

Klaviyo Financial Results

Q4 2023 / Fiscal 2023

Forward-Looking Statements and Disclaimer

This presentation includes certain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended. Other than statements of historical facts, all statements contained in this presentation and accompanying oral commentary, including, but not limited to, statements about Klaviyo’s outlook for the first quarter of fiscal year 2024 ending March 31, 2024 and the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2024, and Klaviyo’s expectations regarding possible or assumed business strategies, potential growth and innovation opportunities, new products, potential market opportunities, and other similar matters, are forward-looking statements. Words such as “aim,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “contemplate,” “continue,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “future,” “going to,” “guidance,” “intend,” “keep,” “may,” “opportunity,” “outlook,” “plan,” “potential,” “predict,” “project,” “shall,” “should,” “strategy,” “target,” “will,” “would,” or words of similar meaning or similar references to future periods may identify these forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

Forward-looking statements reflect management’s beliefs, expectations and assumptions about future events as of the date hereof, which are inherently subject to uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict and many of which are outside of our control. These risks include, among others, the following: our ability to achieve future growth and sustain our growth rate; our ability to successfully execute our business and growth strategy, such as the success of our investment in our key growth initiatives and our ability to recognize effective areas for growth; our ability to successfully integrate with third-party platforms; our relationships with third parties, such as our marketing agency and technology partners; unfavorable conditions in our industry; our ability to attract new customers, including mid-market and enterprise customers, retain revenue from existing customers and increase sales from both new and existing customers; success of our marketing and sales strategies; costs and expenses associated with being a public company; as well as other risks and uncertainties set forth under the caption “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) on November 7, 2023, and the other filings and reports we make with the SEC from time to time, including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 to be filed with the SEC, which may be obtained on our Investor Relations website at <https://investors.klaviyo.com> and on the SEC website at www.sec.gov. Moreover, we operate in a very competitive and rapidly changing environment, and new risks may emerge from time to time. It is not possible for our management to predict all risks, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor(s) may cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements we may make. In light of the risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other factors, the future events and trends discussed in this presentation may not occur and actual results could differ materially and adversely from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. Therefore, you should not rely on any of the forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement made by us in this presentation is based only on information currently available to us and speaks only as of the date on which it is made. Other than as required by law, we assume no obligation to update any written or oral forward-looking statements contained in this presentation that may be made from time to time in the event of new information, future developments or otherwise.

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Numbers in this presentation are rounded for presentation purposes. Some of the numbers in this presentation may not tie due to rounding.

Statement Regarding Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial measures prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP), this presentation and accompanying oral commentary contain non-GAAP financial measures, including non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP operating (loss) income, non-GAAP operating expenses, non-GAAP operating margin, non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP net income per share attributable to Klaviyo Series A and Series B common stockholders - basic, non-GAAP net income per share attributable to Klaviyo Series A and Series B common stockholders - diluted, free cash flow, and free cash flow margin. The non-GAAP financial information is presented for supplemental informational purposes only and is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for, or superior to, financial information prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP. Please see the Appendix for reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to their nearest GAAP equivalents.

Our non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP operating (loss) income, non-GAAP operating expenses, and non-GAAP net income exclude significant expenses and income that are required by GAAP to be recorded in our consolidated financial statements, including, but not limited to, (i) amortization of prepaid marketing expenses, (ii) stock-based compensation and related employer payroll taxes, and (iii) restructuring expenses. Our non-GAAP operating margin is calculated as non-GAAP operating (loss) income divided by total revenue. Our non-GAAP net income per share attributable to Klaviyo Series A and Series B common stockholders - basic is calculated as non-GAAP net income divided by weighted average shares outstanding - basic for purposes of calculating Non-GAAP net income per share. Our non-GAAP net income per share attributable to Klaviyo Series A and Series B common stockholders - diluted is calculated as non-GAAP net income divided by weighted average shares outstanding - diluted for purposes of calculating Non-GAAP net income per share. Free cash flow is defined as cash and cash equivalents provided by or used in operating activities less purchases of property and equipment and capitalization of software development costs. Free cash flow margin is a non-GAAP financial measure that is calculated as free cash flow divided by total revenue.

