2Q23

Financial Results

NYSE: OMF | July 26, 2023

OneMain Financial

Important Information

The following slides are part of a presentation by OneMain Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") in connection with reporting quarterly financial results and are intended to be viewed as part of that presentation. No representation is made that the information in these slides is complete. For additional financial, statistical, and business-related information, as well as information regarding business and segment trends, see the earnings release and financial supplement included as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 26, 2023, and available in the Investor Relations section on the Company's website (www.omf.com) and the SEC's website (www.sec.gov).

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This document contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Statements preceded by, followed by or that otherwise include the words "anticipates," "appears," "assumes," "believes," "can," "continues," "could," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "foresees," "goals," "intends," "likely," "objective," "plans," "projects," "target," "trend," "remains," and similar expressions or future or conditional verbs such as "could," "may," "might," "should," "will" or "would" are intended to identify forward-looking statements, but these words are not the exclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact but instead represent only management's current beliefs regarding future events, objectives, goals, projections, strategies, performance, and future plans, and underlying assumptions and other statements related thereto. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. By their nature, forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other important factors that may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by such forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by forward-looking statements include, without limitation, the following: adverse changes and volatility in general economic conditions, including the interest rate environment and the financial markets; the sufficiency of our allowance for finance receivable losses; increased levels of unemployment and personal bankruptcies; the current inflationary environment and related trends affecting customers; natural or accidental events such as earthquakes, hurricanes, pandemics, floods or wildfires affecting our customers, collateral, or our facilities; a failure in or breach of our information, operational or security systems or infrastructure or those of third parties, including as a result of cyber-attacks, war or other disruptions; the adequacy of our credit risk scoring models; adverse changes in our ability to attract and retain employees or key executives; increased competition or adverse changes in customer responsiveness to our distribution channels or products; changes in federal, state, or local laws, regulations, or regulatory policies and practices or increased regulatory scrutiny of our business or industry; risks associated with our insurance operations; the costs and effects of any actual or alleged violations of any federal, state, or local laws, rules or regulations; the costs and effects of any fines, penalties, judgments, decrees, orders, inquiries, investigations, subpoenas, or enforcement or other proceedings of any governmental or quasi-governmental agency or authority; our substantial indebtedness and our continued ability to access the capital markets and maintain adequate current sources of funds to satisfy our cash flow requirements; our ability to comply with all of our covenants; the effects of any downgrade of our debt ratings by credit rating agencies; and other risks and uncertainties described in the "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis" sections of the Company's most recent Form 10-K filed with the SEC and in the Company's other filings with the SEC from time to time.

If one or more of these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, our actual results may vary materially from what we may have expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. You should specifically consider the factors identified in this document that could cause actual results to differ before making an investment decision to purchase our securities. Furthermore, new risks and uncertainties arise from time to time, and it is impossible for us to predict those events or how they may affect us.

Forward looking statements included in this presentation speak only as of the date on which they were made. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this presentation or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events or the non-occurrence of anticipated events, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise, except as required by law.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We report the operating results of Consumer and Insurance using the Segment Accounting Basis, which (i) reflects our allocation methodologies for interest expense and operating costs, to reflect the manner in which we assess our business results and (ii) excludes the impact of applying purchase accounting (eliminates premiums/discounts on our finance receivables and long-term debt at acquisition, as well as the amortization/accretion in future periods). Consumer and Insurance adjusted pretax income (loss), Consumer and Insurance adjusted net income (loss), and Consumer and Insurance adjusted earnings (loss) per diluted share are key performance measures used to evaluate the performance of our business. Consumer and Insurance adjusted pretax income (loss) represents income (loss) before income taxes on a Segment Accounting Basis and excludes regulatory settlements, net gain or loss resulting from repurchases and repayments of debt, the expense associated with the cash-settled stock-based awards, and other items and strategic activities, which include direct costs associated with COVID-19 and restructuring charges. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures are useful in assessing the profitability of our segment.

Management also uses pretax capital generation and capital generation, non-GAAP financial measures, as a key performance measure of our segment. Pretax capital generation represents Consumer & Insurance adjusted pretax income, as discussed above, and excludes the change in our Consumer & Insurance allowance for finance receivable losses in the period while still considering the Consumer & Insurance net charge-offs during the period. Capital generation represents the after-tax effect of pretax capital generation.

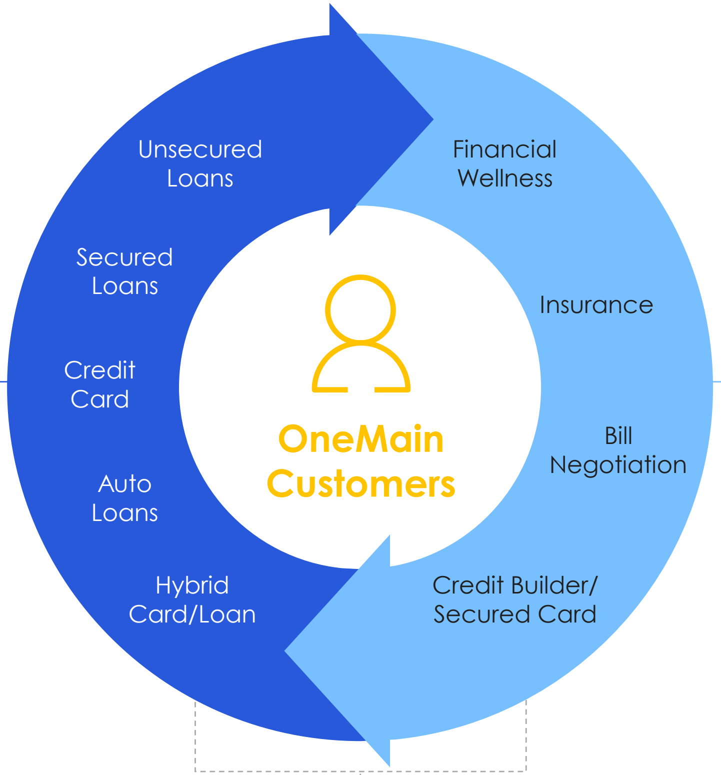
Management believes that these non-GAAP measures are useful in assessing the capital created in the period impacting the overall capital adequacy of the Company. Management believes that the Company's reserves, combined with its equity, represent the Company's loss absorption capacity.

