents on the face of the income statement; rather, it requires disaggregation of certain expense captions into specified categories in disclosures within the footnotes to the financial statements. ASU 2024-03 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. The requirements will be applied prospectively with the option for retrospective application. We are evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2024-03 on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations

As of December 31, 2024, we operated through three reportable business segments: SHOP, OM&R and NNN. In our SHOP segment, we own and invest in senior housing communities throughout the United States and Canada and engage operators to operate those communities. In our OM&R segment, we primarily acquire, own, develop, lease and manage outpatient medical buildings and research centers throughout the United States. In our NNN segment, we invest in and own senior housing communities, skilled nursing facilities (“SNFs”), long-term acute care facilities (“LTACs”), freestanding inpatient rehabilitation facilities (“IRFs”) and other healthcare facilities, throughout the United States and the United Kingdom and lease these properties to tenants under triple-net or absolute-net leases that obligate the tenants to pay all property-related expenses, including maintenance, utilities, repairs, taxes, insurance and capital expenditures. Information provided for “non-segment” includes management fees and promote revenues, net of expenses related to our third-party institutional private capital management platform, income from loans and investments and corporate-level expenses not directly attributable to any of our three reportable business segments. Non-segment assets consist primarily of corporate assets, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, loans receivable and investments and accounts receivable. Non-segment assets also include our investments in unconsolidated entities, including investments in unconsolidated real estate entities through our third-party institutional private capital management platform, VIM, and investments in unconsolidated operating entities, such as Ardent and Atria. Through VIM, we partner with third-party institutional investors to invest in real estate through various joint ventures and other co-investment vehicles. Non-segment assets also include other assets, such as our Brookdale and Kindred Warrants.

Our chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Our CODM evaluates performance of the combined properties in each reportable business segment and determines how to allocate resources to those segments based on NOI for each segment. For further information regarding our reportable business segments and a discussion of our definition of NOI, see “Note 18 – Segment Information” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

The table below shows our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and the effect of changes in those results from period to period on our net income attributable to common stockholders (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease) to Net Income	
	2024	2023	\$	%
NOI:				
SHOP	\$ 866,383	\$ 711,407	\$ 154,976	21.8 %
OM&R	579,271	576,932	2,339	0.4
NNN	606,225	604,651	1,574	0.3
Non-segment	17,204	32,177	(14,973)	(46.5)
Total NOI	2,069,083	1,925,167	143,916	7.5
Interest and other income	28,114	11,414	16,700	146.3
Interest expense	(602,835)	(574,112)	(28,723)	(5.0)
Depreciation and amortization	(1,253,143)	(1,392,461)	139,318	10.0
General, administrative and professional fees	(162,990)	(148,876)	(14,114)	(9.5)
(Loss) gain on extinguishment of debt, net	(687)	6,104	(6,791)	(111.3)
Transaction, transition and restructuring costs	(20,369)	(15,215)	(5,154)	(33.9)
Reversal of allowance on loans receivable and investments, net	166	20,270	(20,104)	(99.2)
Gain on foreclosure of real estate	—	29,127	(29,127)	100.0
Shareholder relations matters	(15,751)	—	(15,751)	(100.0)
Other (expense) income	(49,584)	23,001	(72,585)	nm
Loss before unconsolidated entities, real estate dispositions, income taxes and noncontrolling interests	(7,996)	(115,581)	107,585	93.1
Income from unconsolidated entities	1,563	13,626	(12,063)	(88.5)
Gain on real estate dispositions	57,009	62,119	(5,110)	(8.2)
Income tax benefit	37,775	9,539	28,236	nm
Net income (loss)	88,351	(30,297)	118,648	nm
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	7,198	10,676	(3,478)	(32.6)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 81,153	\$ (40,973)	\$ 122,126	nm

nm - not meaningful

NOI—SHOP Segment

The following table summarizes results of operations in our SHOP segment as of December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2024	2023	\$	%
NOI—SHOP:				
Resident fees and services	\$ 3,372,796	\$ 2,959,219	\$ 413,577	14.0 %
Less: Property-level operating expenses	(2,506,413)	(2,247,812)	(258,601)	(11.5)
NOI	\$ 866,383	\$ 711,407	\$ 154,976	21.8 %

	Segment Properties at December 31,		Average Unit Occupancy for the Years Ended December 31,		Average Monthly Revenue Per Occupied Room for the Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Total communities	629	587	84.5 %	81.4 %	\$ 4,923	\$ 4,684

Resident fees and services include all amounts earned from residents at our senior housing communities, such as rental fees related to resident leases, extended healthcare fees and other ancillary service income. Property-level operating expenses related to our SHOP segment include labor, food, utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, marketing, management fees, supplies and other costs of operating the properties. For senior housing communities in our SHOP segment, occupancy generally reflects average operator-reported unit occupancy for the reporting period. Average monthly revenue per occupied room reflects average resident fees and services per operator-reported occupied unit for the reporting period.

The increase in our SHOP segment NOI in 2024 over the prior year was driven by positive trends in revenue driven by gains in occupancy and revenue per occupied room, the addition of communities acquired in our SHOP segment and conversions of senior housing communities from our NNN segment to our SHOP segment. The revenue increase is partially offset by higher operating expenses in 2024, driven by an increase in the number of communities in our SHOP segment and an increase in occupancy.

The following table compares results of operations for our 472 same-store SHOP communities (dollars in thousands). See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures—NOI” included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional disclosure regarding same-store NOI for each of our reportable business segments.

	For the Years Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2024	2023	\$	%
Same-Store NOI—SHOP:				
Resident fees and services	\$ 2,764,175	\$ 2,554,227	\$ 209,948	8.2 %
Less: Property-level operating expenses	(2,012,969)	(1,905,495)	(107,474)	(5.6)
NOI	\$ 751,206	\$ 648,732	\$ 102,474	15.8 %

	Segment Properties at December 31,		Average Unit Occupancy for the Years Ended December 31,		Average Monthly Revenue Per Occupied Room for the Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Same-store communities	472	472	86.4 %	83.4 %	\$ 4,917	\$ 4,709

The increase in our same-store SHOP segment NOI in 2024 was primarily driven by positive trends in occupancy and revenue per occupied room in 2024, partially offset by higher operating expenses driven by an increase in occupancy.

NOI—OM&R Segment

The following table summarizes results of operations in our OM&R segment as of December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands). For properties in our OM&R segment, occupancy generally reflects occupied square footage divided by net rentable square footage as of the end of the reporting period.

	For the Years Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2024	2023	\$	%
NOI—OM&R:				
Rental income	\$ 874,886	\$ 867,193	\$ 7,693	0.9 %
Third-party capital management revenues	2,705	2,515	190	7.6
Total revenues	877,591	869,708	7,883	0.9
Less:				
Property-level operating expenses	(298,320)	(292,776)	(5,544)	(1.9)
NOI	\$ 579,271	\$ 576,932	\$ 2,339	0.4 %

	Segment Properties at December 31,		Occupancy at December 31,		Annualized Average Rent Per Occupied Square Foot for the Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Total OM&R	426	437	88.3 %	87.7 %	\$ 37	\$ 37

The increase in our OM&R segment NOI in 2024 over the prior year was primarily due to properties acquired in May 2023, favorable leasing activity, improved parking revenues and a development project placed in service, partially offset by dispositions.

The following table compares results of operations for our 337 same-store OM&R (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2024	2023	\$	%
Same-Store NOI—OM&R:				
Rental income	\$ 747,910	\$ 729,864	\$ 18,046	2.5 %
Less: Property-level operating expenses	(240,497)	(231,803)	(8,694)	(3.8)
NOI	\$ 507,413	\$ 498,061	\$ 9,352	1.9 %

	Segment Properties at December 31,		Occupancy at December 31,		Annualized Average Rent Per Occupied Square Foot for the Years Ended December 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Same-store OM&R	337	337	91.1 %	91.1 %	\$ 38	\$ 37

The increase in our same-store OM&R segment NOI in 2024 over the prior year is primarily due to favorable leasing activity, high tenant retention at higher rates and improved parking revenues.

NOI—NNN Segment

The following table summarizes results of operations in our 301 NNN segment as of December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2024	2023	\$	%
	NOI—NNN:			
Rental income	\$ 622,054	\$ 619,208	\$ 2,846	0.5 %
Less: Property-level operating expenses	(15,829)	(14,557)	(1,272)	(8.7)
NOI	<u>\$ 606,225</u>	<u>\$ 604,651</u>	<u>\$ 1,574</u>	<u>0.3 %</u>

In our NNN segment, our revenues generally consist of fixed rental amounts (subject to contractual escalations) received from our tenants in accordance with the applicable lease terms. We report revenues and property-level operating expenses within our NNN segment for real estate tax and insurance expenses that are paid from escrows collected from our tenants.

The increase in our NNN segment NOI in 2024 over the prior year was primarily driven by a \$18 million increase from acquisitions, a \$10 million net increase in contractual rent escalators, partially offset by a \$16 million decrease in rental income from communities that converted to our SHOP segment, a \$6 million decrease from dispositions and a \$4 million decrease due to additional rental income received in 2023.

Occupancy rates may affect the profitability of our tenants' operations. For senior housing communities and post-acute properties in our NNN segment, occupancy generally reflects average operator-reported unit and bed occupancy, respectively, for the reporting period. Because triple-net financials are delivered to us following the reporting period, occupancy is reported in arrears. The following table sets forth average continuing occupancy rates related to the triple-net leased properties we owned at December 31, 2024 and measured over the trailing 12 months ended September 30, 2024 (which is the most recent information available to us from our tenants) and average continuing occupancy rates related to the triple-net leased properties we owned at December 31, 2023 and measured over the 12 months ended September 30, 2023. The Segment Properties in the table below excludes non-stabilized properties, certain properties for which we do not receive occupancy information and properties acquired or properties that transitioned operators for which we do not have a full four quarters of occupancy results.

	Number of Properties Owned at December 31, 2024	Average Occupancy for the Trailing 12 Months Ended September 30, 2024	Number of Properties Owned at December 31, 2023	Average Occupancy for the Trailing 12 Months Ended September 30, 2023
Senior housing communities	190	78.7 %	223	77.4 %
SNFs	18	84.7	16	83.6
IRFs and LTACs	34	54.8	36	54.3

The following table compares results of operations for our 265 same-store NNN segment (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		Increase (Decrease) to NOI	
	2024	2023	\$	%
	Same-Store NOI—NNN:			
Rental income	\$ 573,845	\$ 567,011	\$ 6,834	1.2 %
Less: Property-level operating expenses	(14,604)	(12,749)	(1,855)	(14.6)
NOI	<u>\$ 559,241</u>	<u>\$ 554,262</u>	<u>\$ 4,979</u>	<u>0.9 %</u>

The increase in our same-store NNN segment rental income in 2024 over the prior year was attributable primarily to a \$10 million net increase in contractual rent escalators, partially offset by \$4 million of additional rental income received in 2023.

NOI — Non-Segment

Non-segment NOI includes management fees and promote revenues, net of expenses, related to our third-party institutional private capital management platform, income from loans and investments and corporate-level expenses not directly attributable to any of our three reportable business segments. The \$15.0 million decrease in non-segment NOI in 2024 over the prior year was primarily due to a \$17.9 million decrease in interest income due to the conversion of the outstanding principal amount of a loan to equity in May 2023, partially offset by interest income from a new secured debt financing provided in September 2024. See “Note 6 – Loans Receivable and Investments” and “Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Entities” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

Company Results

Interest and other income

The \$16.7 million increase in interest and other income in 2024 over the prior year was primarily due to interest income earned on a higher invested cash balance as a result of pre-funding debt issuance activities ahead of certain debt maturities.

Interest expense

The \$28.7 million increase in interest expense, net of higher capitalized interest of \$3.3 million, in 2024 over the prior year was primarily attributable to an increase of \$23.9 million due to a higher effective interest rate and \$18.9 million due to higher average debt balances. Our weighted average effective interest rate was 4.41% for 2024, compared to 4.23% for 2023. Our weighted average debt outstanding was \$13.5 billion for 2024, compared to \$13.1 billion for 2023. The higher weighted average debt balance for 2024 compared to 2023 was primarily attributable to pre-funding debt issuance activities ahead of certain debt maturities. Capitalized interest for 2024 and 2023 was \$15.6 million and \$12.3 million, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization

The \$139.3 million decrease in depreciation and amortization expense in 2024 over the prior year was primarily due to a \$189.1 million decrease in impairments recognized in 2024 compared to 2023 related to properties that were sold or classified as held for sale.

General, administrative and professional fees

The \$14.1 million increase in general, administrative and professional fees in 2024 over the prior year was primarily due to our expanded employee base consistent with enterprise growth and inflationary increases.

(Loss) gain on extinguishment of debt, net

The \$6.8 million decrease in gain on extinguishment of debt, net in 2024 over the prior year was primarily related to \$8.3 million of gain recognized as a result of cash tender offers in 2023.

Transaction, transition and restructuring costs

The \$5.2 million increase in transaction, transition and restructuring costs in 2024 over the prior year was primarily due to costs incurred in connection with the amendment of the Kindred Master Lease.

Reversal of allowance on loans receivable and investments, net

In May 2023, we reversed a \$20.0 million allowance previously recorded. This item did not recur in 2024.

Gain on foreclosure of real estate

The gain of \$29.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2023 was recorded in connection with our equitization of a mezzanine loan in May 2023. This item did not recur in 2024.

Shareholder relations matters

Shareholder relations matters of \$15.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2024 relates to proxy advisory costs related to our response to a proxy campaign associated with the Company's 2024 annual meeting. There were no such costs incurred for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Other (expense) income

The \$72.6 million change from \$23.0 million other income in 2023 to \$49.6 million other expense in 2024 was primarily due to a \$46.7 million change in the fair value of stock warrants, a \$14.1 million decrease in insurance reimbursements received in 2024, a \$6.6 million increase in insurance expense and a \$3.2 million increase in damages caused by significant disruptive events. For the year ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we recognized unrealized loss of \$11.0 million and unrealized gain of \$35.7 million, respectively, relating to the change in fair value of stock warrants.

Income from unconsolidated entities

The \$12.1 million decrease in income from unconsolidated entities for 2024 over the prior year was primarily due to a \$33.5 million gain recognized upon the sale of approximately 24% of our 9.8% ownership interest in Ardent in May 2023, partially offset by \$11.0 million increase in income from Ardent in 2024 and a \$8.7 million gain recognized following the Ardent IPO in July 2024 and the resulting decrease in our equity stake from 7.5% to approximately 6.7%.

Gain on real estate dispositions

The \$5.1 million decrease in gain on real estate dispositions was due to a gain of \$62.1 million recognized in 2023 compared to a gain of \$57.0 million in 2024.

Income tax benefit

The 2024 income tax benefit is primarily due to losses in certain of our TRS entities and a \$28.6 million change in valuation allowance due to purchase accounting activity. The 2023 income tax benefit is primarily due to losses in certain of our TRS entities and a \$3.2 million benefit from internal restructurings of U.S. TRS entities.

Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Our Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023, filed with the SEC on February 15, 2024, contains information regarding our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 and the effect of changes in those results from period to period on our net income attributable to common stockholders.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We consider certain non-GAAP financial measures to be useful supplemental measures of our operating performance. A non-GAAP financial measure is a measure of historical or future financial performance, financial position or cash flows that excludes or includes amounts that are not so excluded from or included in the most directly comparable measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. Described below are the non-GAAP financial measures used by management to evaluate our operating performance and that we consider most useful to investors, together with reconciliations of these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures.

The non-GAAP financial measures we present in this Annual Report may not be comparable to those presented by other real estate companies due to the fact that not all real estate companies use the same definitions. You should not consider these measures as alternatives for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP. In order to facilitate a clear understanding of our consolidated historical operating results, you should examine these measures in conjunction with the most directly comparable GAAP measures as presented in our Consolidated Financial Statements and other financial data included elsewhere in this Annual Report.

Nareit Funds From Operations and Normalized Funds From Operations Attributable to Common Stockholders

Historical cost accounting for real estate assets implicitly assumes that the value of real estate assets diminishes predictably over time. However, since real estate values historically have risen or fallen with market conditions, many industry investors deem presentations of operating results for real estate companies that use historical cost accounting to be insufficient by themselves. For that reason, we consider Nareit Funds From Operations attributable to common stockholders (“FFO”) and Normalized FFO attributable to common stockholders (“Normalized FFO”) to be appropriate supplemental measures of operating performance of an equity REIT. We believe that the presentation of FFO, combined with the presentation of required GAAP financial measures, has improved the understanding of operating results of REITs among the investing public and has helped make comparisons of REIT operating results more meaningful. Management generally considers FFO to be a useful measure for understanding and comparing our operating results because, by excluding gains and losses related to sales of previously depreciated operating real estate assets, impairment losses on depreciable real estate and real estate asset depreciation and amortization (which can differ across owners of similar assets in similar condition based on historical cost accounting and useful life estimates), FFO can help investors compare the operating performance of a company’s real estate across reporting periods and to the operating performance of other companies. We believe that Normalized FFO is useful because it allows investors, analysts and our management to compare our operating performance to the operating performance of other real estate companies across periods on a consistent basis without having to account for differences caused by non-recurring items and other non-operational events such as transactions and litigation. In some cases, we provide information about identified non-cash components of FFO and Normalized FFO because it allows investors, analysts and our management to assess the impact of those items on our financial results.

We use the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (“Nareit”) definition of FFO. Nareit defines FFO as net income attributable to common stockholders (computed in accordance with GAAP) excluding gains (or losses) from sales of real estate property, including gain (or loss) on re-measurement of equity method investments and impairment write-downs of depreciable real estate, plus real estate depreciation and amortization, and after adjustments for unconsolidated entities and noncontrolling interests. Adjustments for unconsolidated entities and noncontrolling interests will be calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis. We define Normalized FFO as Nareit FFO excluding the following income and expense items, without duplication: (a) gains and losses on derivatives, net and changes in the fair value of financial instruments; (b) the non-cash impact of income tax benefits or expenses; (c) gains and losses on extinguishment of debt, net including the write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees or additional costs, expenses, discounts, make-whole payments, penalties or premiums incurred as a result of early retirement or payment of our debt; (d) transaction, transition and restructuring costs; (e) amortization of other intangibles; (f) the non-cash impact of changes to our executive equity compensation plan; (g) net expenses or recoveries related to significant disruptive events; (h) the impact of expenses related to asset impairment and valuation allowances; (i) non-cash charges related to leases; (j) the financial impact of contingent consideration; (k) gains and losses on non-real estate dispositions and other normalizing items related to noncontrolling interests and unconsolidated entities; and (l) other items set forth in the Normalized FFO reconciliation included herein.

The following table summarizes our FFO and Normalized FFO for the three years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022 (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 81,153	\$ (40,973)	\$ (47,447)
Adjustments:			
Depreciation and amortization on real estate assets	1,250,453	1,390,025	1,194,751
Depreciation on real estate assets related to noncontrolling interests	(15,113)	(16,657)	(17,451)
Depreciation on real estate assets related to unconsolidated entities	49,170	44,953	30,940
Gain on real estate dispositions	(57,009)	(62,119)	(7,780)
Gain on real estate dispositions related to noncontrolling interests	9	6,685	32
Gain on real estate dispositions and other related to unconsolidated entities	(3,216)	(180)	(14,546)
Nareit FFO attributable to common stockholders	<u>1,305,447</u>	<u>1,321,734</u>	<u>1,138,499</u>
Adjustments:			
Loss (gain) on derivatives, net	11,942	(32,076)	23,615
Non-cash impact of income tax benefit	(43,486)	(15,269)	(21,349)
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt, net	687	(6,104)	581
Transaction, transition and restructuring costs	20,369	15,215	30,884
Amortization of other intangibles	400	385	385
Non-cash impact of changes to executive equity compensation plan	180	161	(312)
Significant disruptive events, net	8,230	(5,339)	12,451
(Reversal of) allowance on loans receivable and investments, net	(166)	(20,270)	19,757
Normalizing items related to noncontrolling interests and unconsolidated entities, net	(2,012)	(25,683)	(18,233)
Other normalizing items, net ⁽¹⁾	<u>\$ 25,856</u>	<u>\$ (20,870)</u>	<u>\$ 20,693</u>
Normalized FFO attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 1,327,447</u>	<u>\$ 1,211,884</u>	<u>\$ 1,206,971</u>

⁽¹⁾ For the year ended December 31, 2024, primarily related to shareholder relations matters and certain legal matters. For the year ended December 31, 2023, primarily related to gain on foreclosure of real estate, payment obligation arising in connection with sale of real estate and certain legal matters. For the year ended December 31, 2022, primarily related to shareholder relations matters.

NOI

We also consider NOI an important supplemental measure because it allows investors, analysts and our management to assess our unlevered property-level operating results and to compare our operating results with those of other real estate companies and between periods on a consistent basis. We define NOI as total revenues, less interest and other income, property-level operating expenses and third-party capital management expenses.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of net income attributable to common stockholders to NOI (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 81,153	\$ (40,973)	\$ (47,447)
Adjustments:			
Interest and other income	(28,114)	(11,414)	(3,635)
Interest expense	602,835	574,112	467,557
Depreciation and amortization	1,253,143	1,392,461	1,197,798
General, administrative and professional fees	162,990	148,876	144,874
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt, net	687	(6,104)	581
Transaction, transition and restructuring costs	20,369	15,215	30,884
(Reversal of) allowance on loans receivable and investments, net	(166)	(20,270)	19,757
Gain on foreclosure of real estate	—	(29,127)	—
Shareholder relations matters	15,751	—	20,693
Other expense (income)	49,584	(23,001)	58,268
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	7,198	10,676	6,516
Income from unconsolidated entities	(1,563)	(13,626)	(28,500)
Income tax benefit	(37,775)	(9,539)	(16,926)
Gain on real estate dispositions	(57,009)	(62,119)	(7,780)
NOI	<u>\$ 2,069,083</u>	<u>\$ 1,925,167</u>	<u>\$ 1,842,640</u>

See “Results of Operations” for discussions regarding both NOI and same-store NOI. We define same-store as properties owned, consolidated and operational for the full period in both comparison periods and that are not otherwise excluded; provided, however, that we may include selected properties that otherwise meet the same-store criteria if they are included in substantially all of, but not a full, period for one or both of the comparison periods, and in our judgment such inclusion provides a more meaningful presentation of our segment performance.

Newly acquired development properties and recently developed or redeveloped properties in our SHOP reportable business segment will be included in same-store once they are stabilized for the full period in both periods presented. These properties are considered stabilized upon the earlier of (a) the achievement of 80% sustained occupancy or (b) 24 months from the date of acquisition or substantial completion of work. Recently developed or redeveloped properties in our OM&R and NNN reportable business segments will be included in same-store once substantial completion of work has occurred for the full period in both periods presented. Our SHOP and NNN that have undergone operator or business model transitions will be included in same-store once operating under consistent operating structures for the full period in both periods presented.

Properties are excluded from same-store if they are: (i) sold, classified as held for sale or properties whose operations were classified as discontinued operations in accordance with GAAP; (ii) impacted by significant disruptive events such as flood or fire; (iii) for SHOP, those properties that are currently undergoing a significant disruptive redevelopment; (iv) for OM&R and NNN reportable business segments, those properties for which management has an intention to institute, or has instituted, a redevelopment plan because the properties may require major property-level expenditures to maximize value, increase NOI, or maintain a market-competitive position and/or achieve property stabilization, most commonly as the result of an expected or actual material change in occupancy or NOI; or (v) for SHOP and NNN reportable business segments, those properties that are scheduled to undergo operator or business model transitions, or have transitioned operators or business models after the start of the prior comparison period.

To eliminate the impact of exchange rate movements, certain of our performance-based disclosures, including same-store NOI for SHOP and NNN, assume constant exchange rates across comparable periods, using the following methodology: the current period's results are shown in actual reported USD, while prior comparison period's results are adjusted and converted to USD based on the average monthly exchange rate for the current period.

Asset/Liability Management

Asset/liability management, a key element of enterprise risk management, is designed to support the achievement of our business strategy, while ensuring that we maintain appropriate and tolerable levels of market risk (primarily interest rate risk and foreign currency exchange risk) and credit risk. Effective management of these risks is a contributing factor to the absolute levels and variability of our FFO and net worth. The following discussion addresses our integrated management of assets and liabilities, including the use of derivative financial instruments.

Market Risk

We are primarily exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates with respect to borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility, our unsecured term loans and our commercial paper program, certain of our mortgage loans that are variable rate obligations, mortgage loans receivable that bear interest at variable rates and available for sale securities. These market risks result primarily from changes in benchmark interest rates. To manage these risks, we continuously monitor our level of variable rate debt with respect to total debt and other factors, including our assessment of current and future economic conditions. See "Risk Factors—We are exposed to increases in interest rates, which could reduce our profitability and adversely impact our ability to refinance existing debt, sell assets or engage in acquisition, investment, development and redevelopment activity, and our decision to hedge against interest rate risk might not be effective" included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

The table below sets forth certain information with respect to our debt, excluding premiums and discounts (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Balance:			
Fixed rate:			
Senior notes/Exchangeable senior notes	\$ 9,744,519	\$ 9,302,840	\$ 8,627,540
Unsecured term loans	400,000	400,000	200,000
Mortgage loans and other	2,684,014	2,755,988	2,035,896
Subtotal fixed rate	<u>12,828,533</u>	<u>12,458,828</u>	<u>10,863,436</u>
Variable rate:			
Unsecured revolving credit facility	6,397	14,006	25,230
Unsecured term loans	300,000	677,501	669,031
Commercial paper notes	—	—	403,000
Mortgage loans and other	483,872	418,263	400,547
Subtotal variable rate	<u>790,269</u>	<u>1,109,770</u>	<u>1,497,808</u>
Total	<u>\$ 13,618,802</u>	<u>\$ 13,568,598</u>	<u>\$ 12,361,244</u>
Percentage of total debt:			
Fixed rate:			
Senior notes/Exchangeable senior notes	71.6 %	68.6 %	69.8 %
Unsecured term loans	2.9	2.9	1.6
Mortgage loans and other	19.7	20.3	16.5
Variable rate:			
Unsecured revolving credit facility	—	0.1	0.2
Unsecured term loans	2.2	5.0	5.4
Commercial paper notes	—	—	3.3
Mortgage loans and other	3.6	3.1	3.2
Total	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>
Weighted average interest rate at end of period:			
Fixed rate:			
Senior notes/Exchangeable senior notes	4.1 %	3.8 %	3.7 %
Unsecured term loans	4.7	4.7	3.6
Mortgage loans and other	4.3	4.2	3.7
Variable rate:			
Unsecured revolving credit facility	5.3	6.1	4.5
Unsecured term loans	5.3	6.3	5.5
Commercial paper notes	—	—	4.7
Mortgage loans and other	5.1	6.1	5.1
Total	4.2	4.1	3.9

The variable rate debt as of December 31, 2024 in the table above reflects, in part, the effect of \$141.3 million notional amount of interest rate swaps with maturities in March 2027, that effectively convert fixed rate debt to variable rate debt. In addition, the fixed rate debt as of December 31, 2024 in the table above reflects, in part, the effect of \$526.5 million and C\$635.9 million notional amount of interest rate swaps with maturities ranging from February 2025 to April 2031, in each case, that effectively convert variable rate debt to fixed rate debt. See “Note 10 – Senior Notes Payable and Other Debt” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

The decrease in our outstanding variable rate debt as of December 31, 2024 compared to December 31, 2023 is primarily attributable to the repayment of a C\$500.0 million (\$369.4 million) unsecured term loan.

The increase in our outstanding fixed rate debt from December 31, 2024 compared to December 31, 2023 was primarily attributable to net issuances of senior notes.

Assuming a 100 basis point increase in the weighted average interest rate related to our consolidated variable rate debt and assuming no change in our consolidated variable rate debt outstanding as of December 31, 2024 of \$0.8 billion, interest expense on an annualized basis would increase by approximately \$7.9 million, or less than \$0.02 per diluted common share.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, our joint venture partners' aggregate share of total consolidated debt was \$310.9 million and \$297.5 million, respectively, with respect to certain properties we owned through consolidated joint ventures.

Total consolidated debt does not include our portion of unconsolidated debt related to investments in unconsolidated real estate entities, which was \$676.8 million and \$575.3 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The fair value of our fixed rate debt is based on current market interest rates at which we could obtain similar borrowings. Increases in market interest rates typically result in a decrease in the fair value of fixed rate debt while decreases in market interest rates typically result in an increase in the fair value of fixed rate debt. While changes in market interest rates affect the fair value of our fixed rate debt, these changes do not affect the interest expense associated with our fixed rate debt. Therefore, interest rate risk does not have a significant impact on our fixed rate debt obligations until their maturity or earlier prepayment and refinancing. If interest rates have risen at the time we seek to refinance our fixed rate debt, whether at maturity or otherwise, our future earnings and cash flows could be adversely affected by additional borrowing costs. Conversely, lower interest rates at the time of refinancing may reduce our overall borrowing costs.

To highlight the sensitivity of our fixed rate debt to changes in interest rates, the following summary shows the effects of a hypothetical instantaneous change of 100 basis points in interest rates (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
Gross book value	\$ 12,828,533	\$ 12,458,828
Fair value	12,620,797	11,994,321
Fair value reflecting change in interest rates:		
-100 basis points	13,078,684	12,457,648
+100 basis points	12,158,222	11,568,461

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the fair value of our secured and non-mortgage loans receivable, based on our estimates of currently prevailing rates for comparable loans, was \$173.9 million and \$53.1 million, respectively. See "Note 6 – Loans Receivable and Investments" and "Note 11 – Fair Values of Financial Instruments" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

As a result of our Canadian and United Kingdom operations, we are subject to fluctuations in certain foreign currency exchange rates that may, from time to time, affect our financial condition and operating performance. Based solely on our results for the year ended December 31, 2024 (including the impact of existing hedging arrangements), if the value of the U.S. dollar relative to the British pound and Canadian dollar were to increase or decrease by one standard deviation compared to the average exchange rate during the year, our Net Income and Normalized FFO for the year ended December 31, 2024 would decrease or increase by less than \$0.01 per diluted common share. We will continue to mitigate these risks through a layered approach to hedging and continual assessment of our foreign operational capital structure. Nevertheless, we cannot assure you that any such fluctuations will not have an effect on our earnings.

Concentration Risk

We use concentration ratios to identify, understand and evaluate the potential impact of economic downturns and other adverse events that may affect our asset types, geographic locations, business models, and managers, tenants and borrowers. We evaluate concentration risk in terms of investment mix and operations mix. Investment mix measures the percentage of our investments that is concentrated in a specific asset type or that is operated or managed by a particular manager, tenant or borrower. Operations mix measures the percentage of our operating results that is attributed to a particular manager, tenant, or borrower, geographic location or business model.

The following tables reflect our concentration risk as of the dates and for the periods presented:

	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
Investment mix by asset type ⁽¹⁾:		
Senior housing communities	67.3 %	65.8 %
Outpatient medical buildings	19.7	20.4
Research centers	5.3	5.7
Other healthcare facilities	4.5	4.8
Inpatient rehabilitation facilities (“IRFs”) and long-term acute care facilities (“LTACs”)	2.0	1.5
Skilled nursing facilities (“SNFs”)	1.2	1.7
Secured loans receivable and investments, net	—	0.1
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %
Investment mix by manager and tenant ⁽¹⁾:		
Atria	21.0 %	23.5 %
Sunrise	9.9	9.0
Lillibridge	9.8	10.2
Brookdale	6.6	7.7
Le Groupe Maurice	6.4	7.0
Wexford	5.1	5.4
Ardent	4.9	5.1
Kindred	1.3	0.8
All other	35.0	31.3
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %

⁽¹⁾ Ratios are based on the gross book value of consolidated real estate investments (excluding properties classified as held for sale, development properties not yet operational and land parcels) as of each reporting date.

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Operations mix by manager and tenant and business model:			
Revenues ⁽¹⁾ :			
SHOP	68.5 %	65.8 %	64.3 %
Brookdale ⁽²⁾	3.1	3.3	3.6
Ardent ⁽³⁾	2.8	3.0	3.2
Kindred	2.8	2.9	3.2
All others	22.8	25.0	25.7
Total	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>
Net operating income (“NOI”):			
SHOP	41.9 %	37.0 %	35.1 %
Brookdale ⁽²⁾	7.2	7.7	8.1
Kindred	6.7	6.9	7.3
Ardent ⁽³⁾	6.6	6.9	7.1
All others	37.6	41.5	42.4
Total	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>
Operations mix by geographic location ⁽¹⁾:			
California	13.4 %	13.6 %	14.3 %
New York	7.0	7.4	7.5
Texas	6.6	6.5	6.6
Quebec, Canada	5.9	6.0	6.2
Illinois	4.9	4.4	4.3
All others	62.2	62.1	61.1
Total	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>

⁽¹⁾ Represents percentage of total revenues which include third-party capital management revenues, income from loans and investments and interest and other income.

⁽²⁾ Results exclude nine senior housing communities which are included in our SHOP segment.

⁽³⁾ Results exclude 19 outpatient medical buildings included in “All others.”

See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional disclosure and reconciliations of net income attributable to common stockholders, as computed in accordance with GAAP, to NOI.

We derive a significant portion of our revenues by leasing assets under long-term triple-net leases in which the rental rate is generally fixed with escalators, subject to certain limitations. Some of our triple-net lease escalators are contingent upon the satisfaction of specified facility revenue parameters or based on increases in the Consumer Price Index (“CPI”), with caps, floors or collars. We also earn revenues directly from individual residents in our senior housing communities that are managed by operators, such as Atria, Sunrise and Le Groupe Maurice, and tenants in our outpatient medical buildings.

The concentration of our NNN segment revenues and operating income that are attributed to Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred creates credit risk. If any of Brookdale, Ardent or Kindred becomes unable or unwilling to satisfy its obligations to us or to renew its leases with us upon expiration of the terms thereof, our financial condition and results of operations could decline, and our ability to service our indebtedness and to make distributions to our stockholders could be impaired. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—A significant portion of our revenues and operating income is dependent on a limited number of managers and tenants, including Atria, Sunrise, Le Groupe Maurice, Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report and “Note 3 – Concentration of Credit Risk” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report.

We regularly monitor and assess any changes in the relative credit risk associated with our significant tenant relationships. The ratios and metrics we use to evaluate the relative credit risk associated with those relationships depend on facts and circumstances specific to that relationship and may vary over time. Such ratios and metrics may include, without

limitation, the credit history of, and the legal, regulatory or economic conditions affecting, any tenant, guarantor, obligor, or affiliated company associated with the tenant. Among other things, we may review and analyze information regarding the real estate, senior housing and healthcare industries generally, financial statements and other public or private information regarding any tenant, guarantor, obligor, or affiliated company. From time to time we may also participate in discussions and in-person meetings with representatives of the significant tenant. Using this information, we calculate and review multiple financial ratios (which may, but do not necessarily, include, leverage, fixed charge coverage, rent coverage and other property level key performance indicators), including certain adjustments based on information provided by the tenant or required by the relevant reporting requirements and the expected future performance of the assets, tenants and guarantors.

Because Atria, Sunrise and Le Groupe Maurice manage our properties in exchange for the receipt of a management fee from us, we are not directly exposed to the credit risk of our managers in the same manner or to the same extent as our triple-net tenants. However, we rely on our managers' personnel, expertise, technical resources and information systems, proprietary information, good faith and judgment to manage the senior housing communities' operations efficiently and effectively. We also rely on Atria, Sunrise and Le Groupe Maurice to set appropriate resident fees, to provide accurate property-level financials results in a timely manner and otherwise operate our senior housing communities in compliance with the terms of our management agreements and all applicable laws and regulations. Although we have various rights as the property owner under our management agreements, including various rights to terminate and exercise remedies under the agreements as provided therein, Atria's, Sunrise's or Le Groupe Maurice's failure, inability or unwillingness to satisfy its respective obligations under those agreements, to efficiently and effectively manage our properties or to provide timely and accurate accounting information with respect thereto could have a Material Adverse Effect on us. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy" included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Triple-Net Lease Performance and Expirations

Any failure, inability or unwillingness by our tenants to satisfy their obligations under our triple-net leases could have a material adverse effect on us. Also, if our tenants are not able or willing to renew our triple-net leases upon expiration, we may be unable to reposition the applicable properties on a timely basis or on the same or better economic terms, if at all. Although our lease expirations are staggered, the non-renewal of some or all of our triple-net leases that expire in any given year could have a material adverse effect on us. During the year ended December 31, 2024, we had no triple-net lease expirations that, in the aggregate, had a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations for that period. See "Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—If we need to replace any of our managers or tenants, we may be unable to do so on as favorable terms, if at all, and we could be subject to delays, limitations and expenses, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations" included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Tenant Lease Expirations

The following table summarizes our lease expirations in our OM&R and NNN segments over the next 10 years and thereafter, assuming that none of the tenants exercise any of their renewal or purchase options, as of December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

	Expiration Year										
	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	Thereafter
OM&R:											
Segment Properties	426	426	426	426	426	426	426	426	426	426	426
Annualized Base Rent ⁽¹⁾	72,314	65,137	85,516	67,695	70,060	49,547	32,347	41,433	33,067	58,566	42,790
% of Segment Base Rent	12 %	11 %	14 %	11 %	11 %	8 %	5 %	7 %	5 %	9 %	7 %
NNN:											
Segment Properties	174	112	98	104	101	101	96	102	99	95	160
Annualized Base Rent ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	95,558	41,513	10,512	45,669	28,834	113,130	1,982	5,803	3,932	16,040	205,743
% of Segment Base Rent	17 %	7 %	2 %	8 %	5 %	20 %	— %	1 %	1 %	3 %	36 %
Total Annualized Base Rent	167,872	106,650	96,027	113,364	98,894	162,677	34,329	47,236	36,999	74,605	248,533
% of Total OM&R and NNN Base Rent	14 %	9 %	8 %	10 %	8 %	14 %	3 %	4 %	3 %	6 %	21 %

⁽¹⁾ Annualized Base Rent (“ABR”) represents the annualized impact of the current period’s cash base rent at 100% share for consolidated entities. ABR does not include straight-line rental income, rent escalators, common area maintenance charges, the amortization of above / below market lease intangibles or other non-cash items.

⁽²⁾ The expiration of ABR in 2025 includes rent associated with (a) 56 senior housing properties currently leased to Brookdale, 45 of which are intended to be converted to our SHOP segment on or after September 1, 2025 and (b) 3 LTACs currently leased to Kindred through April 2025. The expiration of ABR in 2030 includes rent associated with 20 LTACs currently leased to Kindred. The expiration of ABR in 2034 includes rent associated with 5 LTACs currently leased to Kindred. The expiration of ABR Thereafter includes rent associated with 65 properties currently leased to Brookdale. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business Operations and Strategy—If we need to replace any of our managers or tenants, we may be unable to do so on as favorable terms, if at all, and we could be subject to delays, limitations and expenses, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations” included in Part I, Item 1A of this Annual Report.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our principal sources of liquidity are cash flows from operations, proceeds from the issuance of debt and equity securities, borrowings under our unsecured revolving credit facility and commercial paper program, and proceeds from asset sales.

For the next 12 months, our principal liquidity needs are to: (i) fund operating expenses; (ii) meet our debt service requirements; (iii) repay maturing mortgage and other debt; (iv) fund acquisitions, investments and commitments and any development and redevelopment activities; (v) fund capital expenditures; and (vi) make distributions to our stockholders and unitholders, as required for us to continue to qualify as a REIT. Depending upon the availability of external capital, we believe our liquidity is sufficient to fund these uses of cash. We expect that these liquidity needs generally will be satisfied by a combination of the following: cash flows from operations, cash on hand, debt assumptions and financings (including secured financings), issuances of debt and equity securities, dispositions of assets (including in whole or in part, through joint venture arrangements) and borrowings under our revolving credit facilities and commercial paper program. However, an inability to access liquidity through multiple capital sources concurrently could have a material adverse effect on us.

Our material contractual obligations arising in the normal course of business primarily consist of long-term debt and related interest payments, and operating obligations which include ground lease obligations. During the year ended December 31, 2024, our material contractual obligations increased primarily due to net issuances of senior notes to pre-fund upcoming debt maturities. See “Note 10 – Senior Notes Payable and Other Debt” and “Note 14 – Commitments and Contingencies” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report for further information regarding our long-term debt obligations and operating obligations, respectively.

We may, from time to time, seek to retire or purchase our outstanding indebtedness for cash or in exchange for equity securities in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions, prospects for capital and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

Loans Receivable and Investments

In September 2024, we provided new secured debt financing of \$109.0 million to the owner of a senior housing property, secured by the asset and with additional credit support. The loan provides us with a right of first offer to purchase the asset on certain terms and conditions. The loan has a 3-year term and bears interest at a variable rate based on one-month SOFR, subject to a floor of 4.50%, plus a spread of 5.75%, increasing to 6.00% commencing October 1, 2025.

Credit Facilities, Commercial Paper, Unsecured Term Loans and Letters of Credit

As of December 31, 2024, we had \$2.74 billion of undrawn capacity under our unsecured revolving credit facility with \$6.4 million outstanding and an additional \$0.8 million restricted to support outstanding letters of credit. We use our unsecured revolving credit facility to support our commercial paper program and for general corporate purposes.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership (“Ventas Realty”), may issue from time to time unsecured commercial paper notes up to a maximum aggregate amount outstanding at any time of \$1.0 billion. The notes are sold under customary terms in the U.S. commercial paper note market and are ranked pari passu with all of Ventas Realty’s other unsecured senior indebtedness. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Ventas, Inc. As of December 31, 2024, we had no borrowings outstanding under our commercial paper program.

Ventas Realty has a \$500.0 million unsecured term loan priced at Adjusted SOFR plus 0.85%, which is subject to adjustment based on Ventas Realty’s debt ratings. This term loan is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Ventas, Inc. It matures in June 2027 and includes an accordion feature that permits Ventas Realty to increase the aggregate borrowings thereunder to up to \$1.25 billion, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including the receipt of additional commitments for such increase.

Ventas Realty has a \$200.0 million unsecured term loan priced at Adjusted SOFR plus 0.85%, which is subject to adjustment based on Ventas Realty’s debt ratings. This term loan is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Ventas, Inc. It matures in February 2027 and includes an accordion feature that permits Ventas Realty to increase the aggregate borrowings thereunder to up to \$500.0 million, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including the receipt of additional commitments for such increase.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we repaid a C\$500.0 million (\$369.4 million) unsecured term loan facility priced at Canadian Dollar Offered Rate (“CDOR”) plus 0.90% that would otherwise have matured in January 2025.