Stock-based compensation expense includes the net effects of capitalization and amortization of stock-based compensation expense related to capitalized software. Stock-based compensation expense has been, and will continue to be for the foreseeable future, a significant recurring expense in our business and an important part of the compensation provided to our employees. Because of varying available valuation methodologies, subjective assumptions, and the variety of equity instruments that can impact a company's non-cash expenses, we believe that providing non-GAAP financial measures that exclude stock-based compensation expense allows for meaningful comparisons between our operating results from period to period. When evaluating the performance of its business and making operating plans, Klaviyo does not consider these items (for example, when considering the impact of equity award grants, the company places a greater emphasis on the amount of overall stockholder dilution than the accounting charges associated with such grants). The amount of employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions is dependent on restricted stock unit settlements, option exercises, related stock price, and other factors that are beyond Klaviyo's control and that do not correlate to the operation of the business. The amount of employer payroll tax-related items on employee stock transactions was immaterial prior to being publicly listed. The expense related to amortization of prepaid marketing expense of warrants issued to Shopify is dependent upon estimates and assumptions; therefore, Klaviyo believes non-GAAP measures that adjust for the amortization of prepaid marketing expense provide investors a consistent basis for comparison across accounting periods. Klaviyo believes that the economic impact of the partnership is best measured in the form of stockholder dilution and as such have provided a reconciliation that shows the full dilutive impact of all outstanding equity instruments. Overall, Klaviyo believes it is useful to exclude these expenses in order to better understand the long-term performance of its core business and to facilitate comparison of its results period-over-period and to those of peer companies. All of these non-GAAP financial measures are important tools for financial and operational decision-making and for evaluating Klaviyo's own operating results over different periods of time.

We believe that all these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information about our financial performance, enhance the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects and allow for greater transparency with respect to decision making by our management, who use these measures as important tools for financial and operational decision-making and for evaluating Klaviyo's own operating results over different periods of time.

Investors are cautioned that there are material limitations associated with the use of non-GAAP financial measures versus their nearest GAAP equivalents. Other companies may calculate non-GAAP financial measures differently or may use other measures to evaluate their performance, all of which could reduce the usefulness of our non-GAAP financial measures as tools for comparison. Further, stock-based compensation expense has been, and will continue to be for the foreseeable future, a significant recurring expense in Klaviyo's business and an important part of the compensation provided to attract and retain its employees to create long-term incentive alignment with stockholders.

Klaviyo powers smarter digital relationships



Activate

data in real-time to better target, personalize, and measure all interactions



Connect

with customers through a seamless email, SMS, mobile push, and reviews experience



Guide

marketing with built-in AI, automations, predictive analytics, and benchmarks



Grow

audience, customer lifetime value, and total revenue

Klaviyo at a glance¹

\$698M

Revenue

117%

Dollar-Based Net Revenue
Retention Rate^{2,4}

31%

EMEA and APAC
Revenue

16%

Free Cash Flow Margin³

48%

Revenue Growth

143,000+

Total Customers^{2,4}

1,958

Customers Generating Over
\$50K ARR^{2,4}
80% YoY Growth

11%

Non-GAAP
Operating Margin³

¹ All metrics for fiscal year 2023 ended December 31, 2023, unless otherwise noted.

² See Appendix for definitions of Dollar-Based Net Revenue Retention Rate, Customers, and Customers Generating Over \$50,000 of ARR.

³ See Appendix for Non-GAAP reconciliation.

⁴ As of December 31, 2023.

Large and growing customer base¹

143,000+

Customers

1,958

Customers > \$50K ARR



JONES ROAD

**DOLLAR
SHAVE
CLUB®**

AURA



Fresh Clean Threads

**GOOD
AMERICAN**



sugarfina®



We help customers **drive revenue**

A horizontal banner image showing various Jones Road cosmetic products, including what appears to be a jar of cream and some packaged items, in warm, earthy tones.