Management utilizes these non-GAAP measures in evaluating our performance. Additionally, these non-GAAP measures are consistent with the performance goals established in OMH's executive compensation program. These non-GAAP financial measures should be considered supplemental to, but not as a substitute for or superior to, income (loss) before income taxes, net income, or other measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Our Future Vision is to Deepen & Broaden Customer Relationships

Meet the needs of today

Lending products



Progress to a better future

Products & Services that increase engagement, build loyalty & provide access to proprietary data

Omnichannel Distribution and Servicing

Proprietary Data

Expanded Channels/Partnerships

2Q23 Financial Highlights

$3.7 billion
Originations
With conservative credit posture

$21.4 billion
Managed Receivables*
Up 6% YoY

$159 million
Credit Card Receivables
~230,000 cards

2.7 million
Customer Accounts
2.3 million at 4Q20

$192 million
Capital Generation*
C&I Adj. Net Income $122 million*

17.4%
Net Interest Margin*
Loan portfolio yield of 22.2%*

7.6%
Loan Net Charge-offs*
30-89 Loan DQ: 2.76%*

7.1%
OpEx Ratio*
Down 6bps YoY

$7.4 billion
Undrawn Bank Facilities
5 renewals YTD

$825 million
ABS Issuance
5-Year revolver at 5.8%

$500 million
Bond Issuance; due 2029
9.0% coupon; callable 2025

$1.00 per share
Dividend Declared
~8% dividend yield[1]

*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms.
1. Yield assumes regular annual dividend of $4.00 over closing share price of $48.38 as of July 24, 2023.

2Q23 Financial Results

($ in millions, except Average Assets and Average Net Receivables in billions, and per share statistics)

Earnings Summary

	2Q23	1Q23	2Q22
Consumer & Insurance*	$162	$236	$309
Other	0	(1)	0
Reconciling Items*	(24)	0	(31)
Pretax Income	$138	$235	$278
Taxes	(35)	(56)	(70)
Net Income	$103	$179	$208
Effective Tax Rate	25.4%	24.0%	25.3%
Diluted EPS	$0.85	$1.48	$1.67
Average Assets*	$22.9	$22.7	$22.2
Return on Assets*	1.8%	3.2%	3.8%

C&I* Adjusted Earnings Summary

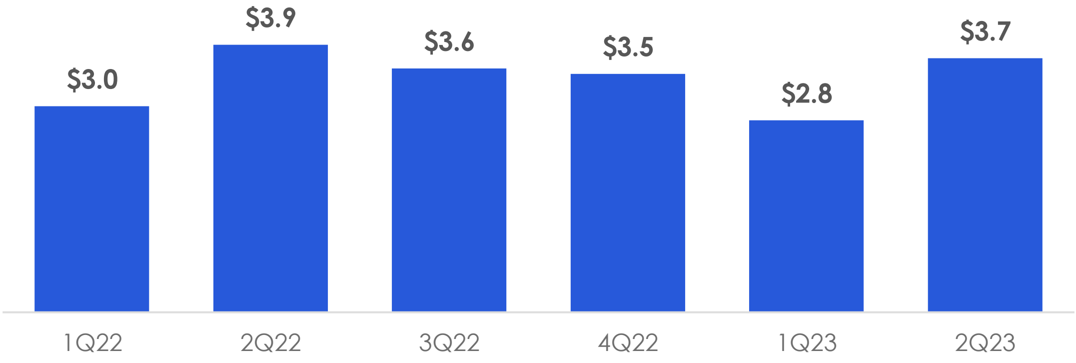
	2Q23	1Q23	2Q22
Interest Income	$1,115	$1,092	$1,104
Other Net Revenue	138	129	111
Provision for Loan Losses	(479)	(385)	(338)
Operating Expenses	(370)	(362)	(350)
Interest Expense	(242)	(238)	(218)
Adjusted Pretax Income	$162	$236	$309
Adjusted Net Income[1]	$122	$177	$232
Adjusted Diluted EPS	$1.01	$1.46	$1.86
Avg. Net Receivables (ANR)	$20.1	$19.9	$19.2
Capital Generation[1]	$192	$179	$273
Capital Generation RoR	3.8%	3.7%	5.7%

Note: On January 1, 2023, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Update 2018-12, "Financial Services - Insurance: Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts". In accordance with this standard, the Company has recast its prior period financial information to reflect the effects of the adoption. Figures may not add due to rounding.
*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms.
1. Assumes a tax rate of 25% for all periods shown.

Originations & Receivables (C&I)*

($ in billions, unless noted)