As of December 31, 2024, our \$100.0 million uncommitted line for standby letters of credit had an outstanding balance of \$15.4 million. The agreement governing the line contains certain customary covenants and, under its terms, we are required to pay a commission on each outstanding letter of credit at a fixed rate.

Exchangeable Senior Notes

In June 2023, Ventas Realty issued \$862.5 million aggregate principal amount of its 3.75% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2026 (the “Exchangeable Notes”) in a private placement. The Exchangeable Notes are senior, unsecured obligations of Ventas Realty and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured and unsubordinated basis by Ventas, Inc. The Exchangeable Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.75% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on December 1, 2023. The Exchangeable Notes mature on June 1, 2026, unless earlier exchanged, redeemed or repurchased. As of both December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had \$862.5 million aggregate principal amount of the Exchangeable Notes outstanding with an effective interest rate of 4.62% inclusive of the impact of the amortization of issuance costs. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we recognized \$32.3 million and \$17.8 million of contractual interest expense, respectively, and amortization of issuance costs of \$6.8 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, related to the Exchangeable Notes. Unamortized issuance costs of \$10.3 million and \$17.1 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were recorded as an offset to Senior notes payable and other debt on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Exchangeable Notes are exchangeable at an initial exchange rate of 18.2460 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Exchangeable Notes (equivalent to an initial exchange price of approximately \$54.81 per share of

common stock). The initial exchange rate is subject to adjustment, including in the event of the payment of a quarterly dividend in excess of \$0.45 per share, but will not be adjusted for any accrued and unpaid interest. Upon exchange of the Exchangeable Notes, Ventas Realty will pay cash up to the aggregate principal amount of the Exchangeable Notes to be exchanged and pay or deliver (or cause to be delivered), as the case may be, cash, shares of common stock or a combination of cash and shares of common stock, at Ventas Realty's election, in respect of the remainder, if any, of its exchange obligation in excess of the aggregate principal amount of the Exchangeable Notes being exchanged. Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding March 1, 2026, the Exchangeable Notes will be exchangeable at the option of the noteholders only upon the satisfaction of specified conditions and during certain periods described in the indenture governing the Exchangeable Notes. On or after March 1, 2026, until the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date, the Exchangeable Notes will be exchangeable at the option of the noteholders at any time regardless of these conditions or periods.

Senior Notes

As of December 31, 2024, we had outstanding \$8.3 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes issued by Ventas Realty, approximately \$73.8 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes issued by Nationwide Health Properties, Inc. ("NHP") and assumed by our subsidiary, Nationwide Health Properties, LLC ("NHP LLC"), as successor to NHP, in connection with our acquisition of NHP, and C\$2.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes issued by our subsidiary, Ventas Canada Finance Limited ("Ventas Canada"). All of the senior notes issued by Ventas Realty and Ventas Canada are unconditionally guaranteed by Ventas, Inc.

We may, from time to time, seek to retire or purchase our outstanding senior notes for cash or in exchange for equity securities in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions, prospects for capital and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

The indentures governing our outstanding senior notes require us to comply with various financial and other restrictive covenants. We were in compliance with all of these covenants at December 31, 2024.

In February 2024, Ventas Canada issued and sold C\$650.0 million (\$478.3 million) aggregate principal amount of 5.10% Senior Notes, Series J due 2029 in a private placement. The proceeds were primarily used to repay our C\$500.0 million (\$369.4 million) unsecured term loan facility due 2025.

In April and May 2024, we repaid \$800.0 million senior notes consisting of \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.50% Senior Notes due 2024 and \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% Senior Notes due 2024 at maturity primarily with cash on hand and borrowings through our commercial paper program.

In April 2024, we repaid C\$73.0 million (\$53.4 million) aggregate principal amount of 2.80% Senior Notes, Series E due 2024 at maturity with cash on hand.

In May 2024, Ventas Realty issued and sold \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.625% Senior Notes due 2034 in a registered public offering. The proceeds were primarily used to repay balances outstanding under our commercial paper program.

In September 2024, Ventas Realty issued and sold \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Senior Notes due 2035 in a registered public offering. We used the proceeds for general corporate purposes, including funding of acquisitions and the repayment of other indebtedness.

In September 2024, we repaid C\$163.3 million (\$120.8 million) aggregate principal amount of 4.125% Senior Notes due 2024 at maturity with cash on hand.

In January and February 2025, we repaid \$450.0 million and \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.65% Senior Notes due 2025 and aggregate principal amount of 3.50% Senior Notes due 2025, respectively, at maturity using cash on hand and borrowings through our commercial paper program.

Mortgages

At December 31, 2024, our consolidated aggregate principal amount of mortgage debt outstanding was \$3.2 billion, of which our share was \$2.9 billion.

Under certain circumstances, contractual and legal restrictions, including those contained in the instruments governing our subsidiaries' outstanding mortgage indebtedness, may restrict our ability to obtain cash from our subsidiaries for the purpose of meeting our debt service obligations, including our payment guarantees with respect to Ventas Realty's and Ventas Canada's senior notes.

In February 2024, we entered into a C\$52.8 million (\$39.1 million) fixed rate mortgage loan, which accrues interest at 4.644%, matures in 2029 and is secured by one senior housing community in Canada.

In April 2024, we entered into an aggregate C\$103.0 million (\$75.5 million) fixed rate mortgage loans, which accrue interest at a blended rate of 4.90%, mature in 2029 and are secured by two senior housing communities in Canada.

In May 2024, we entered into a \$52.3 million fixed rate mortgage loan, which accrues interest at 6.02%, matures in 2034 and is secured by one outpatient medical building in California.

Derivatives and Hedging

In the normal course of our business, interest rate fluctuations affect future cash flows under our variable rate debt obligations, loans receivable and marketable debt securities, and foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations affect our operating results. We follow established risk management policies and procedures, including the use of derivative instruments, to mitigate the impact of these risks.

We do not use derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes, and we have a policy of entering into contracts only with major financial institutions based upon their credit ratings and other factors. When considered together with the underlying exposure that the derivative is designed to hedge, we do not expect that the use of derivatives in this manner would have any material adverse effect on our future financial condition or results of operations.

We enter into interest rate swaps in order to maintain a capital structure containing targeted amounts of fixed and variable-rate debt and manage interest rate risk. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable amounts from a counterparty in exchange for our fixed-rate payments. These interest rate swap agreements are used to hedge the variable cash flows associated with variable-rate debt.

Periodically, we enter into and designate interest rate locks to partially hedge the risk of changes in interest payments attributable to increases in the benchmark interest rate during the period leading up to the probable issuance of fixed-rate debt. We designate our interest rate locks as cash flow hedges. Gains and losses when we settle our interest rate locks are amortized over the life of the related debt and recorded in Interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

As of December 31, 2024, our variable rate debt obligations of \$0.8 billion reflect, in part, the effect of \$141.3 million notional amount of interest rate swaps with maturities in March 2027, that effectively convert fixed rate debt to variable rate debt.

As of December 31, 2024, our fixed rate debt obligations of \$12.8 billion reflect, in part, the effect of \$526.5 million and C\$635.9 million notional amount of interest rate swaps with maturities ranging from February 2025 to April 2031, in each case, that effectively convert variable rate debt to fixed rate debt.

2024 Activity

From June through September 2024, we entered into an aggregate \$350.0 million treasury locks to hedge interest rate risk on future debt issuances. In September 2024, we terminated the treasury locks in conjunction with the issuance of the \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Senior Notes due 2035.

Capital Stock

In February 2024, we entered into an amendment to our November 2021 ATM Sales Agreement, providing for an "at-the-market" equity offering program, pursuant to which we could sell, from time to time, up to \$1.0 billion aggregate gross sales price of shares of our common stock (as amended, the "February 2024 ATM Program"). In September 2024, we terminated the February 2024 ATM Program and entered into an ATM Sales Agreement providing for the sale, from time to time, of up to \$2.0 billion aggregate gross sales price of shares of our common stock (the "September 2024 ATM Program" and, together with the February 2024 ATM Program, the "ATM Programs"). The ATM Programs have allowed us to enter into forward sales agreements, as discussed below. By utilizing a forward sales agreement, we can secure a share price on the sale of

shares of our common stock at or shortly after the time the forward sales agreement becomes effective, while postponing the receipt of proceeds from the sale of shares until a future date. As of December 31, 2024, the remaining amount available under our September 2024 ATM Program for future sales of common stock was \$1.5 billion.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we issued 37.3 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of \$2.2 billion, representing an average price of \$58.38 per share, of which 3.4 million shares or approximately \$201.1 million in gross proceeds remained unsettled with maturity in March 2026. During the year ended December 31, 2023, we issued 2.3 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of \$110.4 million, representing an average price of \$47.89 per share. There were no issuances of common stock for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Equity Forward Sales Agreements

Equity forward sales agreements generally have a maturity of one to two years. At any time during the term of an equity forward sales agreement, we may settle that equity forward sales agreement by delivery of physical shares of our common stock to the forward purchaser or, at our election, subject to certain exceptions, we may settle in cash or by net share settlement. The forward sales price we expect to receive upon settlement of outstanding equity forward sales agreements will be the initial forward price, net of commissions, established on or shortly after the effective date of the relevant equity forward sales agreement, subject to adjustments for accrued interest, the forward purchasers' stock borrowing costs in excess of a certain threshold specified in the equity forward sales agreement, and certain fixed price reductions for expected dividends on our common stock during the term of the equity forward sales agreement. Our unsettled equity forward sales agreements are accounted for as equity instruments.

In January 2025, we entered into additional unsettled equity forward sales agreements for 0.8 million shares or approximately \$49.8 million in gross proceeds with maturity in March 2026.

Dividends

During 2024, we declared four dividends totaling \$1.80 per share of our common stock, including a fourth quarter dividend of \$0.45 per share. In order to continue to qualify as a REIT, we must make annual distributions to our stockholders of at least 90% of our REIT taxable income (excluding net capital gain). In addition, we will be subject to income tax at the regular corporate rate to the extent we distribute less than 100% of our REIT taxable income, including any net capital gains. We intend to pay dividends greater than 100% of our taxable income, after the use of any net operating loss carryforwards, for 2025.

We expect that our cash flows will exceed our REIT taxable income due to depreciation and other non-cash deductions in computing REIT taxable income and that we will be able to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement. However, from time to time, we may not have sufficient cash on hand or other liquid assets to meet this requirement or we may decide to retain cash or distribute such greater amount as may be necessary to avoid income and excise taxation. If we do not have sufficient cash on hand or other liquid assets to enable us to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement, or if we desire to retain cash, we may borrow funds, issue additional equity securities, pay taxable stock dividends, if possible, distribute other property or securities or engage in a transaction intended to enable us to meet the REIT distribution requirements or any combination of the foregoing.

Capital Expenditures

From time to time, we engage in development and redevelopment activities within our reportable business segments and through our investments in unconsolidated entities. For example, we are party to certain agreements that commit us to develop properties funded through capital that we and, in certain circumstances, our joint venture partners provide. As of December 31, 2024, we had three active and committed projects pursuant to these agreements, including two projects that are unconsolidated. In addition, from time to time, we engage in redevelopment projects with respect to our existing senior housing communities, outpatient medical buildings and research centers to maximize the value, increase NOI, maintain a market-competitive position, achieve property stabilization or change the primary use of the property.

The terms of our triple-net leases generally obligate our tenants to pay all capital expenditures necessary to maintain and improve our triple-net leased properties. However, from time to time, we may fund the capital expenditures for our triple-net leased properties through loans or advances to the tenants, which may increase the amount of rent payable with respect to the properties in certain cases. We may also fund capital expenditures for which we may become responsible upon expiration of our triple-net leases or in the event that our tenants are unable or unwilling to meet their obligations under those leases.

We expect that these liquidity needs generally will be satisfied by a combination of the following: cash flows from operations, cash on hand, debt assumptions and financings (including secured financings), issuances of debt and equity securities, dispositions of assets (in whole or in part through joint venture arrangements) and borrowings under our revolving credit facilities and commercial paper program.

To the extent that unanticipated capital expenditure needs arise or significant borrowings are required, our liquidity may be affected adversely. Our ability to borrow additional funds may be restricted in certain circumstances by the terms of the instruments governing our outstanding indebtedness.

Cash Flows

The following table sets forth our sources and uses of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		Change	
	2024	2023	\$	%
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	\$ 563,462	\$ 170,745	\$ 392,717	nm
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,329,625	1,119,873	209,752	18.7
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,377,089)	(184,664)	(2,192,425)	nm
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,445,220	(543,749)	1,988,969	nm
Effect of foreign currency translation	(3,985)	1,257	(5,242)	nm
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 957,233	\$ 563,462	\$ 393,771	69.9

nm - not meaningful

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Cash flows from operating activities increased \$209.8 million during 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 primarily due to growth in our businesses and improvements to our working capital.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Cash flows used in investing activities increased \$2.2 billion during 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 primarily due to a \$1.9 billion increase in acquisition and a \$122.6 million increase in investment in loans receivable in 2024.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities increased \$2.0 billion during 2024 compared to the same period in 2023 primarily due to a \$1.9 billion increase in issuances of common stock.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We own interests in certain unconsolidated entities as described in “Note 7 – Investments in Unconsolidated Entities.” Except in limited circumstances, our risk of loss is limited to our investment in the entities and any outstanding loans receivable. Further, we use financial derivative instruments to hedge interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate exposure. Finally, as of December 31, 2024, we had \$16.3 million outstanding letters of credit obligations.

Commitments and Contingencies

The information contained in “Note 14 – Commitments and Contingencies” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report is incorporated by reference into this Item 7.

Guarantor and Issuer Information - Registered Senior Notes

Ventas, Inc. has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the obligation to pay principal and interest with respect to the outstanding senior notes issued by our 100% owned subsidiary, Ventas Realty, that were issued in transactions registered under the Securities Act of 1933. No other Ventas entities are issuers or guarantors of debt securities registered under the Securities Act.

Under certain circumstances, contractual and legal restrictions, including those contained in the instruments governing our subsidiaries' outstanding mortgage indebtedness, may restrict our ability to obtain cash from our subsidiaries for the purpose of meeting our debt service obligations, including Ventas Realty's payment obligations and our payment guarantees with respect to Ventas Realty's registered senior notes.

Ventas Realty is a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Ventas, Inc. Excluding investments in subsidiaries, the assets, liabilities and results of operations of Ventas Realty and Ventas, Inc., on a combined basis, are not material to the consolidated financial position or consolidated results of operations of Ventas. Therefore, in accordance with Rule 13-01 of Regulation S-X, we have elected to exclude summarized financial information for the issuer and guarantor of our registered senior notes.

Please see “—Liquidity and Capital Resources” for a description of our outstanding senior notes and other debt obligations, including the registered senior notes described above.

ITEM 7A. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*

The information set forth in Part II, Item 7 of this Annual Report under “Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Asset/Liability Management” is incorporated by reference into this Item 7A.

ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Ventas, Inc.

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MANAGEMENT REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. This system is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting is not intended to provide absolute assurance that a misstatement of our financial statements would be prevented or detected.

Management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria set forth in Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on this assessment, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective at the reasonable assurance level as of December 31, 2024.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024 has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report included herein.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors
Ventas, Inc.:

Opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Ventas, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement schedules III and IV (collectively, the consolidated financial statements). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2024, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission, and our report dated February 13, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (2) involves our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of a critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Impairment of real estate investments in the senior housing operating portfolio

As discussed in Notes 1, 2, and 5 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company periodically evaluates its long-lived assets, primarily consisting of investments in real estate, for impairment indicators. If indicators of impairment are present, the Company evaluates the carrying value of the related real estate investments in relation to the future undiscounted cash flows of the underlying operations. In performing this evaluation, the Company considers market conditions and current intentions with respect to holding or disposing of the asset and adjusts the net book value of real estate properties to fair value if the sum of the expected future undiscounted cash flows, including sales proceeds, is less than book value. During the year, impairment indicators arose for certain real estate properties and as a result, recoverability assessments were performed.

We identified the evaluation of real estate investments within the senior housing operating portfolio for impairment as a critical audit matter. Subjective auditor judgment was required in evaluating the Company's determination of the future undiscounted cash flows. In particular, the undiscounted cash flows were sensitive to significant assumptions, including capitalization rates, projected operating cash flows, and stabilization period. Additionally, subjective auditor judgment and specialized skills and knowledge were needed to evaluate market data used by the Company.

The following are the primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter. We evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of certain internal controls related to the impairment process. This included controls related to the Company's impairment process and the significant assumptions described above. To test certain of the Company's undiscounted cash flow estimates, we evaluated the Company's forecasts of projected operating cash flows by comparing actual results to the Company's forecasts adjusted for current market trends. In addition, we involved valuation professionals with specialized skills and knowledge, who assisted in evaluating the Company's significant assumptions by comparing the significant assumptions to publicly available market data.

/s/ KPMG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2014.

Chicago, Illinois
February 13, 2025

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors Ventas, Inc.:

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited Ventas, Inc. and subsidiaries' (the Company) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. In our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, equity, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement schedules III and IV (collectively, the consolidated financial statements), and our report dated February 13, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ KPMG LLP
Chicago, Illinois
February 13, 2025

VENTAS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
Assets		
Real estate investments:		
Land and improvements	\$ 2,775,790	\$ 2,596,274
Buildings and improvements	28,717,990	27,201,381
Construction in progress	336,231	368,143
Acquired lease intangibles	1,558,751	1,448,146
Operating lease assets	308,019	312,142
	33,696,781	31,926,086
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(11,096,236)	(10,177,136)
Net real estate property	22,600,545	21,748,950
Secured loans receivable and investments, net	144,872	27,986
Investments in unconsolidated real estate entities	626,122	598,206
Net real estate investments	23,371,539	22,375,142
Cash and cash equivalents	897,850	508,794
Escrow deposits and restricted cash	59,383	54,668
Goodwill	1,044,915	1,045,176
Assets held for sale	18,625	56,489
Deferred income tax assets, net	1,931	1,754
Other assets	792,663	683,410
Total assets	\$ 26,186,906	\$ 24,725,433
Liabilities and equity		
Liabilities:		
Senior notes payable and other debt	\$ 13,522,551	\$ 13,490,896
Accrued interest payable	143,345	117,403
Operating lease liabilities	218,003	194,734
Accounts payable and other liabilities	1,152,306	1,041,616
Liabilities related to assets held for sale	2,726	9,243
Deferred income tax liabilities	8,150	24,500
Total liabilities	15,047,081	14,878,392
Redeemable OP unitholder and noncontrolling interests	310,229	302,636
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity:		
Ventas stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value; 10,000 shares authorized, unissued	—	—
Common stock, \$0.25 par value; 600,000 shares authorized, 437,085 and 402,380 shares outstanding at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively	109,119	100,648
Capital in excess of par value	17,607,482	15,650,734
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(33,526)	(35,757)
Retained earnings (deficit)	(6,886,653)	(6,213,803)
Treasury stock, 4 and 279 shares issued at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively	(25,155)	(13,764)
Total Ventas stockholders' equity	10,771,267	9,488,058
Noncontrolling interests	58,329	56,347
Total equity	10,829,596	9,544,405
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 26,186,906	\$ 24,725,433

See accompanying notes.

VENTAS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Revenues			
Rental income:			
Triple-net leased properties	\$ 622,054	\$ 619,208	\$ 598,154
Outpatient medical and research portfolio	874,886	867,193	801,159
	<u>1,496,940</u>	<u>1,486,401</u>	<u>1,399,313</u>
Resident fees and services	3,372,796	2,959,219	2,651,886
Third-party capital management revenues	17,359	17,841	26,199
Income from loans and investments	9,057	22,952	48,160
Interest and other income	28,114	11,414	3,635
Total revenues	<u>4,924,266</u>	<u>4,497,827</u>	<u>4,129,193</u>
Expenses			
Interest	602,835	574,112	467,557
Depreciation and amortization	1,253,143	1,392,461	1,197,798
Property-level operating expenses:			
Senior housing	2,506,413	2,247,812	2,004,420
Outpatient medical and research portfolio	298,320	292,776	257,003
Triple-net leased properties	15,829	14,557	15,301
	<u>2,820,562</u>	<u>2,555,145</u>	<u>2,276,724</u>
Third-party capital management expenses	6,507	6,101	6,194
General, administrative and professional fees	162,990	148,876	144,874
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt, net	687	(6,104)	581
Transaction, transition and restructuring costs	20,369	15,215	30,884
(Reversal of) allowance on loans receivable and investments, net	(166)	(20,270)	19,757
Gain on foreclosure of real estate	—	(29,127)	—
Shareholder relations matters	15,751	—	20,693
Other expense (income)	49,584	(23,001)	58,268
Total expenses	<u>4,932,262</u>	<u>4,613,408</u>	<u>4,223,330</u>
Loss before unconsolidated entities, real estate dispositions, income taxes and noncontrolling interests	(7,996)	(115,581)	(94,137)
Income from unconsolidated entities	1,563	13,626	28,500
Gain on real estate dispositions	57,009	62,119	7,780
Income tax benefit	37,775	9,539	16,926
Net income (loss)	<u>88,351</u>	<u>(30,297)</u>	<u>(40,931)</u>
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	7,198	10,676	6,516
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 81,153</u>	<u>\$ (40,973)</u>	<u>\$ (47,447)</u>
Earnings per common share			
Basic:			
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.10)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	0.20	(0.10)	(0.12)
Diluted: ⁽¹⁾			
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.10)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	0.19	(0.10)	(0.12)

⁽¹⁾ Potential common shares are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share ("EPS") when a net loss exists as the effect would be an antidilutive per share amount.

See accompanying notes.

VENTAS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(In thousands)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Net income (loss)	\$ 88,351	\$ (30,297)	\$ (40,931)
Other comprehensive (loss) income:			
Foreign currency translation gain (loss)	14,433	6,024	(11,837)
Unrealized loss on available for sale securities	(862)	(1,256)	(1,838)
Unrealized (loss) gain on derivative instruments	(19,672)	(2,766)	39,377
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	(6,101)	2,002	25,702
Comprehensive income (loss)	82,250	(28,295)	(15,229)
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(1,135)	11,635	4,497
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 83,385	\$ (39,930)	\$ (19,726)

See accompanying notes.

VENTAS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY
For the Years Ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Common Stock Par Value	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Treasury Stock	Total Ventas Stockholders' Equity	Non- controlling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$ 99,838	\$ 15,498,956	\$ (64,520)	\$ (4,679,889)	\$ —	\$ 10,854,385	\$ 91,375	\$ 10,945,760
Net income	—	—	—	(47,447)	—	(47,447)	6,516	(40,931)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	27,720	—	—	27,720	(2,018)	25,702
Net change in noncontrolling interests	—	(9,235)	—	—	—	(9,235)	(27,164)	(36,399)
Dividends to common stockholders—\$1.80 per share	—	—	—	(722,049)	—	(722,049)	—	(722,049)
Issuance of common stock for stock plans, restricted stock grants and other	74	38,370	—	—	(536)	37,908	—	37,908
Adjust redeemable OP unitholder interests to current fair value	—	11,480	—	—	—	11,480	—	11,480
Redemption of OP Units	—	206	—	—	—	206	—	206
Balance at December 31, 2022	99,912	15,539,777	(36,800)	(5,449,385)	(536)	10,152,968	68,709	10,221,677
Net loss	—	—	—	(40,973)	—	(40,973)	10,676	(30,297)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	1,043	—	—	1,043	959	2,002
Net change in noncontrolling interests	—	(12,495)	—	—	—	(12,495)	(23,997)	(36,492)
Dividends to common stockholders—\$1.80 per share	—	40	—	(723,445)	—	(723,405)	—	(723,405)
Issuance of common stock for stock plans, restricted stock grants and other	736	141,552	—	—	(13,228)	129,060	—	129,060
Adjust redeemable OP unitholder interests to current fair value	—	(18,056)	—	—	—	(18,056)	—	(18,056)
Redemption of OP Units	—	(84)	—	—	—	(84)	—	(84)
Balance at December 31, 2023	100,648	15,650,734	(35,757)	(6,213,803)	(13,764)	9,488,058	56,347	9,544,405
Net income	—	—	—	81,153	—	81,153	7,198	88,351
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	2,231	—	—	2,231	(8,332)	(6,101)
Net change in noncontrolling interests	—	(22,345)	—	—	—	(22,345)	3,116	(19,229)
Dividends to common stockholders—\$1.80 per share	—	78	—	(754,003)	—	(753,925)	—	(753,925)
Issuance of common stock for stock plans, restricted stock grants and other	8,471	2,015,265	—	—	(11,391)	2,012,345	—	2,012,345
Adjust redeemable OP unitholder interests to current fair value	—	(34,169)	—	—	—	(34,169)	—	(34,169)
Redemption of OP Units	—	(2,081)	—	—	—	(2,081)	—	(2,081)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 109,119	\$ 17,607,482	\$ (33,526)	\$ (6,886,653)	\$ (25,155)	\$ 10,771,267	\$ 58,329	\$ 10,829,596

See accompanying notes.

VENTAS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In thousands)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)	\$ 88,351	\$ (30,297)	\$ (40,931)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	1,253,143	1,392,461	1,197,798
Amortization of deferred revenue and lease intangibles, net	(54,242)	(59,604)	(63,543)
Other non-cash amortization	30,143	22,416	12,957
(Reversal of) allowance on loans receivable and investments, net	(166)	(20,270)	19,757
Stock-based compensation	30,991	30,987	30,715
Straight-lining of rental income	(5,094)	(7,597)	(11,094)
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt, net	687	(6,104)	581
Gain on real estate dispositions	(57,009)	(62,119)	(7,780)
Income tax benefit	(43,487)	(15,269)	(21,348)
Income from unconsolidated entities	(1,563)	(13,626)	(28,500)
Gain on foreclosure of real estate	—	(29,127)	—
Distributions from unconsolidated entities	18,298	16,123	19,847
Other	25,762	(44,503)	52,489
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Increase in other assets	(117,363)	(48,445)	(52,897)
Increase in accrued interest payable	27,205	1,252	4,915
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities	133,969	(6,405)	7,197
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,329,625	1,119,873	1,120,163
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Net investment in real estate property	(1,925,957)	(6,466)	(446,628)
Investment in loans receivable	(125,363)	(2,750)	(30,700)
Proceeds from real estate disposals	329,094	399,534	112,926
Proceeds from loans receivable	6,870	44,630	890
Proceeds from sale of interest in unconsolidated entities	—	50,054	—
Net cash assumed in foreclosure of real estate	—	11,615	—
Development project expenditures	(322,232)	(383,590)	(231,939)
Capital expenditures	(281,614)	(259,415)	(222,130)
Distributions from unconsolidated entities	8,368	74,670	28,311
Investment in unconsolidated entities	(69,797)	(130,522)	(83,652)
Insurance proceeds for property damage claims	3,542	17,576	13,704
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,377,089)	(184,664)	(859,218)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net change in borrowings under revolving credit facilities	(7,103)	(12,410)	(27,179)
Net change in borrowings under commercial paper program	—	(402,354)	122,414
Proceeds from debt	1,913,431	2,527,482	957,781
Repayment of debt	(1,621,316)	(1,973,132)	(575,391)
Purchase of noncontrolling interests	(11,064)	(110)	(170)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(35,878)	(41,837)	(8,824)
Issuance of common stock, net	1,964,867	108,455	—
Cash distribution to common stockholders	(740,326)	(723,559)	(720,319)
Cash distribution to redeemable OP unitholders	(6,468)	(6,191)	(6,292)
Cash issued for redemption of OP Units	(2,416)	(1,132)	(1,487)
Contributions from noncontrolling interests	3,703	20,241	5,371
Distributions to noncontrolling interests	(22,300)	(32,029)	(32,325)
Proceeds from stock option exercises	26,052	1,736	8,691
Other	(15,962)	(8,909)	(6,198)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,445,220	(543,749)	(283,928)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	397,756	391,460	(22,983)
Effect of foreign currency translation	(3,985)	1,257	(2,869)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of year	563,462	170,745	196,597
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of year	\$ 957,233	\$ 563,462	\$ 170,745

VENTAS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)
(Dollars in thousands)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Interest paid excluding capitalized interest	\$ 575,741	\$ 548,108	\$ 467,556
Supplemental schedule of non-cash activities:			
Assets acquired and liabilities assumed from acquisitions and other:			
Real estate investments	\$ 43,086	\$ —	\$ 16,540
Other assets	12,955	7,873	875
Other liabilities	23,489	9,000	7,747
Deferred income tax liability	28,601	12,382	960
Noncontrolling interests	—	—	3,351
Settlement of loan receivable	—	486,082	—
Real estate received in settlement of loan receivable	—	1,566,395	—
Assumption of debt related to real estate owned	—	1,016,804	—
Equity issued for redemption of OP Units	434	—	—
Investment in unconsolidated entities	—	—	8,100

See accompanying notes.

VENTAS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Ventas, Inc., (together with its consolidated subsidiaries, unless otherwise indicated or except where the context otherwise requires, “we,” “us,” “our,” “Company” and other similar terms) is a real estate investment trust (“REIT”) focused on delivering strong, sustainable shareholder returns by enabling exceptional environments that benefit a large and growing aging population. We hold a portfolio that includes senior housing communities, outpatient medical buildings, research centers, hospitals and healthcare facilities located in North America and the United Kingdom. As of December 31, 2024, we owned or had investments in 1,387 properties consisting of 1,356 properties in our reportable business segments (“Segment Properties”) and 31 properties held by unconsolidated real estate entities in our non-segment operations. Our Company is headquartered in Chicago, Illinois with additional corporate offices in Louisville, Kentucky and New York, New York.

We elected to be taxed as a REIT under Sections 856 through 860 of the Internal Revenue Code (the “Code”), commencing with our taxable year ended December 31, 1999. Provided we qualify for taxation as a REIT, we generally are not required to pay U.S. federal corporate income taxes on our REIT taxable income that is currently distributed to our stockholders. In order to maintain our qualification as a REIT, we must satisfy a number of technical requirements, which impact how we invest in, operate and manage our assets.

We operate through three reportable business segments: senior housing operating portfolio, which we refer to as “SHOP,” outpatient medical and research portfolio, which we refer to as “OM&R,” and triple-net leased properties, which we refer to as “NNN.” We also hold assets outside of our reportable business segments, which we refer to as non-segment assets and which consist primarily of corporate assets, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, loans receivable and investments and accounts receivable as well as investments in unconsolidated entities. Our investments in unconsolidated entities include investments made through our third-party institutional private capital management platform, Ventas Investment Management (“VIM”). Through VIM, we partner with third-party institutional investors to invest in real estate through various joint ventures and other co-investment vehicles where we are the sponsor or general partner, including our open-ended investment vehicle, the Ventas Life Science & Healthcare Real Estate Fund (the “Ventas Fund”).

Our chief operating decision maker evaluates performance of the combined properties in each operating segment and determines how to allocate resources to these segments, based on net operating income (“NOI”) for each segment. See our Consolidated Financial Statements and the related notes, including “Note 2 – Accounting Policies” and “Note 18 – Segment Information”.

The following table summarizes information for our portfolio for the year ended December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

Segment	NOI ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Total NOI	Segment Properties
Senior housing operating portfolio (SHOP)	\$ 866,383	41.9 %	629
Outpatient medical and research portfolio (OM&R)	579,271	28.0 %	426
Triple-net leased properties (NNN)	606,225	29.3 %	301
Non-segment ⁽²⁾	17,204	0.8 %	n/a
	<u>\$ 2,069,083</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>1,356</u>

⁽¹⁾ “NOI” is defined as total revenues, less interest and other income, property-level operating expenses and third-party capital management expenses. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional disclosure and a reconciliation of net income attributable to common stockholders, as computed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”), to NOI.

⁽²⁾ NOI for non-segment includes management fees and promote revenues, net of expenses related to our third-party institutional private capital management platform, income from loans and investments and corporate-level expenses not directly attributable to any of our three reportable business segments.

NOTE 2 – ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include our accounts and the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries and the joint venture entities over which we exercise control. All intercompany transactions and balances have been

VENTAS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

eliminated in consolidation, and our net earnings are reduced by the portion of net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests.

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) require us to identify entities for which control is achieved through means other than voting rights and to determine which business enterprise is the primary beneficiary of variable interest entities (“VIEs”). A VIE is broadly defined as an entity with one or more of the following characteristics: (a) the total equity investment at risk is insufficient to finance the entity’s activities without additional subordinated financial support; (b) as a group, the holders of the equity investment at risk lack (i) the ability to make decisions about the entity’s activities through voting or similar rights, (ii) the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity, or (iii) the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity; and (c) the equity investors have voting rights that are not proportional to their economic interests, and substantially all of the entity’s activities either involve, or are conducted on behalf of, an investor that has disproportionately few voting rights. We consolidate our investment in a VIE when we determine that we are its primary beneficiary. We may change our original assessment of a VIE upon subsequent events such as the modification of contractual arrangements that affects the characteristics or adequacy of the entity’s equity investments at risk and the disposition of all or a portion of an interest held by the primary beneficiary.

We identify the primary beneficiary of a VIE as the enterprise that has both: (i) the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the entity’s economic performance and (ii) the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits of the VIE that could be significant to the entity. We perform this analysis on an ongoing basis.

As it relates to investments in joint ventures, GAAP may preclude consolidation by the sole general partner in certain circumstances based on the type of rights held by the limited partner or partners. We assess limited partners’ rights and their impact on our consolidation conclusions, and we reassess if there is a change to the terms or in the exercisability of the rights of the limited partners, the sole general partner increases or decreases its ownership of limited partnership (“LP”) interests or there is an increase or decrease in the number of outstanding LP interests. We also apply this guidance to managing member interests in limited liability companies (“LLCs”).

We consolidate several VIEs that share the following common characteristics:

- the VIE is in the legal form of an LP or LLC;
- the VIE was designed to own and manage its underlying real estate investments;
- we are the general partner or managing member of the VIE;
- we own a majority of the voting interests in the VIE;
- a minority of voting interests in the VIE are owned by external third parties, unrelated to us;
- the minority owners do not have substantive kick-out or participating rights in the VIE; and
- we are the primary beneficiary of the VIE.

We have separately identified certain special purpose entities that were established to allow investments in research projects by tax credit investors (“TCIs”). We have determined that these special purpose entities are VIEs, we are a holder of variable interests and we are the primary beneficiary of the VIEs, and therefore, we consolidate these special purpose entities. Our primary beneficiary determination is based upon several factors, including but not limited to the rights we have in directing the activities which most significantly impact the VIEs’ economic performance as well as certain guarantees which protect the TCIs from losses should a tax credit recapture event occur.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Substantially all of the assets of the VIEs are real estate investments and substantially all of the liabilities of the VIEs are mortgage loans. Assets of the consolidated VIEs can only be used to settle obligations of such VIEs. Liabilities of the consolidated VIEs represent claims against the specific assets of the VIEs. Unless otherwise required by an operating agreement, any mortgage loans of the consolidated VIEs are non-recourse to us. The table below summarizes the total assets and liabilities of our consolidated VIEs as reported on our Consolidated Balance Sheets (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31, 2024		As of December 31, 2023	
	Total Assets	Total Liabilities	Total Assets	Total Liabilities
NHP/PMB L.P.	\$ 728,457	\$ 286,030	\$ 759,817	\$ 266,658
Fonds Immobilier Groupe Maurice, S.E.C.	1,779,762	1,121,659	1,971,410	1,204,619
Other identified VIEs	1,447,381	410,721	1,597,957	354,828
Tax credit VIEs ⁽¹⁾	—	—	29,746	4,024

⁽¹⁾ Balances as of December 31, 2024 reflect the completion of the tax credit structure unwinds.

Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

We report investments in unconsolidated entities over whose operating and financial policies we have the ability to exercise significant influence under the equity method of accounting. We adjust our investment in unconsolidated entities for additional contributions made, distributions received as well as our share of the investee's earnings or losses, which is included in Income from unconsolidated entities in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

We base the initial carrying value of investments in unconsolidated entities on the fair value of the assets at the time we acquired the joint venture interest. We estimate fair values for our equity method investments based on discounted cash flow models that include all estimated cash inflows and outflows over a specified holding period and, where applicable, any estimated debt premiums or discounts. The capitalization rates, discount rates and credit spreads we use in these models are based upon assumptions that we believe to be within a reasonable range of current market rates for the respective investments.

We generally amortize any difference between our cost basis and the basis reflected at the joint venture level, if any, over the lives of the related assets and liabilities and include that amortization in our share of income or loss from unconsolidated entities. For earnings of equity method investments with pro rata distribution allocations, net income or loss is allocated between the partners in the joint venture based on their respective stated ownership percentages. In other instances, net income or loss may be allocated between the partners in the joint venture based on the hypothetical liquidation at book value method (the "HLBV method"). Under the HLBV method, net income or loss is allocated between the partners based on the difference between each partner's claim on the net assets of the joint venture at the end and beginning of the period, after taking into account contributions and distributions. Each partner's share of the net assets of the joint venture is calculated as the amount that the partner would receive if the joint venture were to liquidate all of its assets at net book value and distribute the resulting cash to creditors and partners in accordance with their respective priorities. Under the HLBV method, in any given period, we could record more or less income than the joint venture has generated, than actual cash distributions we receive or than the amount we may receive in the event of an actual liquidation.

Redeemable OP Unitholder and Noncontrolling Interests

We own a majority interest in NHP/PMB L.P. ("NHP/PMB"), a limited partnership formed in 2008 to acquire properties from entities affiliated with Pacific Medical Buildings LLC ("PMB"). Given our wholly-owned subsidiary is the general partner and the primary beneficiary of NHP/PMB, we consolidate NHP/PMB as a VIE. As of December 31, 2024, third-party investors owned 3.8 million Class A limited partnership units in NHP/PMB ("OP Units"), which represented 33% of the total units then outstanding, and we owned 7.7 million Class B limited partnership units in NHP/PMB, representing the remaining 67%. The OP Units may be redeemed at any time at the election of the holder for cash or, at our option, 0.9051 shares of our common stock per OP Unit, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. We are party by assumption to a registration rights agreement with the holders of the OP Units that requires us, subject to the terms and conditions and certain exceptions set forth therein, to file and maintain a registration statement relating to the issuance of shares of our common stock upon redemption of OP Units.

The OP Units are classified outside of permanent equity on our Consolidated Balance Sheets because they may be redeemed by third parties under circumstances that are outside of our control. We reflect the OP Units at the greater of cost or redemption value. We recognize changes in fair value through capital in excess of par value, net of cash distributions paid and

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

purchases by us of any OP Units. Our diluted earnings per share includes the effect of any potential shares outstanding from redemption of the OP Units.

Certain noncontrolling interests of other consolidated joint ventures were also classified as redeemable at December 31, 2024 and 2023. We record the carrying amount of these noncontrolling interests at the greater of their initial carrying amount (increased or decreased for the noncontrolling interests' share of net income or loss and distributions) or the redemption value, which is primarily based on the fair value of the underlying real estate asset. Our joint venture partners have certain redemption rights with respect to their noncontrolling interests in these joint ventures that are outside of our control, and the redeemable noncontrolling interests are classified outside of permanent equity on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We recognize changes in the carrying value of redeemable noncontrolling interests through Capital in excess of par value on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Noncontrolling Interests

Excluding the redeemable noncontrolling interests described above, we present the portion of any equity that we do not own in entities that we control (and thus consolidate) as noncontrolling interests and classify those interests as a component of consolidated equity, separate from total Ventas stockholders' equity, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. For consolidated joint ventures with pro rata distribution allocations, net income or loss, and comprehensive income, is allocated between the joint venture partners based on their respective stated ownership percentages. In other cases, net income or loss is allocated between the joint venture partners based on the HLBV method. We account for purchases or sales of equity interests that do not result in a change of control as equity transactions, through capital in excess of par value. We include Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests in net income in our Consolidated Statements of Income and we include the noncontrolling interests' share of comprehensive income in our Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income.

Accounting for Historic and New Markets Tax Credits

For certain of our research centers, we are party to contractual arrangements with TCIs that were established to enable the TCIs to receive benefits of historic tax credits ("HTCs"), new markets tax credits ("NMTCs") or both. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, we owned zero and one property that had syndicated NMTCs to TCIs.

In general, TCIs invest cash into special purpose entities that invest in entities that own the subject property and generate the tax credits. The TCIs receive substantially all of the tax credits and hold only a nominal interest in the economic risk and benefits of the special purpose entities.

HTCs are delivered to the TCIs upon substantial completion of the project. NMTCs are allowed for up to 39% of a qualified investment and are delivered to the TCIs after the investment has been funded and spent on a qualified business. HTCs are subject to recapture within five years of substantial completion. The amount of the recapture is equal to 100% of the HTCs during the first year after the completion of the historic rehabilitation and is reduced by 20% each year during the subsequent five-year period. NMTCs are subject to recapture until the end of the seventh year following the qualifying investment. We have provided the TCIs with certain guarantees which protect the TCIs from losses should a tax credit recapture event occur. The contractual arrangements with the TCIs include a put/call provision whereby we may be obligated or entitled to repurchase the interest of the TCIs in the special purpose entities at the end of the tax credit recapture period. We anticipate that either the TCIs will exercise their put rights or we will exercise our call rights prior to the applicable tax credit recapture periods.

The portion of the TCI's investment that is attributed to the put is recorded at fair value at inception in accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, and is accreted to the expected put price as interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income over the recapture period. The remaining balance of the TCI's investment is initially recorded in accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and will be relieved upon delivery of the tax credit to the TCI, as a reduction in the carrying value of the subject property, net of allocated expenses. Direct and incremental costs incurred in structuring the transaction are deferred and will be recognized as an increase in the cost basis of the subject property upon the recognition of the related tax credit as discussed above.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions regarding future events that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting for Real Estate Acquisitions

When we acquire real estate, we first make reasonable judgments about whether the transaction involves an asset or a business. Our real estate acquisitions are generally accounted for as asset acquisitions as substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. We record the cost of the assets acquired as tangible and intangible assets and liabilities based upon their relative fair values as of the acquisition date.

Our asset acquisitions may include one or more groups of real estate properties within which there are different types of tangible and intangible assets, typically consisting of land, buildings, site improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and lease intangibles. When we acquire multiple real estate properties in a single transaction, we first assess the individual fair value of the real estate properties and then determine the individual fair value of the various types of tangible and intangible assets therein. The individual fair value of the real estate properties is estimated by applying a valuation methodology such as the direct capitalization method of the income approach, which includes estimate for a capitalization rate, annual gross income, vacancy, and expenses based on a number of factors including historical operating results, known and anticipated trends as well as market and economic conditions.