JONES ROAD

Jones Road, a cosmetics company run by Bobbi Brown, used Klaviyo to help drive a record setting BFCM in 2023. They increased their KAV this BFCM by over 150% year over year.

Strategy

- Used advertisements and social posts to drive demand to Klaviyo forms
- Added limited time product drop details to existing evergreen flows for potential upsell
- Created segments to drive personalized messaging based on different personas

150%+

YoY growth in KAV this BFCM 2023

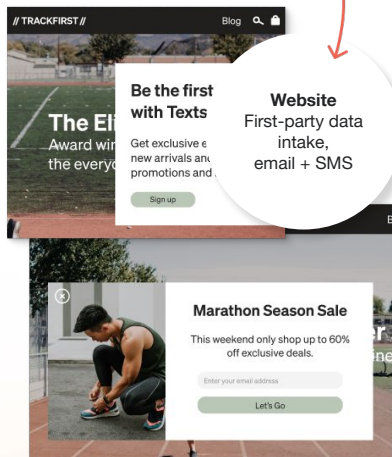
Use cases:

- Personalized segmentation
- Automated flows
- Sign up forms
- Pre-built integrations

Businesses need to deliver **highly personalized** experiences to **drive revenue growth**

01 Initial connection

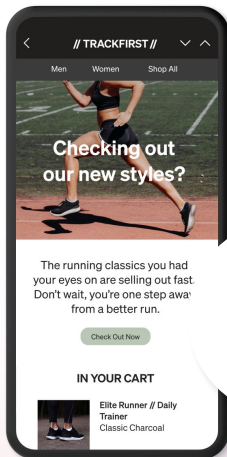
Collect first-party data to connect with interested consumers directly



Website
First-party data intake,
email + SMS

02 Revenue-driving engagement

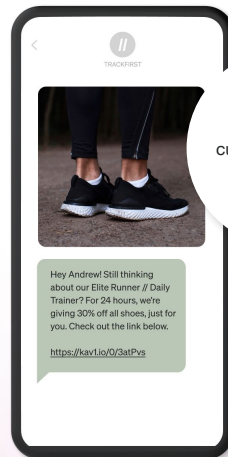
Connect with consumers—not just to engage—to drive revenue



Email
Abandoned cart flow

03 Real-time engagement

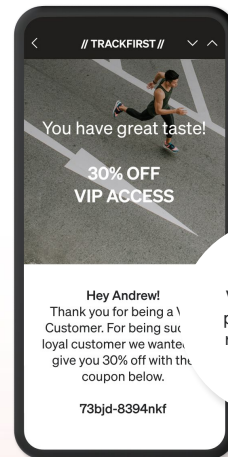
Predictive analytics advise SMS as the best channel to maximize rapid engagement



SMS
Returning customer browse abandonment flow

04 Ongoing engagement

Predictive analytics create personalized emails for ongoing promotions, driving ROI and attractive LTV



Email
VIP customer, post-purchase replenishment flow

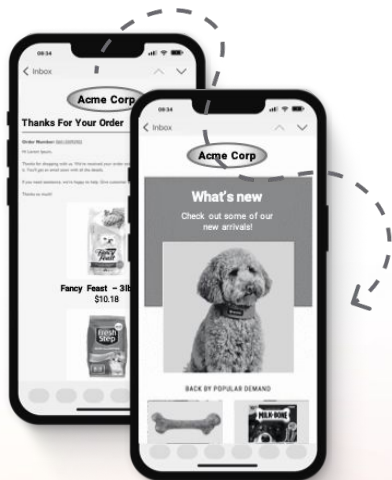
05 Personalization across channels

Integrated approach results in consistent, personalized experience across channels, including multi-channel on-ramp to customer-owned properties