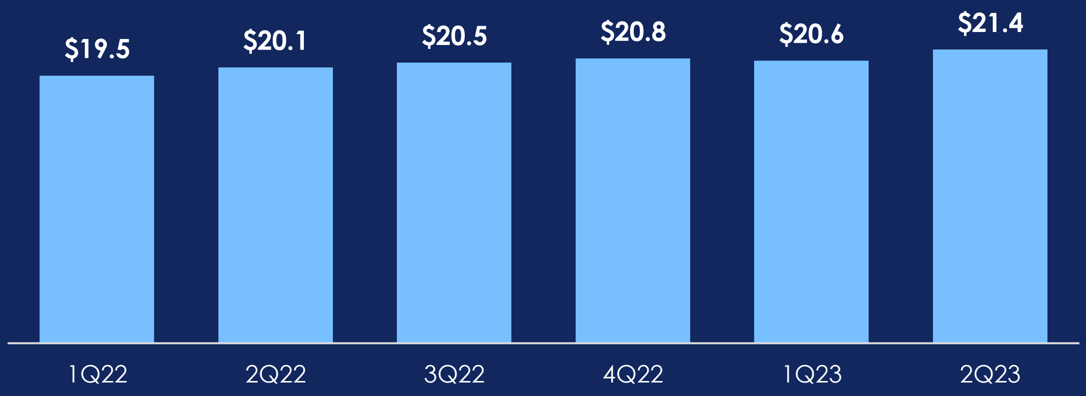
Loan Originations



Highlights

- Continue to tighten underwriting in lower ROE segments; closely monitoring evolving macroeconomic environment
- Continued positive competitive dynamics and growth in secured lending distribution channels
- Originations APR up modestly vs prior year reflecting recent pricing actions

Managed Receivables



Highlights

- Managed Receivables up 6% vs 2Q22
- 2Q23 includes $849 million of receivables sold through our loan sale partnerships and $159 million of credit card receivables
- Loan portfolio yield of 22.2%, reflecting continued impacts from the current macroeconomic environment

*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms.

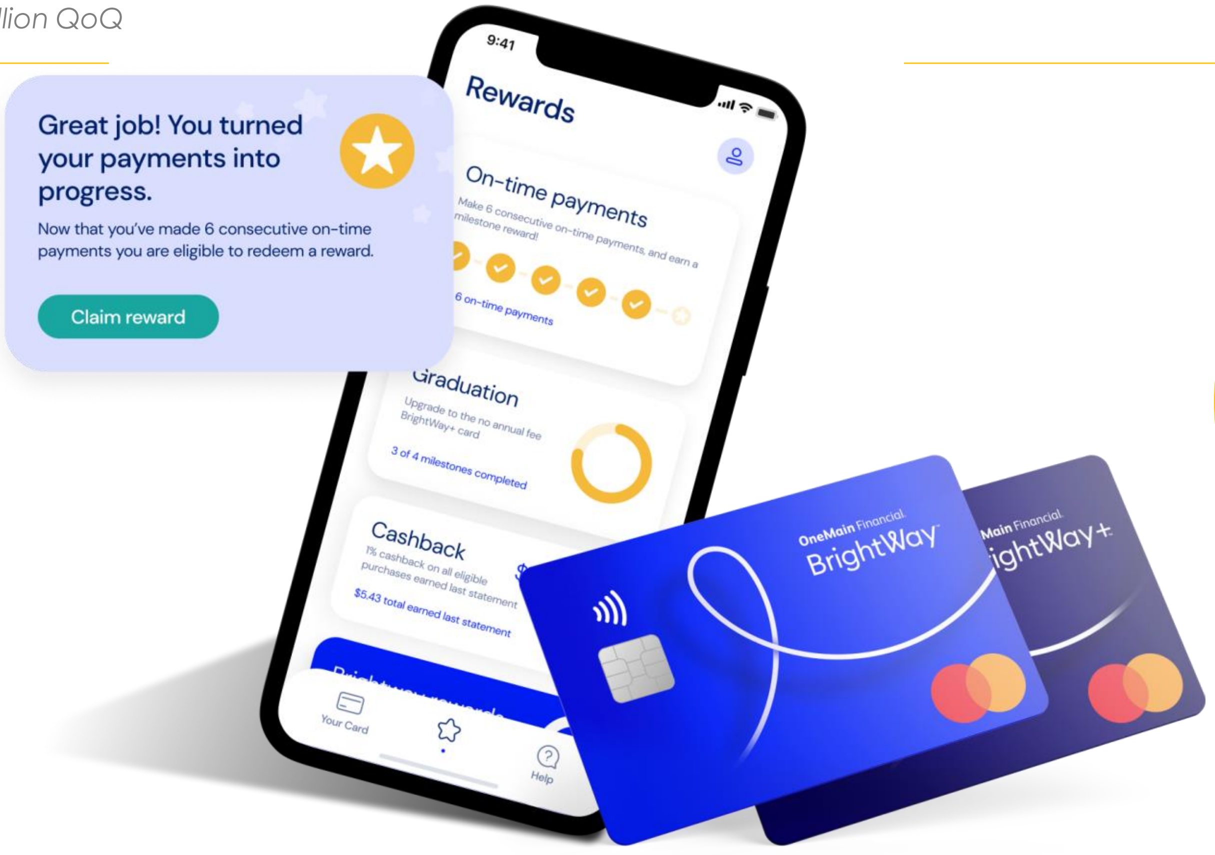
Targeted & Disciplined BrightWay® Credit Card Rollout

~230 thousand
Credit Cards
up ~70 thousand QoQ

$159 million
Receivables
up $37 million QoQ

85%+ payments
Made in the app

4.5+ stars
App store ratings



Top spending categories

- Restaurants
- Retail stores
- Gas stations

Rewarding milestones, great digital experience

Cards expected to drive $100+ million annual capital generation by 2025 with attractive growth beyond[1]

Note: BrightWay® is a registered trademark of OneMain Financial Holdings, LLC. The BrightWay® credit card is issued by WebBank.
1. See Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements at the beginning of this presentation.