We estimate the fair value of buildings acquired on an as-if-vacant basis or replacement cost basis and depreciate the building value over the estimated remaining life of the building, generally 35 years. We determine the fair value of other fixed assets, such as site improvements, and furniture, fixtures and equipment, based upon the replacement cost and depreciate such value over the assets' estimated remaining useful lives, generally 15 years for land improvements and 20 years for building improvements. We determine the value of land either by considering the sales prices of similar properties in recent transactions or based on internal analyses of recently acquired and existing comparable properties within our portfolio. We generally determine the value of construction in progress based upon the replacement cost. However, for certain acquired properties that are part of a ground-up development, we determine fair value by using the same valuation approach as for all other properties and deducting the estimated cost to complete the development. During the remaining construction period, we capitalize project costs until the development has reached substantial completion. Construction in progress, including capitalized interest, is not depreciated until the development has reached substantial completion.

Intangibles primarily include the value of in-place leases and acquired lease contracts. We include all lease-related intangible assets and liabilities within Acquired lease intangibles and Accounts payable and other liabilities, respectively, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The fair value of acquired lease-related intangibles, if any, reflects: (i) the estimated value of any above or below market leases, determined by discounting the difference between the estimated market rent and in-place lease rent; and (ii) the estimated value of in-place leases related to the cost to obtain tenants, including leasing commissions, and an estimated value of the absorption period to reflect the value of the rent and recovery costs foregone during a reasonable lease-up period as if the acquired space was vacant. We amortize any acquired lease-related intangibles to revenue or amortization expense over the remaining life of the associated lease plus any assumed bargain renewal periods. If a lease is terminated prior to its stated expiration or not renewed upon expiration, we recognize all unamortized amounts of lease-related intangibles associated with that lease in operations over the shortened lease term.

We estimate the fair value of purchase option intangible assets and liabilities, if any, by discounting the difference between the applicable property's acquisition date fair value and an estimate of its future option price. We do not amortize the resulting intangible asset or liability over the term of the lease, but rather adjust the recognized value of the asset or liability upon sale.

In connection with an acquisition, we may assume rights and obligations under certain lease agreements pursuant to which we become the lessee of a given property. We generally assume the lease classification previously determined by the prior lessee absent a modification in the assumed lease agreement. We assess assumed operating leases, including ground leases, to determine whether the lease terms are favorable or unfavorable to us given current market conditions on the acquisition date. To the extent the lease terms are favorable or unfavorable to us relative to market conditions on the acquisition

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date, we recognize an intangible asset or liability at fair value and amortize that asset or liability to Interest or rental expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income over the applicable lease term. Where we are the lessee, we record the acquisition date values of leases, including any above or below market value, within Operating lease assets and Operating lease liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

We estimate the fair value of noncontrolling interests assumed consistent with the manner in which we value all of the underlying assets and liabilities.

We calculate the fair value of long-term assumed debt by discounting the remaining contractual cash flows on each instrument at the current market rate for those borrowings, which we approximate based on the rate at which we would expect to incur a replacement instrument on the date of acquisition, and recognize any fair value adjustments related to long-term debt as effective yield adjustments over the remaining term of the instrument.

Impairment of Long-Lived and Intangible Assets

We periodically evaluate our long-lived assets, primarily consisting of investments in real estate, for impairment indicators. If indicators of impairment are present, we evaluate the carrying value of the related real estate investments in relation to the future undiscounted cash flows of the underlying operations. In performing this evaluation, we consider market conditions and our current intentions with respect to holding or disposing of the asset. We adjust the net book value of properties and other long-lived assets to fair value if the sum of the expected future undiscounted cash flows, including sales proceeds, is less than book value. We recognize an impairment loss at the time we make any such determination.

If impairment indicators arise with respect to intangible assets with finite useful lives, we evaluate impairment by comparing the carrying amount of the asset to the estimated future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If estimated future undiscounted net cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset, then we estimate the fair value of the asset and compare the estimated fair value to the intangible asset's carrying value. We recognize any shortfall from carrying value as an impairment loss in the current period.

We evaluate our investments in unconsolidated entities for impairment at least annually, and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of our investment may exceed its fair value. If we determine that a decline in the fair value of our investment in an unconsolidated entity is other-than-temporary, and if such reduced fair value is below the carrying value, we record an impairment.

We test goodwill for impairment at least annually, and more frequently if indicators of impairment arise. We first assess qualitative factors, such as current macroeconomic conditions, state of the equity and capital markets and our overall financial and operating performance, to determine the likelihood that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If we determine it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, we proceed with estimating the fair value of the operating unit. A goodwill impairment, if any, will be recognized in the period it is determined and is measured as the amount by which a reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value.

Estimates of fair value used in our evaluation of goodwill (if necessary based on our qualitative assessment), investments in real estate, investments in unconsolidated entities and intangible assets are based upon discounted future cash flow projections or other acceptable valuation techniques that are based, in turn, upon all available evidence including level three inputs, such as revenue and expense growth rates, estimates of future cash flows, capitalization rates, discount rates, general economic conditions and trends, or other available market data such as replacement cost or comparable sales. Our ability to accurately predict future operating results and cash flows and to estimate and determine fair values impacts the timing and recognition of impairments. While we believe our assumptions are reasonable, changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on our financial results.

Assets Held for Sale

We sell properties from time to time for various reasons, including favorable market conditions or the exercise of purchase options by tenants. We classify certain long-lived assets as held for sale once the criteria, as defined by GAAP, have been met. Long-lived assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value minus cost to sell and are no longer depreciated.

If at any time we determine that the criteria for classifying assets as held for sale are no longer met, we reclassify assets within Net real estate property on our Consolidated Balance Sheets for all periods presented. The carrying amount of

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these assets is adjusted in the period in which a change in classification is determined to reflect any depreciation expense that would have been recognized had the asset been continuously classified as net real estate investments.

Loans Receivable

We record loans receivable, other than those acquired in connection with asset acquisition, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets (either in Secured loans receivable and investments, net or Other assets, in the case of non-mortgage loans receivable) at the unpaid principal balance, net of any deferred origination fees, purchase discounts or premiums and valuation allowances. We amortize net deferred origination fees, which are comprised of loan fees collected from the borrower net of certain direct costs, and purchase discounts or premiums over the contractual life of the loan using the effective interest method and immediately recognize in income any unamortized balances if the loan is repaid before its contractual maturity.

We evaluate a current estimate of all expected credit losses over the life of a financial instrument, which may result in recognition of credit losses on loans and other financial instruments before an actual event of default. We evaluate the collectability of our loans receivable based on a combination of credit quality indicators, including, but not limited to, payment status, financial strength of the borrower and guarantors, historical loan write-offs, and nature, extent and value of the underlying collateral. We establish reserves for any estimated credit losses with a corresponding charge to Allowance on loans receivable and investments in our Consolidated Statements of Income. Subsequent changes in our estimate of credit losses may result in a corresponding increase or decrease to Allowance on loans receivable and investments in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with original maturity date of three months or less when purchased. These investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Escrow Deposits and Restricted Cash

Escrow deposits consist of amounts held by us or our lenders to provide for future real estate tax, insurance expenditures and tenant improvements related to our properties and operations. Restricted cash generally represents amounts paid to us for security deposits and other similar purposes.

Deferred Financing Costs

We amortize deferred financing costs, which are reported as a reduction to Senior notes payable and other debt on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, as a component of interest expense over the terms of the related borrowings using a method that approximates a level yield. Amortization of approximately \$28.9 million, \$23.2 million and \$18.2 million were included in Interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Available for Sale Securities

We record our available for sale securities at fair value and include unrealized gains and losses in stockholders' equity as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive income on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. If we determine that a credit loss exists with respect to individual investments, we will recognize an allowance against the amortized cost basis of the investment with a corresponding charge to net income (in Allowance on loans receivable and investments) in our Consolidated Statements of Income. Income from available for sale securities is recognized when earned and gains or losses on securities sold, which are based on the specific identification method, and reported in Income from loans and investments in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Derivative Instruments

We recognize all derivative instruments in Other assets or Accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value as of the reporting date. We recognize changes in the fair value of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges, which are primarily used to hedge interest rate risk, in Accumulated other comprehensive income on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, and are amortized over the life of the related debt to Interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

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We do not use our derivative financial instruments, including interest rate caps, interest rate swaps and foreign currency forward contracts, for trading or speculative purposes. Our foreign currency forward contracts and certain of our interest rate swaps (including the interest rate swap contracts of consolidated and unconsolidated joint ventures) are designated as effectively hedging the variability of expected cash flows related to their underlying securities and, therefore, also are recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value, with changes in the fair value of these instruments recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive income on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We recognize any noncontrolling interests' proportionate share of the changes in fair value of swap contracts of our consolidated joint ventures in Noncontrolling interests on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. We recognize our proportionate share of the change in fair value of swap contracts of our unconsolidated joint ventures in Accumulated other comprehensive income on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Certain of our other interest rate swaps and rate caps were not designated as having a hedging relationship with the underlying securities and therefore do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting under GAAP. Accordingly, these derivative instruments are recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value, and changes in the fair value of these instruments are recognized in Interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Fair Values of Financial Instruments

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement, and we determine fair value based on the assumptions that we expect market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2 of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy).

The fair value hierarchy is as follows:

- Level 1 inputs - Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that we have the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs - Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability. Level 2 inputs may include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets and other inputs for the asset or liability that are observable at commonly quoted intervals, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and yield curves.
- Level 3 inputs - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which typically are based on our own assumptions, because there is little, if any, related market activity.

If the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the entire fair value measurement falls is the lowest-level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. If the volume and level of market activity for an asset or liability has decreased significantly relative to the normal market activity for such asset or liability (or similar assets or liabilities), then transactions or quoted prices may not accurately reflect fair value. In addition, if there is evidence that a transaction for an asset or liability is not orderly, little, if any, weight is placed on that transaction price as an indicator of fair value. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

We use the following methods and assumptions in estimating the fair value of our financial instruments whose fair value is determined on a recurring basis.

- *Cash and cash equivalents* - The carrying amount of unrestricted cash and cash equivalents reported on our Consolidated Balance Sheets approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.
- *Escrow deposits and restricted cash* - The carrying amount of escrow deposits and restricted cash reported on our Consolidated Balance Sheets approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.
- *Loans receivable* - We estimate the fair value of loans receivable using Level 2 and Level 3 inputs, including underlying asset performance and credit quality. We discount future cash flows using current interest rates at which similar loans with the same terms and length to maturity would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings.
- *Available for sale securities* - We estimate the fair value of marketable debt securities using Level 2 inputs. We observe quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets that we have the ability to access. We

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consider credit spreads, underlying asset performance and credit quality, default rates and confirmed settlement amounts at maturity.

- *Derivative instruments* - We estimate the fair value of derivative instruments, including interest rate caps, interest rate swaps, and foreign currency forward contracts, using Level 2 inputs.
 - Interest rate caps - We observe forward yield curves and other relevant information.
 - Interest rate swaps - We observe alternative financing rates derived from market-based financing rates, forward yield curves and discount rates.
 - Foreign currency forward contracts - We estimate the future values of the two currency tranches using forward exchange rates that are based on traded forward points and calculate a present value of the net amount using a discount factor based on observable traded interest rates.
- *Stock warrants* - We estimate the fair value of stock warrants representing an interest in a public-traded entity using Level 2 inputs that are obtained from public sources such as equity spot price, dividend yield, volatility and risk-free rate. We estimate the fair value of stock warrants representing a financial interest in a private entity based on Level 3 inputs that reflect significant assumptions including underlying enterprise value, market volatility, duration, dividend rate and risk-free rate.
- *Senior notes payable and other debt* - We estimate the fair value of senior notes payable and other debt using Level 2 inputs. We discount the future cash flows using current interest rates at which we could obtain similar borrowings. For mortgage debt, we may estimate fair value using level three inputs, similar to those used in determining fair value of loans receivable (above).
- *Redeemable OP unitholder interests* - We estimate the fair value of our redeemable OP unitholder interests using Level 1 inputs. We base fair value on the closing price of our common stock, as OP Units may be redeemed at the election of the holder for cash or, at our option, shares of our common stock, subject to adjustment in certain circumstances.

Revenue Recognition

NNN and OM&R

In accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 842, *Leases* (“ASC 842”), we recognize rental revenue for operating lease arrangements when the tenant takes possession or controls the physical leased asset. Certain of our triple-net leases and most of our outpatient medical buildings and research centers’ (collectively, “outpatient medical and research portfolio”) leases provide for periodic and determinable increases in base rent. We recognize base rental revenues under these leases on a straight-line basis over the applicable lease term when collectability of substantially all rents is probable. Recognizing rental income on a straight-line basis generally results in recognized revenues during the first half of a lease term exceeding the cash amounts contractually due from our tenants, creating a straight-line rent receivable that is included in other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, this cumulative excess totaled \$202.7 million and \$194.1 million, respectively (excluding properties classified as held for sale).

Certain of our leases provide for periodic increases in base rent only if certain revenue parameters or other substantive contingencies are met. We recognize the increased rental revenue under these leases as the related parameters or contingencies are met, rather than on a straight-line basis over the applicable lease term.

We assess the probability of collecting substantially all rents under our leases based on several factors, including, among other things, payment history, the financial strength of the tenant and any guarantors, the historical operations and operating trends of the property, the historical payment pattern of the tenant, the type of property, the value of the underlying collateral, if any, expected future performance of the property and current economic conditions. If our evaluation of these factors indicates it is not probable that we will be able to collect substantially all rents under the lease, we record a charge to rental income. If we change our conclusions regarding the probability of collecting rent payments required by a lease, we may recognize adjustments to rental income in the period we make such change in our conclusions.

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We are also entitled to receive reimbursements from our tenants for various property operating costs that we pay on their behalf. We have elected the practical expedient for lessors to account for the lease and nonlease components as a single component pursuant to ASC 842 when the lease component is predominant, the timing and pattern of transfer are the same, and the lease component, if separately accounted for, would be treated as an operating lease. Accordingly, the reimbursements from tenants are recognized as variable lease payments when earned and the corresponding property-level operating costs are expensed when incurred.

SHOP

Our resident agreements are accounted for as leases under ASC 842. Resident leases within our SHOP reportable business segment also contain service elements. We elected the practical expedient to account for our resident leases as a single lease component and recognize resident fees and services, other than move-in fees and certain rent incentives, monthly as services are provided. We recognize move-in fees and certain rent incentives on a straight-line basis over the average resident stay.

Other

We provide various services to our unconsolidated real estate entities in exchange for fees and reimbursements, which are determined in accordance with the terms specific to each arrangement. We recognize these fees as we provide the services.

We may also earn promote revenue within the VIM platform related to the Ventas Fund, a perpetual life investment vehicle focused on investments in research centers, outpatient medical buildings and senior housing communities in North America. Within the Ventas Fund, promote revenue is generally based on the Ventas Fund's cumulative returns over three-year performance periods. The promote revenue is based on operating performance and real estate valuation of the portfolio, including highly variable inputs such as capitalization rates, market rents, and interest rates. As the asset appreciation is an important driver of the promote and the key inputs in the valuation process can change, we generally recognize promote revenues at or near the end of the performance period. We include these revenues as a component of Third-party capital management revenues in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

We may also earn promote revenues within the VIM platform related to our other investment vehicles. Within these other investment vehicles, promote revenues are generally earned after our partners have received distributions sufficient to provide a specified rate of return on their invested capital.

We recognize interest income from loans and investments, including discounts and premiums, using the effective interest method when collectability is reasonably assured. We apply the effective interest method on a loan-by-loan basis and recognize discounts and premiums as yield adjustments over the related loan term. We recognize interest income on loans with an allowance on a cash basis.

Accounting for Leased Property

We lease real property, primarily land and corporate office space, and equipment, primarily vehicles at our senior housing communities. At lease inception, we establish an operating lease asset and operating lease liability, calculated as the present value of future minimum lease payments on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. As our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use a discount rate that approximates our incremental borrowing rate available at lease commencement to determine the present value. Our lease expense primarily consists of ground and corporate office leases. Ground lease expense is included in Interest expense and corporate office lease expense is included in General, administrative and professional fees in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Accounting for Foreclosed Properties

The Company may receive properties pursuant to a foreclosure, deed in lieu of foreclosure or other legal action in full or partial settlement of loans receivable by taking legal title or physical possession of the properties. We refer to such actions as a "foreclosure" and to such properties as "foreclosed properties." We account for foreclosed properties received in settlement of loans receivable in accordance with ASC 310, *Receivables*. Foreclosed real estate received in full or partial satisfaction of a loan and any debt assumed upon foreclosure is recorded at fair value at the time of foreclosure. If the amortized cost basis in the loan exceeds the fair value of the collateral received, the difference is recorded as an allowance on loans receivable and investments in the Consolidated Statements of Income. Conversely, if the fair value of the collateral received is higher than the amortized cost basis in the loan, the difference, less the fair value of any debt assumed, less the principal amount of the loan

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receivable (after the reversal of previously recorded allowances), and net of working capital assumed and transaction costs, is recorded as a Gain on foreclosure of real estate in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Exchangeable Senior Notes

We account for our exchangeable senior notes in accordance with ASC 470-20, *Debt - Debt with Conversion and Other Options (after the adoption of Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2020-06, Debt - Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity’s Own Equity (“ASU 2020-06”))*. We evaluate the exchange features embedded in our exchangeable senior notes in accordance with ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. ASC 815 requires embedded derivatives to be separated from their host non-derivative contracts and accounted for as free-standing derivative financial instruments if, and only if, each of the following three criteria is met: (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable GAAP with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur and (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument. Certain contracts that involve an entity’s own equity are explicitly exempted from the requirements of ASC 815.

Stock-Based Compensation

We recognize share-based payments to employees and directors, including grants of restricted stock and restricted stock units (including time-based and performance-based awards), included in General, administrative and professional fees in our Consolidated Statements of Income generally on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period based on the grant date fair value of the award. Forfeitures of share-based awards are recognized as they occur.

Transaction, Transition and Restructuring Costs

Transaction, transition and restructuring costs include expenses relating to mergers, acquisitions and investments; expenses relating to strategic transactions, such as spin-offs, joint ventures, partnerships, significant lease and management agreement transactions and similar arrangements; transition and integration expenses incurred by properties that have undergone operator or business model transitions; and expenses relating to organizational and other restructuring activities.

Other Expense

Other expense includes the changes in fair value of stock warrants, net expenses or recoveries related to significant disruptive events and other expenses or income.

Gain on Real Estate Dispositions

We recognize a gain on real estate disposition when we transfer control of a property and when it is probable that we will collect substantially all of the related consideration.

Federal Income Tax

We have elected to be treated as a REIT under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”), for every year beginning with the year ended December 31, 1999. Accordingly, we generally are not subject to federal income tax on net income that we distribute to our stockholders, provided that we continue to qualify as a REIT. However, with respect to certain of our subsidiaries that have elected to be treated as taxable REIT subsidiaries (“TRS” or “TRS entities”), we record income tax expense or benefit, as those entities are subject to federal income tax similar to regular corporations. Certain foreign subsidiaries are subject to foreign income tax, although they did not elect to be treated as TRSs.

We account for deferred income taxes using the asset and liability method and recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in our financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, we determine deferred tax assets and liabilities based on the differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Any increase or decrease in the deferred tax liability that results from a change in circumstances, and that causes us to change our judgment about expected future tax consequences of events, is included in the tax provision when such changes occur. Deferred income taxes also reflect the impact of operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. A valuation allowance is provided

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if we believe it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. Any increase or decrease in the valuation allowance that results from a change in circumstances, and that causes us to change our judgment about the realizability of the related deferred tax asset, is included in the tax provision when such changes occur.

We recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. We recognize interest and penalties, if applicable, related to uncertain tax positions as part of Income tax benefit in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Foreign Currency

Certain of our subsidiaries' functional currencies are the local currencies of their respective foreign jurisdictions. We translate the results of operations of our foreign subsidiaries into U.S. dollars using average rates of exchange in effect during the period, and we translate balance sheet accounts using exchange rates in effect at the end of the period. We record the resulting currency translation adjustments in Accumulated other comprehensive income, a component of stockholders' equity, on our Consolidated Balance Sheets, and we record foreign currency transaction gains and losses in Other expense (income) in our Consolidated Statements of Income. We recognize any noncontrolling interests' proportionate share of currency translation adjustments of our foreign consolidated joint ventures in Noncontrolling interests on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Segment Reporting

As of December 31, 2024, we operated through three reportable business segments: SHOP, OM&R and NNN. In our SHOP segment, we own and invest in senior housing communities throughout the United States and Canada and engage operators to operate those communities. In our OM&R segment, we primarily acquire, own, develop, lease and manage outpatient medical buildings and research centers throughout the United States. In our NNN segment, we invest in and own senior housing communities, skilled nursing facilities ("SNFs"), long-term acute care facilities ("LTACs"), freestanding inpatient rehabilitation facilities ("IRFs") and other healthcare facilities, throughout the United States and the United Kingdom and lease these properties to tenants under triple-net or absolute-net leases that obligate the tenants to pay all property-related expenses, including maintenance, utilities, repairs, taxes, insurance and capital expenditures. See "Note 18 – Segment Information."

Government Assistance

We applied for and received grants under Phase 2, Phase 3 and Phase 4 of the Provider Relief Fund administered by the U.S. Department of Health & Human Services ("HHS") on behalf of the assisted living communities in our senior living operations segment to partially mitigate losses attributable to COVID-19. These grants are intended to reimburse eligible providers for expenses incurred to prevent, prepare for and respond to COVID-19 and lost revenues attributable to COVID-19. We will not be required to repay distributions from the Provider Relief Fund, provided that we attest to and comply with certain terms and conditions, including, not using grants received from the Provider Relief Fund to reimburse expenses or losses that other sources are obligated to reimburse, reporting and record keeping requirements and cooperating with any government audits. See "Government Regulation—CARES Act and Similar Governmental Funding Programs" in Part I, Item 1 of this Annual Report.

We, and our managers, tenants, borrowers and investments in unconsolidated entities also received grants under other government programs on behalf of our senior housing communities primarily to partially mitigate losses attributable to COVID-19.

During 2024 and 2023, we did not receive any HHS grants. During 2022, we received \$54.2 million in HHS grants. These grants are recognized as a contra expense within Property-level operating expenses in our Consolidated Statements of Income in the period in which they were received. Any grants that are ultimately received and retained by us are not expected to fully offset the losses incurred in our SHOP segment that are attributable to COVID-19. Further, although we continue to monitor and evaluate the terms and conditions associated with these government grants, we cannot assure you that we will be in compliance with all requirements related to the payments received, in which case some or all of the grants received may need to be repaid.

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Recent Accounting Standards

In December 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2023-09, *Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures* (“ASU 2023-09”), which requires public entities on an annual basis to (1) disclose specific categories in the rate reconciliation and (2) provide additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold (if the effect of those reconciling items is equal to or greater than 5 percent of the amount computed by multiplying pretax income or loss by the applicable statutory income tax rate). ASU 2023-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. We are evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2023-09 on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In March 2024, the SEC adopted the final rule under SEC Release No. 33-11275, *The Enhancement and Standardization of Climate Related Disclosures for Investors*, which requires registrants to disclose climate-related information in registration statements and annual reports. The new rules would be effective for annual reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 2025. However, in April 2024, the SEC exercised its discretion to stay these rules pending the completion of judicial review of certain consolidated petitions with the United States Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit in connection with these rules. We are evaluating the impact of this rule on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

On November 4, 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses* (DISE), which requires disaggregated disclosure of income statement expenses for public business entities (PBEs). ASU 2024-03 requires a footnote disclosure about specific expenses by requiring PBEs to disaggregate, in a tabular presentation, each relevant expense caption on the face of the income statement that includes certain natural expenses relevant to the Company, such as (1) employee compensation, (2) depreciation and (3) intangible asset amortization. The tabular disclosure would also include certain other expenses, when applicable. The ASU does not change the expense captions an entity presents on the face of the income statement; rather, it requires disaggregation of certain expense captions into specified categories in disclosures within the footnotes to the financial statements. ASU 2024-03 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. The requirements will be applied prospectively with the option for retrospective application. We are evaluating the impact of adopting ASU 2024-03 on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

Reclassifications

To conform to the current year presentation, expenses related to shareholder relations matters for the comparative periods have been reclassified from Transaction, transition and restructuring costs and presented separately in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

NOTE 3 – CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

We use total revenues and total NOI in assessing our concentration of credit risk. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional disclosure and a reconciliation of net income attributable to common stockholders, as computed in accordance with GAAP, to total NOI.

We are exposed to the credit risk of our tenants in our NNN and OM&R segments because those tenants are obligated to pay us rent and, in certain instances pay or reimburse us for some or all property-related expenses, including utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, cleaning, roads and grounds expense and other expenses. Because we engage independent managers to manage the properties in our SHOP segment in exchange for a management fee, we are not directly exposed to their credit risk in the same manner or to the same extent as the tenants in our NNN and OM&R segments.

Our consolidated properties were located in 48 states, the District of Columbia, seven Canadian provinces and the United Kingdom as of December 31, 2024, with properties in one state (California) accounting for more than 10% of our total revenues and NOI for each of the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

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The following table summarizes certain information about our credit risk concentration for our NNN and OM&R segments for the years presented:

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Contribution as a Percentage of Total Revenues ⁽¹⁾:			
Brookdale Senior Living (“Brookdale”) ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	3.1 %	3.3 %	3.6 %
Ardent Health Partners, LLC (together with its subsidiaries, “Ardent”) ⁽⁴⁾	2.8	3.0	3.2
Kindred Healthcare, LLC (together with its subsidiaries, “Kindred”)	2.8	2.9	3.2
All others	22.8	25.0	25.7
Contribution as a Percentage of Total NOI:			
Brookdale ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	7.2 %	7.7 %	8.1 %
Kindred	6.7	6.9	7.3
Ardent ⁽⁴⁾	6.6	6.9	7.1
All others	37.6	41.5	42.4

⁽¹⁾ Represents percentage of total revenues which include third-party capital management revenues, income from loans and investments and interest and other income.

⁽²⁾ The 2024, 2023 and 2022 results include \$42.0 million, \$42.6 million and \$42.6 million, respectively, of amortization of up-front consideration received in 2020 from a revised master lease agreement with Brookdale.

⁽³⁾ Results exclude nine senior housing communities which are included in our SHOP segment.

⁽⁴⁾ Results exclude 19 outpatient medical buildings included in “All others.”

Each of our Brookdale, Ardent and Kindred leases is guaranteed by a corporate parent.

Lease Income

Rental income from our NNN and OM&R operating leases consists of fixed and variable lease payments. The variable payments primarily represent reimbursements of various property-level operating expenses that we pay on behalf of our tenants. The following table summarizes rental income from our NNN and OM&R operating leases (in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Fixed income from operating leases	\$ 1,251,042	\$ 1,241,075	\$ 1,192,607
Variable income from operating leases	245,898	245,326	206,706

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Future Contractual Rents

The following table sets forth the minimum lease payments under the existing lease for all of our consolidated triple-net and outpatient medical and research building leases as of December 31, 2024 (excluding properties classified as held for sale as of December 31, 2024, dollars in thousands):

	<u>Brookdale Senior Living</u>	<u>Ardent</u>	<u>Kindred</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 158,858	\$ 152,913	\$ 137,178	\$ 739,668	\$ 1,188,617
2026	72,350	152,354	133,747	684,967	1,043,418
2027	72,350	151,237	133,747	584,104	941,438
2028	72,350	151,237	116,007	483,548	823,142
2029	72,350	151,237	107,137	381,595	712,319
Thereafter	434,102	839,613	116,863	1,296,791	2,687,369
Total	\$ 882,360	\$ 1,598,591	\$ 744,679	\$ 4,170,673	\$ 7,396,303

⁽¹⁾ 2025 minimum lease payments include all assets covered by the Brookdale lease as of December 31, 2024, of which \$86.5 million is associated with 56 senior housing properties for which the lease will expire on December 31, 2025.

NOTE 4 – ACQUISITIONS OF REAL ESTATE PROPERTY

We acquire and invest in senior housing, outpatient medical buildings, research centers and other healthcare properties primarily to achieve an expected yield on our investment, to grow and diversify our portfolio and revenue base, and to reduce our dependence on any single manager or tenant, geographic location, asset type, business model or revenue source. Each of our acquisitions disclosed below was accounted for as an asset acquisition.

2025 Acquisitions

In January 2025, we acquired two senior housing communities reported within our SHOP segment for an aggregate purchase price of \$70.0 million.

2024 Acquisitions

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we acquired 50 senior housing communities reported within our SHOP segment and five long-term acute care facilities (“LTACs”) reported within our NNN segment for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.9 billion.

2022 Acquisitions

During the year ended December 31, 2022, for an aggregate purchase price of \$453.2 million, we acquired 18 outpatient medical buildings leased to affiliates of Ardent, one behavioral health center, one research center (all of which are reported within our OM&R segment) and two senior housing communities (which are reported within our SHOP segment).

NOTE 5 – DISPOSITIONS, ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND IMPAIRMENTS

2024 Activity

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we sold 19 senior housing communities in our SHOP segment, 12 outpatient medical buildings (one of which was vacant) in our OM&R segment and 24 properties in our NNN segment for aggregate consideration of \$315.1 million and recognized \$57.0 million in Gain on real estate dispositions in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

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2023 Activity

During the year ended December 31, 2023, we sold seven communities in our SHOP segment, 10 properties in our OM&R segment, nine properties in our NNN segment and two land parcels for aggregate consideration of \$399.5 million and recognized a gain on the sale of these assets of \$62.1 million in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

2022 Activity

During the year ended December 31, 2022, we sold seven communities in our SHOP segment, two properties in our OM&R segment, three properties in our NNN segment, two vacant properties for aggregate consideration of \$115.1 million and recognized a net gain on the sale of these assets of \$7.8 million in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Assets Held for Sale

The table below summarizes our real estate assets classified as held for sale including the amounts reported on our Consolidated Balance Sheets (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31, 2024			As of December 31, 2023		
	Segment Properties Held for Sale	Assets Held for Sale	Liabilities Related to Assets Held for Sale	Segment Properties Held for Sale	Assets Held for Sale	Liabilities Related to Assets Held for Sale
SHOP	2	\$ 18,612	\$ 2,158	13	\$ 48,173	\$ 6,419
OM&R ⁽¹⁾	—	13	568	3	5,431	2,643
NNN	—	—	—	1	2,885	181
Total	2	\$ 18,625	\$ 2,726	17	\$ 56,489	\$ 9,243

⁽¹⁾ The balances as of December 31, 2024 relate to a partial sale of a building, as such, the property count did not change.

Real Estate Impairments

For the year ended December 31, 2024, we recognized impairments of \$86.0 million comprising of \$43.8 million, \$1.5 million and \$40.7 million impairments in our SHOP, OM&R and NNN segments, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2023, we recognized impairments of \$226.6 million comprising of \$190.5 million, \$19.2 million and \$16.9 million impairments in our SHOP, OM&R and NNN segments, respectively. For the year ended December 31, 2022, we recognized impairments of \$107.8 million comprising of \$76.4 million, \$27.5 million and \$3.9 million impairments in our SHOP, OM&R and NNN segments, respectively. The impairments are recorded primarily as a component of Depreciation and amortization in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The impairments recorded were primarily a result of a change in our intent to hold or a change in the future cash flows of the impaired assets.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6 – LOANS RECEIVABLE AND INVESTMENTS

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, we held \$173.0 million and \$54.1 million, respectively, of loans receivable and investments, net of allowance, relating to senior housing and healthcare operators or properties. The following is a summary of our loans receivable and investments, net, including amortized cost, fair value and unrealized gains or losses on available for sale investments, if applicable (dollars in thousands):

	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Allowance</u>	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
As of December 31, 2024:				
Secured/mortgage loans and other, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ 144,872	\$ —	\$ 144,872	\$ 146,229
Non-mortgage loans receivable, net ⁽²⁾	31,939	(3,810)	28,129	27,640
Total loans receivable and investments, net	<u>\$ 176,811</u>	<u>\$ (3,810)</u>	<u>\$ 173,001</u>	<u>\$ 173,869</u>
As of December 31, 2023:				
Secured/mortgage loans and other, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ 27,986	\$ —	\$ 27,986	\$ 27,947
Non-mortgage loans receivable, net ⁽²⁾	30,128	(3,976)	26,152	25,200
Total loans receivable and investments, net	<u>\$ 58,114</u>	<u>\$ (3,976)</u>	<u>\$ 54,138</u>	<u>\$ 53,147</u>

⁽¹⁾ Investments have contractual maturities ranging from 2025 to 2027.

⁽²⁾ Included in Other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

2024 Activity

In September 2024, we provided new secured debt financing of \$109.0 million to the owner of a senior housing property, secured by the asset and with additional credit support. The loan provides us with a right of first offer to purchase the asset on certain terms and conditions. The loan has a 3-year term and bears interest at a variable rate based on one-month SOFR, subject to a floor of 4.50%, plus a spread of 5.75%, increasing to 6.00% commencing October 1, 2025.

2023 Activity

On May 1, 2023, we took ownership of the properties that secured the Company's cash-pay non-recourse mezzanine loan to Santerre Health Investors (the "Santerre Mezzanine Loan") by converting the outstanding principal amount of the Santerre Mezzanine Loan to equity, with no additional consideration being paid. As a result, the Santerre Mezzanine Loan is no longer outstanding. The properties consisted of a diverse pool of outpatient medical buildings, senior housing communities, triple-net leased skilled nursing facilities and hospital assets in the United States, which, at the time, also secured a \$1 billion non-recourse senior mortgage loan issued under the CHC Commercial Mortgage Trust 2019-CHC (the "CHC Mortgage Loan"). For additional information regarding the CHC Mortgage Loan, see "Note 10 – Senior Notes Payable and Other Debt."

Upon taking ownership of the portfolio, we reversed the previously recorded (in 2022) \$20.0 million CECL allowance and recognized a Gain on foreclosure of real estate of \$29.1 million in our Consolidated Statements of Income. The gain is the fair value of the properties that secured the Santerre Mezzanine Loan, less the fair value of the CHC Mortgage Loan, less the principal amount of the Santerre Mezzanine Loan on May 1, 2023 (after the reversal of previously recorded allowances), and net of non-real estate assets and liabilities and transaction costs. For additional information, see "Note 11 – Fair Values of Financial Instruments."

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7 – INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED ENTITIES

We report investments in unconsolidated entities over whose operating and financial policies we have the ability to exercise significant influence under the equity method of accounting. Our investments in unconsolidated entities include investments in both real estate entities and operating entities as described further below.

Investments in Unconsolidated Real Estate Entities

Below is a summary of our investments in unconsolidated real estate entities, including through VIM, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (dollars in thousands):

	Ownership ⁽¹⁾ as of December 31,		Carrying Amount as of December 31,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Investments in unconsolidated real estate entities:				
Ventas Life Science & Healthcare Real Estate Fund	20.0%	20.1%	\$ 267,202	\$ 264,442
Pension Fund Joint Venture	25.0%	25.0%	11,939	22,169
Research & Innovation Development Joint Venture	53.0%	53.0%	309,499	275,829
Ventas Investment Management platform			588,640	562,440
Atrium Health & Wake Forest Joint Venture	48.5%	48.5%	36,881	35,137
All other ⁽²⁾	34.0%-37.5%	34.0%-37.5%	601	629
Total investments in unconsolidated real estate entities			<u>\$ 626,122</u>	<u>\$ 598,206</u>

⁽¹⁾ The entities in which we have an ownership interest may have less than a 100% interest in the underlying real estate. The ownership percentages in the table reflect our interest in the entities. Joint venture members, including us in some instances, have equity participation rights based on the underlying performance of the investments, which could result in non pro rata distributions.

⁽²⁾ Includes investments in parking structures and other de minimis investments in unconsolidated real estate entities.

We provide various services to our unconsolidated real estate entities in exchange for fees and reimbursements. Total management fees earned in connection with these services were \$15.5 million, \$14.7 million and \$14.5 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Such amounts, along with any promote revenue, are included in Third-party capital management revenues in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Investments in Unconsolidated Operating Entities

We own investments in unconsolidated operating entities such as Ardent and Atria, which are included within Other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

As of December 31, 2024, we held a 34% ownership interest in Atria, which entitles us to customary minority rights and protections, including the right to appoint two members to the Atria Board of Directors.

As of December 31, 2024, we held an approximately 6.7% ownership interest in Ardent. One of our executive officers is currently a member of the Ardent Board of Directors. Going forward, we have the right (but not the obligation) to nominate one member of the Ardent Board of Directors for so long as we beneficially own 4% or more of the total voting power of the outstanding common stock of Ardent, pursuant to our nomination agreement with Ardent. Following Ardent's initial public offering, which was consummated in July 2024, our equity stake in Ardent decreased from the issuance of primary shares from 7.5% to approximately 6.7%, which resulted in a gain of \$8.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, which is included in Income from unconsolidated entities in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

In May 2023, we sold approximately 24% of our ownership interest in Ardent to a third-party investor for \$50.1 million in total proceeds. As a result of the sale, we recognized \$33.5 million of gain for the year ended December 31, 2023 in Income from unconsolidated entities in our Consolidated Statements of Income and our ownership interest in Ardent was reduced from 9.8% to 7.5%.

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Pursuant to Rule 3-09 and Rule 4-08(g) of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act, we are required to present summarized financial information of the combined accounts of our unconsolidated entities accounted for by the equity method. The following table summarizes the combined unaudited financial information of our equity method investments, based on the most recent financial information available to us as of the respective reporting dates and periods (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
Total assets	\$ 9,813,724	\$ 9,423,867
Total liabilities	6,168,639	6,133,776
Total noncontrolling interests	582,678	574,575
Total equity, net of noncontrolling interests	3,062,405	2,715,516

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Total revenues	\$ 7,121,808	\$ 6,526,010	\$ 6,193,393
Total pre-tax income	313,313	43,100	335,793
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	196,984	(44,313)	212,112

NOTE 8 – INTANGIBLES

The following is a summary of our intangibles (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31, 2024		As of December 31, 2023	
	Balance	Weighted Average Remaining Amortization Period in Years	Balance	Weighted Average Remaining Amortization Period in Years
Intangible assets:				
Above-market lease intangibles ⁽¹⁾	\$ 124,515	4.3	\$ 130,371	4.8
In-place lease and other real estate intangibles ⁽²⁾	1,434,236	8.4	1,317,775	8.3
Acquired lease intangibles	1,558,751		1,448,146	
Goodwill	1,044,915	N/A	1,045,176	N/A
Other intangibles ⁽²⁾	41,190	24.4	34,440	4.8
Accumulated amortization	(1,286,374)	N/A	(1,189,817)	N/A
Net intangible assets	<u>\$ 1,358,482</u>	8.8	<u>\$ 1,337,945</u>	8.0
Intangible liabilities:				
Below-market lease intangibles ⁽¹⁾	\$ 269,572	7.0	\$ 306,499	8.1
Other lease intangibles	13,498	N/A	13,498	N/A
Accumulated amortization	(211,441)	N/A	(241,600)	N/A
Purchase option intangibles	3,568	N/A	3,568	N/A
Net intangible liabilities	<u>\$ 75,197</u>	7.0	<u>\$ 81,965</u>	8.1

⁽¹⁾ Amortization of above- and below-market lease intangibles is recorded as a decrease and an increase to revenues, respectively, in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

⁽²⁾ Amortization of intangibles is recorded in Depreciation and amortization in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

N/A—Not Applicable

Other intangibles (including non-compete agreements, trade names and trademarks) are included in Other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Net intangible liabilities are included in Accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, our net amortization related to these intangibles was \$80.8 million, \$111.2 million and \$102.4 million, respectively.

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The following is a summary of the estimated net amortization related to these intangibles for each of the next five years (dollars in thousands):

	Estimated Net Amortization	
2025	\$	104,042
2026		41,445
2027		14,830
2028		12,723
2029		8,730

The table below reflects the carrying amount of goodwill, by segment, as of December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

	Goodwill	
OM&R	\$	466,967
NNN		318,412
SHOP		259,536
Total goodwill	\$	1,044,915

There were no significant changes in the allocation of goodwill or any impairments during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

NOTE 9 – OTHER ASSETS

The following is a summary of our other assets (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
Straight-line rent receivables	\$ 202,675	\$ 194,108
Deferred lease costs, net	145,973	118,556
Accounts receivable, net ⁽¹⁾	108,138	76,091
Investment in unconsolidated operating entities	95,623	80,312
Stock warrants	40,192	59,281
Non-mortgage loans receivable, net	28,129	26,152
Other intangibles, net	11,513	5,584
Other	160,420	123,326
Total other assets	\$ 792,663	\$ 683,410

⁽¹⁾ Allowance for doubtful accounts as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$70.3 million and \$75.5 million, respectively.

In the above table, stock warrants as of December 31, 2024 represent: (1) warrants exercisable at any time prior to December 31, 2025, in whole or in part, for 11.1 million shares of Brookdale Senior Living, Inc common stock (“Brookdale Common Stock”) at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share (the “Brookdale Warrants”), and (2) warrants exercisable at any time prior to September 13, 2034 for 9.9% of the common equity of a parent company of Kindred Healthcare, LLC (“Kindred”) exercisable at the pre-transaction value of such common equity (the “Scion Warrants”). We received the Scion Warrants in September 2024 as part of the consideration for a lease amendment that we entered into with Kindred and its parent companies, ScionHealth.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we exercised Brookdale Warrants for 5.2 million shares of Brookdale Common Stock on a cashless basis, resulting in our receipt of 2.9 million shares of Brookdale Common Stock (net of the \$3.00 exercise price), which we sold for net cash proceeds of approximately \$18.0 million (recorded within operating cash flows in our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows).