Delivering **impactful** consumer experiences is **challenging**

X Wrong product

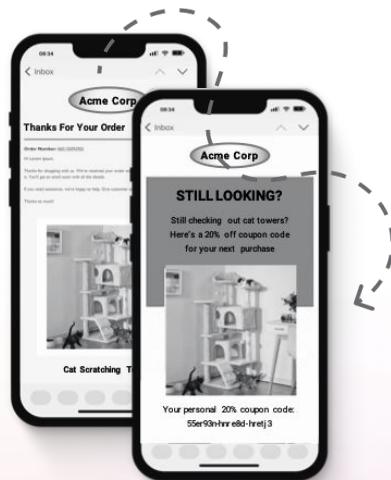
Messages are impersonal and disconnected from consumer interests and preferences



After purchasing cat food and kitty litter, consumer receives an email featuring products for dogs

X Lack of context

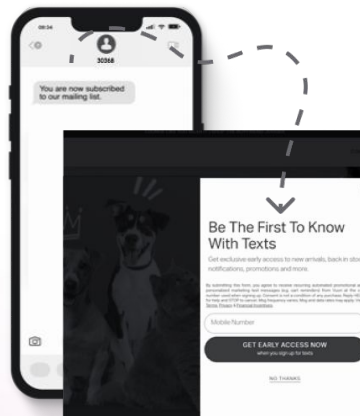
Without real-time event data, inappropriate messages are sent



After purchasing a cat tower, consumer receives an abandoned cart email with a coupon code

X Fractured experience

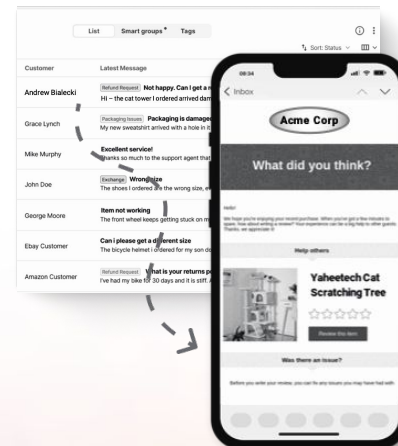
Disjointed consumer experience across channels and other customer-owned properties



After already subscribing, consumer receives prompt to provide personal information and sign up for SMS messaging

X Counterproductive

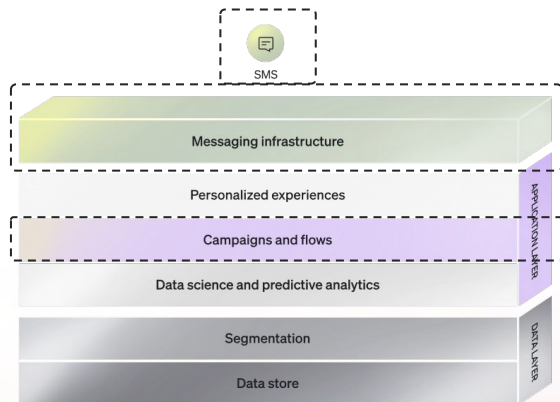
Lack of context results in suboptimal experiences



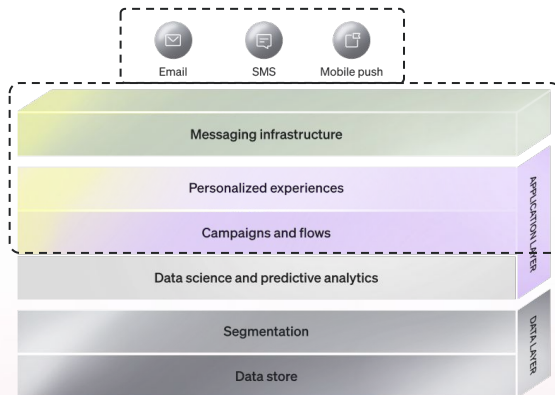
Consumer has submitted a refund request for a product but is served a request for a review email

Other solutions do not have the **full stack** to unlock all the **capabilities required** by creators