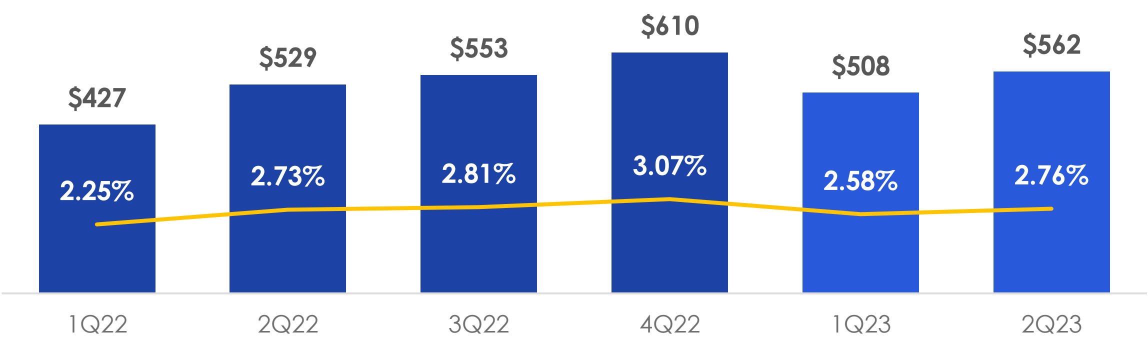
Loan Delinquency & Net Charge-off Trends (C&I)*

($ in millions)

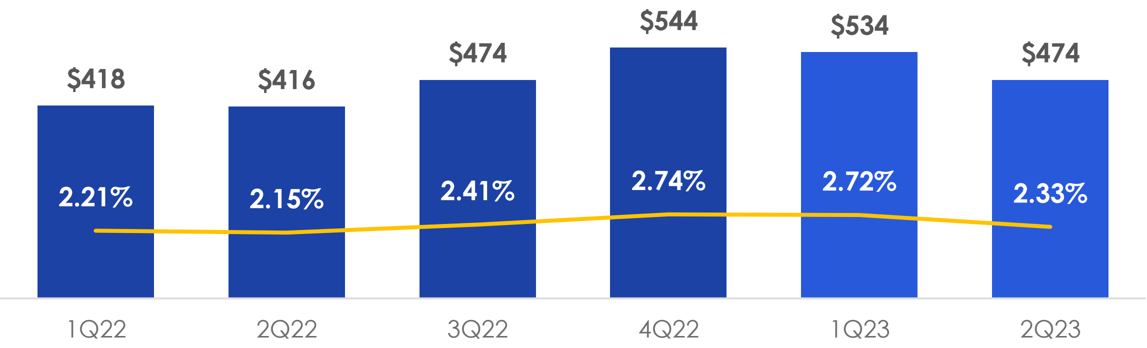
Highlights

- 30+ delinquency down 71 bps YTD, in line with seasonal trends
- Net charge-offs continue to be supported by strong back-end collections and recoveries

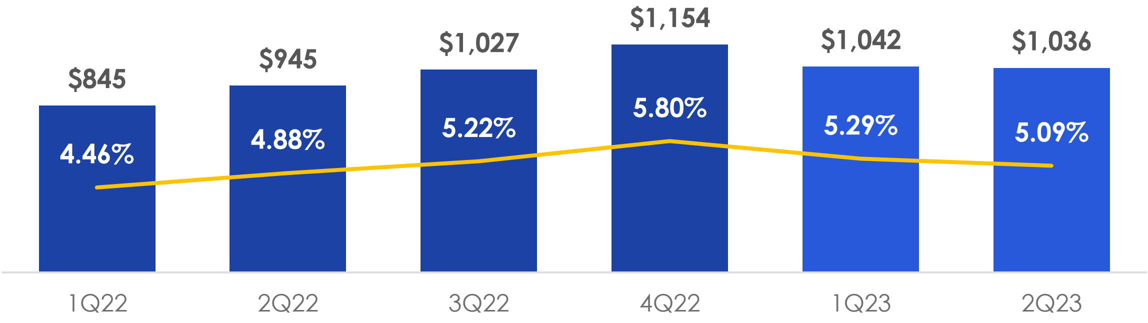
30-89 Days Delinquent



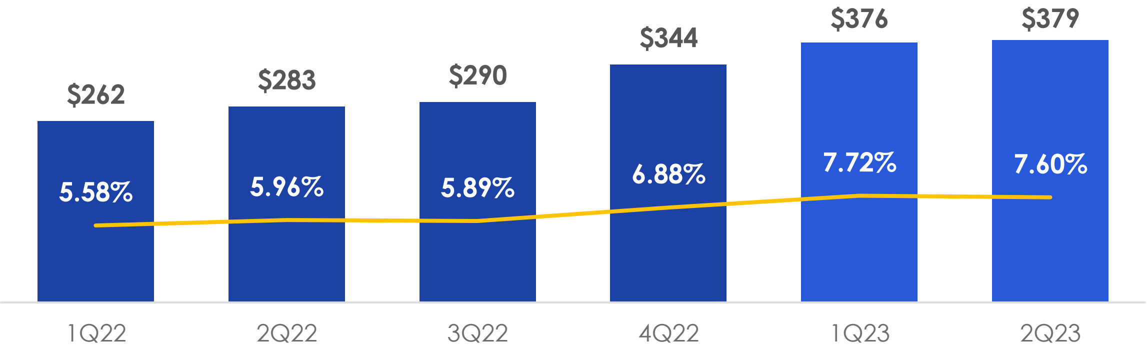
90+ Days Delinquent



30+ Days Delinquent



Net Charge-offs



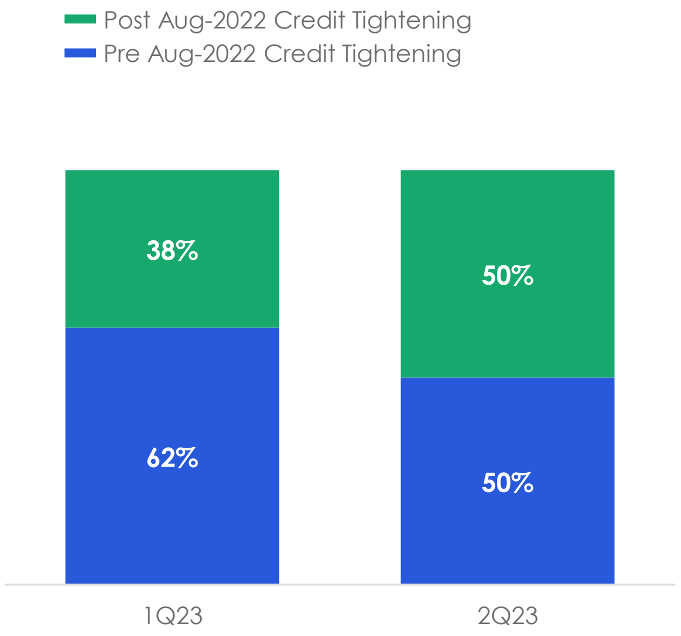
*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms.