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Brookdale Warrants and the Scion Warrants are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognized within Other expense (income) in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

NOTE 10 – SENIOR NOTES PAYABLE AND OTHER DEBT

The following is a summary of our senior notes payable and other debt (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
Unsecured revolving credit facility ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$ 6,397	\$ 14,006
Commercial paper notes	—	—
3.50% Senior Notes due 2024	—	400,000
3.75% Senior Notes due 2024	—	400,000
4.125% Senior Notes, Series B due 2024 ⁽²⁾	—	123,256
2.80% Senior Notes, Series E due 2024 ⁽²⁾	—	55,143
Unsecured term loan due 2025 ⁽²⁾	—	377,501
2.65% Senior Notes due 2025	450,000	450,000
3.50% Senior Notes due 2025	600,000	600,000
4.125% Senior Notes due 2026	500,000	500,000
3.75% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2026	862,500	862,500
3.25% Senior Notes due 2026	450,000	450,000
Unsecured term loan due February 2027	200,000	200,000
Unsecured term loan due June 2027	500,000	500,000
2.45% Senior Notes, Series G due 2027 ⁽²⁾	330,320	358,626
3.85% Senior Notes due 2027	400,000	400,000
4.00% Senior Notes due 2028	650,000	650,000
5.398% Senior Notes, Series I due 2028 ⁽²⁾	417,246	453,001
4.40% Senior Notes due 2029	750,000	750,000
5.10% Senior Notes, Series J due 2029 ⁽²⁾	452,017	—
3.00% Senior Notes due 2030	650,000	650,000
4.75% Senior Notes due 2030	500,000	500,000
2.50% Senior Notes due 2031	500,000	500,000
3.30% Senior Notes, Series H due 2031 ⁽²⁾	208,623	226,501
5.625% Senior Notes due 2034	500,000	—
5.00% Senior Notes due 2035	550,000	—
6.90% Senior Notes due 2037 ⁽³⁾	52,400	52,400
6.59% Senior Notes due 2038 ⁽³⁾	21,413	21,413
5.70% Senior Notes due 2043	300,000	300,000
4.375% Senior Notes due 2045	300,000	300,000
4.875% Senior Notes due 2049	300,000	300,000
Mortgage loans and other	3,167,886	3,174,251
Total	13,618,802	13,568,598
Deferred financing costs, net	(92,365)	(84,034)
Unamortized fair value adjustment	11,587	17,081
Unamortized discounts	(15,473)	(10,749)
Senior notes payable and other debt	\$ 13,522,551	\$ 13,490,896

⁽¹⁾ As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, aggregate Canadian Dollar borrowings of C\$2.0 million (\$1.4 million) and zero were outstanding, respectively. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, aggregate British Pound borrowings of £4.0 million (\$5.0 million) and £11.0 million (\$14.0 million) were outstanding, respectively.

⁽²⁾ British Pound and Canadian Dollar debt obligations shown in US Dollars.

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⁽³⁾ Our 6.90% Senior Notes due 2037 are subject to repurchase at the option of the holders, at par, on October 1, 2027, and our 6.59% Senior Notes due 2038 are subject to repurchase at the option of the holders, at par, on July 7, 2028.

Credit Facilities, Commercial Paper, Unsecured Term Loans and Letters of Credit

As of December 31, 2024, we have a \$2.75 billion unsecured revolving credit facility priced at SOFR plus 0.10% (“Adjusted SOFR”) plus 0.775% which is subject to adjustment based on the Company’s debt ratings. Our unsecured revolving credit facility matures in April 2028, and may be extended at our option, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, for two additional periods of six months each. The revolving credit facility also includes an accordion feature that permits us to increase our aggregate borrowing capacity thereunder to up to \$3.75 billion, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including the receipt of additional commitments for such increase.

Our unsecured revolving credit facility imposes certain customary restrictions on us, including restrictions pertaining to: (i) liens; (ii) investments; (iii) the incurrence of additional indebtedness; (iv) mergers and dissolutions; (v) certain dividend, distribution and other payments; (vi) permitted businesses; (vii) transactions with affiliates; and (viii) the maintenance of certain consolidated total leverage, secured debt leverage, unsecured debt leverage and fixed charge coverage ratios and minimum consolidated adjusted net worth, and contains customary events of default.

As of December 31, 2024, we had \$2.74 billion of undrawn capacity under our unsecured revolving credit facility with \$6.4 million outstanding and an additional \$0.8 million restricted to support outstanding letters of credit. We use our unsecured revolving credit facility to support our commercial paper program and for general corporate purposes.

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership (“Ventas Realty”), may issue from time to time unsecured commercial paper notes up to a maximum aggregate amount outstanding at any time of \$1.0 billion. The notes are sold under customary terms in the U.S. commercial paper note market and are ranked pari passu with all of Ventas Realty’s other unsecured senior indebtedness. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Ventas, Inc. As of December 31, 2024, we had no borrowings outstanding under our commercial paper program.

Ventas Realty has a \$500.0 million unsecured term loan priced at Adjusted SOFR plus 0.85%, which is subject to adjustment based on Ventas Realty’s debt ratings. This term loan is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Ventas, Inc. It matures in June 2027 and includes an accordion feature that permits Ventas Realty to increase the aggregate borrowings thereunder to up to \$1.25 billion, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including the receipt of additional commitments for such increase.

Ventas Realty has a \$200.0 million unsecured term loan priced at Adjusted SOFR plus 0.85%, which is subject to adjustment based on Ventas Realty’s debt ratings. This term loan is fully and unconditionally guaranteed by Ventas, Inc. It matures in February 2027 and includes an accordion feature that permits Ventas Realty to increase the aggregate borrowings thereunder to up to \$500.0 million, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including the receipt of additional commitments for such increase.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we repaid a C\$500.0 million (\$369.4 million) unsecured term loan facility priced at Canadian Dollar Offered Rate (“CDOR”) plus 0.90% that would otherwise have matured in January 2025.

As of December 31, 2024, our \$100.0 million uncommitted line for standby letters of credit had an outstanding balance of \$15.4 million. The agreement governing the line contains certain customary covenants and, under its terms, we are required to pay a commission on each outstanding letter of credit at a fixed rate.

Exchangeable Senior Notes

In June 2023, Ventas Realty issued \$862.5 million aggregate principal amount of its 3.75% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2026 (the “Exchangeable Notes”) in a private placement. The Exchangeable Notes are senior, unsecured obligations of Ventas Realty and are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured and unsubordinated basis by Ventas, Inc. The Exchangeable Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.75% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on December 1, 2023. The Exchangeable Notes mature on June 1, 2026, unless earlier exchanged, redeemed or repurchased. As of both December 31, 2024 and 2023, we had \$862.5 million aggregate principal amount of the Exchangeable Notes outstanding with an effective interest rate of 4.62% inclusive of the impact of the amortization of issuance costs. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, we recognized \$32.3 million and \$17.8 million of contractual interest expense, respectively, and amortization of issuance costs of \$6.8 million and \$3.6 million, respectively, related to the

VENTAS, INC.
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Exchangeable Notes. Unamortized issuance costs of \$10.3 million and \$17.1 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 were recorded as an offset to Senior notes payable and other debt on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The Exchangeable Notes are exchangeable at an initial exchange rate of 18.2460 shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Exchangeable Notes (equivalent to an initial exchange price of approximately \$54.81 per share of common stock). The initial exchange rate is subject to adjustment, including in the event of the payment of a quarterly dividend in excess of \$0.45 per share, but will not be adjusted for any accrued and unpaid interest. Upon exchange of the Exchangeable Notes, Ventas Realty will pay cash up to the aggregate principal amount of the Exchangeable Notes to be exchanged and pay or deliver (or cause to be delivered), as the case may be, cash, shares of common stock or a combination of cash and shares of common stock, at Ventas Realty's election, in respect of the remainder, if any, of its exchange obligation in excess of the aggregate principal amount of the Exchangeable Notes being exchanged. Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding March 1, 2026, the Exchangeable Notes will be exchangeable at the option of the noteholders only upon the satisfaction of specified conditions and during certain periods described in the indenture governing the Exchangeable Notes. On or after March 1, 2026, until the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date, the Exchangeable Notes will be exchangeable at the option of the noteholders at any time regardless of these conditions or periods.

We have evaluated and concluded that the exchange options embedded in our exchangeable senior notes are eligible for the entity's own equity scope exception from ASC 815 and therefore, do not need to be bifurcated. Accordingly, we record our exchangeable senior notes as liabilities (included in Senior notes payable and other debt on our Consolidated Balance Sheets).

Senior Notes

As of December 31, 2024, we had outstanding \$8.3 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes issued by Ventas Realty, approximately \$73.8 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes issued by Nationwide Health Properties, Inc. ("NHP") and assumed by our subsidiary, Nationwide Health Properties, LLC ("NHP LLC"), as successor to NHP, in connection with our acquisition of NHP, and C\$2.0 billion aggregate principal amount of senior notes issued by our subsidiary, Ventas Canada Finance Limited ("Ventas Canada"). All of the senior notes issued by Ventas Realty and Ventas Canada are unconditionally guaranteed by Ventas, Inc.

Ventas Realty's senior notes are part of our and Ventas Realty's general unsecured obligations, ranking equal in right of payment with all of our and Ventas Realty's existing and future senior obligations and ranking senior in right of payment to all of our and Ventas Realty's existing and future subordinated indebtedness. However, Ventas Realty's senior notes are effectively subordinated to our and Ventas Realty's secured indebtedness, if any, to the extent of the value of the assets securing that indebtedness. Ventas Realty's senior notes are also structurally subordinated to the preferred equity and indebtedness, whether secured or unsecured, of our subsidiaries (other than Ventas Realty).

Ventas Canada's senior notes are part of our and Ventas Canada's general unsecured obligations, ranking equal in right of payment with all of Ventas Canada's existing and future subordinated indebtedness. However, Ventas Canada's senior notes are effectively subordinated to our and Ventas Canada's secured indebtedness, if any, to the extent of the value of the assets securing that indebtedness. Ventas Canada's senior notes are also structurally subordinated to the preferred equity and indebtedness, whether secured or unsecured, of our subsidiaries (other than Ventas Canada).

NHP LLC's senior notes are part of NHP LLC's general unsecured obligations, ranking equal in right of payment with all of NHP LLC's existing and future senior obligations and ranking senior to all of NHP LLC's existing and future subordinated indebtedness. However, NHP LLC's senior notes are effectively subordinated to NHP LLC's secured indebtedness, if any, to the extent of the value of the assets securing that indebtedness. NHP LLC's senior notes are also structurally subordinated to the preferred equity and indebtedness, whether secured or unsecured, of its subsidiaries.

Ventas Realty and Ventas Canada may redeem each series of their respective senior notes in whole at any time or in part from time to time, prior to maturity at the redemption prices set forth in the applicable indenture (which include, in many instances, a make-whole premium), plus, in each case, accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date.

In February 2024, Ventas Canada issued and sold C\$650.0 million (\$478.3 million) aggregate principal amount of 5.10% Senior Notes, Series J due 2029 in a private placement. The proceeds were primarily used to repay our C\$500.0 million (\$369.4 million) unsecured term loan facility due 2025.

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In April and May 2024, we repaid \$800.0 million senior notes consisting of \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.50% Senior Notes due 2024 and \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% Senior Notes due 2024 at maturity primarily with cash on hand and borrowings through our commercial paper program.

In April 2024, we repaid C\$73.0 million (\$53.4 million) aggregate principal amount of 2.80% Senior Notes, Series E due 2024 at maturity with cash on hand.

In May 2024, Ventas Realty issued and sold \$500.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.625% Senior Notes due 2034 in a registered public offering. The proceeds were primarily used to repay balances outstanding under our commercial paper program.

In September 2024, Ventas Realty issued and sold \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Senior Notes due 2035 in a registered public offering. We used the proceeds for general corporate purposes, including funding of acquisitions and the repayment of other indebtedness.

In September 2024, we repaid C\$163.3 million (\$120.8 million) aggregate principal amount of 4.125% Senior Notes due 2024 at maturity with cash on hand.

In January and February 2025, we repaid \$450.0 million and \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2.65% Senior Notes due 2025 and aggregate principal amount of 3.50% Senior Notes due 2025, respectively, at maturity using cash on hand and borrowings through our commercial paper program.

Mortgages

At December 31, 2024, we had 145 mortgage loans outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$3.2 billion, which are secured by 140 of our properties. Of these loans, 131 loans in the aggregate principal amount of \$2.7 billion bear interest at fixed rates ranging from 2.24% to 7.13% per annum, and 14 loans in the aggregate principal amount of \$483.9 million bear interest at variable rates ranging from 3.05% to 7.79% per annum as of December 31, 2024. At December 31, 2024, the weighted average annual rate on our fixed rate mortgage loans was 4.3%, and the weighted average annual rate on our variable rate mortgage loans was 5.1%. Our mortgage loans had a weighted average maturity of 4.3 years as of December 31, 2024.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we repaid in full mortgage loans in the aggregate principal amount of \$48.3 million.

In February 2024, we entered into a C\$52.8 million (\$39.1 million) fixed rate mortgage loan, which accrues interest at 4.644%, matures in 2029 and is secured by one senior housing community in Canada.

In April 2024, we entered into an aggregate C\$103.0 million (\$75.5 million) fixed rate mortgage loans, which accrue interest at a blended rate of 4.90%, mature in 2029 and are secured by two senior housing communities in Canada.

In May 2024, we entered into a \$52.3 million fixed rate mortgage loan, which accrues interest at 6.02%, matures in 2034 and is secured by one outpatient medical building in California.

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Scheduled Maturities of Borrowing Arrangements and Other Provisions

As of December 31, 2024, our indebtedness had the following maturities (dollars in thousands):

	Principal Amount Due at Maturity	Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility and Commercial Paper Notes	Scheduled Periodic Amortization	Total Maturities
2025	\$ 1,737,827	\$ —	\$ 48,425	\$ 1,786,252
2026	2,041,934	—	42,663	2,084,597
2027	1,558,922	—	42,907	1,601,829
2028	1,447,250	6,397	36,105	1,489,752
2029	1,637,470	—	29,906	1,667,376
Thereafter	4,890,539	—	98,457	4,988,996
Total maturities	\$ 13,313,942	\$ 6,397	\$ 298,463	\$ 13,618,802

The instruments governing our outstanding indebtedness contain covenants that limit our ability and the ability of certain of our subsidiaries to, among other things: (i) incur debt; (ii) make certain dividends, distributions and investments; (iii) enter into certain transactions; and/or (iv) merge, consolidate or sell certain assets. Ventas Realty's and Ventas Canada's senior notes also require us and our subsidiaries to maintain total unencumbered assets of at least 150% of our unsecured debt. Our credit facilities also require us to maintain certain financial covenants pertaining to, among other things, our consolidated total leverage, secured debt, unsecured debt, fixed charge coverage and net worth.

As of December 31, 2024, we were in compliance with all of these covenants.

Derivatives and Hedging

In the normal course of our business, interest rate fluctuations affect future cash flows under our variable rate debt obligations, loans receivable and marketable debt securities, and foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations affect our operating results. We follow established risk management policies and procedures, including the use of derivative instruments, to mitigate the impact of these risks.

We do not use derivative instruments for trading or speculative purposes, and we have a policy of entering into contracts only with major financial institutions based upon their credit ratings and other factors. When considered together with the underlying exposure that the derivative is designed to hedge, we do not expect that the use of derivatives in this manner would have any material adverse effect on our future financial condition or results of operations.

We enter into interest rate swaps in order to maintain a capital structure containing targeted amounts of fixed and variable-rate debt and manage interest rate risk. Interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges involve the receipt of variable amounts from a counterparty in exchange for our fixed-rate payments. These interest rate swap agreements are used to hedge the variable cash flows associated with variable-rate debt.

Periodically, we enter into and designate interest rate locks to partially hedge the risk of changes in interest payments attributable to increases in the benchmark interest rate during the period leading up to the probable issuance of fixed-rate debt. We designate our interest rate locks as cash flow hedges. Gains and losses when we settle our interest rate locks are amortized over the life of the related debt and recorded in Interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

As of December 31, 2024, our variable rate debt obligations of \$0.8 billion reflect, in part, the effect of \$141.3 million notional amount of interest rate swaps with maturities in March 2027, that effectively convert fixed rate debt to variable rate debt.

As of December 31, 2024, our fixed rate debt obligations of \$12.8 billion reflect, in part, the effect of \$526.5 million and C\$635.9 million notional amount of interest rate swaps with maturities ranging from February 2025 to April 2031, in each case, that effectively convert variable rate debt to fixed rate debt.

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2024 Activity

From June through September 2024, we entered into an aggregate \$350.0 million treasury locks to hedge interest rate risk on future debt issuances. In September 2024, we terminated the treasury locks in conjunction with the issuance of the \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.00% Senior Notes due 2035.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, approximately \$22.3 million of realized gain primarily relating to our interest rate swaps was reclassified into Interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income. Approximately \$3.0 million of unrealized gains, which are included in Accumulated other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2024, are expected to be reclassified into earnings within the next 12 months.

NOTE 11 – FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value

The table below summarizes the carrying amounts and fair values of our financial instruments either recorded or disclosed on a recurring basis (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31, 2024		As of December 31, 2023	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾	\$ 897,850	\$ 897,850	\$ 508,794	\$ 508,794
Escrow deposits and restricted cash ⁽¹⁾	59,383	59,383	54,668	54,668
Stock warrants ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	40,192	40,192	59,281	59,281
Secured mortgage loans and other, net ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	144,872	146,229	27,986	27,947
Non-mortgage loans receivable, net ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	28,129	27,640	26,152	25,200
Derivative instruments ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	12,908	12,908	19,782	19,782
Liabilities:				
Senior notes payable and other debt, gross ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	13,618,802	13,411,066	13,568,598	13,104,091
Derivative instruments ⁽³⁾⁽⁶⁾	5,887	5,887	2,525	2,525
Redeemable OP Units ⁽²⁾	200,420	200,420	173,452	173,452

⁽¹⁾ The carrying amount approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

⁽²⁾ Level 1 within fair value hierarchy.

⁽³⁾ Level 2 within fair value hierarchy.

⁽⁴⁾ Level 3 within fair value hierarchy.

⁽⁵⁾ Included in Other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽⁶⁾ Included in Accounts payable and other liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

⁽⁷⁾ During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were no material transfers of financial assets or liabilities within the fair value hierarchy.

For a discussion of the assumptions considered, refer to “Note 2 – Accounting Policies.” The use of different market assumptions and estimation methodologies may have a material effect on the reported estimated fair value amounts. Accordingly, the estimates presented above are not necessarily indicative of the amounts we would realize in a current market exchange.

Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

In the above table, stock warrants consist of the Brookdale Warrants and the Scion Warrants. The Brookdale Warrants represent an interest in a publicly-traded entity and their fair value is based on Level 2 inputs that are obtained from public sources such as equity spot price, dividend yield, volatility and risk-free rate.

The Scion Warrants represent a financial interest in a private entity whose fair value is based on Level 3 inputs that reflect significant assumptions including underlying enterprise value, market volatility, duration, dividend rate and risk-free rate. Changes in one or more of these inputs could impact the fair value determination. During the year ended December 31,

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2024, there has been no realized or unrealized gains or losses recognized for these warrants. There has been no transfer into or out of Level 3 financial instruments during the periods presented.

Substantially all of our derivative instruments consist of interest rate swaps. Their fair value is based on Level 2 inputs. See “Note 2 – Accounting Policies.”

Other Items Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Real estate recorded as held for sale and any associated real estate impairment recorded due to the shortening of the expected hold period due to our change in intent to hold the asset (see “Note 5 – Dispositions and Impairments”) are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis. We estimate the fair value of assets held for sale and any associated impairment charges based primarily on current sales price expectations, which reside within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Real estate impairment charges recorded due to our evaluation of recoverability when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable are based on company-specific inputs and our assumptions about the marketability of the properties as observable inputs are not available. As such, we have determined that these fair value measurements generally reside within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. We estimate the fair value of real estate deemed to not be recoverable using the cost or income approach and unobservable data such as net operating income and estimated capitalization and discount rates, and giving consideration to local and national industry market data including comparable sales.

2023 Activity

The fair value of the collateral received in connection with the equitization of the Santerre Mezzanine Loan on May 1, 2023 was determined using fair value determinations within Level 1, 2 and 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the non-real estate assets and liabilities was based on their cost, given the short term nature of those balances and because cost was the best information available, which reside within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the CHC Mortgage Loan, which approximates par, was based on the absence of recent underlying trading activity, consideration of the near-term maturity date and adjustments for the credit-worthiness of the borrower, which reside within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of the real estate properties that secured the Santerre Mezzanine Loan of \$1.566 billion (net of \$31.8 million of capital expenditures) on May 1, 2023 was determined using unobservable inputs primarily within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. For SHOP and outpatient medical properties, fair value was based on either an income or market approach that took into account unobservable inputs such as direct capitalization rates, estimated NOI, market rents, costs per unit, replacement cost and estimates of future cash flows, which are based on a number of factors including historical operating results, known trends and market and economic conditions. For the majority of the SHOP properties, fair value was based on an income approach with significant unobservable inputs that included an average direct capitalization rate of 6.8% on estimated expected stabilized NOI, adjusted based on cost per unit in certain cases. For the majority of the outpatient medical properties, fair value was based on an income approach with significant unobservable inputs that included an average direct capitalization rate of 6.7% on estimated expected stabilized NOI, adjusted based on cost per square foot in certain cases. For triple-net leased properties, fair value was primarily based on an average estimated per bed value by property by state of \$88,000, which was determined based on an assessment of recent transactions adjusted for property, operator and other characteristics such as contractual rent, tenant payment history, underlying operating trends, reimbursement rates and other market data.

NOTE 12 – LONG-TERM COMPENSATION

Compensation Plans

We currently have:

- one plan, the 2022 Incentive Plan, under which equity awards, including options to purchase common stock, shares of restricted stock or restricted stock units, have been or may be granted to our officers, employees and non-employee directors; and
- one plan under which our non-employee directors may elect to defer receipt of all or a portion of their cash retainers and meeting fees and receive shares of common stock in lieu thereof at a later date chosen by the participating director (the Non-Employee Directors’ Cash Compensation Deferral Plan, formerly known as the Non-Employee Directors’ Deferred Stock Compensation Plan).

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These plans are referred to collectively as the “Plans.”

The number of shares initially reserved for issuance and the number of shares available for future grants or issuance under the Plans as of December 31, 2024 were as follows:

- 2022 Incentive Plan—11.4 million shares, plus any shares of common stock subject to awards granted under the 2012 Plan as of October 1, 2022, that expire, or for any reason are forfeited, cancelled or terminated either without such shares being issued or with such shares being forfeited (such shares the “2012 Plan Shares”) were reserved initially for grants or issuance to employees and non-employee directors, and 10.8 million shares were available for future issuance as of December 31, 2024.
- Non-Employee Directors’ Cash Compensation Deferral Plan—0.6 million shares were reserved initially for issuance to participating non-employee directors in lieu of the payment of all or a portion of their retainer and meeting fees, at their option, and 0.4 million shares were available for future issuance as of December 31, 2024.

In addition, we have two plans under which outstanding options to purchase common stock, shares of restricted stock or restricted stock units have been granted to our officers, employees and non-employee directors (the 2006 Stock Plan for Directors and the 2012 Incentive Plan). New grants are not permitted under either of these plans.

Outstanding options, all of which were issued under the 2012 Plan, are exercisable at the market price on the date of grant, expire ten years from the date of grant, and are fully vested.

Stock Options

The following is a summary of stock option activity in 2024:

	Shares (000’s)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Intrinsic Value (\$000’s)
Outstanding as of December 31, 2023	3,457	\$ 62.17		
Options exercised	(426)	61.21		1,208
Options forfeited	(400)	51.84		
Outstanding as of December 31, 2024	<u>2,631</u>	63.89	1.6	<u>\$ 399</u>
Exercisable as of December 31, 2024	<u>2,631</u>	63.89	1.6	<u>\$ 399</u>

Compensation costs for all share-based awards are based on the grant date fair value and are recognized on a straight-line basis during the requisite service periods, with charges primarily recorded in General, administrative and professional fees in our Consolidated Statements of Income. As of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, there was no unrecognized compensation expense relating to stock options.

Aggregate proceeds received from options exercised under the Plans for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were \$26.1 million, \$1.7 million and \$8.7 million, respectively. The total intrinsic value at exercise of options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2024 was \$1.2 million. The total intrinsic value at exercise of options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2023 was immaterial. The total intrinsic value at exercise of options exercised during the year ended December 31, 2022 was \$0.7 million. There was no deferred income tax benefit for stock options exercised.

Restricted Stock and Restricted Stock Units

We recognize the fair value of shares of restricted stock and restricted stock units (including time-based and performance-based awards) on the grant date of the award as stock-based compensation expense over the requisite service period, with charges primarily to General, administrative and professional fees of \$30.9 million, \$30.4 million and \$30.7 million in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively, in our Consolidated Statements of Income. Time-based restricted stock and restricted stock unit awards granted to employees generally vest over a three-year period, while time-based restricted stock unit awards granted to non-employee directors typically vest approximately one year from the date of grant. Performance-based

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stock units granted to our executive officers, which include market and performance components, may be earned and vest, if at all, at the end of the three-year performance period based on the achievement of such components. If provided in the applicable Plan or award agreement, the vesting of awards may accelerate upon a change of control (as defined in the applicable Plan) of Ventas and other specified events. In addition to customary change in control vesting provisions, awards generally vest on retirement provided certain conditions are met. Employees are typically not retirement eligible until age 65, or in the case of executive officers, until their age plus years of service equals 75, with a minimum age of 62; the retirement age for non-employee directors is 75.

The fair market value of time-based restricted stock units is determined based on the closing market price of the Company's shares on the grant date and is expensed over the period of three to four years. In calculating the grant date fair value of performance-based stock units, we use a Monte Carlo simulation to calculate the grant date fair value of the total shareholder return ("TSR")-driven components and the closing price on the date of grant, assuming performance at target—which was the probable outcome at the grant date—for other performance components. The Monte Carlo simulation "probability weights" potential outcomes of the relative TSR measures of each performance-based stock unit as of the grant date, based on, among other things, assumptions related to volatility, correlation and interest rates, which can fluctuate significantly year-over-year. The following assumptions were used in the Monte Carlo valuation for the TSR-driven components for performance-based stock units granted during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively: (i) expected term of three years for each of the years (equal to the remaining performance period at the grant date), (ii) historical volatility of 42.0%, 41.3%, and 38.7% and, (iii) risk-free rate of 4.09%, 3.84%, and 1.02%. The total grant date fair value of time-based restricted stock units and performance-based stock units granted during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$35.6 million, \$30.1 million, and \$24.1 million, respectively.

The following is a summary of the status of our non-vested restricted stock and restricted stock units (including time-based and performance-based awards) as of December 31, 2024, and changes during the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Restricted Stock (000's)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Restricted Stock Units (000's)	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Non-vested at December 31, 2023	156	\$ 51.30	1,309	\$ 52.03
Granted	—	—	750	49.74
Vested	(99)	52.03	(665)	48.54
Forfeited	(6)	51.09	(93)	47.16
Non-vested at December 31, 2024	<u>51</u>	<u>49.88</u>	<u>1,301</u>	<u>52.39</u>

As of December 31, 2024, we had \$17.2 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested restricted stock and restricted stock units under the Plans. We expect to recognize that cost over a weighted average period of 0.45 years. The total fair value at the vesting date for restricted stock and restricted stock units that vested during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$32.7 million, \$25.0 million and \$29.6 million, respectively.

Employee and Director Stock Purchase Plan

We have in effect an Employee and Director Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP") under which our employees and directors may purchase shares of our common stock at a discount. Pursuant to the terms of the ESPP, on each purchase date, participants may purchase shares of common stock at a price not less than 90% of the market price on that date (with respect to the employee tax-favored portion of the plan) and not less than 95% of the market price on that date (with respect to the additional employee and director portion of the plan). We initially reserved 3.0 million shares for issuance under the ESPP. As of December 31, 2024, 0.2 million shares had been purchased under the ESPP and 2.8 million shares were available for future issuance.

Employee Benefit Plan

We maintain a 401(k) plan that allows eligible employees to defer compensation subject to certain limitations imposed by the Code. In 2024, we made contributions for each qualifying employee of up to 4.0% of his or her salary, subject to certain limitations. During 2024, 2023 and 2022, our aggregate contributions were approximately \$2.1 million, \$2.0 million and \$1.6 million, respectively.

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NOTE 13 – INCOME TAXES

We have elected to be taxed as a REIT under the applicable provisions of the Code for every year beginning with the year ended December 31, 1999. We have also elected for certain of our subsidiaries to be treated as TRS entities, which are subject to federal, state and foreign income taxes. All entities other than the TRS entities are collectively referred to as the “REIT” within this note. Certain REIT entities are subject to foreign income tax.

Although we intend to continue to operate in a manner that will enable us to qualify as a REIT, such qualification depends upon our ability to meet, on a continuing basis, various distribution, stock ownership and other tests. Our tax treatment of distributions per common share was as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Tax treatment of distributions:			
Ordinary income	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Qualified ordinary income	—	0.04468	0.04906
199A qualified business income	1.09580	1.49465	1.75094
Long-term capital gain	—	0.09136	—
Non-dividend distribution	0.70420	0.16931	—
Distribution reported for 1099-DIV purposes	1.80000	1.80000	1.80000
Add: Dividend declared in current year and taxable in following year	0.45000	0.45000	0.45000
Less: Dividend declared in prior year and taxable in current year	(0.45000)	(0.45000)	(0.45000)
Distribution declared per common share outstanding	<u>\$ 1.80000</u>	<u>\$ 1.80000</u>	<u>\$ 1.80000</u>

We believe we have met the annual REIT distribution requirement by payment of at least 90% of our estimated taxable income for 2024, 2023 and 2022. Our consolidated expense (benefit) for income taxes was as follows (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Current - Federal	\$ 324	\$ 534	\$ (2,257)
Current - State	2,630	2,564	2,662
Deferred - Federal	(30,436)	(6,135)	338
Deferred - State	28	230	1,310
Current - Foreign	2,646	2,587	3,217
Deferred - Foreign	(12,967)	(9,319)	(22,196)
Total	<u>\$ (37,775)</u>	<u>\$ (9,539)</u>	<u>\$ (16,926)</u>

The 2024 income tax benefit is primarily due to losses in certain of our TRS entities and a \$28.6 million change in valuation allowance due to purchase accounting activity. The 2023 income tax benefit is primarily due to losses in certain of our TRS entities and a \$3.2 million benefit from internal restructurings of U.S. TRS entities. The 2022 income tax benefit is primarily due to losses at certain TRS entities and an income tax benefit of \$11.9 million from an internal restructuring of foreign TRS entities.

Although the TRS entities and certain other foreign entities have paid minimal cash federal, state and foreign income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2024, their income tax liabilities may increase in future years as we exhaust net operating loss (“NOL”) carryforwards and as our operations grow. Such increases could be significant.

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A reconciliation of income tax expense and benefit, which is computed by applying the federal corporate tax rate for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, to the income tax expense and benefit is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Tax at statutory rate on earnings from continuing operations before unconsolidated entities, noncontrolling interest and income taxes	\$ (1,679)	\$ (24,272)	\$ (19,733)
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	2,641	(839)	(5,411)
Change in valuation allowance	(10,593)	20,330	53,117
Tax at statutory rate on earnings not subject to federal income taxes	(18,773)	(7,809)	(31,528)
Foreign rate differential and foreign taxes	1,813	43	123
Change in tax status of TRS	—	9,171	(1,961)
Other differences	(11,184)	(6,163)	(11,533)
Income tax benefit	<u>\$ (37,775)</u>	<u>\$ (9,539)</u>	<u>\$ (16,926)</u>

Each TRS is a tax-paying component for purposes of classifying deferred tax assets and liabilities. The tax effects of temporary differences and carryforwards included in the net deferred tax liabilities are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Property, primarily differences in depreciation and amortization, the tax basis of land assets and the treatment of interests and certain costs	\$ (73,214)	\$ (26,071)	\$ (34,734)
Operating loss and interest deduction carryforwards	236,424	233,847	220,891
Expense accruals and other	56,546	26,700	16,723
Valuation allowance	(225,975)	(257,222)	(227,960)
Net deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$ (6,219)</u>	<u>\$ (22,746)</u>	<u>\$ (25,080)</u>

Our net deferred tax liability decreased \$16.5 million during 2024 primarily due to the impact of operating losses at certain TRS entities and an increase in deferred tax assets of \$18.0 million due to tax law changes in Canada regarding the deductibility of interest and financing expenses. Our net deferred tax liability decreased \$1.7 million during 2023 primarily due to the impact of operating losses at certain TRS entities and the reversal of \$3.2 million of net deferred tax liabilities from an internal restructuring of TRS entities, partially offset by an increase of \$12.4 million in connection with our equitization of the Santerre Mezzanine Loan on May 1, 2023. Our net deferred tax liability decreased \$23.0 million during 2022 primarily due to the impact of operating losses at certain TRS entities and the reversal of \$11.9 million of deferred tax liabilities from an internal restructuring of foreign TRS entities.

Due to uncertainty regarding the realization of certain deferred tax assets, we have established valuation allowances, primarily in connection with the NOL carryforwards related to certain TRSs. The amounts related to NOLs at the TRS entities for 2024, 2023 and 2022 are \$180.8 million, \$179.0 million and \$171.0 million, respectively.

We are subject to corporate-level taxes (“built-in gains tax”) for any asset dispositions during the five-year period immediately after the assets were owned by a C corporation (either prior to our REIT election, through stock acquisition or merger). The amount of income potentially subject to built-in gains tax is generally equal to the lesser of the excess of the fair value of the asset over its adjusted tax basis as of the date it became a REIT asset or the actual amount of gain. Some, but not all, future gains could be offset by available NOL carryforwards.

At December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the REIT had NOL carryforwards of \$1.0 billion, \$1.1 billion and \$1.1 billion, respectively. Additionally, the REIT has \$10.8 million of federal income tax credits that were carried over from acquisitions at December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022. These amounts can be used to offset future taxable income (or taxable income for prior years if an audit determines that tax is owed), if any. The REIT will be entitled to utilize NOLs and tax credit carryforwards only to the extent that REIT taxable income exceeds our deduction for dividends paid. Certain NOL and credit carryforwards are limited as to their utilization by Section 382 of the Code. The remaining REIT carryforwards began to expire in 2023.

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For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the net difference between tax bases and the reported amount of REIT assets and liabilities for federal income tax purposes was approximately \$1.8 billion and \$2.2 billion, respectively, less than the book bases of those assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes.

Generally, we are subject to audit under the statute of limitations by the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) for the year ended December 31, 2021, and subsequent years and are subject to audit by state taxing authorities for the year ended December 31, 2020 and subsequent years. We are subject to audit generally under the statutes of limitation by the Canada Revenue Agency and provincial authorities with respect to the Canadian entities for the year ended December 31, 2020 and subsequent years. We are subject to audit in the United Kingdom generally for the periods ended in and subsequent to 2023.

The following table summarizes the activity related to our unrecognized tax benefits (dollars in thousands):

	2024	2023
Balance as of January 1	\$ 5,205	\$ 5,828
Additions to tax positions related to prior years	—	108
Subtractions to tax positions related to prior years	(1,242)	(731)
Balance as of December 31	<u>\$ 3,963</u>	<u>\$ 5,205</u>

If recognized, these unrecognized tax benefits of \$4.0 million and \$5.2 million at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, would reduce our annual effective tax rate. We accrued no interest or penalties related to the unrecognized tax benefits during 2024. We do not expect our unrecognized tax benefits to increase or decrease materially in 2025.

As a part of the transfer pricing structure in the normal course of business, the REIT enters into transactions with certain TRSs, such as leasing and sub-management transactions, other capital financing and allocation of general and administrative costs, which transactions are intended to comply with the IRS and foreign tax authority transfer pricing rules.

NOTE 14 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, we are party to various lawsuits, investigations, claims and other legal and regulatory proceedings arising in connection with our business. In certain circumstances, regardless of whether we are a named party in a lawsuit, investigation, claim or other legal or regulatory proceeding, we may be contractually obligated to indemnify, defend and hold harmless our managers, tenants and borrowers or other third parties against, or may otherwise be responsible for, such actions, proceedings or claims. These claims may include, among other things, professional liability and general liability claims, commercial liability claims, unfair business practices claims and employment claims, as well as regulatory proceedings and government investigations, including proceedings related to our senior housing operating portfolio, where we are typically the holder of the applicable healthcare license. These claims may not be fully insured and some may allege large damage amounts.

It is the opinion of management, that the disposition of any such lawsuits, investigations, claims and other legal and regulatory proceedings that are currently pending will not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on us. However, regardless of the merits of a particular action, investigation or claim, we may be forced to expend significant financial resources to defend and resolve these matters. We are unable to predict the ultimate outcome of these lawsuits, investigations, claims and other legal and regulatory proceedings, and if management’s assessment of our liability with respect thereto is incorrect, such actions, investigations and claims could have a material adverse effect on us.

From time to time, on behalf of ourselves or on behalf of our unconsolidated entities, we have agreed, and may in the future agree, to provide guarantees, indemnities or other similar contingent obligations to third parties. Such agreements may include, without limitation: (1) guarantees of all or a portion of the principal, interest and other amounts due under mortgage debt or other borrowings, (2) customary nonrecourse carve-out guarantees provided in connection with mortgage or other borrowings, (3) customary indemnifications of lenders for potential environmental liabilities, (4) completion guarantees provided to lenders, tenants, ground lessors or other third parties for the completion of development and redevelopment projects, (5) guarantees of payment of contingent tax obligations to tax credit investors who have purchased historic, new market and other tax credits from us or our unconsolidated entities, (6) guarantees of ground rent and other payment of ground rent and other obligations to ground lessors and (7) indemnities and other guarantees required in connection with the procurement of performance and surety bonds and standby letters of credit.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, no triggering events relating to our guarantees, indemnities or similar contingent obligations have occurred. Accordingly, no contingent liability is recorded in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

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Operating Leases

We lease land, equipment and corporate office space. At inception, we establish an operating lease asset and operating lease liability represented as the present value of future minimum lease payments. As our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use a discount rate that approximates our incremental borrowing rate available at lease commencement to determine the present value of lease payments. The incremental borrowing rates were adjusted for the length of the individual lease term. The weighted average discount rate and remaining lease term of our leases are 7.40% and 33.1 years, respectively. Operating lease assets and liabilities are not recognized for leases with an initial term of 12 months or less, as these short-term leases are accounted for similar to previous guidance. Many of our leases include renewal options to extend the term for one year or more. Renewal options that we are not reasonably certain to exercise are excluded from the operating lease assets and liabilities.

Our lease expense primarily consists of ground leases, which is included in Interest expense in our Consolidated Statements of Income. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we recognized \$33.7 million, \$37.0 million and \$31.9 million of expense relating to our leases, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, cash paid for leases was \$24.8 million, \$29.8 million and \$24.0 million, respectively, as reported within operating cash outflows in our Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The following table summarizes future minimum lease obligations under non-cancelable ground and other operating leases as of December 31, 2024 (dollars in thousands):

2025	\$	20,176
2026		21,701
2027		21,202
2028		20,022
2029		19,201
Thereafter		598,633
Total undiscounted minimum lease payments		<u>700,935</u>
Less: imputed interest		(482,932)
Operating lease liabilities	\$	<u><u>218,003</u></u>

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NOTE 15 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table shows the amounts used in computing our basic and diluted earnings per share (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Numerator for basic and diluted earnings per share:			
Net income (loss)	\$ 88,351	\$ (30,297)	\$ (40,931)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	7,198	10,676	6,516
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 81,153</u>	<u>\$ (40,973)</u>	<u>\$ (47,447)</u>
Denominator:			
Denominator for basic earnings per share—weighted average shares	411,770	401,809	399,549
Effect of dilutive securities:			
Restricted stock awards	397	389	390
OP unitholder interests	3,422	3,472	3,515
Exchangeable Notes	744	—	—
Equity forward sales agreements	33	—	—
Denominator for diluted earnings per share—adjusted weighted average shares	<u>416,366</u>	<u>405,670</u>	<u>403,454</u>
Basic earnings per share:			
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.10)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	0.20	(0.10)	(0.12)
Diluted earnings per share: ⁽¹⁾			
Net income (loss)	\$ 0.21	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.10)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	0.19	(0.10)	(0.12)

⁽¹⁾ Potential common shares are not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share when a net loss exists as the effect would be an antidilutive per share amount.

There were 2.9 million, 3.5 million and 3.6 million anti-dilutive options outstanding for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The dilutive effect of our Exchangeable Notes is calculated using the if-converted method in accordance with ASU 2020-06. We are required, pursuant to the indenture governing the Exchangeable Notes, to settle the aggregate principal amount of the Exchangeable Notes in cash and may elect to settle any remaining exchange obligation (i.e., the stock price in excess of the exchange obligation) in cash, shares of our common stock, or a combination thereof. Under the if-converted method, we include the number of shares required to satisfy the exchange obligation, assuming all the Exchangeable Notes are exchanged. The average closing price of our common stock for the year ended December 31, 2024 is used as the basis for determining the dilutive effect on earnings per share. The Exchangeable Notes were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 as they were antidilutive.

Our unsettled equity forward sales agreements do not impact basic earnings per share. We apply the treasury stock method to our unsettled equity forward sales agreements to determine their dilutive effect, if any. See “Note 16 – Permanent and Temporary Equity.”

NOTE 16 – PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY EQUITY

Capital Stock

In February 2024, we entered into an amendment to our November 2021 ATM Sales Agreement, providing for an “at-the-market” equity offering program, pursuant to which we could sell, from time to time, up to \$1.0 billion aggregate gross sales price of shares of our common stock (as amended, the “February 2024 ATM Program”). In September 2024, we

VENTAS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

terminated the February 2024 ATM Program and entered into an ATM Sales Agreement providing for the sale, from time to time, of up to \$2.0 billion aggregate gross sales price of shares of our common stock (the “September 2024 ATM Program” and, together with the February 2024 ATM Program, the “ATM Programs”). The ATM Programs have allowed us to enter into forward sales agreements, as discussed below. By utilizing a forward sales agreement, we can secure a share price on the sale of shares of our common stock at or shortly after the time the forward sales agreement becomes effective, while postponing the receipt of proceeds from the sale of shares until a future date. As of December 31, 2024, the remaining amount available under our September 2024 ATM Program for future sales of common stock was \$1.5 billion.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, we issued 37.3 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of \$2.2 billion, representing an average price of \$58.38 per share, of which 3.4 million shares or approximately \$201.1 million in gross proceeds remained unsettled with maturity in March 2026. During the year ended December 31, 2023, we issued 2.3 million shares of our common stock for gross proceeds of \$110.4 million, representing an average price of \$47.89 per share. There were no issuances of common stock for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Equity Forward Sales Agreements

Equity forward sales agreements generally have a maturity of one to two years. At any time during the term of an equity forward sales agreement, we may settle that equity forward sales agreement by delivery of physical shares of our common stock to the forward purchaser or, at our election, subject to certain exceptions, we may settle in cash or by net share settlement. The forward sales price we expect to receive upon settlement of outstanding equity forward sales agreements will be the initial forward price, net of commissions, established on or shortly after the effective date of the relevant equity forward sales agreement, subject to adjustments for accrued interest, the forward purchasers’ stock borrowing costs in excess of a certain threshold specified in the equity forward sales agreement, and certain fixed price reductions for expected dividends on our common stock during the term of the equity forward sales agreement. Our unsettled equity forward sales agreements are accounted for as equity instruments.