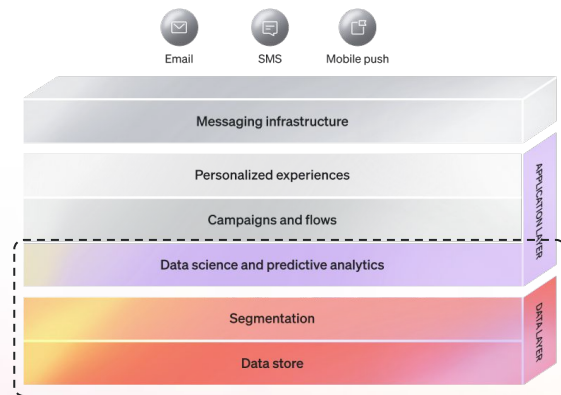
Single channel solutions



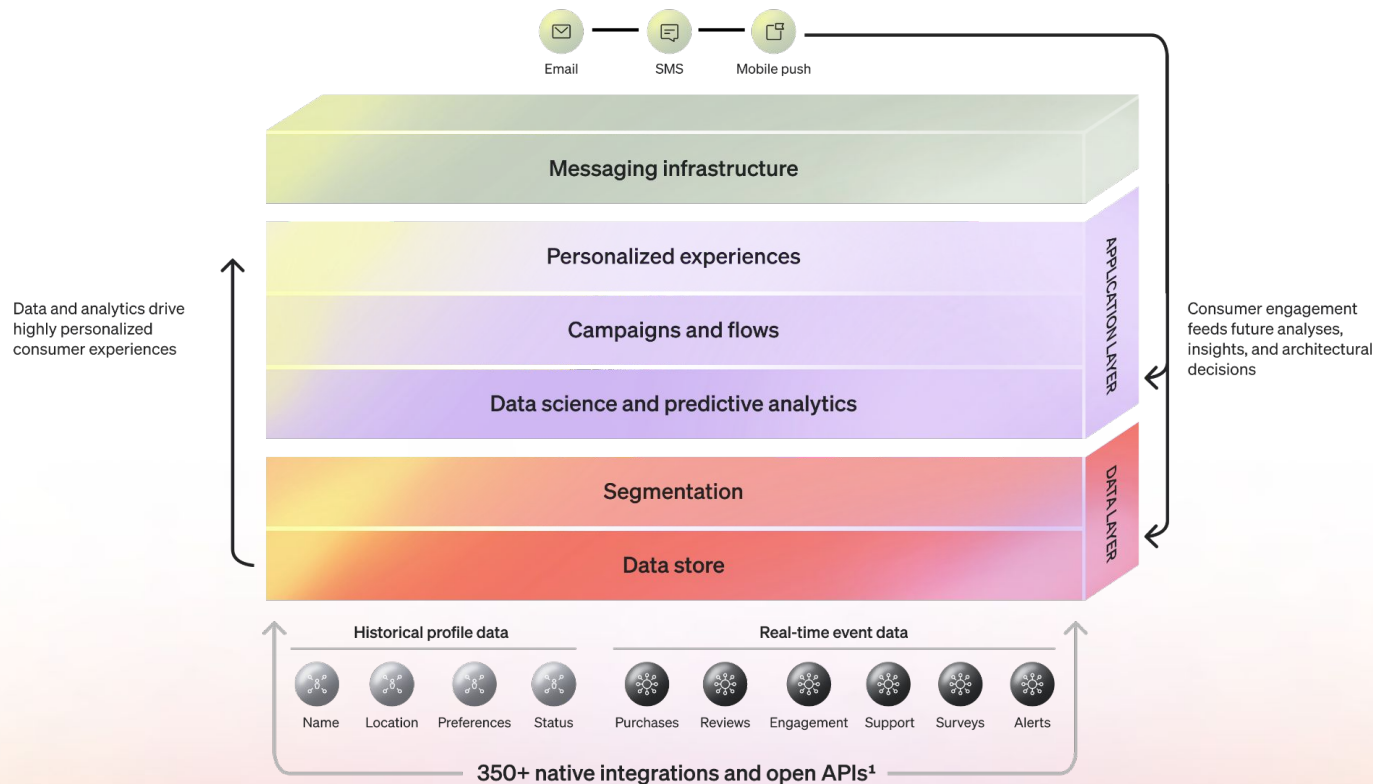
Marketing solution providers



Cloud data warehouses and operational databases



Our **vertically-integrated** platform **unifies data and application** layers



¹ As of December 31, 2023

Key benefits of our vertically-integrated platform

Ease of use

+

Advanced capabilities



Rapid implementation
with **clear attributable value**
to drive high ROI



Easy-to-use
regardless of
technical skill
level



Coordinated
engagement
across
channels



Real-time
action to reach
consumers



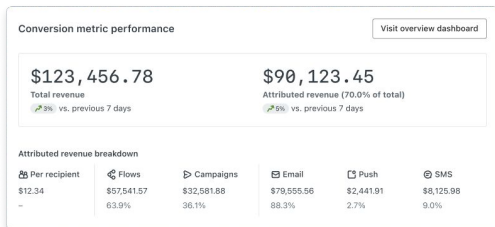
Extremely
granular
segmentation



AI / ML-enabled
predictive
insights drive
revenue growth

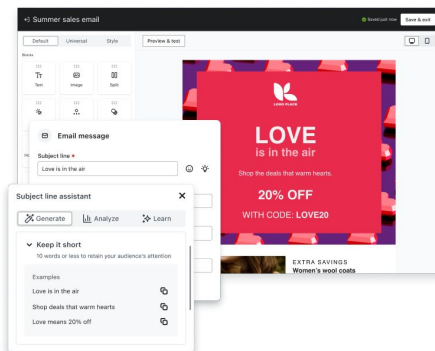
Ease of use allows businesses to put all their data to work

Rapid implementation with **clear attributable value** to drive high ROI



- ▶ **KAV = revenue generated** for our customers as a result of messages sent through our platform¹
- ▶ Clearly measurable ROI through integrations with eCommerce platforms
- ▶ **Fast time-to-value**

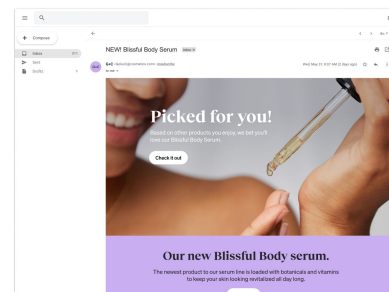
Easy-to-use regardless of technical skill level