Originations from new, higher credit quality vintages becoming a bigger part of the portfolio

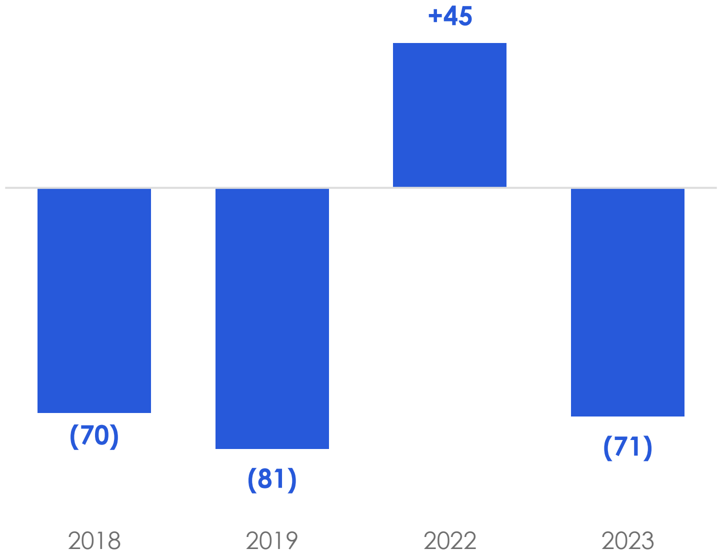
Highlights

- Originations post Aug-2022 credit tightening performing in line with expectations; expected to be 65-70% of portfolio by year-end 2023[1]
- 2023 YTD change in 30+ delinquency is in line with pre-pandemic levels and performance is favorable to personal loan peers

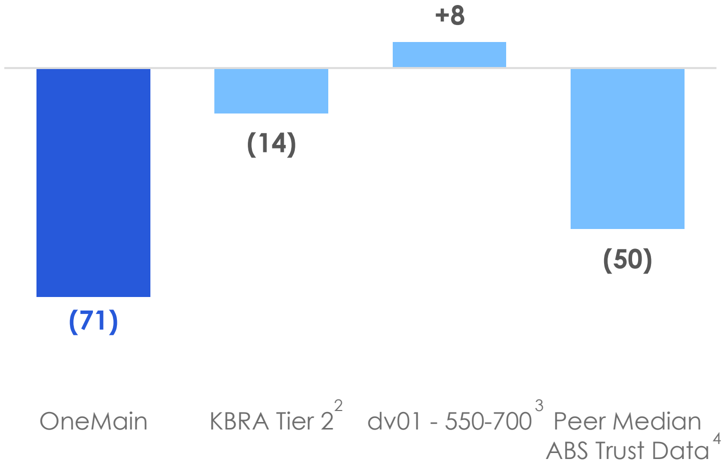
Portfolio Mix By Vintage



OneMain 30+ Delinquency Change YTD (bps)



OMF vs Peers 30+ Delinquency Change YTD (bps)



Note: OneMain data represents C&I as of June 30, 2023. See slide 8.
1. See Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements at the beginning of this presentation.
2. Represents KBRA's Tier 2 Marketplace Consumer Loan Index as of May 31, 2023 (latest data publicly available as of July 25, 2023). The Tier 2 Index comprises ABS loan pools issued through the LendingClub-Prime, Prosper, Upgrade, Upstart, Freedom (F+ Loans), LendingPoint, Pagaya, and Theorem ABS shelves and generally have weighted average FICOs between 660 and 710. Only deals with 6+ months of seasoning are included.
3. Represents dv01's Consumer Unsecured Benchmark as of June 30, 2023, filtered for original FICO score of 550 to 700. The Unsecured Consumer Benchmark aggregates origination and performance history across the largest FinTech originators in the space. The Benchmark includes data from 2014 and beyond, spanning over $180 billion in originations.
4. Peer median ABS Trust data as of June 30, 2023, publicly available as of July 25, 2023; includes Marlette, Mariner, Lendmark, Pagaya, Oportun, LendingPoint, Theorem, and Affirm.