In January 2025, we entered into additional unsettled equity forward sales agreements for 0.8 million shares or approximately \$49.8 million in gross proceeds with maturity in March 2026.

Excess Share Provision

Our Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (our “Charter”) contains restrictions on the ownership and transfer of our common and preferred stock to enable us to preserve our REIT status. Our Charter provides certain specified remedies if a transfer would violate one of the ownership limitations. In particular, if a person acquires beneficial or constructive ownership of more than the ownership limit (currently, 9.0%, in number or value, of our outstanding common stock or 9.9%, in number or value, of our outstanding preferred stock), or in violation of certain other limitations set forth in our Charter, then the shares that are beneficially or constructively owned in excess of the relevant limitation are considered to be “excess shares.” Excess shares are automatically deemed transferred to a trust for the benefit of a charitable institution or other qualifying organization selected by our Board of Directors. The trust is entitled to all dividends with respect to the excess shares, and the trustee may exercise all voting power over the excess shares.

We have the right to purchase the excess shares for a purchase price equal to the lesser of the price per share in the transaction that created the excess shares or the market price on the date we buy the shares, and we may defer payment of the purchase price for up to five years (and we are not obligated to pay interest on such deferred payment). If we do not purchase the excess shares, the trustee of the trust is required to transfer the excess shares at the direction of our Board of Directors. The owner of the excess shares is entitled to receive the lesser of the proceeds from the sale of the excess shares or the original purchase price for such excess shares, and any additional amounts are payable to the beneficiary of the trust. As of December 31, 2024, there were no shares in the trust. Our Charter also provides that a transfer of shares of common or preferred stock that would otherwise result in ownership, under the applicable attribution rules of the Code, of shares in excess of the ownership limit, would cause our shares to be beneficially owned by fewer than 100 persons, or would result in our being “closely held” (within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Code), will be void ab initio and the purported transferee will acquire no rights in such shares.

Our Board of Directors is empowered to grant waivers from the excess share provisions of our Charter under certain circumstances.

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Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following is a summary of our accumulated other comprehensive loss (dollars in thousands):

	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
Foreign currency translation loss	\$ (34,341)	\$ (56,596)
Unrealized loss on available for sale securities	(2,118)	(1,256)
Unrealized gain on derivative instruments	2,933	22,095
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (33,526)</u>	<u>\$ (35,757)</u>

Redeemable OP Unitholder and Noncontrolling Interests

The following is a roll-forward of our redeemable OP unitholder and noncontrolling interests for 2024 (dollars in thousands):

	Redeemable OP Unitholder Interests	Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests	Total Redeemable OP Unitholder and Noncontrolling Interests
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 173,452	\$ 129,184	\$ 302,636
New issuances	—	1,141	1,141
Change in fair value	34,163	1,198	35,361
Dispositions	—	—	—
Distributions and other	(6,424)	(21,714)	(28,138)
Redemptions	(771)	—	(771)
Balance as of December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 200,420</u>	<u>\$ 109,809</u>	<u>\$ 310,229</u>

NOTE 17 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Atria

We hold a 34% ownership interest in Atria, which entitles us to customary minority rights and protections, including the right to appoint two members to the Atria Board of Directors.

Atria provides comprehensive property management and accounting services with respect to our senior housing communities that Atria operates, for which we pay annual management fees pursuant to long-term management agreements. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we incurred fees to Atria of \$62.9 million, \$63.4 million and \$61.5 million, respectively, which are recorded within property-level operating expenses in our Consolidated Statements of Income. For the year ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we incurred fees to Atria of \$0.1 million, \$1.5 million and \$6.1 million, respectively, primarily in connection with the transition of senior housing communities operated by Atria, which are recorded within Transaction, transition and restructuring costs in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

Ardent

As of December 31, 2024, we held an approximately 6.7% ownership interest in Ardent. One of our executive officers is currently a member of the Ardent Board of Directors. Going forward, we have the right (but not the obligation) to nominate one member of the Ardent Board of Directors for so long as we beneficially own 4% or more of the total voting power of the outstanding common stock of Ardent, pursuant to our nomination agreement with Ardent. Following Ardent's initial public offering, which was consummated in July 2024, our equity stake in Ardent decreased from the issuance of primary shares from 7.5% to approximately 6.7%, which resulted in a gain of \$8.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, which is included in Income from unconsolidated entities in our Consolidated Statements of Income.

In May 2023, we sold approximately 24% of our ownership interest in Ardent to a third-party investor for \$50.1 million in total proceeds. As a result of the sale, we recognized \$33.5 million of gain for the year ended December 31,

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2023 in Income from unconsolidated entities in our Consolidated Statements of Income and our ownership interest in Ardent was reduced from 9.8% to 7.5%.

As of December 31, 2024, we leased 11 hospitals to Ardent pursuant to a single, triple-net master lease agreement. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we recognized rental income from Ardent of \$137.1 million, \$133.7 million and \$130.5 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, we also leased 19 outpatient medical buildings to Ardent under separate leases included in our OM&R segment. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we recognized rental income from Ardent of \$13.5 million, \$13.4 million and \$12.1 million, respectively.

PMBRES

We hold a 50% ownership interest in PMB Real Estate Services LLC (“PMBRES”), which entitles us to customary rights and protections, including the right to appoint two members to the PMBRES Board of Directors.

PMBRES provides outpatient medical building management, leasing, marketing, facility development and advisory services to highly rated hospitals and other healthcare facilities throughout the United States, for which we pay management fees and leasing commissions pursuant to long-term management agreements. For the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, we incurred fees to PMBRES of \$11.2 million, \$10.9 million and \$8.5 million, respectively. Management fees are recorded within property-level operating expenses in our Consolidated Statements of Income. Leasing commissions are accounted for as initial direct costs and recorded within other assets on our Consolidated Balance Sheets and amortized over the life of the related lease.

NOTE 18 – SEGMENT INFORMATION

As of December 31, 2024, we operated through three reportable business segments: SHOP, OM&R and NNN. In our SHOP segment, we own and invest in senior housing communities throughout the United States and Canada and engage operators to operate those communities. In our OM&R segment, we primarily acquire, own, develop, lease and manage outpatient medical buildings and research centers throughout the United States. In our NNN segment, we invest in and own senior housing communities, skilled nursing facilities (“SNFs”), long-term acute care facilities (“LTACs”), freestanding inpatient rehabilitation facilities (“IRFs”) and other healthcare facilities, throughout the United States and the United Kingdom and lease these properties to tenants under triple-net or absolute-net leases that obligate the tenants to pay all property-related expenses, including maintenance, utilities, repairs, taxes, insurance and capital expenditures. Information provided for “non-segment” includes management fees and promote revenues, net of expenses related to our third-party institutional private capital management platform, income from loans and investments and corporate-level expenses not directly attributable to any of our three reportable business segments. Non-segment assets consist primarily of corporate assets, including cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, loans receivable and investments and accounts receivable. Non-segment assets also include our investments in unconsolidated entities, including investments in unconsolidated real estate entities through our third-party institutional private capital management platform, VIM, and investments in unconsolidated operating entities, such as Ardent and Atria. Through VIM, we partner with third-party institutional investors to invest in real estate through various joint ventures and other co-investment vehicles. Non-segment assets also include other assets, such as our Brookdale and Kindred Warrants. Total assets by reportable business segment is not disclosed as the CODM does not review such information to evaluate business performance and allocate resources. The accounting policies for the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies (see “Note 2 – Accounting Policies”).

Our chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Our CODM evaluates performance of the combined properties in each reportable business segment and determines how to allocate resources to those segments based on NOI for each segment. Our CODM uses NOI to assess the performance of each segment and to allocate resources (including employees and financial or capital resources) primarily during the quarterly or annual business review and annual budget and forecasting process. We define NOI as total revenues, less interest and other income, property-level operating expenses and third-party capital management expenses. We consider NOI useful because it allows investors, analysts and our management to measure unlevered property-level operating results and to compare our operating results to the operating results of other real estate companies between periods on a consistent basis. In order to facilitate a clear understanding of our historical consolidated operating results, NOI should be examined in conjunction with net income attributable to common stockholders as presented in our Consolidated Financial Statements and other financial data included elsewhere in this Annual Report. See “Non-GAAP Financial Measures” included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional disclosure and reconciliations of net income attributable to common stockholders, as computed in accordance with GAAP, to NOI.

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Interest expense, depreciation and amortization, general, administrative and professional fees, income tax expense and other non-property-specific revenues and expenses are not allocated to individual reportable business segments for purposes of assessing segment performance. There are no intersegment sales or transfers.

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Summary information by reportable business segment is as follows (dollars in thousands):

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2024				
	SHOP	OM&R	NNN	Non-Segment	Total
Revenues:					
Rental income	\$ —	\$ 874,886	\$ 622,054	\$ —	\$ 1,496,940
Resident fees and services	3,372,796	—	—	—	3,372,796
Third-party capital management revenues	—	2,705	—	14,654	17,359
Income from loans and investments	—	—	—	9,057	9,057
Interest and other income	—	—	—	28,114	28,114
Total revenues	\$ 3,372,796	\$ 877,591	\$ 622,054	\$ 51,825	\$ 4,924,266
Total revenues	\$ 3,372,796	\$ 877,591	\$ 622,054	\$ 51,825	\$ 4,924,266
Less:					
Interest and other income	—	—	—	28,114	28,114
Labor ⁽¹⁾	1,418,320	—	—	—	1,418,320
Management fees	174,491	—	—	—	174,491
Other segment expenses ⁽²⁾	913,602	298,320	15,829	—	1,227,751
Property-level operating expenses	2,506,413	298,320	15,829	—	2,820,562
Third-party capital management expenses	—	—	—	6,507	6,507
NOI	\$ 866,383	\$ 579,271	\$ 606,225	\$ 17,204	2,069,083
Interest and other income					28,114
Interest expense					(602,835)
Depreciation and amortization					(1,253,143)
General, administrative and professional fees					(162,990)
Loss on extinguishment of debt, net					(687)
Transaction, transition and restructuring costs					(20,369)
Reversal of allowance on loans receivable and investments, net					166
Shareholder relations matters					(15,751)
Other expense					(49,584)
Income from unconsolidated entities					1,563
Gain on real estate dispositions					57,009
Income tax benefit					37,775
Net income					88,351
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests					7,198
Net income attributable to common stockholders					\$ 81,153

⁽¹⁾ Labor expense primarily includes salaries, benefits and related taxes.

⁽²⁾ Other segment expenses include:

- SHOP — food, utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, marketing, supplies and other expenses.
- OM&R — utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, cleaning, roads and grounds expense and other expenses.
- NNN — real estate taxes and insurance.

The CODM does not regularly receive significant expense details for the OM&R or the NNN segments and focuses on monitoring revenues and NOI because a significant majority or all of the property-level operating expenses are recovered from the tenants.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2023				
	SHOP	OM&R	NNN	Non-Segment	Total
Revenues:					
Rental income	\$ —	\$ 867,193	\$ 619,208	\$ —	\$ 1,486,401
Resident fees and services	2,959,219	—	—	—	2,959,219
Third-party capital management revenues	—	2,515	—	15,326	17,841
Income from loans and investments	—	—	—	22,952	22,952
Interest and other income	—	—	—	11,414	11,414
Total revenues	\$ 2,959,219	\$ 869,708	\$ 619,208	\$ 49,692	\$ 4,497,827
Total revenues	\$ 2,959,219	\$ 869,708	\$ 619,208	\$ 49,692	\$ 4,497,827
Less:					
Interest and other income	—	—	—	11,414	11,414
Labor ⁽¹⁾	1,279,296	—	—	—	1,279,296
Management fees	146,162	—	—	—	146,162
Other segment expenses ⁽²⁾	822,354	292,776	14,557	—	1,129,687
Property-level operating expenses	2,247,812	292,776	14,557	—	2,555,145
Third-party capital management expenses	—	—	—	6,101	6,101
NOI	\$ 711,407	\$ 576,932	\$ 604,651	\$ 32,177	1,925,167
Interest and other income					11,414
Interest expense					(574,112)
Depreciation and amortization					(1,392,461)
General, administrative and professional fees					(148,876)
Gain on extinguishment of debt, net					6,104
Transaction, transition and restructuring costs					(15,215)
Reversal of allowance on loans receivable and investments, net					20,270
Gain on foreclosure of real estate					29,127
Other income					23,001
Income from unconsolidated entities					13,626
Gain on real estate dispositions					62,119
Income tax benefit					9,539
Net loss					(30,297)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests					10,676
Net loss attributable to common stockholders					\$ (40,973)

⁽¹⁾ Labor expense primarily includes salaries, benefits and related taxes.

⁽²⁾ Other segment expenses include:

- SHOP — food, utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, marketing, supplies and other expenses.
- OM&R — utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, cleaning, roads and grounds expense and other expenses.
- NNN — real estate taxes and insurance.

The CODM does not regularly receive significant expense details for the OM&R or the NNN segments and focuses on monitoring revenues and NOI because a significant majority or all of the property-level operating expenses are recovered from the tenants.

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NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022				
	SHOP	OM&R	NNN	Non-Segment	Total
Revenues:					
Rental income	\$ —	\$ 801,159	\$ 598,154	\$ —	\$ 1,399,313
Resident fees and services	2,651,886	—	—	—	2,651,886
Third-party capital management revenues	—	2,448	—	23,751	26,199
Income from loans and investments	—	—	—	48,160	48,160
Interest and other income	—	—	—	3,635	3,635
Total revenues	\$ 2,651,886	\$ 803,607	\$ 598,154	\$ 75,546	\$ 4,129,193
Total revenues	\$ 2,651,886	\$ 803,607	\$ 598,154	\$ 75,546	\$ 4,129,193
Less:					
Interest and other income	—	—	—	3,635	3,635
Labor ⁽¹⁾	1,164,761	—	—	—	1,164,761
Management fees	127,453	—	—	—	127,453
Other segment expenses ⁽²⁾	712,206	257,003	15,301	—	984,510
Property-level operating expenses	2,004,420	257,003	15,301	—	2,276,724
Third-party capital management expenses	—	—	—	6,194	6,194
NOI	\$ 647,466	\$ 546,604	\$ 582,853	\$ 65,717	1,842,640
Interest and other income					3,635
Interest expense					(467,557)
Depreciation and amortization					(1,197,798)
General, administrative and professional fees					(144,874)
Loss on extinguishment of debt, net					(581)
Transaction, transition and restructuring costs					(30,884)
Allowance on loans receivable and investments, net					(19,757)
Shareholder relations matters					(20,693)
Other expense					(58,268)
Income from unconsolidated entities					28,500
Gain on real estate dispositions					7,780
Income tax benefit					16,926
Net loss					(40,931)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests					6,516
Net loss attributable to common stockholders					\$ (47,447)

⁽¹⁾ Labor expense primarily includes salaries, benefits and related taxes.

⁽²⁾ Other segment expenses include:

- SHOP — food, utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, marketing, supplies and other expenses.
- OM&R — utilities, real estate taxes, insurance, repairs and maintenance, cleaning, roads and grounds expense and other expenses.
- NNN — real estate taxes and insurance.

The CODM does not regularly receive significant expense details for the OM&R or the NNN segments and focuses on monitoring revenues and NOI because a significant majority or all of the property-level operating expenses are recovered from the tenants.

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Capital expenditures, including investments in real estate property and development project expenditures, by reportable business segment are as follows (dollars in thousands):

Capital Expenditures:	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
SHOP	\$ 2,061,741	\$ 409,105	\$ 423,420
OM&R	273,615	231,855	472,662
NNN	194,447	8,511	4,614
Total capital expenditures	<u>\$ 2,529,803</u>	<u>\$ 649,471</u>	<u>\$ 900,696</u>

Our portfolio of properties and loans and other investments are located in the United States, Canada and the United Kingdom. Revenues are attributed to an individual country based on the location of each property. Geographic information regarding our operations is as follows (dollars in thousands):

Net Real Estate Property:	As of December 31,	
	2024	2023
United States	\$ 19,690,838	\$ 18,702,960
Canada	2,719,078	2,837,858
United Kingdom	190,629	208,132
Total net real estate property	<u>\$ 22,600,545</u>	<u>\$ 21,748,950</u>

Revenues:	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
United States	\$ 4,366,953	\$ 4,004,173	\$ 3,652,327
Canada	526,575	464,772	449,091
United Kingdom	30,738	28,882	27,775
Total revenues	<u>\$ 4,924,266</u>	<u>\$ 4,497,827</u>	<u>\$ 4,129,193</u>

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SCHEDULE III - REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
(Dollars in thousands)

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
<i>Reconciliation of real estate:</i>			
Carrying cost:			
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 30,165,798	\$ 28,768,409	\$ 28,479,870
Additions during period:			
Acquisitions	1,817,275	1,437,729	460,959
Capital expenditures	560,006	645,596	443,710
Deductions during period:			
Foreign currency translation	(287,505)	90,105	(265,942)
Other ⁽¹⁾	(425,563)	(776,041)	(350,188)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 31,830,011</u>	<u>\$ 30,165,798</u>	<u>\$ 28,768,409</u>
<i>Accumulated depreciation:</i>			
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 9,016,173	\$ 8,231,160	\$ 7,433,480
Additions during period:			
Depreciation expense	1,015,531	937,767	907,134
Dispositions:			
Sales and/or transfers to assets held for sale	(115,981)	(190,666)	(72,047)
Foreign currency translation	(76,185)	37,912	(37,407)
Balance at end of period	<u>\$ 9,839,538</u>	<u>\$ 9,016,173</u>	<u>\$ 8,231,160</u>

⁽¹⁾ Other may include sales, transfers to assets held for sale and impairments.

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SCHEDULE III - REAL ESTATE AND ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION
December 31, 2024
(Dollars in thousands)

Description	Count	Encumbrances	Initial Cost to Company			Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition ⁽¹⁾	Gross Amount Carried at Close of Period			Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Year of Construction	Year Acquired	Life on which Depreciation In Income Statement is Computed
			Land and Improvements	Buildings and Improvements			Land and Improvements	Buildings and Improvements	Total					
UNITED STATES PROPERTIES														
Senior Housing														
Atria Senior Living	168	\$ 808,973	\$ 511,890	\$ 4,640,742	\$ 759,032	\$ 542,415	\$ 5,369,249	\$ 5,911,664	\$ 2,018,616	\$ 3,893,048	1860 - 2013	2007 - 2021	13 - 54 years	
Brookdale Senior Living	129	48,040	190,091	1,860,167	131,497	190,698	1,991,057	2,181,755	1,066,193	1,115,563	1915 - 2012	2004 - 2021	24 - 35 years	
Sunrise Senior Living	86	41,372	210,207	2,331,589	275,821	223,688	2,593,930	2,817,617	1,194,960	1,622,657	1985 - 2009	2007 - 2021	17 - 35 years	
Sinceri Senior Living	40	—	74,077	693,443	83,227	76,113	774,634	850,747	278,086	572,661	1974 - 2017	2006 - 2024	35 - 35 years	
Discovery Senior Living	34	27,964	72,430	659,902	53,549	73,629	712,253	785,881	168,124	617,758	1984 - 2020	2006 - 2024	24 - 35 years	
Priority Life Care Properties	32	37,954	47,010	445,682	68,896	48,199	513,388	561,588	179,116	382,471	1986 - 2009	2006 - 2021	29 - 51 years	
Sodalis Senior Living	30	—	52,780	441,080	52,397	53,402	492,856	546,257	162,765	383,492	1987 - 2009	2006 - 2021	14 - 47 years	
Grace Management	26	17,662	98,083	655,799	13,278	98,082	669,078	767,160	28,040	739,120	1985 - 2016	2011 - 2024	12 - 39 years	
Koelsch Senior Communities	19	64,403	27,721	292,414	13,289	28,133	305,291	333,424	83,674	249,750	1972 - 2014	2011 - 2017	35 - 35 years	
Senior Lifestyle	16	—	55,911	553,261	27,969	57,328	579,813	637,141	76,081	561,059	1982 - 2012	2011 - 2023	33 - 35 years	
Meridian Senior Living	14	—	19,090	104,237	2,025	19,091	106,261	125,352	29,308	96,044	1972 - 2012	2011 - 2023	35 - 35 years	
Sonida Senior Living	13	12,401	18,129	197,928	38,816	18,833	236,040	254,873	89,332	165,541	1979 - 2006	2005 - 2021	35 - 47 years	
Azura Memory Care	13	—	6,361	53,002	7,193	7,200	59,356	66,556	24,560	41,996	1990 - 2019	2011 - 2019	35 - 35 years	
Milestone Retirement Communities	11	—	16,810	183,225	20,049	16,903	203,181	220,084	60,488	159,596	1965 - 2011	2011 - 2014	35 - 35 years	
American House	11	—	5,438	124,369	20,905	6,926	143,786	150,712	65,038	85,674	1998 - 2000	2006 - 2014	35 - 35 years	
Avamere Family of Companies	11	—	20,407	113,192	13,817	20,654	126,763	147,416	50,780	96,636	1998 - 2014	2011 - 2015	35 - 35 years	
Hawthorn Senior Living	10	55,205	35,668	220,099	19,542	35,890	239,418	275,309	34,035	241,274	1991 - 2008	2021 - 2021	27 - 50 years	
Other Senior Housing Operators	75	91,351	127,976	1,258,229	44,351	127,606	1,302,947	1,430,555	294,791	1,135,768	1972 - 2021	2004 - 2024	11 - 35 years	
Other Senior Housing		—	—	165	—	—	165	165	—	165				
Total Senior Housing	738	1,205,325	1,590,079	14,828,525	1,645,653	1,644,790	16,419,466	18,064,256	5,903,987	12,160,273				
Outpatient Medical Buildings														
Lillibridge	215	24,760	165,132	2,113,822	683,332	170,334	2,791,952	2,962,286	1,223,597	1,738,689	1960 - 2016	2004 - 2023	4 - 39 years	
PMB RES	40	238,007	80,638	975,535	198,377	82,416	1,172,134	1,254,550	433,324	821,226	1968 - 2024	2011 - 2023	19 - 35 years	
Cornerstone Companies, Inc.	26	—	28,336	156,018	3,636	28,417	159,573	187,990	11,531	176,459	1975 - 2012	2023 - 2023	35 - 35 years	
Ardent Health Services	19	—	5,638	214,808	599	5,638	215,408	221,045	20,329	200,716	1974 - 2011	2018 - 2022	35 - 35 years	
Memorial Health System	12	—	2,346	25,031	13,169	2,453	38,093	40,546	24,592	15,954	1976 - 2003	2010 - 2010	35 - 35 years	
Other Medical Buildings Operators	85	10,805	133,897	1,033,609	55,493	131,098	1,091,901	1,222,999	371,341	851,658	1954 - 2019	2004 - 2023	25 - 35 years	
Other Medical Buildings		—	—	—	5,655	3,644	2,011	5,655	2,363	3,292				
Total Outpatient Medical Buildings	397	273,572	415,987	4,518,823	960,261	424,000	5,471,072	5,895,071	2,087,077	3,807,994				

Description	Count	Encumbrances	Initial Cost to Company			Gross Amount Carried at Close of Period			Total	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value	Year of Construction	Year Acquired	Life on which Depreciation In Income Statement is Computed
			Land and Improvements	Buildings and Improvements	Costs Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition ⁽¹⁾	Land and Improvements	Buildings and Improvements							
Research														
Wexford	27	227,600	71,764	1,429,367	55,798	71,002	1,485,927	1,556,929	381,547	1,175,382	1900 - 2019	2016 - 2022	15 - 60 years	
Other Research Operators	2	—	1,194	76,515	290	1,193	76,806	77,999	12,334	65,665	2010 - 2016	2020 - 2020	35 - 35 years	
Other Research		71,695	—	11,328	258,172	69,458	200,042	269,500	8,764	260,736				
Total Research	29	299,295	72,958	1,517,210	314,260	141,653	1,762,775	1,904,428	402,645	1,501,783				
IRFs & LTACs														
Kindred Healthcare	34	—	86,024	348,554	(660)	85,027	348,890	433,917	212,065	221,852	1949 - 2008	1998 - 2024	20 - 40 years	
Other IRFs & LTACs	14	—	18,641	198,449	1,070	18,644	199,517	218,160	56,594	161,567	1989 - 2013	2011 - 2023	35 - 36 years	
Total IRFs & LTACs	48	—	104,665	547,003	410	103,671	548,407	652,077	268,659	383,419				
Other Healthcare Facilities														
Ardent Health Services	10	—	98,428	1,126,010	78,106	97,416	1,205,128	1,302,544	321,882	980,663	1928 - 2020	2018 - 2022	35 - 35 years	
Skilled Nursing														
Genesis Healthcare	12	—	11,350	164,745	(5,708)	11,350	159,037	170,387	82,117	88,270	1948 - 1995	2004 - 2011	30 - 35 years	
Other Skilled Nursing Operators	22	—	31,502	192,512	(22,707)	31,683	169,624	201,307	26,933	174,373	1920 - 2000	1998 - 2023	29 - 40 years	
Total Skilled Nursing	34	—	42,852	357,257	(28,415)	43,033	328,661	371,694	109,050	262,643				
CANADIAN PROPERTIES														
Senior Housing														
Le Groupe Maurice	37	1,156,570	162,989	1,967,564	(63,608)	154,141	1,912,804	2,066,945	240,019	1,826,926	2000 - 2024	2019 - 2022	40 - 60 years	
Atria Senior Living	29	265,047	75,553	845,363	(110,078)	63,843	746,995	810,838	272,953	537,885	1988 - 2008	2014 - 2014	35 - 35 years	
Sunrise Senior Living	12	—	46,600	418,821	(83,373)	36,994	345,053	382,048	173,318	208,730	2001 - 2007	2007 - 2007	35 - 35 years	
Other Senior Housing Operators	6	—	25,172	146,694	(16,019)	22,116	133,732	155,847	14,841	141,006	2006 - 2019	2021 - 2021	35 - 35 years	
Other Senior Housing		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—				
Total Senior Housing	84	1,421,617	310,314	3,378,442	(273,078)	277,094	3,138,584	3,415,678	701,131	2,714,547				
UNITED KINGDOM PROPERTIES														
Senior Housing														
Canford Healthcare Limited	11	—	40,481	81,719	(17,264)	34,571	70,365	104,936	20,674	84,262	1910 - 2014	2015 - 2017	40 - 40 years	
International Hospital														
Spire Healthcare	3	—	11,903	136,628	(29,206)	9,562	109,763	119,325	24,433	94,892	1980 - 1986	2014 - 2014	50 - 50 years	
TOTAL	1,354	\$ 3,199,809	\$ 2,687,667	\$ 26,491,617	\$ 2,650,727	\$ 2,775,790	\$ 29,054,221	\$31,830,011	\$ 9,839,538	\$21,990,473				

⁽¹⁾ Adjustments to basis included provisions for asset impairments, partial dispositions, costs capitalized subsequent to acquisitions and foreign currency translation adjustments.

VENTAS, INC.
SCHEDULE IV - MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE
December 31, 2024
(Dollars in thousands)

Location	Interest Rate	Fixed / Variable	Maturity Date	Periodic Payment Terms	Prior Liens	Face Amount of Mortgages	Carrying Amount of Mortgages ⁽¹⁾	Principal Amount of Loans Subject to Delinquent Principal or Interest
First mortgage relating to two senior housing properties located in:								
Texas	Lesser of 9.50% or Term SOFR plus 5.00%	Variable	6/16/2025	Interest only ⁽³⁾	\$ —	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ —
First mortgage relating to one senior housing property located in:								
Illinois	Greater of 9.00% or Term SOFR plus 4.50%	Variable	2/15/2026	Interest only	—	1,285	1,277	—
First mortgage relating to two senior housing properties located in:								
Tennessee	Greater of 9.00% or Term SOFR plus 4.50%	Variable	4/23/2026	Interest only	—	3,150	3,100	—
First mortgage relating to two senior housing properties located in:								
South Carolina	Greater of 9.00% or Term SOFR plus 4.50%	Variable	5/21/2026	Interest only	—	3,150	3,095	—
First mortgage relating to one senior housing property located in:								
Washington	Greater of 10.25% or Term SOFR plus 5.75%	Variable	9/20/2027	Interest only ⁽⁴⁾	—	109,000	108,022	—
First mortgage relating to one senior housing property located in:								
Pennsylvania	Term SOFR plus 3.75%	Variable	11/4/2027	Interest and principal; \$19.2M balloon due at maturity ⁽²⁾	—	19,978	19,978	—
Total					\$ —	\$ 144,563	\$ 143,472	\$ —

⁽¹⁾ For Federal income tax purposes, the aggregate cost of investments in mortgage loans on real estate is the carrying amount, as disclosed in the schedule.

⁽²⁾ A prepayment premium of 0% to 3% is assessed on the outstanding principal balance depending on timing of prepayment and source of funds.

⁽³⁾ This loan was originally scheduled to mature on June 16, 2024 and was extended to mature on June 15, 2025.

⁽⁴⁾ A prepayment premium consisting of accelerated interest charged on the prepaid amount is assessed, as of the date of the prepayment, at the greater of the contract rate and the term SOFR forward curve through September 30, 2026. An exit fee is assessed at 1% of the amount of principal prepaid.

Reconciliation of Mortgage Loans:

	Year Ended December 31,		
	2024	2023	2022
Beginning Balance	\$ 26,087	\$ 491,334	\$ 486,200
Additions:			
New loans ⁽¹⁾	115,359	—	25,247
Construction draws	2,100	835	—
Total additions	117,459	835	25,247
Deductions:			
Principal repayments	(74)	—	(113)
Conversions to real property	—	(486,082)	—
Allowance	—	20,000	(20,000)
Total deductions	(74)	(466,082)	(20,113)
Effect of foreign currency translation	—	—	—
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 143,472</u>	<u>\$ 26,087</u>	<u>\$ 491,334</u>

⁽¹⁾ New loans include \$7.5 million received as non-cash consideration for properties sold in 2024.

ITEM 9. *Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure*

None.

ITEM 9A. *Controls and Procedures*

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by Rules 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) of the Exchange Act, our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of December 31, 2024. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) were effective as of December 31, 2024, at the reasonable assurance level.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The information set forth under “Management Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting” and “Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control over Financial Reporting” included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report is incorporated by reference into this Item 9A.

Internal Control Changes

During the fourth quarter of 2024, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. *Other Information*

During the three months ended December 31, 2024, none of our directors or officers (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) adopted, terminated or modified a Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement or non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as such terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K).

ITEM 9C. *Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections*

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. *Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance*

The information required by this Item 10 is incorporated by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 30, 2025.

ITEM 11. *Executive Compensation*

The information required by this Item 11 is incorporated by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 30, 2025.

ITEM 12. *Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters*

The information required by this Item 12 is incorporated by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 30, 2025.

ITEM 13. *Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence*

The information required by this Item 13 is incorporated by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 30, 2025.

ITEM 14. *Principal Accountant Fees and Services*

The information required by this Item 14 is incorporated by reference to our definitive Proxy Statement for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which we will file with the SEC not later than April 30, 2025.

PART IV

ITEM 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules

The following documents have been included in Part II, Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K:

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Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	73
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023	76
Consolidated Statements of Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	77
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	78
Consolidated Statements of Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	79
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	80
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	82
Consolidated Financial Statement Schedules	
Schedule III — Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation	124
Schedule IV — Mortgage Loans on Real Estate	127

All other schedules have been omitted because they are inapplicable or not required or the information is included elsewhere in the Consolidated Financial Statements or notes thereto.

EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Location of Document
2.1	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of June 28, 2021, by and among Ventas, Inc., Cadence Merger Sub LLC and New Senior Investment Group Inc.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 2.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 28, 2021, File No. 001-10989.
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, of Ventas, Inc.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, filed on August 5, 2011, File No. 001-10989.
3.2	Sixth Amended and Restated Bylaws, as amended, of Ventas, Inc.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 1, 2022, File No. 001-10989.
4.1	Specimen common stock certificate.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, filed on February 12, 2016, File No. 001-10989.
4.2	Indenture dated as of September 26, 2013 by and among Ventas, Inc., Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, the Guarantors named therein, as Guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.10 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed on February 14, 2017, File No. 001-10989.
4.3	Second Supplemental Indenture dated as of September 26, 2013 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.700% Senior Notes due 2043.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on September 26, 2013, File No. 001-10989.
4.4	Fifth Supplemental Indenture dated as of January 14, 2015 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 3.500% Senior Notes due 2025.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 14, 2015, File No. 001-10989.
4.5	Sixth Supplemental Indenture dated as of January 14, 2015 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 4.375% Senior Notes due 2045.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.3 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 14, 2015, File No. 001-10989.
4.6	Indenture dated as September 24, 2014 by and among Ventas, Inc., Ventas Canada Finance Limited, the Guarantors parties thereto from time to time and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, filed on October 24, 2014, File No. 001-10989.
4.7	Seventh Supplemental Indenture dated as of December 1, 2021 by and among Ventas Canada Finance Limited, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as Trustee, relating to the 2.45% Senior Notes, Series G due 2027.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.14 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed on February 18, 2022, File No. 001-10989.
4.8	Eighth Supplemental Indenture dated as of December 1, 2021 by and among Ventas Canada Finance Limited, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as Trustee, relating to the 3.30% Senior Notes, Series H due 2031.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.15 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed on February 18, 2022, File No. 001-10989.
4.9	Ninth Supplemental Indenture dated as of April 21, 2023 by and among Ventas Canada Finance Limited, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as Trustee, relating to the 5.398% Senior Notes, Series I due 2028.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023, filed on May 9, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
4.10	Eighth Supplemental Indenture dated as of December 1, 2021 by and among Ventas Canada Finance Limited, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as Trustee, relating to the 3.30% Senior Notes, Series H due 2031.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.15 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed on February 18, 2022, File No. 001-10989.

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Location of Document
4.11	Tenth Supplemental Indenture dated as of March 5, 2024 by and among Ventas Canada Finance Limited, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and Computershare Trust Company of Canada, as Trustee, relating to the 5.10% Senior Notes, Series J due 2029.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2024, filed on May 2, 2024, File No. 001-10989.
4.12	Indenture dated as of July 16, 2015 by and among Ventas, Inc., Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, the Guarantors named therein as Guarantors, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 16, 2015, File No. 001-10989.
4.13	First Supplemental Indenture dated as of July 16, 2015 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 4.125% Senior Notes due 2026.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 16, 2015, File No. 001-10989.
4.14	Third Supplemental Indenture dated as of September 21, 2016 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 3.250% Senior Notes due 2026.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on September 21, 2016, File No. 001-10989.
4.15	Fourth Supplemental Indenture dated as of March 29, 2017 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 3.850% Senior Notes due 2027.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 29, 2017, File No. 001-10989.
4.16	Indenture dated February 23, 2018 among Ventas, Inc., Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, the Guarantors named therein, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 23, 2018, File No. 001-10989.
4.17	First Supplemental Indenture dated as of February 23, 2018 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 4.000% Senior Notes due 2028	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 23, 2018, File No. 001-10989.
4.18	Second Supplemental Indenture dated as of August 15, 2018 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 4.400% Senior Notes due 2029	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 15, 2018, File No. 001-10989.
4.19	Third Supplemental Indenture dated as of February 26, 2019 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 3.500% Senior Notes due 2024 and 4.875% Senior Notes due 2049	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 26, 2019, File No. 001-10989.
4.20	Fourth Supplemental Indenture dated as of July 3, 2019 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 2.650% Senior Notes due 2025	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 3, 2019, File No. 001-10989.
4.21	Fifth Supplemental Indenture dated as of August 21, 2019 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 3.000% Senior Notes due 2030	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 21, 2019, File No. 001-10989.
4.22	Sixth Supplemental Indenture dated as of April 1, 2020 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 4.750% Senior Notes due 2030.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 1, 2020, File No. 001-10989.

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Location of Document
4.23	Seventh Supplemental Indenture dated as of August 20, 2021 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 2.500% Senior Notes due 2031.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 20, 2021, File No. 001-10989.
4.24	Eighth Supplemental Indenture dated as of May 13, 2024 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 5.625% Senior Notes due 2034.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 13, 2024, File No. 001-10989.
4.25	Ninth Supplemental Indenture dated as of September 9, 2024 by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 5.000% Senior Notes due 2035.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 20, 2021, File No. 001-10989.
4.26	Indenture dated as of June 13, 2023, by and among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, as Issuer, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 3.75% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2026.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 4.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 13, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
4.27	Description of the Registrant's Securities. Pursuant to Item 601(b)(4)(iii)(A) of Regulation S-K, the Company has not filed as an exhibit to this Form 10-K certain instruments defining the rights of the holders of certain additional long-term debt of the Company and its subsidiaries, none of which authorize a total amount of indebtedness in excess of 10% of the total assets of the Company and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis. The Company agrees to furnish a copy of any of these agreements to the SEC upon request.	Filed herewith.
10.1	First Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership of Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 3.5 to our Registration Statement on Form S-4, as amended, filed on May 29, 2002, File No. 333-89312.
10.2	Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of June 27, 2022, among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, as borrower, Ventas, Inc., a Delaware corporation, as guarantor, the lending institutions party thereto from time to time, and Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 30, 2022, File No. 001-10989.
10.3	Fourth Amended and Restated Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of April 24, 2024, among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, Ventas SSL Ontario II, Inc., Ventas Canada Finance Limited, Ventas UK Finance, Inc., and Ventas Euro Finance, LLC, as Borrowers, Ventas, Inc., as Guarantor, the Lenders identified therein, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, and Bank of America, N.A., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as L/C Issuers.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on April 24, 2024, File No. 001-10989.
10.4	Credit and Guaranty Agreement, dated as of September 6, 2023, among Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership, as borrower, Ventas, Inc., a Delaware corporation, as guarantor, the lending institutions party thereto from time to time, and Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on September 12, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.5	ATM Sales Agreement, dated September 18, 2024, among Ventas, Inc. and the Agents and Forward Purchasers named therein.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 1.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on September 18, 2024, File No. 001-10989.

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Location of Document
10.6	Cooperation Agreement, dated March 4, 2024, among Ventas, Inc. and Land & Buildings Investment Management, LLC and certain of its affiliates.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 4, 2024, File No. 001-10989.
10.7.1*	Ventas, Inc. 2006 Stock Plan for Directors, as amended.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2012, filed on April 27, 2012, File No. 001-10989.
10.7.2*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement—2006 Stock Plan for Directors.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.4 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed on February 27, 2009, File No. 001-10989.
10.8.1*	Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on May 23, 2012, File No. 001-10989.
10.8.2*	First Amendment to the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.10.7 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, filed on April 28, 2017, File No. 001-10989.
10.8.3*	Form of Stock Option Agreement (Employees) under the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.6.2 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed February 13, 2015, File No. 001-10989.
10.8.4*	Form of Restricted Stock Agreement (Directors) under the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.5 to our Registration Form on S-8, filed on August 7, 2012, File No. 333-183121.
10.8.5*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Directors) under the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.6 to our Registration Form on S-8, filed on August 7, 2012, File No. 333-183121.
10.8.6*	Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (CEO) under the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.10.8 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, filed on April 28, 2017, File No. 001-10989.
10.8.7*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (CEO) under the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.10.9 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, filed on April 28, 2017, File No. 001-10989.
10.8.8*	Form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Non-CEO) under the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.10.11 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, filed on April 28, 2017, File No. 001-10989.
10.8.9*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (Non-CEO) under the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.10.12 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017, filed on April 28, 2017, File No. 001-10989.
10.9.1*	Ventas, Inc. Non-Employee Directors' Cash Compensation Deferral Plan (formerly the "Ventas Nonemployee Directors' Deferred Stock Compensation Plan")	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.10.1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.9.2*	Deferral Election Form under the Ventas Nonemployee Directors' Deferred Stock Compensation Plan (used prior to December 2022)	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.13.2 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed on February 27, 2009, File No. 001-10989.
10.9.3*	Deferral Election Form under the Ventas, Inc. Non-Employee Directors' Cash Compensation Deferral Plan.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.10.3 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Location of Document
10.10.1*	Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 5, 2022, File No. 001-10989.
10.10.2*	Ventas, Inc. Non-Employee Directors' Equity Award Deferral Program Adopted Pursuant to the Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.2 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.10.3*	Deferral Election Form under the Ventas, Inc. Non-Employee Directors' Equity Award Deferral Program	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.3 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.10.4*	Restricted Stock Award granted to Sumit Roy on October 1, 2022 under the Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.4 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.10.5*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award under the Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan (Non-Employee Directors)	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.5 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.10.6*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan (CEO)	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.6 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.10.7*	Form of Performance Share Unit Agreement under the Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan (CEO)	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.7 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.10.8*	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award under the Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan (non-CEO Executive Officer)	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.8 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.10.9*	Form of Performance Share Unit Award under the Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan (non-CEO Executive Officer)	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.11.9 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed on February 10, 2023, File No. 001-10989.
10.11*	Second Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated as of March 22, 2011 between Ventas, Inc. and Debra A. Cafaro.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 24, 2011, File No. 001-10989.
10.12.1*	Offer Letter dated September 16, 2014 from Ventas, Inc. to Robert F. Probst.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on September 29, 2014, File No. 001-10989.
10.12.2*	Employee Protection and Noncompetition Agreement dated September 16, 2014 between Ventas, Inc. and Robert F. Probst.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.2 to our Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on September 29, 2014, File No. 001-10989.
10.12.3*	Amendment dated December 8, 2017 to Employee Protection and Noncompetition Agreement dated as of September 16, 2014 between Ventas, Inc. and Robert F. Probst.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.17.3 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, filed on February 9, 2018, File No. 001-10989.
10.13.1*	Offer of Employment Term Sheet dated March 20, 2018 from Ventas, Inc. to Peter J. Bulgarelli.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, filed on April 27, 2018, File No. 001-10989.
10.13.2*	Employee Protection and Noncompetition Agreement dated March 20, 2018 between Ventas, Inc. and Peter J. Bulgarelli.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.1.2 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018, filed on April 27, 2018, File No. 001-10989.