- ▶ **One-click** customizable templates
- ▶ **Generative AI** for content creation
- ▶ **Developer tools** to rapidly build automations
- ▶ **Simple and intuitive** user interface

Coordinated engagement across channels

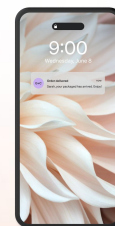
Email



SMS



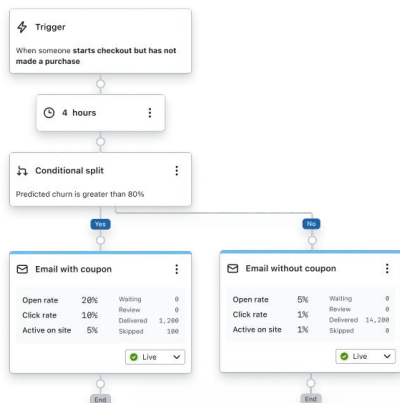
Push



¹See Appendix for definition of Klaviyo Attributed Value (KAV)

Advanced capabilities deliver highly personalized experiences

Real-time action to reach consumers



- Sub-second-level accessibility to **query data**
- Highly personalized** and **automated** consumer engagement workflows
- Reaches consumers** with the right content in real-time based on event data
- Live analytics** integrated into flow builder to drive immediate attribution

Extremely granular data segmentation

The 'New segment' interface allows users to define segments based on specific conditions. It includes a 'Name' field, a 'Select tags' dropdown, and an 'Add tags' button. The 'Create Segment' section requires consent and lists conditions for adding or excluding recipients. The 'Add condition' section shows a logical 'And' combination of criteria.