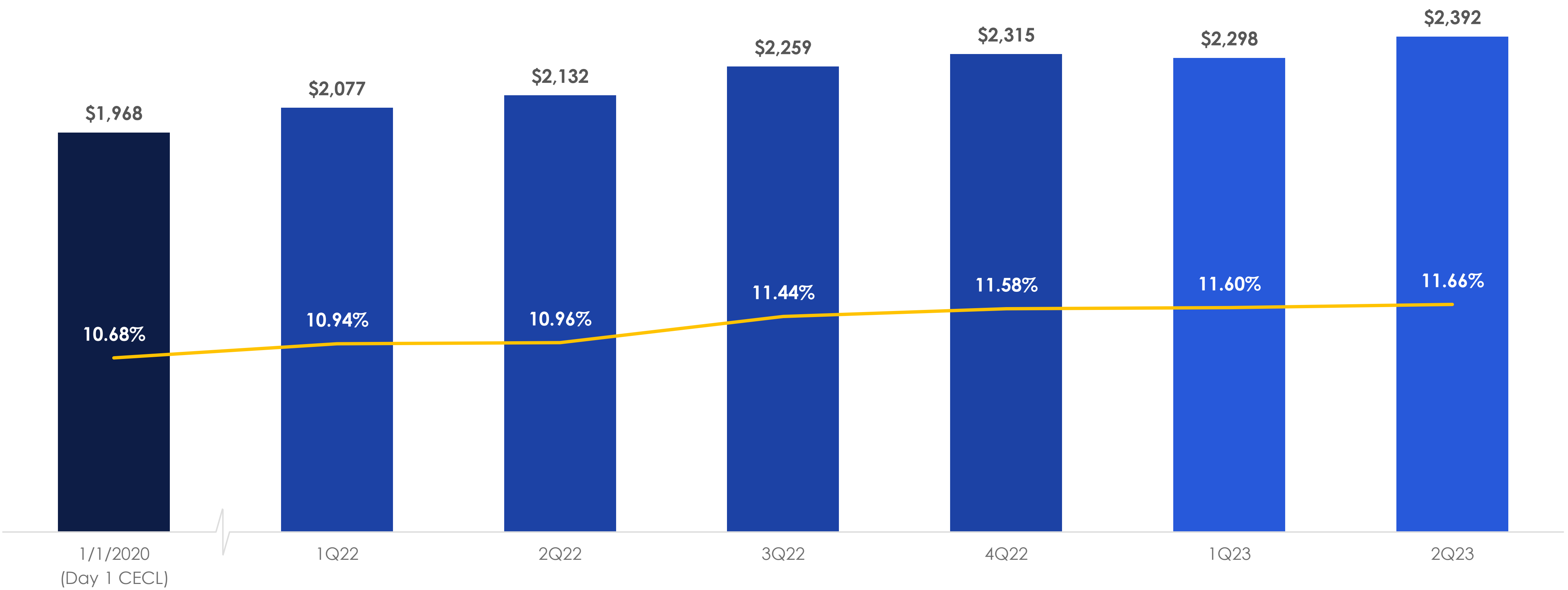
OneMain Financial.

Loss Reserve Trends (C&I)*

($ in millions)

Highlights

- Coverage ratio of 11.66% reflecting the continued uncertain macroeconomic environment



% reflects loss reserves as a % of ending net receivables

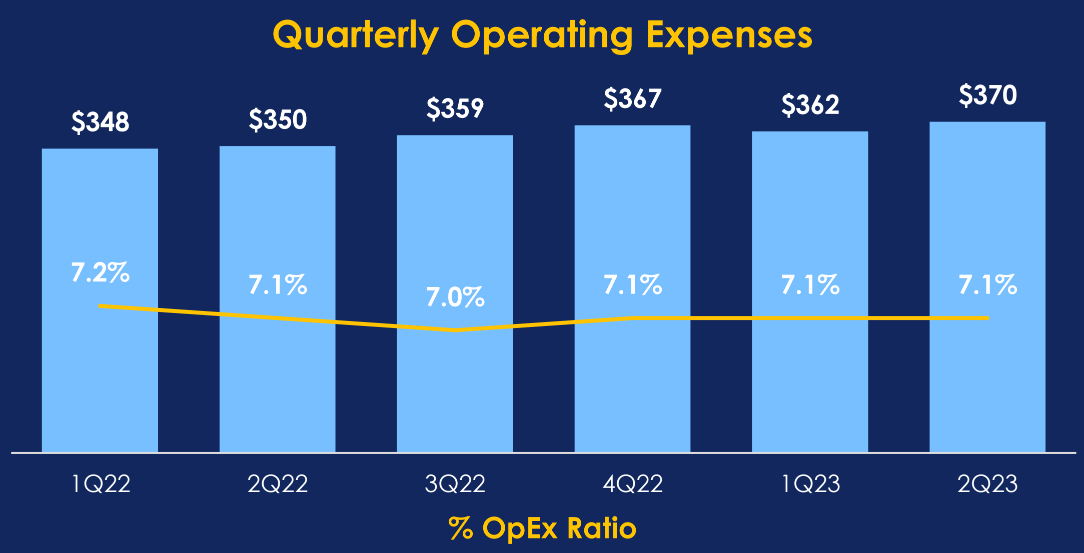
*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms. 1/1/2020 reflects the adoption of CECL standard.

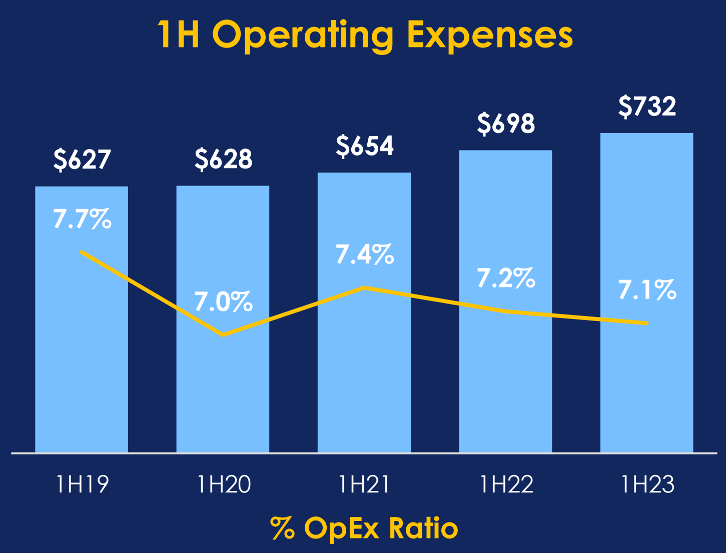
Operating Expenses (C&I)*

($ in millions)

Highlights

- 2Q23 operating expense of $370 includes continued investment for growth in new products and distribution channels, data science, technology and digital capabilities
- 2Q23 OpEx Ratio of 7.1% demonstrates continued expense discipline and the operating leverage of our business