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Location of Document
10.14.1*	Offer Letter dated December 22, 2019 from Ventas, Inc. to Carey Shea Roberts.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.18.3 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, filed on February 23, 2021, File No. 001-10989
10.14.2*	Employee Protection and Restrictive Covenants Agreement dated January 21, 2020 between Ventas, Inc. and Carey Shea Roberts.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.2.1 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, filed on May 8, 2020, File No. 001-10989.
10.14.3*	Employment Bonus Agreement dated March 4, 2020 between Ventas, Inc. and Carey Shea Roberts.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.2.2 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, filed on May 8, 2020, File No. 001-10989.
10.15.1*	Offer Letter dated January 30, 2020 from Ventas, Inc. to J. Justin Hutchens.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.19.2 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020, filed on February 23, 2021, File No. 001-10989
10.15.2*	Employee Protection and Restrictive Covenants Agreement dated February 7, 2020 between Ventas, Inc. and J. Justin Hutchens.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.3 to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2020, filed on May 8, 2020, File No. 001-10989.
10.16*	Ventas Employee and Director Stock Purchase Plan, as amended.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 10.18 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008, filed on February 27, 2009, File No. 001-10989.
19	Ventas, Inc. Securities Trading Policy	Filed herewith.
21	Subsidiaries of Ventas, Inc.	Filed herewith.
22	List of Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities.	Filed herewith.
23	Consent of KPMG LLP.	Filed herewith.
31.1	Certification of Debra A. Cafaro, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Exchange Act.	Filed herewith.
31.2	Certification of Robert F. Probst, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Exchange Act.	Filed herewith.
32.1	Certification of Debra A. Cafaro, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. 1350.	Filed herewith.
32.2	Certification of Robert F. Probst, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) under the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. 1350.	Filed herewith.
97	Policy relating to recovery of erroneously awarded compensation.	Incorporated by reference herein. Previously filed as Exhibit 97 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, filed on February 15, 2024, File No. 001-10989.

Exhibit Number	Description of Document	Location of Document
101	The following materials from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, formatted in iXBRL (Inline Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Financial Statement Schedules, including auditor information, (ii) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (v) the Consolidated Statements of Equity, (vi) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, (vii) Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (viii) Schedule III and IV.	Filed herewith.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).	Filed herewith.

* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit pursuant to Item 15(b) of Form 10-K.

ITEM 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

Signature	Title	Date
<u>/s/ DEBRA A. CAFARO</u> Debra A. Cafaro	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ ROBERT F. PROBST</u> Robert F. Probst	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ GREGORY R. LIEBBE</u> Gregory R. Liebbe	Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ MELODY C. BARNES</u> Melody C. Barnes	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ THEODORE R. BIGMAN</u> Theodore R. Bigman	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ MICHAEL J. EMBLER</u> Michael J. Embler	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ MATTHEW J. LUSTIG</u> Matthew J. Lustig	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ ROXANNE M. MARTINO</u> Roxanne M. Martino	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ MARGUERITE M. NADER</u> Marguerite M. Nader	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ SEAN P. NOLAN</u> Sean P. Nolan	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ WALTER C. RAKOWICH</u> Walter C. Rakowich	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ JOE V. RODRIGUEZ, JR.</u> Joe V. Rodriguez, Jr.	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ SUMIT ROY</u> Sumit Roy	Director	February 13, 2025
<u>/s/ MAURICE S. SMITH</u> Maurice S. Smith	Director	February 13, 2025

**DESCRIPTION OF THE REGISTRANT'S SECURITIES
REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

The summary set forth below describes the general terms and provisions of the common stock of Ventas, Inc. The following description is only a summary and does not purport to be complete and is subject to and qualified in its entirety by reference to the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, of Ventas, Inc. (the "Certificate of Incorporation") and the Sixth Amended and Restated By-Laws, as amended, of Ventas, Inc. (the "Bylaws"), each of which is incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Unless the context requires otherwise, all references to "we", "us" and "our" refer to Ventas, Inc.

General

The Certificate of Incorporation authorizes Ventas, Inc. to issue up to 600,000,000 shares of its common stock, par value \$0.25 per share ("common stock"), and up to 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$1.00 per share ("preferred stock"). As of February 7, 2025, 437,139,980 shares of Ventas, Inc. common stock were issued and outstanding and no shares of preferred stock were issued and outstanding. The common stock of Ventas, Inc. is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "VTR."

All issued and outstanding shares of common stock are duly authorized, fully paid and nonassessable. Subject to the preferential rights of any other shares of capital stock and to certain provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation, holders of shares of Ventas, Inc. common stock are entitled to receive distributions if, as and when authorized and declared by Ventas, Inc.'s Board of Directors (the "Ventas Board") out of assets legally available therefor and to share ratably in our assets legally available for distribution to stockholders in the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding-up after payment of, or adequate provision for, all of our known debts and liabilities. We currently expect to continue to make quarterly distributions, and from time to time we may make additional distributions.

Holders of shares of Ventas, Inc. common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters on which the holders of common stock are entitled to vote. Holders of shares of Ventas, Inc. common stock have no conversion, sinking fund, redemption or preemptive rights. Subject to certain provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation, shares of Ventas, Inc. common stock have equal distribution, liquidation and other rights.

Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer

Ventas, Inc.'s Certificate of Incorporation contains restrictions on the ownership and transfer of its common stock to enable Ventas, Inc. to preserve its status as a real estate investment trust. Ventas Inc.'s Certificate of Incorporation provides certain specified remedies if a transfer would violate one of the ownership limitations. In particular, if a person acquires beneficial or constructive ownership in excess of the ownership limit (currently, 9.0% in number or value, of the outstanding shares of Ventas, Inc. common stock) or in violation of certain other limitations set forth in the Certificate of Incorporation, then the shares that are beneficially or constructively owned in excess of the relevant limitation are considered to be "excess shares." Excess shares are automatically deemed transferred to a trust for the benefit of a charitable institution or other qualifying organization selected by the Ventas Board. The trust is entitled to all dividends with respect to the excess shares and the trustee may exercise all voting power over the excess shares. Ventas, Inc. has the right to buy the excess shares for a purchase price equal to the lesser of (1) the price per share in the transaction that created the excess shares, or (2) the market price on the date Ventas, Inc. buys the shares, and Ventas, Inc. may defer payment of the purchase price for up to five years. If Ventas, Inc. does not purchase the excess shares, the trustee of the trust is required to transfer the excess shares at the direction of the Ventas Board. The owner of the excess shares is entitled to receive the lesser of the proceeds from the sale of the excess shares or the original purchase price for such excess shares, and any additional amounts are payable to the beneficiary of the trust. Ventas Inc.'s Certificate of Incorporation also provides that a transfer of shares of common stock that would otherwise result in ownership, under the applicable attribution rules of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as

amended (the "Code"), of shares in excess of the ownership limit, would cause Ventas, Inc.'s shares to be beneficially owned by fewer than 100 persons, or would result in Ventas, Inc. being "closely held" (within the meaning of Section 856(h) of the Code), will be void and the purported transferee will acquire no rights in the shares.

Under Ventas, Inc.'s Certificate of Incorporation, the Ventas Board may, in its sole and absolute discretion, exempt a person from the 9.0% ownership limit applicable to common stock, if such stockholder provides information and makes representations to the Ventas Board that are satisfactory to the Ventas Board, in its sole and absolute discretion, to establish that such person's ownership in excess of the ownership limit would not jeopardize Ventas, Inc.'s qualification as a REIT. Any such waiver is and would be conditioned on the person's ownership not violating the other ownership limitations or otherwise creating the possibility of REIT qualification concerns for Ventas, Inc. and its subsidiaries. The Ventas Board may require an opinion of counsel or an Internal Revenue Service ruling satisfactory to the Ventas Board and may impose such other conditions or restrictions as it deems appropriate prior to granting any waiver to the 9.0% limit.

These restrictions on the ownership and transfer of our common stock could delay, defer or prevent a transaction or a change of control that might involve a premium price for our common stock or might otherwise be in the best interests of our stockholders.

Certain Anti-Takeover Provisions in the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws

Some of the provisions in the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, in addition to the matters discussed above under "—Restrictions on Ownership and Transfer," could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire, or may discourage a third party from acquiring, control of us. These provisions include, among others:

- Provisions in the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws permitting the Ventas Board to make, amend or repeal the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws;
- Provisions in the Certificate of Incorporation permitting the Ventas Board to issue preferred stock in series and to fix the rights and preferences of the series, including, among other things, whether and to what extent the shares of any series will have voting rights and the extent of the preferences of the shares of any series with respect to dividends and other matters;
- A provision in the Bylaws granting only to the Ventas Board or the Chairman of the Ventas Board the right to call special meetings of stockholders;
- Provisions in the Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws allowing the Ventas Board to fill vacancies on the Board;
- A provision in the Bylaws requiring advance notice for our stockholders to nominate candidates for election to the Ventas Board or to propose business to be considered by our stockholders at a meeting of our stockholders;
- A provision in the Certificate of Incorporation requiring that excess shares are automatically deemed transferred to a trust for the benefit of a charitable institution or other qualifying organization selected by the Ventas Board.

In addition, we are subject to the provisions of Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law ("DGCL"). Section 203 of the DGCL prohibits a publicly held Delaware corporation from engaging in a "business combination" with an "interested stockholder" for a period of three years after the person became an interested stockholder, unless the business combination or the transaction in which the stockholder became an interested stockholder is approved in a prescribed manner. A "business combination" includes mergers, asset sales and other transactions resulting in a financial benefit to the interested stockholder. Subject to certain exceptions, an "interested stockholder" is a person who, together with affiliates and associates, owns, or within the prior three years owned, between 15% and 85% of the corporation's voting stock.

Ventas, Inc.
Securities Trading Policy
Adopted as amended 3.11.2022

1 INTRODUCTORY STATEMENT

As a publicly traded company, Ventas, Inc. (together with its affiliates, the “Company”) has certain legal and ethical responsibilities with respect to the market for its securities and the confidentiality of information about the Company’s business. In this regard, the Company depends upon the conduct and diligence of its directors, officers and other employees, in both their professional and personal capacities, to ensure full compliance with all federal and state securities laws applicable to transactions in the Company’s securities and the securities of companies with which the Company does business. Each director, officer and other employee of the Company is personally obligated and responsible to act in a manner consistent with these laws.

This Policy establishes procedures to be followed to prevent both intentional and unintentional acts of prohibited insider trading and acts that facilitate such trading. Violations of federal and state securities laws, inadvertent or otherwise, can result in severe civil and criminal penalties for the culpable individuals, Company management and the Company itself. Such violations can also severely damage the Company’s reputation for integrity and professionalism. The purpose of this Policy, therefore, is to promote compliance with the insider trading provisions of federal and state securities laws by the Company and all of its directors, officers and other employees and to preserve the Company’s reputation for adhering to the highest standards of ethical conduct.

This Policy applies to all directors, officers and other employees of the Company, as well as their spouses and other immediate family members sharing their homes and trusts or other entities controlled by them (“Related Persons”).

2 RESTRICTIONS

To prevent inadvertent securities laws violations and to avoid even the appearance of an improper transaction, directors, officers and other employees and their Related Persons must observe the following trading guidelines:

2.1 General Rule

Directors, officers and other employees of the Company and their Related Persons, while in possession of material, non-public information regarding the Company, may not:

- “trade” (as defined below) in the Company’s “securities” (as defined below);
 - communicate or “tip” such information to any person who may trade in the Company’s securities;
-

- make recommendations to any person regarding investments in the Company (whether or not the information on which the recommendation is based is disclosed); or
- engage in any other action to take personal advantage of such information.

Because the Company's stockholders and the investing public should be afforded time to receive and understand material information, directors, officers and other employees and their Related Persons should not trade in the Company's securities immediately after the Company has made a public announcement of material information. Accordingly, directors, officers and other employees and their Related Persons may not engage in any transactions in Company securities from the start of the Company's blackout period (see Section 2.3 below).

The portions of this Policy relating to trading while in possession of material, non-public information and the use or disclosure of that information continue to apply to transactions in the Company's securities even after termination of employment or association with the Company. Former employees may not trade in the Company's securities or disclose the material, non-public information to anyone else until that information is made public or is no longer material.

Transactions that may be necessary or justifiable for independent reasons (such as the need to raise money for an emergency expenditure) are no exception to the restrictions set forth in this Policy.

2.2 Pre-Clearance of Trading

In the ordinary course of fulfilling their duties to the Company, Restricted Persons (as defined below) have access to material, non-public information regarding the Company. Accordingly, to facilitate compliance with this Policy, **Restricted Persons must consult the Company's General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative for clearance prior to trading in Company securities at any time.** The General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative will assist the Restricted Person in determining whether material, non-public information regarding the Company exists such that the Restricted Person should not proceed with the proposed transaction at that time. Pre-clearance will also help ensure that directors and executive officers comply with the reporting requirements under Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**"), and the restrictions imposed by Rule 144 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Although not subject to pre-clearance, employees who are not Restricted Persons are encouraged to consult with a member of the Legal Department prior to trading in Company securities.

Clearance of a transaction is valid only for 48 hours from the time given (or, if shorter, until such time as the General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative notifies the Restricted Person that the clearance is no longer valid). If a transaction order is

not placed within that period, the Restricted Person must again obtain clearance prior to trading. If the General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative denies clearance of a proposed transaction, the Restricted Person must keep such denial and the reasons for it confidential.

Pre-clearance is not a substitute for the judgment of the Restricted Person and does not relieve a Restricted Person of his or her obligation to comply with this Policy and federal and state securities laws. Even with clearance by the Legal Department, Restricted Persons are personally responsible for ensuring that their trades do not involve and are not made while in possession of material, non-public information.

2.3 Blackout Periods

Quarterly Blackout Periods. All directors, officers and other employees of the Company and their Related Persons are prohibited from trading in Company securities when a quarterly blackout period is in effect, regardless of whether they are in possession of material non-public information. A quarterly blackout period is in effect with respect to each quarterly earnings announcement starting on the seventh day of the month following quarter end and ending at the close of trading on the second trading day following (a) in the case of the Company's first, second and third quarters, the public announcement of the Company's quarterly financial results and (b) in the case of the Company's fourth quarter, the filing of the Company's annual report on Form 10-K.

For example, if the Company's annual report on Form 10-K is scheduled to be filed on Friday, February 19th, the blackout period runs from January 7th through the close of trading on Monday, February 22nd (assuming Monday is a trading day). If third quarter earnings are scheduled to be released on Wednesday, October 22nd, the blackout period runs from October 7th through the close of trading on Thursday, October 23rd (assuming Thursday is a trading day). For the avoidance of doubt, the quarterly blackout periods do not apply to transactions by the Company in the Company's securities, which are evaluated separately. The General Counsel, in consultation with the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, may extend or shorten a quarterly blackout period if circumstances warrant.

As noted above, even during an "open" trading window, Restricted Persons must obtain pre-clearance from the Company's General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative prior to trading in Company securities.

Event-Specific Blackout Periods. From time to time, the Company may impose event-specific blackout periods (e.g., with respect to pending acquisitions or dispositions), during which Restricted Persons and any other employees specifically designated by the General Counsel and their Related Persons may not trade in Company securities. Depending on the circumstances, these event-specific blackout periods may be announced or unannounced. If unannounced, Restricted Persons will be informed that trading is not permitted when they

contact the General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative to pre-clear a proposed transaction. If an employee who is not a Restricted Person becomes subject to an event-specific blackout period, the General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative will notify such employee of the blackout period.

Pre-Clearance Required For Restricted Persons At All Times. Even during an “open” trading window, Restricted Persons must obtain pre-clearance from the Company’s General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative prior to trading in Company securities.

Trading during an “open” trading window is not a safe harbor under the federal and state securities laws, and all directors, officers and other employees are personally responsible for ensuring that their trades do not involve and are not made while in possession of material, non-public information.

3 DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Policy:

Trading means the direct or indirect purchase, sale, or pledge of any Company securities, including publicly traded notes or debentures. Trading includes, without limitation, the broker-assisted cashless exercise of stock options, the sale of stock acquired through an option exercise, the purchase or sale of securities in street name or within an IRA account and the purchase or sale of puts, calls, or publicly-traded options. However, the following are *not* considered trading transactions:

- a bona fide gift (i.e., a gift, donation or other transfer without consideration if the giver has no reason to believe that the recipient will sell the securities before the disclosure of any material, non-public information in the giver’s possession at the time of the gift);
- the mere exercise of Company granted stock options (other than a broker-assisted cashless exercise), if the stock is held by the optionee following the exercise; and
- the withholding of shares to pay the exercise price upon exercise of a Company granted stock option or to cover tax withholding obligations upon the exercise of a Company granted stock option or the vesting of a restricted stock award.

A trade is deemed to occur at the point in time when a person takes some irrevocable action that will cause the trade to happen.

Information is generally deemed to be **material** if (a) there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making an investment decision or (b) it could reasonably be expected to have a substantial effect on the price of the Company’s or any other issuer’s securities. This includes information regarding the Company’s current and expected operating results or financial condition, acquisitions and other strategic transactions, capital markets transactions, changes in

management, material contracts or litigation, securities issuances or repurchases, dividends and similar information. Information regarding a company with which the Company does business or proposes to do business could be considered material with respect to the Company (e.g., information that one of the Company's significant tenants plans to file for bankruptcy).

Information is **non-public** if it has not been previously released in a manner reasonably designed to provide broad, non-exclusionary distribution to the public (i.e., by means of a press release, filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission or other media for broad public access).

When in doubt, information should be presumed to be both material and non-public.

Restricted Persons means the Company's directors and officers and such other employees of the Company from time to time designated as Restricted Persons by the Company's General Counsel. The Company's General Counsel shall maintain a current list of the Company's directors, officers and other employees from time to time designated as Restricted Persons as Exhibit A to this Policy. The Company's General Counsel and Chief Executive Officer shall review and assess the list of Restricted Persons no less frequently than annually.

Securities mean notes, stock, treasury stock, security futures, bonds, debentures or evidence of indebtedness, any put, call, straddle, option, or privilege on any security, certificate of deposit, or group or index of securities, or any put, call, straddle, option, or privilege entered into on a national securities exchange relating to foreign currency.

4 OTHER RESTRICTIONS

4.1 Speculating in Company Securities

Directors, officers and other employees of the Company and their Related Persons may not (a) buy or sell any put or call options, warrants or similar derivative instruments with respect to Company securities, (b) buy or sell any other financial instruments that are designed to hedge or offset any decrease in the market value of Company securities (e.g., prepaid variable forward contracts, equity swaps, collars and exchange funds) or (c) engage in "short sales" (i.e., sales of securities that are not owned by such person at the time of the sale) with respect to Company securities, even if they are not in possession of material, non-public information regarding the Company. The foregoing does not prohibit the exercise of options granted by the Company and, subject to the restrictions set forth in this Policy, the sale of shares acquired through such exercise.

4.2 Stock Pledges and Margin Accounts

Directors and officers of the Company who are subject to the reporting requirements under Section 16 of the Exchange Act and their Related Persons may not hold Company securities in margin accounts or pledge Company securities to secure loans. All other employees of the Company and their Related Persons may not hold Company securities in margin accounts or

pledge Company securities to secure loans without the prior approval of the Company's Management Capital Committee.

4.3 Trading on Information about Other Companies

Directors, officers, and other employees and their Related Persons may not trade in the securities of companies with which the Company does business or proposes to do business, if the director, officer, or other employee is in possession of material, non-public information regarding such company. For example, trading or giving tips concerning a tenant of the Company or a company that is being considered for acquisition by the Company is prohibited when the director, officer or other employee is in possession of material, non-public information concerning such company. If a Restricted Person desires to trade in the securities of a company with which the Company does business or proposes to do business, he or she should contact the Company's General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative for pre-clearance before making any such trade.

Material, non-public information regarding a company with which the Company does business or proposes to do business also could be material, non-public information with respect to the Company. For example, trading in the Company's securities would be prohibited if a director, officer or other employee or a Related Person is in possession of non-public information that a significant tenant of the Company plans to file for bankruptcy.

4.4 Disclosure of Material, Non-Public Information

Serious problems could arise for the Company by any unauthorized disclosure of material, non-public information regarding the Company or companies with which it does business or proposes to do business, whether or not for the purpose of facilitating improper trading in Company securities or the securities of any other company. Accordingly, directors, officers and other employees should not discuss material, non-public information regarding Company matters with anyone outside the Company (including family members and friends), except as required in the performance of regular employment duties. Directors, officers and other employees should also use caution not to discuss such matters in public places, on cellular phones, or where conversations can be overheard (e.g., airplanes, taxicabs, restaurants, restrooms, elevators). If material, non-public information is inadvertently disclosed, no matter what the circumstances, it must be reported to the Company's General Counsel or Whistleblower Officer immediately.

5 SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

5.1 Section 16 Reporting

The Legal Department will prepare and file or provide assistance in preparing and filing, as necessary, all Forms 3, 4 and 5 (each, a "Section 16 Report") for the directors and officers of the Company who are subject to the reporting requirements under Section 16 of the Exchange

Act. Events that may require the filing of a Section 16 Report include, but are not limited to: (1) the election or appointment of a director or executive officer; (2) the grant of restricted stock or stock options; (3) the exercise of stock options; (4) the withholding of shares to cover tax obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock; (5) the sale or purchase of common stock; and (6) the issuance of common stock in lieu of director fees.

Each Section 16 Report filed by the Company on behalf of a director or officer must be reviewed and approved by the Company's General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative.

5.2 Participating in Benefit Plans

The restrictions set forth in this Policy do not apply to standing orders to purchase Company common stock pursuant to the Ventas Employee and Director Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP). However, the creation or termination of, or any other change to, a standing order under those plans will be considered a transaction subject to such restrictions. Therefore, directors, officers and other employees may continue their participation in those plans, but may not enroll or withdraw from those plans or change their level of participation while in possession of material, non-public information regarding the Company.

5.3 Pre-Planned Trading

The Securities and Exchange Commission has promulgated Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act, which defines when a purchase or sale constitutes trading "on the basis of" material, non-public information in insider trading cases. Rule 10b5-1 provides an affirmative defense to a person making a purchase or sale who demonstrates, among other things, that the transaction was completed pursuant to a binding contract entered into when he or she was not aware of material, non-public information.

Accordingly, notwithstanding the restrictions set forth in this Policy, directors, officers and other employees and their Related Persons may engage in pre-planned trading in the Company's securities pursuant to a written instruction, contract and/or trading plan in compliance with Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act (a "**10b5-1 Plan**"), provided:

- 5.3.1 the 10b5-1 Plan is entered into during an "open" trading window and while the director, officer, employee or Related Person is not in possession of any material, non-public information regarding the Company; and
- 5.3.2 the 10b5-1 Plan, and any modification or termination thereof, has been pre-cleared by the Company's General Counsel or other designated Legal Department representative.

Although transactions effected under a 10b5-1 Plan will not require further pre-clearance at the time of the trade, any transaction (including the quantity and price) made pursuant to a 10b5-1 Plan of a Section 16 reporting person must be reported to the Company's Legal

Department promptly on the day of each trade to permit the Company's filing coordinator to assist in the preparation and filing of any required SEC reporting.

6 VIOLATIONS OF THIS POLICY

Company directors, officers and other employees are personally responsible for ensuring that they and their Related Persons comply with the provisions and intent of this Policy. Violators may be subject to appropriate disciplinary action, which could include termination of employment.

7 QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS POLICY; ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

All questions regarding this Policy should be directed to the Company's General Counsel. The General Counsel is responsible for administering this Policy and for establishing and implementing procedures to ensure compliance with applicable securities laws. Each director, officer and other employee of the Company may be requested, from time to time, to sign a statement acknowledging that he or she has read, understands and will abide by this Policy.

EXHIBIT A
Restricted Persons

- Members of the Board of Directors
- Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
- All Vice President level employees and above
- All Director and Manager level employees in the Accounting department
- All Director and Manager level employees in the Investments department
- All Director and Manager level employees in the Asset Management department
- All Director and Manager level employees in the Tax department
- All Director and Manager level employees in the Treasury/Capital Markets department
- All Director and Manager level employees in the Investor Relations department
- All Director and Manager level employees in the Financial Planning and Analysis department
- All Director, Manager, Assistant General Counsel and Senior Assistant General Counsel employees in the Legal department
- All Financial Analysts and Senior Financial Analysts, Investments
- Each Administrative Assistant that supports one or more Executive Officers

SUBSIDIARIES OF VENTAS, INC.

<u>Entity Name</u>	<u>Jurisdiction of Organization or Formation</u>
1425 Hunt Club, LLC	Delaware
1445 Hunt Club, LLC	Delaware
14851 Yorba Street, LLC	Delaware
200 Andrews, LLC	South Carolina
2010 Union Limited Partnership	Washington
311 South Sarah, LLC	Delaware
3737 Market Investment Fund, LLC	Missouri
4220 Duncan Holding, LLC	Delaware
4220 Duncan Investment Fund, LLC	Delaware
4220 Duncan, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Leverage Lender, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase I Holding, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase I JV, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase I Member, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase I Owner, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase I REIT, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase I TRS, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase II Holding, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase II JV, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase II Owner, LLC	Delaware
4MLK Phase II REIT, LLC	Delaware
5051 Centre Developer JV, LLC	Delaware
5051 Centre Unit 1 Owner, LLC	Delaware
5051 Centre Unit 2 Owner, LLC	Delaware
755 Milwaukee MOB, LLC	Delaware
890 Professional MOB, LLC	Delaware
AHS Oklahoma Health System, LLP	Delaware
AHS Oklahoma Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
AHS Oklahoma Hospitals, Inc.	Delaware
AL (AP) Holding LLC	Delaware
AL (HCN) Holding LLC	Delaware
AL (MT) Holding LLC	Delaware
AL I/East Brunswick Senior Housing Propco, LLC	Delaware
AL I/East Brunswick Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Glen Ellyn Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware
AL I/La Costa Senior Housing Propco, LP (f/k/a Mountview Propco, LP)	Delaware
AL I/LA COSTA SENIOR HOUSING, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Naperville Senior Housing Opco, LLC (f/k/a Grayson Valley Propco, LLC)	Delaware
AL I/Naperville Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware

AL I/North Lynbrook Senior Housing Propco, LLC	Delaware
AL I/North Lynbrook Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Pinehurst Senior Housing Propco, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Pinehurst Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Providence Senior Housing Opco, LP (fka Rivershire Propco, LLC)	Delaware
AL I/Providence Senior Housing, LP (fka AL I/Providence Senior Housing, LLC)	Delaware
AL I/Richmond Senior Housing Opco, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Richmond Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Stamford Senior Housing Propco, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Stamford Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Woodcliff Lake Senior Housing Propco, LLC	Delaware
AL I/Woodcliff Lake Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware
AL III Investments Propco, LP (f/k/a Grossmont Gardens Propco, LP)	Delaware
AL III Investments, L.L.C.	Virginia
AL One Investments, LLC	Delaware
AL One PA Investments Opco, LLC	Delaware
AL One PA Investments, LLC	Delaware
AL Subfunding LLC	Delaware
Albuquerque AL RE, L.P.	Delaware
ALH Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Allison Park Nominee LLC	Delaware
Allison Park Nominee LP	Delaware
Amber Meadow Retirement Ltd.	British Columbia
American Retirement Villas Properties II, LP	California
American Retirement Villas Properties III, LP	California
Anchor Cogdell Covington, LLC	Kentucky
Anchor Cogdell Doylestown GP, LLC	Pennsylvania
Anchor Cogdell Doylestown, LP	Pennsylvania
Anchor Cogdell Florence, LLC	Kentucky
Anchor Cogdell, LLC	Delaware
AOC Bonita Opco, LP	Delaware
AOC CA Opco GP Partner, LLC	Delaware
AOC Glen Ellyn Opco, LLC (f/k/a Arlington Propco, LLC)	Delaware
AOC North Ann Arbor Opco, LLC (fka Mainland Propco, LLC)	Delaware
AOC Rancho Mirage Opco, LP	Delaware
AOC San Felipe Opco, LP	Delaware
ARCHCT Cambr Dallas, LLC	Delaware
ARCHCT Cambr UWSC, LLC	Delaware
ARCHCT Dasco Odessa, LLC	Delaware
ARCHCT Dasco Peoria, LLC	Delaware

ARHC ADCRYIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC AHKENWI01 Member, LLC	Delaware
ARHC AHKENWI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC AMATHGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC AMHTDWI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC AMNNHWI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC AMOFLMO01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC AMOFLMO02, LLC	Delaware
ARHC AMTRVWI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ASSTBSC01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATASHNC01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATASHNC01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATATHGA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATATHGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATATLGA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATATLGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATDECGA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATDECGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATKNOTN01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATKNOTN01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATLARFL01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ATLARFL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BCCHIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHCOVGA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHCOVGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHDOUGA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHDOUGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHNEWGA01 TRS LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHNEWGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHPALFL01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHPALFL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHPAWMI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHSTOGA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHSTOGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHSUGGA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BHSUGGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BLDNTNX001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BMBUCAZ01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BMPCYFL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BMPCYFL02, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BPBRMWA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BPBRMWA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BRBRITN01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BTFMYFL01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BTFMYFL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BTNAPFL01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC BTNAPFL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CAROCCA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CAROCCA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CCMKAIN01, LLC	Delaware

ARHC CHWLBNI001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CHWLBNI002, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CKSFDPA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CKSFDPA02, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CKSFDPA03, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CLCRYIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CSVANWA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CSVANWA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CTCRCNV001 LLC	Delaware
ARHC CTCTYNV01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CVSALOR01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC CVSALOR01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC DDMTRAR001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC DDRKFIL001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC DMLSVNV001 LLC	Delaware
ARHC DRFTWIN01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC DRLITCO01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ELEDMWA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ELEDMWA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC EPLHAFL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ERELKMN01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC FCFAYGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC FDMTRLA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC GBSNATX001 LLC	Delaware
ARHC GHANDSC01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC GHANDSC01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC GRFTWTX01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC GWWSLOH01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC GWWSLOH01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC HFSFDMI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC HRCYCA001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC HRININ001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC HRONWI001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC HRWAWI001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC LHPLNTX01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC LMFKNWI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC LMFTWIN01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC MHHOUTX01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC MHMISIN01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC MHWYOMI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC MMMINND01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC MNPERIL001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC NCWTNNY01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC NFTSEFL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC NSALBNI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC NSMARGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC NSMARGA02, LLC	Delaware
ARHC NVPHXAZ01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC OCCOOR01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC OCCOOR01, LLC	Delaware

ARHC ORCOOR01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ORCOOR01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC ORODSTX001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC PCNWNGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC PHHBGPA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC PPKLAOR01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC PPKLAOR01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC PPMOLOR01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC PPMOLOR01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC PVCLAOR01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC PVCLAOR01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC RCAURIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC RCAURIL02, LLC	Delaware
ARHC RHGARNC01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC RHSALOR01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC RHSALOR01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC RMRIVGA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC RRDALTX001 LLC	Delaware
ARHC RRHUSTX001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SCTMBTX001 LLC	Delaware
ARHC SCTXRTX001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SCWDSNJ01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SFMIDVA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SHWYOMI01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SMSTBSC01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SMSVLTX01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SOKTYTX01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SOKTYTX01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SPGUINY01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SSBHMWA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SSBHMWA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SSEVTWA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SSEVTWA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SVSCLCA01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SVSCLCA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC SWKLDTX01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC TCARLTX01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC TRS Holdeo, LLC	Delaware
ARHC UCFOLCA01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC UCFOLCA02, LLC	Delaware
ARHC UWMNAWI001, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VCWICKS01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VHCTMIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VHEFFIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VHERIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VHMSLIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VHNWTIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VHSVIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VSJBREIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC VURMDVA01, LLC	Delaware

ARHC WCROCIL01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC WCROCIL01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC WEMINND01, LLC	Delaware
ARHC WMABQNM01 TRS, LLC	Delaware
ARHC WMABQNM01, LLC	Delaware
AS LLL Holdings, LLC	Delaware
AS LLL Owner, LLC	Delaware
AS LLL-East JV, LLC	Delaware
AS LLL-East TRS, LLC	Delaware
AS LSTE East Holdings, LLC	Delaware
AS LSTE East Owner, LLC	Delaware
AS LSTE West Holdings, LLC	Delaware
AS LSTE West Owner, LLC	Delaware
AS MUR JV, LLC	Delaware
AS MUR Owner, LLC	Delaware
AS MUR TRS, LLC	Delaware
AS P6 Holdings, LLC	Delaware
AS P6 Owner, LLC	Delaware
AS West JV, LLC	Delaware
AS West TRS, LLC	Delaware
ASL Leasehold Sub, LLC	Delaware
ATR Arboretum IL Management, LLC	Delaware
ATR Canyon Creek IL Management, LLC	Delaware
ATR Hertlin Place IL Management, LLC	Delaware
ATR/HOL IL Management, LLC	Delaware
Atria Collier Park, LLC	Delaware
Atria Lynnbrooke (Irvine), L.P.	Delaware
Atria Lynnbrooke G.P., LLC	Delaware
Atria Meridian, LLC	Delaware
Atria Northgate Park, LLC	Delaware
Atria Shorehaven, LLC	Delaware
Atria Vista del Rio, LLC	Delaware
Atrium at Weston Place, LLC	Tennessee
ATR Roslyn Harbor IL Management, LLC	Delaware
Augusta Medical Partners, LLC	Georgia
Baltimore Garage Funding, LLC	Maryland
Baltimore Life Sciences Research Park, LLC	Delaware
Baltimore LSRP One, Business Trust	Maryland
Baltimore LSRP Two, Business Trust	Maryland
BCC Altoona Realty GP, LLC	Delaware
BCC Altoona Realty, LLC	Delaware
BCC Altoona Realty, LP	Delaware
BCC Berwick Realty GP, LLC	Delaware
BCC Berwick Realty, LLC	Delaware
BCC Berwick Realty, LP	Delaware
BCC Lewistown Realty GP, LLC	Delaware
BCC Lewistown Realty, LLC	Delaware
BCC Lewistown Realty, LP	Delaware
BCC Martinsburg Realty, LLC	Delaware

BCC Medina Realty, LLC	Delaware
BCC Mid Valley Operations, LLC	Delaware
BCC Ontario Realty, LLC	Delaware
BCC Reading Realty GP, LLC	Delaware
BCC Reading Realty, LLC	Delaware
BCC Reading Realty, LP	Delaware
BCC Shippensburg Realty, LLC	Delaware
BCC State College Realty GP, LLC	Delaware
BCC State College Realty, LLC	Delaware
BCC State College Realty, LP	Delaware
BCC Washington Township Realty, LLC	Delaware
BD Camelot Opco, LLC	Delaware
BD Holdco, LLC	Delaware
BD Lakeview Crossing Opco, LLC	Delaware
BD Medina South Opco, LLC	Delaware
BD Mount Vernon Opco, LLC	Delaware
BD Vestal Castle Gardens Opco, LLC	Delaware
BD Zanesville Opco, LLC	Delaware
Bedford AL RE, LLC	Delaware
BioPark Fremont, LLC	Delaware
BLC of California – San Marcos, L.P.	Delaware
BLGRP Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
BLSRP Funding I, LLC	Delaware
BMR-3500 Paramount Parkway, LLC	Delaware
Bonney Lake MOB Investors, LLC	Washington
BP Opco, LLC	Delaware
BP Principal, LLC	Delaware
BP Propco, LLC	Delaware
BPS Management, LLC	Delaware
Brandon MOB Investors, LLC	Mississippi
Brandon Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
BRDG Park at Danforth Center, LLC	Missouri
Brookdale Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of Arizona-EM, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of California, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of California-RC, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of California-San Marcos, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of Connecticut, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of Florida-CL, LLC	Delaware

Brookdale Living Communities of Illinois-2960, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of Illinois-HV, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of Illinois-II, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of Massachusetts-RB, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of Minnesota, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of New Jersey, LLC	Delaware
Brookdale Living Communities of Washington-PP, LLC	Delaware
Brunswick MOB, LLC	Georgia
BSG CS, LLC (f/k/a BSG Erdman, LLC)	Wisconsin
BSL Opco Adelaide, LLC	Delaware
BSL Opco Holdco II, LLC	Delaware
BSP Holding, LLC	Maryland
BSP Three Holding, LLC	Delaware
BTW Mt. Bachelor Opco, LLC	Delaware
BTW Mt. Bachelor Propco, LLC	Delaware
BTW Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Burlington Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Cabarrus Medical Partners, LP	North Carolina
Cabarrus POB, LP	North Carolina
Calgarian Retirement Group II Ltd.	British Columbia
Calgarian Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Cambridge Development, L.L.C.	New York
Canyon Meadows Retirement Ltd.	British Columbia
Carroll Medical Office Associates, LLC	Delaware
Carroll Medical Office Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Carrollwood Assisted Living, LLC	Delaware
CCRC OPS MB1-T, LLC	Delaware
Chateau Brickyard Operations LLC	Delaware
Chateau Brickyard Owner LLC	Delaware
Chippewa Nominee LLC	Delaware
Chippewa Nominee LP	Delaware
Clackamas Woods Assisted Living, LLC	Oregon
Cogdell Cleveland Rehab, L.P.	Ohio
Cogdell Duluth MOB, LLC	Minnesota

Cogdell Health Campus MOB, LP	Pennsylvania
Cogdell Investors (Mallard), LP	North Carolina
Cogdell Investors (OSS), LP	North Carolina
Cogdell Lancaster Rehab, LP	Pennsylvania
Cogdell Spencer Advisors Management, LLC	Delaware
Cogdell Spencer Advisors, LLC	Delaware
Cogdell Spencer LP	Delaware
Cogdell Spencer TRS Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Collwood Knolls	California
Collwood Knolls Acquisition L.L.C.	Delaware
Consera BSD, LLC	Delaware
Consera Healthcare Real Estate, LLC	South Carolina
Consortium America XLVII Investment Fund, LLC	Missouri
Copperfield MOB, LP	North Carolina
CPH MOB, LLC	Delaware
Cranford Development, LLC	Delaware
CRB Federal, LLC	Delaware
CRB Investors, LLC	Delaware
Crimson Dorset Limited	United Kingdom
Crimson Dorset Properties Limited	United Kingdom
Crystal View Lodge Ltd.	British Columbia
CS Business Trust I	Maryland
CS Business Trust II	Maryland
CSA Medical Partners Management, LLC	Delaware
CSL Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Cutter Mill, LLC	Delaware
CV South Street Landing LLC	Rhode Island
CV SSL Master Tenant LLC	Rhode Island
Dillsburg Nominee LLC	Delaware
Dillsburg Nominee LP	Delaware
Drexel University City Development, LLC	Pennsylvania
DSC IL Management, LLC	Delaware
DSC Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
DV Greenville MOB LLC	Delaware
DV Parker II MOB LLC	Delaware
EA-BSB 2, L.L.C.	Delaware

East Houston Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
East Houston MOB, LLC	Delaware
East Jefferson Medical Office Building Limited Partnership	Louisiana
East Jefferson Medical Plaza, LLC	Louisiana
East Jefferson Medical Specialty Building	Louisiana
East Northport, LLC	Delaware
East Rocky Mount Kidney Center Associates, LP	North Carolina
EC Opco Allison Park, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Altoona, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Arlington, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Asheboro, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Austin, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Bartlett, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Bedford, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Berwick, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Braeswood, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Brentwood, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Bristol, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco CA GP, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco CA Partner I, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco CA Partner II, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco CA Partner III, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco CA Partner IV, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco CA Partner V, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco CA Partner VI, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Carrollwood, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Chesterfield, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Chippewa, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Cottonwood, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Cramerton, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Cy-Fair, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Dillsburg, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Downriver, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Florence KY, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Florence SC, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Grossmont Gardens, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Hagerstown, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Halcyon, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Halls, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Hamilton Place, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Harrisburg, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Hendersonville NC, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Hendersonville, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Hillsborough, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Holdco I Sub, Inc.	Delaware
EC Opco Holdco I, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Holdco II, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Jackson, LLC	Delaware

EC Opco Johnson City, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Kentwood, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Kingsport, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco La Mesa, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Lake Jackson, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Lakemont Farms, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Las Villas Del Carlsbad, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Las Villas Del Norte, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Lebanon PA, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Lebanon TN, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Lewisburg, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Lima, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Little Avenue, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Lorain, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Loyalsock, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Mainland, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Martinez, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Martinsburg, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Maumelle, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Medina, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Mid Valley, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Mount Washington, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Mountain Home, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Mountview, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Muncie, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Murfreesboro, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner I, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner II, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner III, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner IV, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner IX, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner V, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner VI, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner VII, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner VIII, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner X, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner XI, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco NC Partner XII, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Newton, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Northridge, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Ontario, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Pensacola, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Point Loma, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Quintessence, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Rancho Vista, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Reading, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Reedsville, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco River Centre, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Rivershire, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Roswell, LLC	Delaware

EC Opco Sagamore Hills, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Salisbury, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Saxonburg, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco SC, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Shallowford, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Shelby, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Sherwood, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Shippensburg, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Southern Pines, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Southport, LP	Delaware
EC Opco Tallahassee Memory, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Tallahassee, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Teays Valley, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Tempe, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Timberlin Parc, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Victoria, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Washington Township, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco West Knoxville, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Wharton, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Windcrest, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco Xenia, LLC	Delaware
EC Opco York, LLC	Delaware
ECS Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Edmonton Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Eglise Properties Limited	United Kingdom
Elder Healthcare Developers, LLC	Georgia
ElderTrust	Maryland
ESL Holdings, LLC	Delaware
ET Belvedere Finance, L.L.C.	Delaware
ET Berkshire, LLC	Delaware
ET Capital, LLC (f/k/a ET Capital Corp.)	Delaware
ET DCMH Finance, L.L.C.	Delaware
ET GENPAR, L.L.C	Delaware
ET Lehigh, LLC	Delaware
ET Pennsburg Finance, L.L.C.	Delaware
ET POBI Finance, L.L.C.	Delaware
ET Sanatoga, LLC	Delaware
ET Sub-Belvedere Limited Partnership, L.L.P.	Virginia
ET Sub-Berkshire Limited Partnership	Delaware
ET Sub-DCMH Limited Partnership, L.L.P	Virginia
ET Sub-Heritage Woods, L.L.C.	Delaware
ET Sub-Highgate, L.P.	Pennsylvania
ET Sub-Lehigh Limited Partnership	Delaware
ET Sub-Lopatcong, L.L.C.	Delaware
ET Sub-Pennsburg Manor Limited Partnership, L.L.P.	Virginia

ET Sub-POB I Limited Partnership, L.L.P.	Virginia
ET Sub-Sanatoga Limited Partnership	Delaware
ET Sub-Wayne I Limited Partnership, L.L.P.	Virginia
ET Wayne Finance, L.L.C.	Delaware
FAB Pivot, LLC (f/k/a VTR Bondco Holdco, LLC)	Delaware
Facility at Tanasbourne JV1, LLC	Delaware
Facility at Tanasbourne JV2, LLC	Delaware
Fair Oak Assisted Living L.L.C.	Delaware
Fair Oak Assisted Living Propco L.P.	Delaware
FH Holding, LLC	Delaware
FH Owner, LLC	Delaware
Florence Realty, LLC	Delaware
Fonds Immobilier Groupe Maurice, S.E.C.	Quebec
Franciscan Development Company, LLC	North Carolina
Fredericton Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
G&E HC REIT II Alice MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II ATHENS LTACH, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Austell MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Bastian SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Buckhead SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II CAPE GIRARDEAU LTACH, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II CARE PAVILION SNF, L.P.	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Carlsbad MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II CHELTENHAM YORK SNF, L.P.	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Chula Vista MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II CLIVEDEN SNF, L.P.	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II COLUMBIA LTACH, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Covington SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Ennis MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Fincastle SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Gainesville SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Hardy Oak MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Highlands Ranch Medical Pavilion, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Hobbs MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Hope MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Hot Springs SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II JOPLIN LTACH, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Lacombe MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Lafayette Rehabilitation Hospital, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Lake Charles MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Lakewood MOB I, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Lebanon SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Livingston MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Low Moor SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Lufkin MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Maplewood Manor SNF, L.P.	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Maxfield Sarasota MOB, LLC	Delaware

G&E HC REIT II Memphis SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Midlothian SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Millington SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Mobile SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Muskogee LTACH, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Okatie MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Parkway Medical Center, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Philadelphia SNF Portfolio SPE General Partner, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Pocatello MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Rockdale SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Shreveport SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Snellville SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II St. Anthony North Denver MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II St. Vincent Cleveland MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Surgical Hospital of Humble, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Tucker House SNF, L.P.	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Victoria MOB, LLC	Delaware
G&E HC REIT II Westminster SNF, LLC	Delaware
G&E Healthcare REIT II Sartell MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II 610 East Southport Indy MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II 8205 56th Indy MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II 8325 East Southport Indy MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II AVON MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Bartlett TN MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Bellaire Hospital, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Bend OR Pilot Butte SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Bend OR Wilson Ave ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Bend OR Wilson Ave SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Bessemer MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Bloomington MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II CARMEL PENN MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Carmel Physicians MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Champaign MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Columbia MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Corvallis OR ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Dalton ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Dalton SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Des Plaines Surgical Center, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II DeSoto MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Durham ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Durham ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Eagles Landing GA MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Effingham ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Escanaba MI MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Evansville IN MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Evergreen CCRC, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II EVERGREEN TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Fayetteville ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Fayetteville ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II FISHERS MEDICAL ARTS MOB, LLC	Delaware

GA HC REIT II Fuquay-Varina ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Fuquay-Varina ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Grants Pass OR 6th Street SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Grants Pass OR Fairview SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II GREELEY NORTHERN COLORADO MOB PORTFOLIO, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Greenfield MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Greenville ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Hazel Dell MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Hilo MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Hinsdale MOB I, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Hinsdale MOB II, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Hope MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Humble TX MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Huntsville MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Hyde Park SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Indian Trail ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Indian Trail ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Indiana Heart MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Indiana Orthopedics MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Jasper MOB I & II, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Jasper MOB III, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Kennestone Marietta MOB Portfolio, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Keystone Medical Center MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Killeen MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Knightdale ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Knightdale ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II LACOMBE MOB II, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Lafayette MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Las Vegas Alta Vista MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Lemont MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Liberty CCRC, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Liberty TRS SUB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Lincolnton ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Lincolnton ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Lincolnwood CCRC, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Lincolnwood TRS SUB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Mahomet ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Milton SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Mt. Zion ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Naperville MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II New Port Richey MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II NOBLESVILLE MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II North Meridian MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Olympia WA SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II PENN ST. INDIANAPOLIS MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Pittsfield MA SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Post Road Indy MOB I, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Post Road Indy MOB II, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Prairie Lakes MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Prineville OR ALF, LLC	Delaware

GA HC REIT II Prineville OR SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Redmond OR ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Redmond OR SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II River Oaks Houston MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Rowlett MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Royersford SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Salem OR ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II SALT LAKE LTACH, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II San Angelo MOB I, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II San Angelo MOB II, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Schertz MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Seasons CCRC, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Seasons TRS SUB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Shelbyville MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II St. Anthony North Denver MOB II, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II St. John IN MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Staunton ALF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Tacoma WA SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Temple MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Texarkana MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Township Line Indy MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Valparaiso Munster IN MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Villa Rosa San Antonio MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Warsaw MOB, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Watsontown SNF, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Wellspring CCRC, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II Wellspring TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GA HC REIT II West Oaks MOB, LLC	Delaware
GAHCR II Dalton ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GAHCR II Effingham ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GAHCR II Greenville ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GAHCR II Mahomet ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GAHCR II Mt. Zion ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
GAHCR II Staunton ALF TRS Sub, LLC	Delaware
Gaston MOB, LP	North Carolina
Good Sam MOB Investors, LLC	Washington
GRC IL Holdco, LLC	Delaware
GRC IL Management, LLC	Delaware
GRC Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Great Neck, LLC	Delaware
Greenville MOB Owners LLC	Delaware
Gurnee Centre Club, LLC	Delaware
Gurnee Imaging Center, LLC	Delaware
Hamilton Place Realty Propco, LLC (f/k/a EC Hamilton Place Realty, LLC)	Delaware
Hamilton Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Hanover MOB, LLC	Virginia

Harper Court Phase II JV, LLC	Delaware
Harper Court Phase II Owner, LLC	Delaware
Harrisburg Medical Clinic, LP	North Carolina
Health Park MOB, LLC	Tennessee
Hendersonville Realty, LLC	Delaware
Henrico MOB, LLC	Delaware
Heritage CIC Investment Fund, LLC	Missouri
Hershey Research One, LLC	Delaware
Hershey Research Two, LLC	Delaware
Hillhaven Properties, LLC (formerly Hillhaven Properties, LTD, an Oregon LTD)	Delaware
HMOB Associates, L.P.	South Carolina
HOL Birch Heights IL Management, LLC	Delaware
HOL Kittery Estates IL Management, LLC	Delaware
HOL Opco Holdco I, LLC	Delaware
HPSMLD Limited Liability Company	Wisconsin
HPSMLD Opco, LLC	Delaware
HRA Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
HRG Canada Cambridge (2023) GP Inc.	Ontario
HRG Canada Cambridge (2023) LP	Ontario
HRG Canada Cambridge GP Ltd.	British Columbia
HRG Canada Cambridge Ltd.	Ontario
HRG Canada Cobourg GP Ltd.	British Columbia
HRG Canada Cobourg LP	Ontario
HRG Canada Guelph GP Ltd.	British Columbia
HRG Canada Guelph LP	Ontario
HRG Canada Kanata GP Ltd.	British Columbia
HRG Canada Kanata LP	Ontario
HRG Canada Regina (2023) GP Inc.	Ontario
HRG Canada Regina (2023) LP	Ontario
HRG Canada Regina GP Ltd.	British Columbia
HRG Canada TRS LP	Ontario
HRG Canada TRS, GP Ltd.	British Columbia
HRG Canada Woodstock GP Ltd.	British Columbia
HRG Canada Woodstock LP	Ontario
HRI Coral Springs, LLC	Delaware
HRI Tamarac, LLC	Delaware
HRM Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware

HVMLD Limited Liability Company	Wisconsin
HVMLD Opco, LLC	Delaware
Indianapolis MOB, LLC	Indiana
IPC (AP) Holding LLC	Delaware
IPC (HCN) Holding LLC	Delaware
IPC (MT) Holding LLC	Delaware
IPFVA GP, LLC	Delaware
Jackson Realty Propco, LLC (f/k/a EC Jackson Realty, LLC)	Delaware
JEA Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Jensen Construction Management, Inc.	California
JER/NHP Management Texas, LLC	Texas
JER/NHP Senior Housing, LLC	Delaware
JER/NHP Senior Living Acquisition, LLC	Delaware
JER/NHP Senior Living Kansas, Inc.	Kansas
JER/NHP Senior Living Kansas, LLC	Delaware
JER/NHP Senior Living Texas, L.P.	Texas
JJS Properties, Inc.	Delaware
JSL Copper Canyon, LLC	Delaware
JSL Rock Creek, LLC	Delaware
Karrington of Park Ridge L.L.C.	Ohio
Karrington of Park Ridge Opco L.L.C. (f/k/a Bartlett Propco, LLC)	Delaware
Kentwood AL RE Limited Partnership	Delaware
Kew Gardens Senior Development, LLC	New York
Kingsport Nominee I LLC (f/k/a Kingsport Nominee LP)	Delaware
Kingsport Nominee LLC	Delaware
Kingston Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Knoxville Nominee I LLC (f/k/a Knoxville Nominee LP)	Delaware
Knoxville Nominee LLC	Delaware
Knoxville Realty Propco, LLC (f/k/a EC Knoxville Realty, LLC)	Delaware
KS01 Series B Owner, LLC	Delaware
KS02 Series B Owner, LLC	Delaware
Lakeside POB 1, LLC	Delaware
Lakeside POB 2, LLC	Delaware
Larkfield Gardens Associates, L.P.	New York
LBS Limited Partnership	Wisconsin
LBS Opco, LLC	Delaware
LL Opco Holdco, LLC (f/k/a LCBSL Opco Holdco, LLC) (f/k/a VTR River Oaks Holdco, LLC)	Delaware
Lebanon Nominee LLC	Delaware
Lebanon Nominee LP	Delaware
Lebanon Realty Propco, LLC (fka EC Lebanon Realty, LLC)	Delaware

Lethbridge Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Lewisburg Nominee LLC	Delaware
Lewisburg Nominee LP	Delaware
LFCS Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
LGD Midwest City Opco, LLC	Delaware
LGD Mustang Opco, LLC	Delaware
LGD Norman Opco, LLC	Delaware
LGD Norman Reminisce Opco, LLC	Delaware
LGD Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
LHP B LP Partner, LLC	Delaware
LHP B Trust	Maryland
LHP B Trust, LLC	Delaware
LHP B Trust, LP	Delaware
LHPT Appleton AHI, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Appleton MO South, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Appleton MO West, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Ascension Round Rock GP, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Ascension Round Rock LP	Delaware
LHPT Birmingham THE, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Birmingham, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Columbus II THE, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Columbus THE, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Columbus, LLC	Delaware
LHPT DC GP, LLC	Delaware
LHPT DC THE, L.P.	Delaware
LHPT Decatur II, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Decatur, LLC	Delaware
LHPT Holdings II, LLC	Delaware
LHPT LilliCal, LLC	Delaware
LHPT LP Partners, LLC	Delaware
LHPT TCMC Aylward, LLC	Delaware
LHPT TCMC Pavilion, LLC	Delaware
LHRET 191, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Anderson, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Ascension Austin II, LP	Delaware
LHRET Ascension Austin Partner GP, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Ascension Austin Partner II GP, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Ascension Austin, L.P.	Delaware
LHRET Ascension KC, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Ascension Michigan, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Ascension SJ, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Ascension SV, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Ascension SW Michigan, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Ascension, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Hershey II, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Hershey, L.P.	Delaware
LHRET Hershey, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Lafayette, LLC	Delaware

LHRET LHT, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Michigan Land, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Michigan THE, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Michigan, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Partner, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Reading I, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Reading II, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Reading, L.P.	Delaware
LHRET Reading, LLC	Delaware
LHRET St. Louis THE, LLC	Delaware
LHRET St. Louis, LLC	Delaware
LHRET Wheat Ridge, LLC	Delaware
LHT Beech Grove LLC	Delaware
LHT Knoxville II, LLC	Delaware
LHT Knoxville Properties, LLC	Delaware
LHT North Atlanta, LLC	Delaware
LHT Phoenix, LLC	Delaware
Libertyville Centre Club, LLC	Delaware
Lillibridge Healthcare Properties Trust	Maryland
Lillibridge Healthcare Properties Trust, L.P.	Delaware
Lillibridge Healthcare Properties Trust, LLC	Delaware
Lillibridge Healthcare Real Estate Trust	Maryland
Lillibridge Healthcare Real Estate Trust, L.P.	Delaware
Lillibridge Healthcare Services II, Inc. (f/k/a Cogdell Spencer Erdman Management Company)	North Carolina
Lillibridge Healthcare Services, Inc.	Illinois
LilliCal, LLC	Delaware
Lima Nominee LLC	Delaware
Lima Nominee LP	Delaware
LO Limited Partnership	Wisconsin
LO Opco, LLC	Delaware
Loyalsock Nominee LLC	Delaware
Loyalsock Nominee LP	Delaware
LS 3675 Market Street JV, LLC	Delaware
LS 4210 Duncan JV, LLC	Delaware
LS 5051 Centre JV, LLC	Delaware
LS 5051 Centre P1 HTC, LLC	Delaware
LS 5051 Centre P2 REIT, LLC	Delaware
LS 5051 Centre Unit 2 JV, LLC	Delaware
LS 5051 Centre Unit 2 UT, LLC	Delaware
LS 5051 Centre UT, LLC	Delaware
LS AS LLL-East Member, LLC	Delaware
LS AS LLL-East REIT, LLC	Delaware
LS AS MUR Member, LLC	Delaware
LS AS MUR REIT, LLC	Delaware
LS AS West Member, LLC	Delaware
LS AS West REIT, LLC	Delaware
LS BioTech Eight, LLC	Delaware

LS Davol Square, LLC	Delaware
LS Developer, LLC (f/k/a Wexford-CV SSL Developer, LLC)	Delaware
LS One Ship, LLC (f/k/a Wexford One Ship, LLC)	Delaware
LS Pearl R1 JV, LLC	Delaware
LS River House II, LLC (f/k/a Wexford-CV River House Joint Venture, LLC)	Delaware
LS River House, LLC	Delaware
LS SSL Garage II, LLC (f/k/a Wexford-CV SSL Garage Joint Venture, LLC)	Delaware
LS SSL Garage, LLC (f/k/a CV SSL Garage LLC)	Rhode Island
LS uCity Academic Holdings, LLC	Delaware
LS uCity Academic REIT, LLC	Delaware
LS uCity Academic UT, LLC	Delaware
LTMLD Limited Liability Company	Wisconsin
LTMLD Opco, LLC	Delaware
Lynbrook Holding, LLC	Delaware
MAB Parent LLC	Delaware
Madison MOB Investors, LLC	Mississippi
Marland Place Associates Limited Partnership	Massachusetts
Martinez Realty Propco, LLC (fka EC Martinez Realty, LLC)	Delaware
Mary Black Westside Medical Park I Limited Partnership	South Carolina
McShane/NHP JV, LLC	Delaware
MDN Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Medical Arts Courtyard, LLC	Delaware
Medical Investors I, LP	North Carolina
Medical Investors III, LP	South Carolina
Medical Park Three Limited Partnership	South Carolina
MH Doylestown Holding I Sub, LLC	Delaware
MH Doylestown Holding I, LLC	Delaware
MH Doylestown Holding II, LLC	Delaware
MH Doylestown, LLC	Delaware
MH Opco Doylestown, LLC	Delaware
Minot Avenue Realty, LLC	Maine
Missoula Senior Housing Facility, LLC	Oregon
MLD Banning Investment, LLC	California
MLD Delaware Trust	Delaware
MLD Financial Capital Corporation	Delaware
MLD MOB Indiana, LLC	Delaware
MLD Properties II, Inc.	Delaware

MLD Properties Limited Partnership	Delaware
MLD Properties, Inc.	Delaware
MLD Texas Corporation	Texas
MLD Wisconsin ALF, Inc.	Delaware
MLD Wisconsin SNF, Inc.	Delaware
MLS Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Montreal Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
MS Barrington SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Bon Air SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Carmichael SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Cascade SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Chandler SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Cinco Ranch SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Fort Worth SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Frisco SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Holladay SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Jackson SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Jacksonville SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Leawood SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Lower Makefield SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Old Meridian SH, LLC	Delaware
MS Overland Park SH, LLC	Delaware
MS River Road SH, LLC	Delaware
Mulberry Estates Ltd.	British Columbia
Muncie Realty Propco, LLC (fka EC Muncie Realty, LLC)	Delaware
Mustang Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Ventas Mustang Holdings, LLC, f/k/a Ventas Casper Holdings, LLC)	Delaware
Nationwide ALF, Inc.	Delaware
Nationwide ALF-Pensacola, LLC	Delaware
Nationwide Health Properties, LLC	Delaware
New Portland Road Realty, LLC	Maine
New Senior Investment Group Inc.	Delaware
NH Texas Properties Limited Partnership	Texas
NHP Bedford G.P., LLC	Texas
NHP Brownstown, LLC	Delaware
NHP Canterbury Gardens, LLC	Delaware
NHP Canterbury, LLC	Delaware
NHP Carillon, LLC	Delaware
NHP Cascade Inn, LLC	Delaware
NHP Centereach, LLC	Delaware
NHP GP LLC	Delaware
NHP HS Holding, LLC	Delaware
NHP Huntsville MOB LLC	Delaware
NHP Madison, LLC	New York
NHP Master RE G.P., LLC	Delaware
NHP McClain, LLC	Delaware
NHP Operating Partnership L.P.	Delaware
NHP Secured Del Rey GP, LLC	Delaware

NHP Secured Del Rey, LP	Delaware
NHP Secured, Inc.	California
NHP Senior Investments, LLC	Delaware
NHP SH Alabama, LLC	Delaware
NHP SH Florida, LLC	Delaware
NHP SH Georgia, LLC	Delaware
NHP SH Mississippi, LLC	Delaware
NHP SH Tennessee, LLC	Delaware
NHP Sterling, LLC	Delaware
NHP Tucson Health Care Associates Limited Partnership	Delaware
NHP Veritas FL, LLC	Delaware
NHP Villas, Inc.	California
NHP Washington ALF, LLC	Delaware
NHP Wisconsin Development LLC	Wisconsin
NHP/Broe II, LLC	Delaware
NHP/Broe, LLC	Delaware
NHP/McShane SAMC, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Burbank Medical Plaza I, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Burbank Medical Plaza II, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Chula Vista, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Del E. Webb Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Eden Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Gilbert LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Glendale MOB, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB GP LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Grossmont GP, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Grossmont, LP	Delaware
NHP/PMB Kenneth E. Watts Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB L.P.	Delaware
NHP/PMB Los Alamitos MOB GP, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Los Alamitos MOB, LP	Delaware
NHP/PMB Mission Viejo, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Orange, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Pasadena LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Pomerado, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Pomona, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB San Gabriel Valley Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Santa Clarita Valley Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB St. Francis Lynwood Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Tuality 7th Avenue Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMB Washoe MOB, LLC	Delaware
NHP/PMBRES LLC	Delaware
NHPCO Wisconsin Lender, LLC	Delaware
NHPCO Wisconsin, LLC	Delaware

NHP-Cobb Physicians Center, LLC	Delaware
NHP-Parkway Physicians Center, LLC	Delaware
Niagara Falls Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
NIC 12 Arlington Plaza Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Arlington Plaza Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Blair House Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Blair House Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Blue Water Lodge Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Blue Water Lodge Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Briarcrest Estates Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Briarcrest Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Chateau Ridgeland Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Chateau Ridgeland Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Cherry Laurel Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Cherry Laurel Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Colonial Harbor Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Colonial Harbor Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Country Squire Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Country Squire Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Courtyard at Lakewood Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Courtyard at Lakewood Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Desoto Beach Club Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Desoto Beach Club Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 El Dorado Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 El Dorado Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Essex House Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Essex House Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Fleming Point Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Fleming Point Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Grasslands Estates Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Grasslands Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Greeley Place Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Greeley Place Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Grizzly Peak Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Grizzly Peak Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Jackson Oaks Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Jackson Oaks Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Maple Downs Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Maple Downs Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Parkwood Estates Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Parkwood Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Pioneer Valley Lodge Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Pioneer Valley Lodge Owner LLC	Delaware

NIC 12 Regency Residence Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Regency Residence Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Simi Hills Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Simi Hills Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Stoneybrook Lodge Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Stoneybrook Lodge Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Summerfield Estates Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Summerfield Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Ventura Place Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 12 Ventura Place Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 12/13 Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Dogwood Estates Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Dogwood Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Durham Regent LLC (converted from NIC 13 Durham Regent Inc.)	Delaware
NIC 13 Durham Regent Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Durham Regent Owner GP LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Durham Regent Owner LP	Delaware
NIC 13 Fountains at Hidden Lakes Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Fountains at Hidden Lakes Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Hidden Lakes Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Hidden Lakes Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Illahee Hills Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Illahee Hills Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Jordan Oaks LLC (converted from NIC 13 Jordan Oaks Inc.)	Delaware
NIC 13 Jordan Oaks Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Jordan Oaks Owner GP LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Jordan Oaks Owner LP	Delaware
NIC 13 Lodge at Cold Spring Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Lodge at Cold Spring Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Madison Estates Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Madison Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Manor at Oakridge Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Manor at Oakridge Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Oakwood Hills Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Oakwood Hills Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Orchid Terrace Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Orchid Terrace Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Palmer Hills Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Palmer Hills Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Pinewood Hills Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Pinewood Hills Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Pueblo Regent Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Pueblo Regent Owner LLC	Delaware

NIC 13 Rock Creek Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Rock Creek Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Sheldon Oaks Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Sheldon Oaks Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Sky Peaks Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Sky Peaks Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 The Bentley Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 The Bentley Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 The Regent Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 The Regent Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 The Westmont Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 The Westmont Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Thornton Place Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Thornton Place Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Uffelman Estates Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Uffelman Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Village Gate Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Village Gate Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Vista De La Montana Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Vista De La Montana Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Walnut Woods Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Walnut Woods Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Whiterock Court Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 13 Whiterock Court Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 17 Leasing LLC	Delaware
NIC 17 Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 17 Windsor Leasing LLC	Delaware
NIC 17 Windsor Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 4 Florida Leasing LLC	Delaware
NIC 4 Florida Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 4 Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 4 Summerfield Leasing LLC	Delaware
NIC 4 Summerfield Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 4 Sunset Lake Leasing LLC	Delaware
NIC 4 Sunset Lake Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 4/5 Leasing LLC	Delaware
NIC 6 Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 6 Manor at Woodside Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 6 Manor at Woodside Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 6 New York Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 6 New York Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 6 Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 9 Heritage Oaks Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 9 Heritage Oaks Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC 9 Virginia Management LLC	Delaware
NIC 9 Virginia Owner LLC	Delaware
NIC Acquisitions LLC	Delaware
NV Briargate MOB LLC	Delaware

NV Broadway MOB LLC	Delaware
NV Gateway MOB LP	Delaware
NV GVR MOB LLC	Delaware
NV HFH MOB LLC	Delaware
NV Knightdale MOB LLC	Delaware
NV NB MOB LP	Delaware
NV NBHQ LP	Delaware
NV Potomac MOB LLC	Delaware
NV Printers Park MOB LLC	Delaware
NV Solano MOB LP	Delaware
NV Vaca Valley MOB LP	Delaware
OHT Limited Partnership	Wisconsin
OHT Opco, LLC	Delaware
Opco CA Partner I, LLC	Delaware
Opco CA Partner II, LLC	Delaware
Opco CA Partner III, LLC	Delaware
Opco CA Partner IV, LLC	Delaware
Opco CA Partner V, LLC	Delaware
Opco CA Partner VI, LLC	Delaware
Opco GA Partner, LLC (fka Propco NM Partner I, LLC)	Delaware
Opco NC Partner I, LLC (fka Propco AZ Partner I, LLC)	Delaware
Opco NC Partner II, LLC (fka Propco AZ Partner II, LLC)	Delaware
Opco PA Partner, LLC	Delaware
Opco VA Partner, LLC	Delaware
Orangeburg Medical Office Building	South Carolina
Orbital Communities Limited	United Kingdom
Ottawa Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Parker II MOB Owners LLC	Delaware
PDP Castro Valley #2 LLC	Delaware
PDP Gilbert 2 LLC	Delaware
PDP LMP LLC	Delaware
PDP Mission Hills 1 LLC	Delaware
PDP San Francisco MOB LLC	Delaware
PDP Sutter Roseville LLC	Delaware
Pearl R1 GP, LLC	Delaware
Pearl R1 Owner, LLLP	Delaware
Peerless MOB, LLC	Tennessee
Peterborough Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Phase 1 Ventures LLC	Delaware
Phoenix BioMedical Campus Phase I Finance, LLC	Delaware
Phoenix BioMedical Campus Phase I Holding, LLC	Delaware
Phoenix BioMedical Campus Phase I JV, LLC	Delaware
Phoenix BioMedical Campus Phase I Owner, LLC	Delaware

Phoenix BioMedical Campus Phase I REIT Sub, LLC	Delaware
Phoenix BioMedical Campus Phase I REIT, LLC	Delaware
PKR Associates LLC	Pennsylvania
PMB Real Estate Services LLC	Delaware
PMB Vancouver 601 Physicians Pavilion LLC	Delaware
PMB Vancouver 602 Admin LLC	Delaware
PMB Vancouver 603 MedCtr Physicians LLC	Delaware
PMB Vancouver 604 Memorial MOB LLC	Delaware
PMB Vancouver 605 Salmon Creek LLC	Delaware
PMB Vancouver 606 Fisher's Landing LLC	Delaware
PMB/NHP Vancouver Partners LLC	Delaware
PMOB, LLC	South Carolina
PRLC IL Management, LLC	Delaware
Primrose Chateau Retirement Ltd.	British Columbia
Prince George Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Prometheus Fund Alternative Partnership L.P.	Delaware
Prometheus Fund Coinvestment Partnership I LP	Delaware
Prometheus Fund II Alternative Partnership L.P.	Delaware
Prometheus Fund Senior Housing Partners LP	Delaware
Prometheus Fund Strategic Realty Investors II L.P.	Delaware
Prometheus Funds GP, LLC	Delaware
Prometheus Leasehold Parent, LLC	Delaware
Prometheus Senior Quarters LLC	Delaware
Propco 12 LLC	Delaware
Propco 13 LLC	Delaware
Propco 17 LLC	Delaware
Propco 2 LLC	Delaware
Propco 21 LLC	Delaware
Propco 22 LLC	Delaware
Propco 24 LLC	Delaware
Propco 27 LLC	Delaware
Propco 4 LLC	Delaware
Propco 6 LLC	Delaware
Propco 9 LLC	Delaware
Propco CA Partner I, LLC	Delaware
Propco CA Partner II, LLC	Delaware
Propco CA Partner III, LLC	Delaware
Propco CA Partner IV, LLC	Delaware
Propco CA Partner V, LLC	Delaware
Propco CA Partner VI, LLC	Delaware
Propco CA Partner VII, LLC	Delaware

Propco GA Partner, LLC (fka AL Subfunding II, LLC)	Delaware
Propco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Propco NC Partner I, LLC	Delaware
Propco NC Partner II, LLC	Delaware
Propco PA Partner, LLC	Delaware
Propco VA Partner, LLC (fka Propco NC Partner III, LLC)	Delaware
Providence Innovation District Phase I Holding, LLC	Delaware
Providence Innovation District Phase I Owner, LLC	Delaware
Providence Innovation District Phase I, LLC	Delaware
Providence Innovation District Phase II Owner, LLC	Delaware
PSLT GP, LLC	Delaware
PSLT OP, L.P.	Delaware
PSLT-ALS Properties Holdings, LLC	Delaware
PSLT-ALS Properties I, LLC	Delaware
PSLT-ALS Properties II, LLC	Delaware
PSLT-ALS Properties III, LLC	Delaware
PSLT-ALS Properties IV, LLC	Delaware
PSLT-BLC Properties Holdings, LLC	Delaware
R&I Procurement Holdings IV, LLC	Delaware
RDGL Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Red Deer Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Regina Assisted Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Regina Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Résidence Ambiance IDS Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Caléo Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Cornelius Inc.	Quebec
Résidence du Marché Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Ékla Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Élogia Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Floréa Inc.	Quebec
Résidence IVVI Inc.	Quebec
Résidence l'Image d'Outremont Inc.	Quebec
Résidence l'Initial Inc.	Quebec
Résidence la Cité des Tours Inc.	Quebec
Résidence la Croisée de l'Est Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Le 22 Inc.	Quebec
Résidence le Félix Vaudreuil/Dorion Inc.	Quebec
Résidence le Gibraltar Inc.	Quebec
Résidence le Notre/Dame (Repentigny) Inc.	Quebec
Résidence le Quartier Mont/Saint/Hilaire Inc.	Quebec
Résidence le Savignon Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Les Verrières du Golf Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Lilo Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Liz Inc.	Quebec

Résidence Margo Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Ora Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Quartier Sud Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Sevä Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Station Est Inc.	Quebec
Résidence Vast Inc.	Quebec
Retirement Inns II, LLC	Delaware
Retirement Inns III, LLC	Delaware
RISE Insurance Company, LLC	Kentucky
River Hills Medical Associates, LLC	South Carolina
River Oaks Partners	Illinois
Riverdale Development, LLC	New York
RLG Leasing LLC	Delaware
RLG Owner LLC	Delaware
RLG Utah Leasing LLC	Delaware
RLG Utah Owner LLC	Delaware
Rocky Mount Kidney Center Associates	North Carolina
Rocky Mount Medical Park Limited Partnership	North Carolina
Roper MOB, LLC	South Carolina
Roswell Realty Propco, LLC (fka EC Roswell Realty, LLC)	Delaware
Round Lake ACC, LLC	Delaware
Sagamore Hills Nominee LLC	Delaware
Sagamore Hills Nominee LP	Delaware
Saint John Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Saxonburg Nominee LLC	Delaware
Saxonburg Nominee LP	Delaware
SC EC Master Tenant, LLC	Delaware
SDS IL Management, LLC	Delaware
SDS Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Senior Care, Inc.	Delaware
Senior Quarters Operating Corp.	New York
SHI Conveyance Sub, LLC	Delaware
SHI LL Holdco II, LLC	Delaware
SHI LL Holdco, LLC	Delaware
SHI MOB Holdco, LLC	Delaware
SHI SH Propco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Shippensburg Realty Holdings, LLC	Delaware
SNCI IL Management, LLC	Delaware
SND IL Management, LLC	Delaware
SNR 21 Logan Square Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 21 Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 22 Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 22 OKC Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 22 OKC Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 22 Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 22 Shreveport Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 22 Shreveport Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 22 Winston Salem LLC (converted from SNR 22 Winston Salem Inc.)	Delaware

SNR 22 Winston Salem Owner GP LLC	Delaware
SNR 22 Winston Salem Owner LP	Delaware
SNR 22 Winston-Salem Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Bluebird Estates Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Bluebird Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Bridge Park Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Bridge Park Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Chateau at Harveston Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Chateau at Harveston Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Copley Place Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Copley Place Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Cresnet Heights LLC (converted from SNR 24 Crescent Heights Inc.)	Delaware
SNR 24 Crescent Heights Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Crescent Heights Owner GP LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Crescent Heights Owner LP	Delaware
SNR 24 Cypress Woods Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Cypress Woods Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Dover Owner	Delaware
SNR 24 Golden Oaks Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Golden Oaks Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Lodge at Wake Forest LLC (converted from SNR 24 Lodge at Wake Forest Inc.)	Delaware
SNR 24 Lodge at Wake Forest Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Lodge at Wake Forest Owner GP LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Lodge at Wake Forest Owner LP	Delaware
SNR 24 Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Maple Suites Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Maple Suites Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Olympus Ranch Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Olympus Ranch Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Peninsula Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Peninsula Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Rancho Village Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Rancho Village Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Rolling Hills Ranch Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Rolling Hills Ranch Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Shads Landing LLC (converted from SNR 24 Shads Landing Inc.)	Delaware
SNR 24 Shads Landing Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Shads Landing Owner GP LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Shads Landing Owner LP	Delaware
SNR 24 Sterling Court Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Sterling Court Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Venetian Gardens Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Venetian Gardens Owner LLC	Delaware

SNR 24 Windward Palms Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 24 Windward Palms Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Alexis Gardens Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Alexis Gardens Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Andover Place Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Andover Place Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Arcadia Place Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Arcadia Place Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Aspen View Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Aspen View Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Augustine Landing Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Augustine Landing Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Cedar Ridge LLC (converted from SNR 27 Cedar Ridge Inc.)	Delaware
SNR 27 Cedar Ridge Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Cedar Ridge Owner GP LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Cedar Ridge Owner LP	Delaware
SNR 27 Echo Ridge Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Echo Ridge Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Elm Park Estates Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Elm Park Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Genesee Gardens Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Genesee Gardens Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Greenwood Terrace Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Greenwood Terrace Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Holiday Hills Estates Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Holiday Hills Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Indigo Pines Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Indigo Pines Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Kalama Heights Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Kalama Heights Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Marion Woods Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Marion Woods Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Montara Meadows Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Montara Meadows Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Niagara Village Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Niagara Village Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Parkrose Chateau Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Parkrose Chateau Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Pinegate Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Pinegate Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Quail Run Estates Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Quail Run Estates Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Quincy Place Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Quincy Place Owner LLC	Delaware

SNR 27 Redbud Hills Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Redbud Hills Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Stone Lodge Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 Stone Lodge Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Jefferson Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Jefferson Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Remington Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Remington Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Springs of Escondido Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Springs of Escondido Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Springs of Napa Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Springs of Napa Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Woods at Holly Tree GP LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Woods at Holly Tree LLC (converted from SNR 27 The Woods at Holly Tree Inc.)	Delaware
SNR 27 The Woods at Holly Tree Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 The Woods at Holly Tree Owner LP	Delaware
SNR 27 University Pines Management LLC	Delaware
SNR 27 University Pines Owner LLC	Delaware
SNR Operations LLC	Delaware
Société en commandite Ambiance IDS	Quebec
Société en commandite Boréa	Quebec
Société en commandite Caléo	Quebec
Société en commandite Cavalier de Lasalle	Quebec
Société en commandite Cibéle	Quebec
Société en commandite Commerciale Aylmer	Quebec
Société en commandite Commerciale Cornelius	Quebec
Société en commandite Commerciale Cornelius II	Quebec
Société en commandite Commerciale Crémazie	Quebec
Société en commandite Commerciale Sherbrooke	Quebec
Société en commandite Communautaire Crémazie	Quebec
Société en commandite Cornelius	Quebec
Société en commandite Cornelius II	Quebec
Société en commandite Ékla	Quebec
Société en commandite Élogia	Quebec
Société en commandite Floréa	Quebec
Société en commandite IVVI	Quebec
Société en commandite l'Avantage	Quebec
Société en commandite l'Image d'Outremont	Quebec
Société en commandite l'Initial	Quebec
Société en commandite la Cité des Tours	Quebec
Société en commandite la Croisée de l'Est	Quebec

Société en commandite Le 22	Quebec
Société en commandite le Félix Vaudreuil/Dorion	Quebec
Société en commandite le Gibraltar	Quebec
Société en commandite le Notre/Dame (Repentigny)	Quebec
Société en commandite le Quartier Mont/Saint/Hilaire	Quebec
Société en commandite le Savignon	Quebec
Société en commandite le VÜ	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Boréa	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Caléo	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos de la Gare	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Ékla	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Élogia	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Floréa	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos l'Avantage	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Le 22	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos le Gibraltar	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos le Savignon	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos le VÜ	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos les Jardins Millen	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Ora	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Quartier Sud	Quebec
Société en commandite les Condos Sevã	Quebec
Société en commandite les Jardins du Campanile	Quebec
Société en commandite les Jardins Millen	Quebec
Société en commandite les Promenades du Parc	Quebec
Société en commandite les Verrières du Golf	Quebec
Société en commandite Lilo	Quebec
Société en commandite Liz	Quebec
Société en commandite Margo	Quebec
Société en commandite Ora	Quebec
Société en commandite Quartier Sud	Quebec
Société en commandite RDM	Quebec
Société en commandite Sevã	Quebec
Société en commandite Station Est	Quebec
Société en commandite Vast	Quebec
Société en commandite Vent de l'Ouest	Quebec
Springs at Clackamas Woods, LLC	Oregon
SSL Developer LLC	Delaware
SSL Holdco LLC	Delaware

SSL Partner LLC	Delaware
St. Albert Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
St. Catharines Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
St. Cloud MOB, LLC	Minnesota
St. Francis Community MOB, LLC	South Carolina
St. Francis Medical Plaza, LLC	South Carolina
St. Mary's Investors, LLC	Virginia
Steger Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Stratford Development, LLC	New York
Stripe II, LLC	Delaware
Stripe Sub, LLC	Delaware
SW Louisiana Professional Office Building, LLC	Delaware
Syracuse MOB SPE, LLC	Delaware
Syracuse MOB, LLC	New York
SZR Abington AL Opco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Abington AL, L.L.C.	Pennsylvania
SZR Acquisitions Propco, LP (f/k/a La Mesa Propco, LP)	Delaware
SZR Acquisitions, LLC	Delaware
SZR Arlington, MA Assisted Living Opco, L.L.C. (fka Chesterfield Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Arlington, MA Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Virginia
SZR Aurora GP Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Aurora Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Aurora, LP	Ontario, Canada
SZR Barrington, LLC	Delaware
SZR Bloomfield Senior Living Opco, LLC (fka Cy-Fair Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Bloomfield Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR Bloomingdale Assisted Living Opco, L.L.C. (f/k/a Lorain Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Bloomingdale Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Illinois
SZR Blue Bell AL Limited Partnership	Pennsylvania
SZR Blue Bell AL Opco Limited Partnership	Delaware
SZR Bon Air, LLC	Delaware
SZR Buffalo Grove Assisted Living Opco, L.L.C. (f/k/a Shallowford Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Buffalo Grove Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Illinois
SZR Burlington Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Carmichael, LLC	Delaware
SZR Cascade, LLC	Delaware
SZR Chandler, LLC	Delaware
SZR Cherry Creek Senior Living Propco, LLC	Delaware
SZR Cherry Creek Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR Cinco Ranch, LLC	Delaware
SZR Columbia LLC	Delaware
SZR Columbia Propco LLC	Delaware

SZR Cuyahoga Falls Senior Living Opco, LLC (f/k/a Sherwood Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Cuyahoga Falls Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR East Cobb Assisted Living Limited Partnership	Georgia
SZR East Cobb Assisted Living Opco Limited Partnership	Delaware
SZR Edina Assisted Living Opco, L.L.C. (fka Maumelle Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Edina Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Minnesota
SZR Erin Mills GP Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Erin Mills Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Erin Mills, LP	Ontario, Canada
SZR First Assisted Living Holdings, LLC	Delaware
SZR Fleetwood A.L. Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Fleetwood A.L., L.L.C.	New York
SZR Fort Worth, LLC	Delaware
SZR Frisco, LLC	Delaware
SZR Garden Square at Westlake Opco, LLC	Delaware
SZR Granite Run AL Opco, L.L.C. (fka Windcrest Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Granite Run AL, L.L.C.	Pennsylvania
SZR Haverford AL Opco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Haverford AL, L.L.C.	Pennsylvania
SZR Hillcrest Senior Living Propco, LLC	Delaware
SZR Hillcrest Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR Holladay, LLC	Delaware
SZR Huntcliff Assisted Living Limited Partnership	Georgia
SZR Huntcliff Assisted Living Opco Limited Partnership	Delaware
SZR Huntcliff Summit I, LLC	Delaware
SZR IL Management, LLC	Delaware
SZR Ivey Ridge Assisted Living Limited Partnership	Georgia
SZR Ivey Ridge Assisted Living Opco Limited Partnership	Delaware
SZR Jackson, LLC	Delaware
SZR Jacksonville, LLC	Delaware
SZR Leawood, LLC	Delaware
SZR Lincoln Park LLC	Delaware
SZR Lincoln Park Opco LLC (f/k/a Byrd Springs Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Lower Makefield, LLC	Delaware
SZR Lynn Valley GP Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Lynn Valley, LP	Ontario, Canada
SZR Markham GP Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Markham Inc.	Ontario, Canada

SZR Markham, LP	Ontario, Canada
SZR Mission Viejo Assisted Living Propco, L.P.	Delaware
SZR Mission Viejo Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Virginia
SZR Mississauga GP, Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Mississauga Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Mississauga, LP	Ontario, Canada
SZR Morris Plains Assisted Living Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Morris Plains Assisted Living, L.L.C.	New Jersey
SZR New City Senior Living Propco, LLC	Delaware
SZR New City Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR North Ann Arbor Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR North Hills LP (fka SZR North Hills LLC)	Delaware
SZR North Hills Opco LP (fka Mountain Home Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR North York GP Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR North York Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Northville Assisted Living Opco, L.L.C. (fka Florence SC Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Northville Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Michigan
SZR Norwood LLC	Delaware
SZR Norwood Opco LLC (fka Braeswood Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Oakville Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR of Alexandria Assisted Living Opco, L.P.	Delaware
SZR of Alexandria Assisted Living, L.P.	Virginia
SZR of North York, LP	Ontario, Canada
SZR Old Meridian, LLC	Delaware
SZR Old Tappan Assisted Living Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Old Tappan Assisted Living, L.L.C.	New Jersey
SZR Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
SZR Orchard AL Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Orchard AL, L.L.C.	Colorado
SZR Overland Park, LLC	Delaware
SZR Pacific Palisades Assisted Living Propco, L.P.	Delaware
SZR Pacific Palisades Assisted Living, L.P.	California
SZR Palos Park Opco, LLC (f/k/a Brentwood Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Palos Park, LLC	Virginia
SZR Parma Assisted Living Opco, L.L.C. (f/k/a Wharton Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Parma Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Virginia
SZR Richmond Hill GP Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Richmond Hill Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Richmond Hill, LP	Ontario, Canada

SZR River Road, LLC	Delaware
SZR Riverside Assisted Living Propco, L.P. (f/k/a Southern Pines Propco, LP)	Delaware
SZR Riverside Assisted Living, L.P.	California
SZR Rochester Assisted Living Opco, LLC (fka Lake Jackson Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Rochester Assisted Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR Rocklin Senior Living Propco, LP (f/k/a Point Loma Propco, LP)	Delaware
SZR Rocklin Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR Rockville LLC	Delaware
SZR Rockville Propco LLC	Delaware
SZR San Mateo LLC	Delaware
SZR San Mateo Propco LP (f/k/a Las Villas Del Norte Propco, LP)	Delaware
SZR Sandy Senior Living Propco, LLC	Delaware
SZR Sandy Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
SZR Scottsdale Propco, LLC	Delaware
SZR Scottsdale, LLC	Delaware
SZR Second Assisted Living Holdings, LLC	Delaware
SZR Second Baton Rouge Assisted Living Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Second Baton Rouge Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Louisiana
SZR Second Westminster Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Colorado
SZR Second Westminster Assisted Living Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Smithtown A.L. Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Smithtown A.L., L.L.C.	New York
SZR Springfield Assisted Living Opco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Springfield Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Virginia
SZR Staten Island SL Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Staten Island SL, L.L.C.	New York
SZR Sterling Canyon Assisted Living Limited Partnership	California
SZR Sterling Canyon Assisted Living Propco, LP (f/k/a Northridge Propco, LP)	Delaware
SZR Troy Assisted Living Opco, L.L.C. (fka Cottonwood Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Troy Assisted Living, L.L.C.	Michigan
SZR US Investments, LLC	Delaware
SZR US UPREIT Three, LLC	Delaware
SZR US UPREIT, LLC	Delaware
SZR Victoria GP Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Victoria, LP	Ontario, Canada
SZR Wall Assisted Living Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Wall Assisted Living, L.L.C.	New Jersey
SZR Wayne Assisted Living Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware