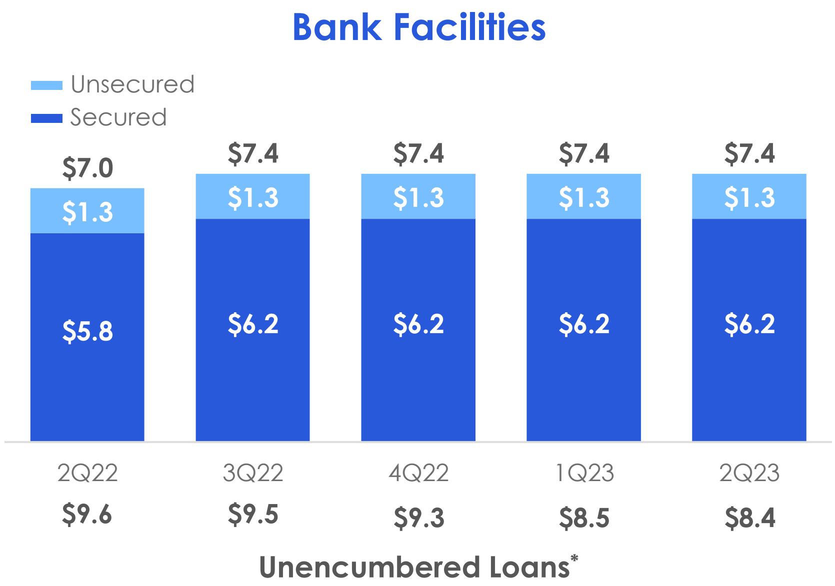
Note: 1H figures may not sum due to rounding.
*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms.

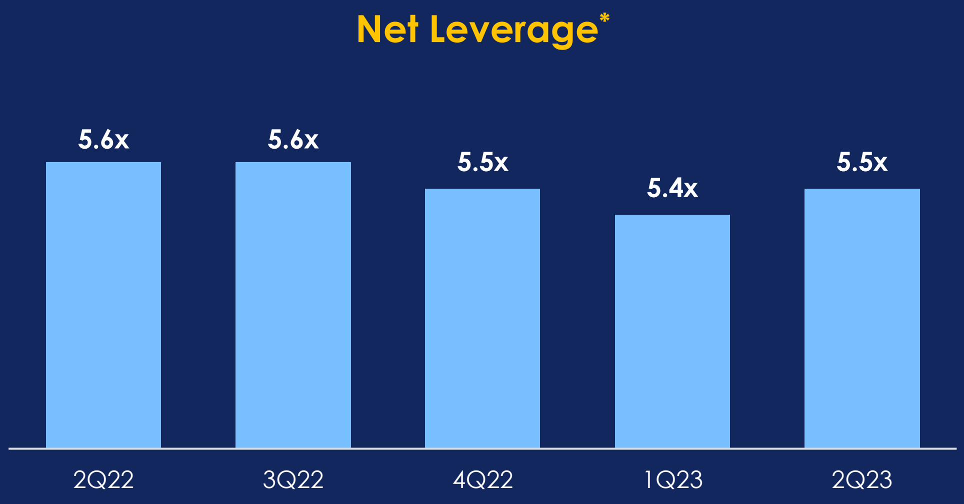
Balance Sheet and Funding

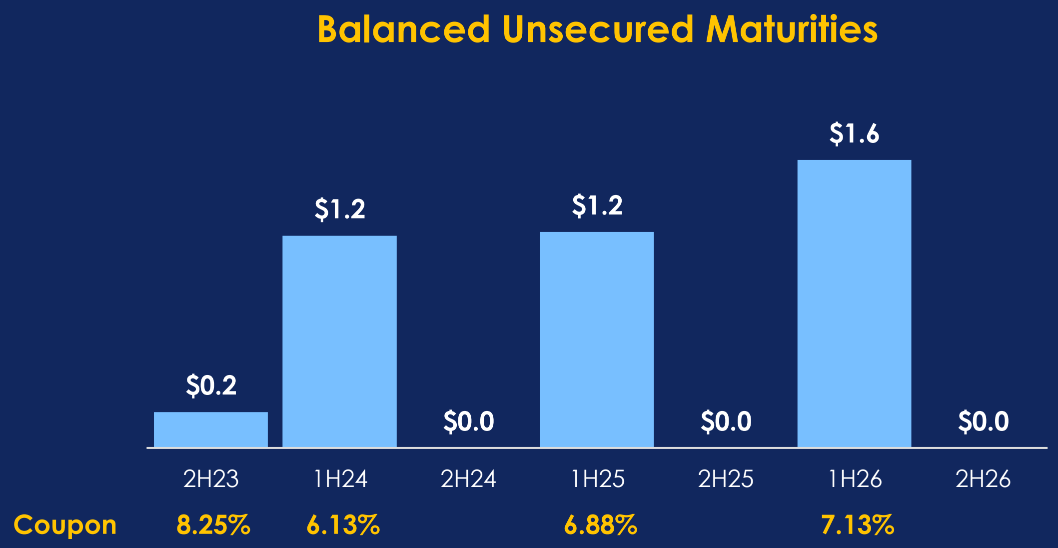
($ in billions, unless noted)

Highlights

- Significant liquidity with $7.4 of committed bank facilities
- Well-positioned funding profile with balanced debt mix and staggered maturities
- Issued $825 million 5-year revolving ABS at 5.8% in May
- Issued $500 million unsecured senior notes due 2029 at 9.0% in June







Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding.
*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms.

Capital Allocation Framework

1

Business Investment

- Managed receivables* up 6% YoY
- Continuing to invest in new products and distribution channels, data science, technology and digital capabilities
- Maintaining leverage of 4-6x

2

Regular Dividend

- Board declared regular quarterly dividend of $1.00 per share payable August 11
- Dividend yield of ~8%[1] at current share price

3

Share Repurchases

- Repurchased ~169 thousand shares in 2Q23 for $7 million
- Preserving capital for strategic optionality

*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms.
1. Yield assumes regular annual dividend of $4.00 over closing share price of $48.38 as of July 24, 2023.