SZR Wayne Assisted Living, L.L.C.	New Jersey
SZR Westfield Assisted Living Propco, L.L.C.	Delaware
SZR Westfield Assisted Living, L.L.C.	New Jersey
SZR Westlake Village LLC	Delaware
SZR Westlake Village Propco LP (f/k/a Las Villas Del Carlsbad Propco, LP)	Delaware
SZR Willowbrook Annex LLC	Delaware
SZR Willowbrook Annex Opco LLC (f/k/a Austin Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Willowbrook LLC	Delaware
SZR Willowbrook Opco LLC (f/k/a Heritage Woods Propco, LLC)	Delaware
SZR Windsor Inc.	Ontario, Canada
SZR Yorba Linda LLC	Delaware
SZR Yorba Linda Propco LP (f/k/a Little Avenue Propco, LP)	Delaware
TDN Opco Holdco, LLC	Delaware
Tempe AL RE, L.P.	Delaware
The Arboretum I Limited Partnership	Wisconsin
The Arboretum I Opco, LLC	Delaware
The Arboretum II Limited Partnership	Wisconsin
The Ponds of Pembroke Limited Partnership	Illinois
The Terrace at South Meadows, LLC	Delaware
THL 191 JV, LLC	Delaware
Timberlin Parc Realty Propco, LLC (fka EC Timberlin Parc Realty, LLC)	Delaware
Townsend CRB Development, LLC	Delaware
Tucson AL RE, L.P.	Delaware
Twain Investment Fund 104, LLC	Missouri
Twain Investment Fund 149, LLC	Missouri
Twain Investment Fund 33, LLC	Missouri
Twain Investment Fund 75, LLC	Missouri
uCity Academic Owner, LLC	Delaware
uCity Square One JV, LLC	Delaware
uCity Square One Owner, LLC (fka uCity Square One Building Condo, LLC)	Delaware
uCity Square One REIT, LLC	Delaware
Valley Manor Propco, LLC	Delaware
VAOC Newport Plaza, LP (fka JSL Blossom Grove, LP)	Delaware
VAOC Patrician, LP (fka JSL Caleo Bay, LP)	Delaware
VAOC Penasquitos, LP	Delaware
VB Ballwin SH, LLC	Delaware
VB Opco Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VB Propco Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VCC Healthcare Fund, LLC (f/k/a Ventas Healthcare Capital, LLC, f/k/a Ventas Sun LLC)	Delaware
Ventas AH Granbury, LLC	Delaware

Ventas AH Midwest, LLC	Delaware
Ventas AH Mustang, LLC	Delaware
Ventas AH Norman, LLC	Delaware
Ventas AH Reminisce, LLC	Delaware
Ventas AH Rockwall, LLC	Delaware
Ventas AH Temple, LLC	Delaware
Ventas AH Weatherford, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Amberleigh Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Amberleigh, LLC	Delaware
Ventas AOC Operating Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Ventas AOC Operating Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Arlington, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Bear Canyon Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Bear Canyon, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Beckley, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Birch Heights Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Birch Heights, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Bishop Place, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Bonaventure GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Bonaventure Opco, LP	Delaware
Ventas Bonaventure, LP	Delaware
Ventas Broadway MOB, LLC	Delaware
Ventas CA GP Holdings I, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Caley Ridge Holding, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Caley Ridge, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Canada Finance Limited (f/k/a 3280986 Nova Scotia Limited)	Nova Scotia
Ventas Canada Retirement I GP ULC (f/k/a Holiday Canada Retirement I GP ULC)	Nova Scotia
Ventas Canada Retirement I LP (f/k/a Holiday Canada Retirement I LP)	Ontario
Ventas Canada Retirement II GP ULC (f/k/a Holiday Canada Retirement II GP ULC)	Nova Scotia
Ventas Canada Retirement II LP (f/k/a Holiday Canada Retirement II LP)	Ontario
Ventas Canada Retirement III GP ULC (f/k/a Holiday Canada Retirement III GP ULC)	Nova Scotia
Ventas Canada Retirement III LP (f/k/a Holiday Canada Retirement III LP)	Ontario
Ventas Capital Corporation	Delaware
Ventas Carlisle, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Carroll MOB, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Cascade Valley, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Copperfield Estates Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Copperfield Estates, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Crown Pointe Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Crown Pointe, LLC	Delaware
Ventas CS, LLC (f/ka TH Merger Company, LLC)	Delaware
Ventas CW Finance, LLC	Delaware

Ventas Dasco MOB Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Devonshire (Lenox) Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Devonshire (Lenox), LLC	Delaware
Ventas East Lansing Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas East Lansing, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Edgewood Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Edgewood, LLC (f/k/a Ventas Paradise Valley, LLC)	Delaware
Ventas EH Holdings, LLC (f/k/a Ventas Cal Sun LLC)	Delaware
Ventas Euro Finance, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Fairwood, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Finance Holdings I, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Flagstone, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Forest Pines Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Forest Pines, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Framingham, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Garden Square of Casper, LLC	Delaware
Ventas GM GP Limited	Delaware
Ventas GM Holdings Limited	Delaware
Ventas Grantor Trust #1	Delaware
Ventas Grantor Trust #2	Delaware
Ventas Hartland Hills Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Hartland Hills, LLC (f/k/a Ventas Millcreek, LLC)	Delaware
Ventas Healthcare Properties, Inc.	Delaware
Ventas Healthcare Realty, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Highland Estates Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Highland Estates, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Highland Trail Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Highland Trail, LLC	Delaware
Ventas HOL Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas JCM Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Ventas Kittery Estates Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Kittery Estates, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Lafayette, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Lakewood Estates Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Lakewood Estates, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Las Palmas Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Las Palmas, LLC	Delaware
Ventas LHRET, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Life Sciences, LLC	Delaware
Ventas LP Realty, L.L.C.	Delaware
Ventas LS LP (f/k/a BMR-Wexford LP)	Delaware
Ventas LS MD, LLC	Delaware
Ventas LS TRS, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Mansion at Waterford, LLC	Delaware
Ventas McLoughlin, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Meadowbrook Place, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Meadows Elk Grove, LP	Delaware

Ventas Mezz Finance Leesburg, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Mezz Lender, LLC	Delaware
Ventas MOB Holdings II, LLC	Delaware
Ventas MOB Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas MS Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas MS, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Naples, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Nexcore Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas NSG Finance, LLC	Delaware
Ventas NV GP LLC	Delaware
Ventas Oak Terrace Opco GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Oak Terrace, LP	Delaware
Ventas of Blackpool Limited	Jersey
Ventas of Farnham Limited	Jersey
Ventas of Hull Limited	Jersey
Ventas of Vancouver Limited	Jersey
Ventas Ontario OC, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Palms GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Palms Opco, LP	Delaware
Ventas Palms, LP	Delaware
Ventas Paradise Springs Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Paradise Springs, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Patriot, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Pheasant Ridge, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Plano, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Polo Park Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Polo Park, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Provident, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Raleigh Opco GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Raleigh Opco, LP	Delaware
Ventas Raleigh, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Realty Capital Healthcare Trust Operating Partnership, L.P. (f/k/a American Realty Capital Healthcare Trust Operating Partnership, L.P.)	Delaware
Ventas Realty Capital Healthcare Trust Sub REIT, LLC (f/k/a American Realty Capital Healthcare Trust Sub REIT, LLC)	Delaware
Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership	Delaware
Ventas Redwood GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Redwood Opco, LP	Delaware
Ventas Redwood, LP	Delaware
Ventas REIT US Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Santa Barbara Opco GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Santa Barbara Opco, LP	Delaware
Ventas Santa Barbara, LLC	Delaware
Ventas SH Holdings I, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Shasta Estates GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Shasta Estates Opco, LP	Delaware
Ventas Shasta Estates, LP	Delaware

Ventas Sierra Ridge Opco GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Sierra Ridge, LP	Delaware
Ventas Skyline Place Opco GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Skyline Place, LP	Delaware
Ventas SL Holdings II, LLC	Delaware
Ventas SL I, LLC	Delaware
Ventas SL II, LLC	Delaware
Ventas SL III, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Springs Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Springs JV, LLC	Delaware
Ventas SSL Beacon Hill, Inc.	Ontario, Canada
Ventas SSL Holdings Finance, LLC	Delaware
Ventas SSL Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Ventas SSL Holdings, LLC	Delaware
Ventas SSL Lynn Valley, Inc.	Ontario, Canada
Ventas SSL Ontario II, Inc.	Ontario, Canada
Ventas SSL Ontario IV, Inc.	Ontario, Canada
Ventas SSL Vancouver, Inc.	Ontario, Canada
Ventas SSL, Inc.	Delaware
Ventas Sugar Valley (f/k/a Ventas Tucson, LLC)	Delaware
Ventas Sugar Valley Manager, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Sugar Valley Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Tanasbourne, LLC	Delaware
Ventas The Meadows Opco GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Tributary, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Trinity Finance, LP (f/k/a Ventas BKD Finance, LLC, f/k/a Ventas Mustang Finance, LLC)	Delaware
Ventas TRS, LLC	Delaware
Ventas UK Finance, Inc.	Delaware
Ventas UK Holdings I Limited	Jersey
Ventas UK I, LLC	Delaware
Ventas UK II, LLC	Delaware
Ventas UK Opco Holdings Limited	United Kingdom
Ventas UK Opco Limited	United Kingdom
Ventas UK Real Estate Limited	United Kingdom
Ventas Valencia GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Valencia Opco, LP	Delaware
Ventas Valencia, LP	Delaware
Ventas Ventures, LLC	Delaware
Ventas West Shore Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas West Shores, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Weston, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Whispering Chase Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Whispering Chase, LLC (f/k/a Ventas Peoria, LLC)	Delaware
Ventas White Bear Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas White Bear, LLC	Delaware
Ventas White Oaks Opco, LLC	Delaware

Ventas White Oaks, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Whitehall Estates, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Whitley Place Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Whitley Place, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Willow Gardens Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Willow Gardens, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Willow Grove GP, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Willow Grove Opco, LP	Delaware
Ventas Willow Grove, LP	Delaware
Ventas Woods at Canco Opco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas Woods at Canco, LLC	Delaware
Ventas, Inc.	Delaware
Venture Principal, LLC	Delaware
Venture Sub NC Holdco II, Inc.	Delaware
Venture Sub NC Holdco, Inc.	Delaware
Venture Sub, LLC	Delaware
Verdugo Management, LLC	California
Verdugo MOB, LP	California
Vernon Hills ACC, LLC	Delaware
Victoria Court Realty, LLC	Maine
Victorian Retirement Group II Ltd.	British Columbia
Victorian Retirement Group III Ltd.	British Columbia
Victorian Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
VLSHRE Chantilly Holdco, LLC (f/k/a VTR Adelaide, LLC)	Delaware
VLSHRE Fund GP, LLC	Delaware
VLSHRE Fund Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VLSHRE Parallel Fund REIT, LLC	Delaware
VLSHRE Parallel Fund, L.P.	Delaware
VMSJ TRS, LLC	Delaware
VOP Acacia Springs, LLC	Delaware
VOP Alder Bay GP, LLC	Delaware
VOP Alder Bay, LP	Delaware
VOP Arbor Rose, LLC	Delaware
VOP Arbor, LLC	Delaware
VOP Arbors Gulf Breeze, LLC	Delaware
VOP Arrowhead Lodge, LLC	Delaware
VOP Auburn, LLC	Delaware
VOP AVM Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VOP Beaver Dam, LLC	Delaware
VOP Berry Park, LLC	Delaware
VOP Bethany, LLC	Delaware
VOP Bishop Place, LLC	Delaware
VOP BSL Framingham, LLC	Delaware
VOP BSL Marlboro, LLC	Delaware
VOP Caley Ridge, LLC	Delaware
VOP Camellia Deerwood, LLC	Delaware
VOP Cascade Valley, LLC	Delaware
VOP Chateau Gardens, LLC	Delaware
VOP Chico CA GP, LLC	Delaware

VOP Chico, LP	Delaware
VOP Collier Park Beaumont, LLC	Delaware
VOP Country Club La Cholla, LLC	Delaware
VOP Cudahy, LLC	Delaware
VOP Derian Lodge, LLC	Delaware
VOP Derian Place, LLC	Delaware
VOP Dirigo Pines, LLC	Delaware
VOP DL Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VOP DSC Brookfield, LLC	Delaware
VOP DSC North Shore, LLC	Delaware
VOP DSC Orland Park, LLC	Delaware
VOP Dover, LLC	Delaware
VOP Duluth Heights Lodge, LLC	Delaware
VOP Encino Commons, LLC	Delaware
VOP Falls Run, LLC	Delaware
VOP Fitchburg, LLC	Delaware
VOP Flagstone, LLC	Delaware
VOP Flower Mound, LLC	Delaware
VOP Forsyth House, LLC	Delaware
VOP FP Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VOP Garden Square of Casper, LLC	Delaware
VOP Gorham, LLC	Delaware
VOP Grand Junction, LLC	Delaware
VOP Greeley, LLC	Delaware
VOP Green Valley, LLC	Delaware
VOP Hay Creek Lodge, LLC	Delaware
VOP HB Chatham Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP HB Effingham Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP HB Herrin Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP HB Marshall Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP HB Newton Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP HB Shelbyville Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP HC of Branford, LLC	Delaware
VOP HC of Madison, LLC	Delaware
VOP HC Plano, LLC	Delaware
VOP HC Riverwalk, LLC	Delaware
VOP HC Southlake, LLC	Delaware
VOP HC Wilmington, LLC	Delaware
VOP Hillsboro, LLC	Delaware
VOP Inspirations Pahrump, LLC	Delaware
VOP Jefferson, LLC	Delaware
VOP Lake Havasu City, LLC	Delaware
VOP Lancaster CA GP, LLC	Delaware
VOP Lancaster, LP	Delaware
VOP Magnolia House, LLC	Delaware
VOP Mangrove Bay, LLC	Delaware
VOP Mankato Lodge, LLC	Delaware
VOP Mansion at Waterford, LLC	Delaware
VOP Marysville CA GP, LLC	Delaware
VOP Marysville, LP	Delaware

VOP Mattison Crossing, LLC	Delaware
VOP McLoughlin Place, LLC	Delaware
VOP Meadowbrook Place, LLC	Delaware
VOP Meadowlands Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP MGS Bridgewater, LLC	Delaware
VOP MGS East Louisville, LLC	Delaware
VOP MGS Florence, LLC	Delaware
VOP MGS Lexington, LLC	Delaware
VOP MGS Louisville, LLC	Delaware
VOP MGS Loveland, LLC	Delaware
VOP MGS Southpointe, LLC	Delaware
VOP Minot, LLC	Delaware
VOP Mira Loma, LLC	Delaware
VOP Mountain Ridge, LLC	Delaware
VOP Necanicum, LLC	Delaware
VOP Newberg, LLC	Delaware
VOP Northgate Park, LLC	Delaware
VOP Oak Terrace, LP	Delaware
VOP Orchard Grove, LLC (f/k/a VOP River Oaks, LLC)	Delaware
VOP Oroville CA GP, LLC	Delaware
VOP Oroville, LP	Delaware
VOP Peninsula Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP Pheasant Ridge, LLC	Delaware
VOP Phoenix, LLC	Delaware
VOP Ponderosa Lodge, LLC	Delaware
VOP Poughkeepsie, LLC	Delaware
VOP Ranch Estates Scottsdale, LLC	Delaware
VOP Reagan Park, LLC	Delaware
VOP Richmond PL, LLC (f/k/a VOP Seagrass Fleming, LLC)	Delaware
VOP Rochester NY, LLC	Delaware
VOP Sabal House, LLC	Delaware
VOP Sandy, LLC	Delaware
VOP Sedgwick Plaza, LLC	Delaware
VOP SG Fleming, LLC	Delaware
VOP Sherwood, LLC	Delaware
VOP Sierra Ridge, LP	Delaware
VOP Sierra Vista, LLC	Delaware
VOP Skyline Place, LP	Delaware
VOP SLS Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VOP Solana, LLC	Delaware
VOP South Grove Lodge, LLC	Delaware
VOP St. Helens, LLC	Delaware
VOP St. James Opco, LLC	Delaware
VOP Stanley House, LLC	Delaware
VOP Strafford, LLC	Delaware
VOP Suzanne Elise, LLC	Delaware
VOP TB at Waco, LLC	Delaware
VOP The Highlands, LLC	Delaware
VOP The Meadows, LP	Delaware

VOP The Vistas GP, LLC	Delaware
VOP The Vistas, LP	Delaware
VOP Town Village Sterling Heights, LLC	Delaware
VOP Twin Rivers, LLC	Delaware
VOP Victory Station, LLC	Delaware
VOP Visalia CA GP, LLC	Delaware
VOP Visalia, LP	Delaware
VOP West Windsor, LLC	Delaware
VOP Willows Easley, LLC	Delaware
VOP York Harbor, LLC	Delaware
VP Garden City Opco, LLC	Delaware
VP Garden City Propco, LLC	Delaware
VP Holdingco, LLC	Delaware
VP Rock Hill Opco, LLC	Delaware
VP Rock Hill Propco, LLC	Delaware
VSCRE Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VSL GP II, LLC (fka VTR JSL GP II, LLC)	Delaware
VSL GP, LLC (fka VTR JSL GP, LLC)	Delaware
VSL Holdings II, LLC (fka Ventas JSL Holdings, LLC)	Delaware
VSL Holdings, LLC (fka Ventas JSL Property Holdings, LLC)	Delaware
VSL Newport Plaza, LP (fka VTR Blossom Grove, LP)	Delaware
VSL Patrician GP, LLC	Delaware
VSL Patrician, LP (fka VTR Caleo Bay, LP)	Delaware
VSL Penasquitos, LP	Delaware
VTCC Carroll MOB, LLC	Delaware
VTR 3440 Market, LLC	Delaware
VTR Acacia Springs, LLC	Delaware
VTR Alpharetta, LLC	Delaware
VTR AMS Bondco, LLC	Delaware
VTR AMS, Inc. (f/k/a Ardent Medical Services, Inc.)	Delaware
VTR Arboretum, LLC	Delaware
VTR Arbors Gulf Breeze, LLC	Delaware
VTR Ardsley, LLC	Delaware
VTR Ascension SV, LLC	Delaware
VTR Ashley Inn, LLC	Delaware
VTR Assisted Living, Inc.	Delaware
VTR Assisted Living, Virginia Beach, LLC	Delaware
VTR Athens Cancer, LLC	Delaware
VTR Atrium Belleville Owner, LLC	Delaware
VTR Avista MOB, LLC	Delaware
VTR Bailey Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Bailey MC, LLC	Delaware
VTR Ballwin, LLC	Delaware
VTR Baptist SA, LLC	Delaware
VTR Barrington POB Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VTR Bay Spring, LLC	Delaware

VTR Bayshore, LLC	Delaware
VTR Beaver Dam, LLC	Delaware
VTR Bethlehem, LLC	Delaware
VTR Bonita Propco, LP	Delaware
VTR Briarcliff Manor, LLC	Delaware
VTR BSL Framingham, LLC	Delaware
VTR BSL Marlboro, LLC	Delaware
VTR Building 60 Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Building 90 Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Burlingame, LP	California
VTR CA GP II, LLC	Delaware
VTR CAGP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Camellia Deerwood, LLC	Delaware
VTR Campana Del Rio, LLC	Delaware
VTR Canterbury Park, LLC	Delaware
VTR Canyon Springs, LLC	Delaware
VTR Carmichael Oaks Land, LLC	Delaware
VTR Carmichael Oaks, LP	Delaware
VTR Cedarbrook, LLC	Delaware
VTR Center City, LLC	Delaware
VTR Chandler Villas GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Chandler Villas, LP	California
VTR Chesterfield Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Chicago 93rd Street POB, LLC	Delaware
VTR Chico Assisted Living, LP	Delaware
VTR CO GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Collier Park Beaumont, LLC	Delaware
VTR Continental Medical Bldg., LLC	Delaware
VTR Copper Canyon, LLC	Delaware
VTR Country Club La Cholla, LLC	Delaware
VTR Countrywood Parking, LLC	Delaware
VTR Countrywood, LP	Delaware
VTR Covell GP I, LLC (f/k/a VTR Covell, LLC)	California
VTR Covell, LLC	Delaware
VTR Covell, LP	Delaware
VTR Crown Point (Parker) MOB, LLC	Delaware
VTR Cudahy, LLC	Delaware
VTR Cutter Mill, LLC	Delaware
VTR CW GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Daly City, LP	California
VTR Darien, LLC	Delaware
VTR Deer Valley MOB II, LLC	Delaware
VTR Deer Valley MOB III, LLC	Delaware
VTR Deer Valley Parking, LLC	Delaware
VTR Derian Lodge, LLC	Delaware
VTR Desert Samaritan, LLC	Delaware
VTR Dirigo Pines Land, LLC	Delaware
VTR Dirigo Pines, LLC	Delaware
VTR Dover, LLC	Delaware

VTR Downers Grove POB Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VTR DSC Brookfield, LLC	Delaware
VTR DSC North Shore, LLC	Delaware
VTR DSC Orland Park, LLC	Delaware
VTR Durham GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Durham, LP	Delaware
VTR East Lake PB, LLC	Delaware
VTR Eberle MOB, LLC	Delaware
VTR Encino Commons, LLC	Delaware
VTR Evergreen Woods, LLC	Delaware
VTR Falls Run, LLC	Delaware
VTR Falmouth, LLC	Delaware
VTR First Ave, LLC	Delaware
VTR Fitchburg, LLC	Delaware
VTR FM Texas Holdings GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Forest Hills, LLC	Delaware
VTR Forest Lake, LLC	Delaware
VTR Garden Park GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Garden Park, LP	Delaware
VTR Gilbert 2, LLC	Delaware
VTR Glen Cove, LLC	Delaware
VTR Golden Creek, Inc.	Delaware
VTR Grand Junction Propco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Grand Oaks GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Grand Oaks, LP	Delaware
VTR Great Neck, LLC	Delaware
VTR Greeley Propco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Green Valley Assisted Living, LLC	Delaware
VTR Harper Court Phase II Member, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hazel Crest, LLC	Delaware
VTR HC Plano, LLC	Delaware
VTR HC Riverwalk, LLC	Delaware
VTR HC Southlake, LLC	Delaware
VTR HC Wilmington, LLC	Delaware
VTR Heart Hospital Bondco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Heart Hospital, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hearthstone East, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hearthstone West, LLC	Delaware
VTR Henderson Assisted Living, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hertlin House, LLC	Delaware
VTR Highland Crossing, LLC	Kentucky
VTR Hillcrest Claremore, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hillcrest HS Tulsa, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hillcrest Inn GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hillcrest Inn, LP	Delaware
VTR Hillcrest MC Tulsa, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hillsdale, LLC	Delaware
VTR Hillsdale, LP	Delaware
VTR Hudson, LLC	Delaware
VTR Huntington, LLC	Delaware

VTR II Acquisition LLC	Delaware
VTR III Acquisition LLC	Delaware
VTR Inspirations Pahrump, LLC	Delaware
VTR Jacksonville Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
VTR Jefferson Clinic MOB, LLC	Delaware
VTR Jefferson, LLC	Delaware
VTR Johnson Ferry, LLC	Delaware
VTR Jupiter, LLC	Delaware
VTR Kennebunk, LLC	Delaware
VTR Kew Gardens, LLC	New York
VTR KH LA GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR KH LA, LP	Delaware
VTR KH LVE, LLC	Delaware
VTR KH RC GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR KH RC, LP	Delaware
VTR KH SGV GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR KH SGV, LP	Delaware
VTR KH TPB, LLC	Delaware
VTR KH WNT Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VTR Kinghaven, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lake Havasu Assisted Living, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lake Palestine, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lakeland Medical, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lancaster Assisted Living, LP	Delaware
VTR Landon Lake Highlands Owner, LLC	Delaware
VTR Las Posas, LP	California
VTR Legacy Drive, LLC (f/k/a VTR DOB III MOB, LLC)	Delaware
VTR Lonestar, LLC	Delaware
VTR Longmeadow Place, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lovelace MC & Rehab, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lovelace Roswell Bondco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lovelace Roswell, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lovelace Westside, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lovelace WH Bondco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Lovelace WH, LLC	Delaware
VTR LS 115 N. 38th Street, LLC (f/k/a Wexford 115 N. 38th Street, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS 225 N. 38th Street UT, LLC (f/k/a Wexford 225 N. 38th Street UT, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS 225 N. 38th Street, LLC (f/k/a Wexford 225 N. 38th Street, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS 3701 Filbert Street UT, LLC (f/k/a Wexford 3701 Filbert Street UT, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS 3701 Filbert Street, LLC (f/k/a Wexford 3701 Filbert Street, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS 4220 Duncan, LLC	Delaware
VTR LS 4300 Duncan, LLC	Delaware
VTR LS 4320 Forest Park, LLC (f/k/a Wexford 4320 Forest Park, LLC)	Delaware

VTR LS 5051 Centre P1 Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VTR LS 75 N. 38th Street, LLC	Delaware
VTR LS Bailey Developer, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Bailey Developer, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Baltimore Garage, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Baltimore Garage, LLC)	Maryland
VTR LS Baltimore-Poppleton, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Baltimore-Poppleton, LLC)	Maryland
VTR LS BioPark Land Acquisition I, LLC (f/k/a Wexford BioPark Land Acquisition I, LLC)	Maryland
VTR LS BSP Funding, LLC (f/k/a Wexford BSP Funding, LLC)	Maryland
VTR LS BSP Partners, LLC (f/k/a Wexford BSP Partners, LLC)	Maryland
VTR LS Building 60 Developer, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Building 60 Developer, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Building 90 Developer, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Building 90 Developer, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Building 91 Developer, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Building 91 Developer, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Building 91 Manager, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Building 91 Manager, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Chesterfield Developer, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Chesterfield Developer, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Chesterfield Parking, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Chesterfield Parking, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS CTI GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR LS CTI, LP	Delaware
VTR LS Danforth, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Danforth, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Development, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Development, LLC)	Maryland
VTR LS Finance, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Finance, LLC)	Maryland
VTR LS Heritage Development, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Heritage Development, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Heritage Manager, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Heritage Manager, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Hershey Holdings One, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Hershey Holdings One, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Hershey Holdings Two, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Hershey Holdings Two, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Hershey, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Hershey, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS KSC GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR LS KSC, LP	Delaware
VTR LS Management, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Management, LLC)	Delaware

VTR LS Maryland BioPark 3, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Maryland BioPark 3, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Maryland BioPark One, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Maryland BioPark One, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Miami Property Acquisitions, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Miami Property Acquisitions, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS Realty Holdings II, Inc. (f/k/a BioMed Realty Holdings II, Inc.)	Maryland
VTR LS Science Center 2, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Science Center 2, LLC)	Maryland
VTR LS Tech Park, LLC	Delaware
VTR LS University City HS, LLC (f/k/a Wexford University City HS, LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS-George Member LLC (f/k/a BMR-George Member LLC)	Delaware
VTR LS-UCSC II GP, LLC (f/k/a Wexford-UCSC II GP, LLC)	Delaware
VTR Lynbrook, LLC	Delaware
VTR Madison House, LLC	Delaware
VTR Management Services Jefferson, LLC (f/k/a Lillibridge Facilities Development, Inc.)	Delaware
VTR Manresa Business Trust	Maryland
VTR Manresa, LLC	Delaware
VTR Marland Place II, LLC	Delaware
VTR Marland Place III, LLC	Delaware
VTR Marland Place, LLC	Delaware
VTR Marysville Assisted Living, LP	Delaware
VTR Mattison Crossing, LLC	Delaware
VTR Medical Plaza I Athens, LLC	Delaware
VTR Medical Plaza II Athens, LLC	Delaware
VTR Merrywood, LLC	Delaware
VTR Mezz Guarantee LLC	Delaware
VTR Mezz II, LLC	Delaware
VTR Mezz III, LLC	Delaware
VTR Mezz LLC	Delaware
VTR MGS Bridgewater, LLC	Delaware
VTR MGS East Louisville, LLC	Delaware
VTR MGS Florence, LLC	Delaware
VTR MGS Lexington, LLC	Delaware
VTR MGS Louisville, LLC	Delaware
VTR MGS Loveland, LLC	Delaware
VTR MGS Southpointe, LLC	Delaware
VTR Montego Heights, LP	California
VTR Mulvane Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
VTR Nevada Assisted Living, LLC	Delaware
VTR Newburgh, LLC	Delaware
VTR Northeast Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VTR Northgate Park, LLC	Delaware

VTR Northport Development, LLC	New York
VTR Oak Knoll Land, LLC	Delaware
VTR Oak Knoll, LP	Delaware
VTR Oak Lawn POB, LLC	Delaware
VTR OCE Indy, LLC	Delaware
VTR Olympic Plaza, LLC	Delaware
VTR Orchard Grove, LLC (f/k/a VTR River Oaks, LLC)	Delaware
VTR Oroville Assisted Living, LP	Delaware
VTR Palm Desert, LLC	Delaware
VTR Palm Desert, LP	Delaware
VTR Papago Medical Park, LLC	Delaware
VTR Parkrose Estates Owner, LLC	Delaware
VTR PCM, LLC	Delaware
VTR Pearl Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Phoenix, LLC	Delaware
VTR Plainview, LLC	Delaware
VTR Plano, LLC	Delaware
VTR Poughkeepsie, LLC	Delaware
VTR Property Holdings Carrollton GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Property Holdings Carrollton, LP	Texas
VTR Property Holdings Copeland, LLC	Delaware
VTR Property Holdings Cypresswood, LLC	Delaware
VTR Property Holdings Grapevine, LP	Texas
VTR Property Holdings Richardson, LLC	Delaware
VTR Property Holdings Westchase GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Property Holdings Westchase, LP	Texas
VTR Property Sectors, LLC (fka Ventas Senior Housing, LLC)	Delaware
VTR Quail Ridge, LP	Delaware
VTR R&I Procurement Holdings Member, LLC	Delaware
VTR R&I Procurement Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VTR Raleigh GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Raleigh, LLC	Delaware
VTR Raleigh, LP	Delaware
VTR Ranch Estates Scottsdale, LLC	Delaware
VTR Rancho Mirage Propco, LP	Delaware
VTR Reagan Park, LLC	Delaware
VTR Retirement and Assisted Living Briarcliff, LLC	Delaware
VTR Richland Hills, LLC	Delaware
VTR Richmond PL, LLC (f/k/a VTR Seagrass Fleming, LLC)	Delaware
VTR Riverdale LLC	New York
VTR Rochester NY, LLC	Delaware
VTR Rock Creek, LLC	Delaware
VTR Roslyn, LLC	Delaware
VTR Rye Brook, LLC	Delaware
VTR Salisbury Business Trust	Maryland
VTR Salisbury, LLC	Delaware

VTR Salmon Creek, LLC	Delaware
VTR San Felipe Propco, LP	Delaware
VTR San Francisco MOB, LLC	Delaware
VTR Science & Technology, LLC (f/k/a Wexford Science & Technology, LLC)	Maryland
VTR Scottsdale, LLC	Delaware
VTR Seaside, LLC	Delaware
VTR Sedgwick Plaza, LLC	Delaware
VTR Senior Living LLC	Delaware
VTR SG Fleming, LLC	Delaware
VTR SH Mangrove Bay, LLC	Delaware
VTR SHI Conveyance, LLC	Delaware
VTR SHI TRS, LLC	Delaware
VTR SHI Venture, LLC	Delaware
VTR Shorehaven Owner, LLC	Delaware
VTR Sierra Vista Assisted Living, LLC	Delaware
VTR Solana, LLC	Delaware
VTR South Ogden, LLC	Delaware
VTR SouthCreek, LLC	Delaware
VTR Spring Creek Inn, LLC	Delaware
VTR SQ Holdings Corp.	Delaware
VTR SQ Interim Corp.	Delaware
VTR SQ, LLC	Delaware
VTR SRM Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Stamford, LLC	Delaware
VTR Stratford, LLC	Connecticut
VTR Summit Hills, LLC	Delaware
VTR Sunlake, LLC	Delaware
VTR Sunnyvale, LP	California
VTR Sutter Roseville, LLC	Delaware
VTR Sutton Terrace, LLC	Delaware
VTR Swap II LLC	Delaware
VTR Swap LLC	Delaware
VTR Tanglewood, LLC	Delaware
VTR Tarzana GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Tarzana, LLC	Delaware
VTR Tarzana, LP	Delaware
VTR TB at Waco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Temecula GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Temecula Land, LLC	Delaware
VTR Temecula, LP	Delaware
VTR Texas Holdings GP II, LLC	Delaware
VTR Texas Holdings GP, LLC	Delaware
VTR Texas Holdings II, LP	Texas
VTR Texas Holdings, LP	Texas
VTR The Branches, LLC	Delaware
VTR The Highlands Land, LLC	Delaware
VTR The Highlands, LLC	Delaware
VTR Thunderbird Paseo Medical Plaza, LLC	Delaware
VTR Tinton Falls Corp.	New Jersey

VTR Town Village Audubon Park Owner, LLC	Delaware
VTR Town Village Sterling Heights, LLC	Delaware
VTR Town Village Tulsa Owner, LLC	Delaware
VTR Town Village Vestavia Hills Owner, LLC	Delaware
VTR TRS Holdco, LLC	Delaware
VTR Tucker, LLC	Delaware
VTR Twin Rivers, LLC	Delaware
VTR Tyler South Broadway, LLC	Delaware
VTR UT Health Cedar Creek, LLC	Delaware
VTR UT Health East HOPE, LLC	Delaware
VTR UT Health East Jacksonville, LLC	Delaware
VTR UT Health East Mineola, LLC	Delaware
VTR UT Health East Olympic Pittsburg, LLC	Delaware
VTR UT Health East Rusk, LLC	Delaware
VTR UT Health Rehab Olympic, LLC	Delaware
VTR Vacaville MOB, LLC (f/k/a VTR Barret Avenue MOB, LLC)	Delaware
VTR Valley View, LP	California
VTR Villa Campana II, LLC	Delaware
VTR Victory Station, LLC	Delaware
VTR Visalia Assisted Living, LP	Delaware
VTR Vistas Longmont, LLC	Delaware
VTR West Windsor, LLC	Delaware
VTR Willow Glen, LP	Delaware
VTR Willows Easley, LLC	Delaware
VTRAZ Manager, LLC	Delaware
VTR-EMRTS Holdings, LLC	Delaware
VTRLTH MAB I, LLC	Delaware
VTRLTH MAB II, LLC	Delaware
VTR-UCSC 3401 JV, LLC	Delaware
WE George Street Holding LLC	Delaware
WE George Street, L.L.C.	Delaware
West Medical Office I, LP	South Carolina
West Tennessee Investors, LLC	Tennessee
Wexford Building 90 Investment Fund, LLC	Missouri
Wexford Miami Holding, LLC	Delaware
Wexford Miami, LLC	Delaware
Wexford UMB 2, LLC	Maryland
Wexford Winston-Salem Building 91, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-CV SSL Joint Venture, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-CV SSL Manager, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-SCEC 3675 Market Street JV, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-SCEC 3675 Market Street UT, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-SCEC 3675 Market Street, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-UCSC 3737 Joint Venture, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-UCSC 3737 Member, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-UCSC 3737, LLC	Delaware
Wexford-UCSC II, LP	Delaware
WG 86th Street SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Alden Place, LLC	Delaware

WG Alpharetta, LLC	Delaware
WG Aquidneck Place SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Arboretum, LLC	Delaware
WG Bay Spring SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Bayshore SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Bethlehem SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Briarcliff Manor SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Burlingame SH, LP	Delaware
WG Campana Del Rio SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Carmichael Oaks, LP	Delaware
WG Carrollton SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Center City SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Chandler Villas SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Chateau Gardens SH, LP	Delaware
WG Chateau San Juan SH, LP	Delaware
WG CO GP, LLC	Delaware
WG Collwood Knolls SH, LP	Delaware
WG Copeland SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Countrywood, LP	Delaware
WG Covell SH GP, LLC	Delaware
WG Covell SH, LP	Delaware
WG Covina SH, LP	Delaware
WG Cranford SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Crossroads Place, LLC	Delaware
WG Cutter Mill SH, LLC	Delaware
WG CW GP, LLC	Delaware
WG Cypresswood SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Daly City SH, LP	Delaware
WG Darien SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Del Rey SH GP, LP	Delaware
WG Del Rey SH, LP	Delaware
WG Del Sol SH GP, LLC	Delaware
WG Del Sol SH, LP	Delaware
WG Draper Place, LLC	Delaware
WG Durham GP, LLC	Delaware
WG Durham, LP	Delaware
WG East Northport SH, LLC	Delaware
WG El Camino Gardens SH, LP	Delaware
WG Encinitas SH, LP	Delaware
WG Evergreen Woods SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Falmouth SH II, LLC	Delaware
WG Falmouth SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Forest Hills SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Forest Lake SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Garden Park, LP	Delaware
WG Glen Cove SH, LLC	Delaware
WG GO GP, LLC	Delaware
WG Golden Creek SH, LP	Delaware
WG Grand Oaks, LP	Delaware
WG Grapevine SH, LLC	Delaware

WG Great Neck SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Greenridge Place, LLC	Delaware
WG Hacienda SH, LP	Delaware
WG Hamilton Heights Place, LLC	Delaware
WG Harborhill Place SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Hearthstone East SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Hearthstone West SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Heritage LF, LLC	Delaware
WG Hertlin House, LLC	Delaware
WG Highland Crossing SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Hillcrest Inn SH, LP	Delaware
WG Hillsdale SH, LP	Delaware
WG Hudson SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Huntington SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Johnson Ferry SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Jupiter, LLC	Delaware
WG Kennebunk SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Kew Gardens SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Kinghaven SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Kingwood SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Larson Place, LLC	Delaware
WG Las Posas SH, LP	Delaware
WG Lincoln Place SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Longmeadow Place SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Lynbrook SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Manresa SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Marina Place, LLC	Delaware
WG Marland Place SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Merrimack Place, LLC	Delaware
WG Merrywood SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Montego Heights SH, LP	Delaware
WG Newburgh SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Oak Knoll, LP	Delaware
WG Palm Desert, Inc.	California
WG Plainview SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Plano, LLC	Delaware
WG Quail Ridge, LP	Delaware
WG Raleigh, LP	Delaware
WG Rancho Park SH, LP	Delaware
WG Richardson SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Richland Hills, LLC	Delaware
WG Riverdale SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Roslyn, LLC	Delaware
WG Rye Brook SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Salisbury SH, LLC	Delaware
WG San Pablo SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Scottsdale, LLC	Delaware
WG Seville SH, LLC	Delaware
WG South Hills SH, LLC	Delaware
WG South Setauket SH, LLC	Delaware

WG Stamford SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Stratford SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Sugar Land SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Summit Hills SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Summit Ridge SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Sunlake SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Sunnyvale SH, LP	Delaware
WG Sutton Terrace SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Tamalpais Creek SH, LP	Delaware
WG Tanglewood SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Tarzana, LP	Delaware
WG Temecula, LP	Delaware
WG Tinton Falls SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Tucker, LLC	Delaware
WG Valley Manor SH, LLC (f/k/a VTR Valley Manor, LLC)	Delaware
WG Valley View SH, LP	Delaware
WG Villa Campana, LLC	Delaware
WG Virginia Beach SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Vistas Longmont, LLC	Delaware
WG Westchase SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Weston Place SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Willow Glen SH, LP	Delaware
WG Willow Park SH, LLC	Delaware
WG Woodlands SH, LLC	Delaware
Whitby Retirement Group II Ltd.	British Columbia
Whitby Retirement Group Ltd.	British Columbia
Woodbriar Senior Living, LLC	Delaware
Woodlake Realty, LLC	Delaware
WWMLD Limited Liability Company	Wisconsin
WWMLD Opco, LLC	Delaware
Xenia Nominee LLC	Delaware
Xenia Nominee LP	Delaware

List of Guarantors and Issuers of Guaranteed Securities

As of December 31, 2024, Ventas, Inc. is the guarantor of the outstanding guaranteed debt securities of its subsidiaries, as listed below.

Debt Instrument	Issuer
2.65% Senior Note due 2025	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
3.50% Senior Notes due 2025	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
4.125% Senior Notes due 2026	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
3.75% Exchangeable Senior Notes due 2026	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
3.25% Senior Notes due 2026	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
3.85% Senior Notes due 2027	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
2.45% Senior Notes due 2027 Series G	Ventas Canada Finance Limited
4.00% Senior Notes due 2028	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
5.398% Senior Notes due 2028 Series I	Ventas Canada Finance Limited
4.40% Senior Notes due 2029	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
5.10% Senior Notes due 2029 Series J	Ventas Canada Finance Limited
3.00% Senior Note due 2030	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
4.75% Senior Note due 2030	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
3.30% Senior Notes due 2031 Series H	Ventas Canada Finance Limited
2.50% Senior Note due 2031	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
5.625% Senior Note due 2034	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
5.00% Senior Notes due 2035	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
6.90% Senior Notes due 2037	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
6.59% Senior Notes due 2038	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
5.70% Senior Notes due 2043	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
4.375% Senior Notes due 2045	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership
4.875% Senior Notes due 2049	Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We consent to the incorporation by reference in

- The Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-277185) pertaining to the common stock, preferred stock, depository shares, warrants, debt securities and guarantees of debt securities of Ventas, Inc. and debt securities and guarantees of debt securities of Ventas Realty, Limited Partnership;
- The Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-183121) pertaining to the Ventas, Inc. 2012 Incentive Plan;
- The Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-173434) pertaining to the Nationwide Health Properties, Inc. 2005 Performance Incentive Plan, as Amended;
- The Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-136175) pertaining to the Ventas, Inc. 2006 Incentive Plan and Ventas, Inc. 2006 Stock Plan for Directors;
- The Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-126639) pertaining to the Ventas Employee and Director Stock Purchase Plan;
- The Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-118944) pertaining to the Ventas Executive Deferred Stock Compensation Plan and Ventas Non-Employee Directors' Cash Compensation Deferral Plan;
- The Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-61552) pertaining to the Ventas, Inc. Common Stock Purchase Plan for Directors;
- The Registration Statement (Form S-3 No. 333-267500) pertaining to the common stock of Ventas, Inc.;
- The Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-267498) pertaining to the Ventas, Inc. 2022 Incentive Plan

and in the related Prospectuses of Ventas, Inc. of our reports dated February 13, 2025, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and the related notes, and financial statement schedules III and IV of Ventas, Inc. and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Chicago, Illinois
February 13, 2025

I, Debra A. Cafaro, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Ventas, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report, any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 13, 2025

/s/ DEBRA A. CAFARO

Debra A. Cafaro
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

I, Robert F. Probst, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Ventas, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report, any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting, which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 13, 2025

/s/ ROBERT F. PROBST

Robert F. Probst
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Ventas, Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Debra A. Cafaro, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 13, 2025

/s/ DEBRA A. CAFARO

Debra A. Cafaro
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Ventas, Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Robert F. Probst, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: February 13, 2025

/s/ ROBERT F. PROBST

Robert F. Probst
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.