2023 Strategic Priorities (C&I)*[1]

Key Metrics	2/7/2023	7/26/2023
Managed Receivables Growth	Low to mid-single digits	5.0 – 8.0%
Loan Net Charge-offs	7.0 – 7.5%	7.0 – 7.5%
Operating Expense Ratio	~7.1%	~7.1%

*See appendix for Non-GAAP Financial Measures reconciliations along with defined terms. For additional schedules and disclosures, see the earnings release and financial supplements included as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 26, 2023, and available in the Investor Relations section on the Company's website (www.omf.com) and the SEC's website (www.sec.gov).
1. See Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements at the beginning of this presentation.

Appendix

OneMain Financial®

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures

(unaudited, $ in millions)	2Q23	1Q23	4Q22	3Q22	2Q22	FY22	FY21
Consumer & Insurance	$138	$236	$244	$247	$279	$1,169	$1,788
Other	-	(1)	(1)	1	-	-	(7)
Segment to GAAP adjustment	-	-	(10)	(2)	(1)	(14)	(40)
Income before income taxes - GAAP basis	$138	**$235**	**$233**	**$246**	**$278**	**$1,155**	**$1,741**
Consumer & Insurance pretax income	$138	$236	$244	$247	$279	$1,169	$1,788
Regulatory settlements	24	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss (gain) on repurchases and repayments of debt	-	-	-	(3)	28	26	70
Cash-settled stock-based awards	-	-	-	(2)	1	-	54
Other[1]	-	-	5	4	1	11	6
Consumer & Insurance adjusted pretax income (non-GAAP)	$162	**$236**	**$249**	**$246**	**$309**	**$1,206**	**$1,918**
Reconciling items[2]	($24)	**$0**	**($15)**	**($1)**	**($31)**	**($51)**	**($171)**
Consumer & Insurance adjusted pretax income (non-GAAP)	$162	$236	$249	$246	$309	$1,206	$1,918
Provision for finance receivable losses	479	385	404	420	338	1,399	587
Net charge-offs	(385)	(382)	(348)	(293)	(283)	(1,186)	(768)
Pretax capital generation (non-GAAP)	$256	**$239**	**$305**	**$373**	**$364**	**$1,419**	**$1,737**
Capital generation, net of tax[3] (non-GAAP)	$192	**$179**	**$229**	**$280**	**$273**	**$1,064**	**$1,303**

Note: Quarters may not sum to fiscal year due to rounding.
Note: On January 1, 2023, the Company adopted ASU 2018-12, Financial Services – Insurance: Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts. In accordance with this standard, the Company has recast its prior period financial information to reflect the effects of the adoption.
1. Other adjustments includes strategic activities and other non-recurring items.
2. Reconciling Items consist of Total Segment to GAAP Adjustment and the adjustments to Pretax Income (Loss) – Segment Accounting Basis.
3. Income taxes assume a 25% tax rate.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Measures (cont'd)

(unaudited, $ in millions)	6/30/2023	3/31/2023	12/31/2022	9/30/2022	6/30/2022
Consumer & Insurance	$20,511	$19,810	$19,987	$19,754	$19,449
Segment to GAAP adjustment	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(1)
Net finance receivables - GAAP basis	**$20,510**	**$19,809**	**$19,986**	**$19,752**	**$19,448**
Consumer & Insurance	$2,392	$2,298	$2,315	$2,259	$2,132
Segment to GAAP adjustment	-	-	(4)	(4)	(5)
Allowance for finance receivable losses - GAAP basis	**$2,392**	**$2,298**	**$2,311**	**$2,255**	**$2,127**

Note: For additional schedules and disclosures, see the earnings release and financial supplements included as an exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 26, 2023, and available in the Investor Relations section on the Company's website (www.omf.com) and the SEC's website (www.sec.gov). Slide 6, 8, and 10: For 1Q22 loan originations, managed receivables, delinquency, net charge-offs and loss reserve figures, refer to the Company's fourth quarter 2022 earnings presentation on our IR website; 1/1/2020 reflects the adoption of CECL standard. Slide 11: For 1H19, 1H20, 1H21, 1H22 and 1Q22 refer to the Company's second quarter 2022 earnings presentation on our IR website.

Defined Terms

- Adjusted capital = adjusted tangible common equity + allowance for finance receivable losses (ALLL), net of tax
- Available cash and cash equivalents = cash and cash equivalents – cash and cash equivalents held at our regulated insurance subsidiaries or is unavailable for general corporate purposes
- Average assets = average of monthly average assets (assets at the beginning and end of each month divided by two) in the period
- Average managed receivables = C&I average net receivables + average receivables serviced for our whole loan sale partners
- C&I adjusted diluted EPS = C&I adjusted net income (non-GAAP) / weighted average diluted shares
- Capital generation = C&I adjusted net income – change in C&I allowance for finance receivable losses, net of tax
- Capital generation return on receivables = annualized capital generation / C&I average net receivables
- Finance receivables serviced for our whole loan sale partners = unpaid principal balance plus accrued interest of loans sold as part of our whole loan sale program
- Managed receivables = C&I net finance receivables + finance receivables serviced for our whole loan sale partners
- Net adjusted debt = long-term debt – junior subordinated debt – available cash and cash equivalents
- Net interest margin = annualized C&I net interest income / C&I average net receivables
- Net leverage = net adjusted debt / adjusted capital
- Opex ratio = annualized C&I operating expenses / average managed receivables
- Other net revenue = other revenues – insurance policy benefits and claims expense
- Return on assets (ROA) = annualized net income / average total assets
- Return on receivables (C&I ROR) = annualized C&I adjusted net income / C&I average net receivables
- Unencumbered loans = unencumbered gross finance receivables excluding credit cards