When someone has:

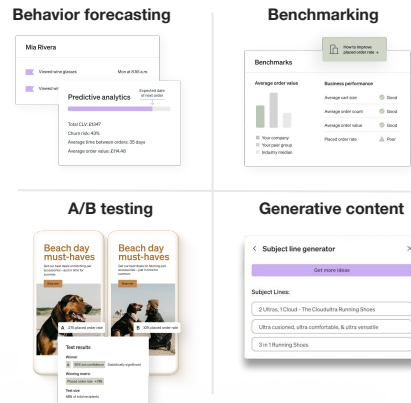
- Opened email (last 30 days)
- Purchased clothing (11/20/22 - 12/02/22)
- Lives in Philadelphia, PA
- LTV is over \$5000
- Predicted next purchase (Next 60 days)

When someone has not:

- Opened support ticket (last 30 days)

- First-party** data at **scale**
- Unifies** profile and event data
- Updated and accessible in **real-time**
- Entire** consumer history
- Easy-to-use** interface

AI / ML-enabled predictive insights drive revenue growth



- Predictive Analytics:** Consumer lifetime value and behavior forecasting
- Content Creation:** SMS assistant, email subject line, suggestions, personalized product feeds
- Optimization:** A/B testing, benchmarks, anomaly detection, send time optimization & guided warming

Introducing Klaviyo AI

Your guide to smarter digital relationships

Smarter insights

More accurately anticipate what customers want (and when) with predictive analytics

Smarter work

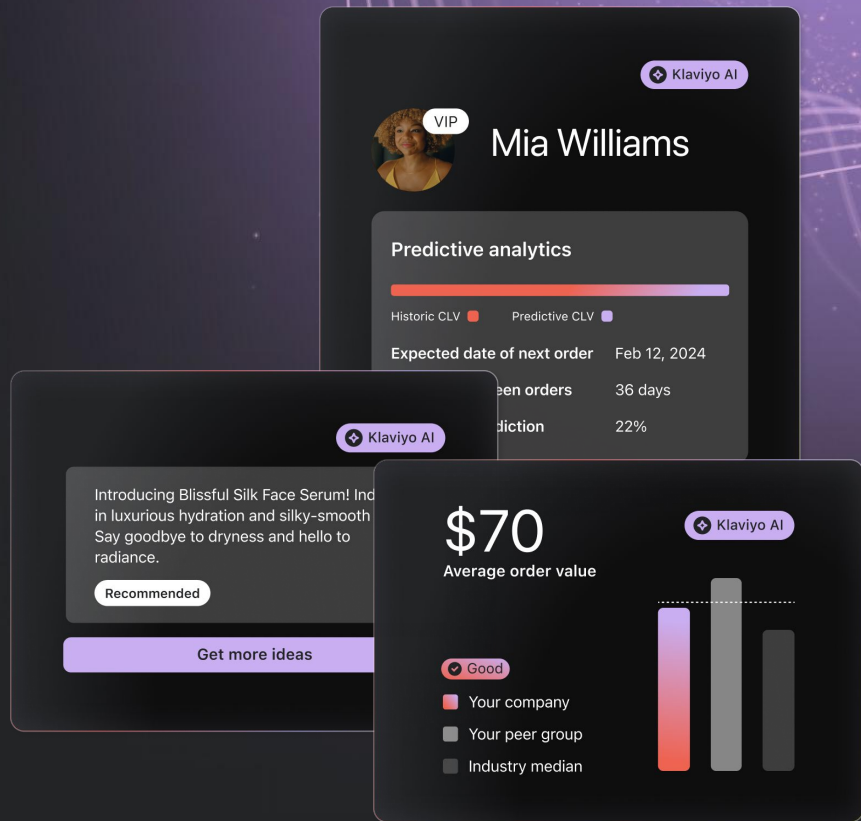
Focus your team's time on higher-impact work with generative AI everywhere

Smarter decisions

Put optimization on autopilot with self-driving experimentation and benchmarks

Smarter results

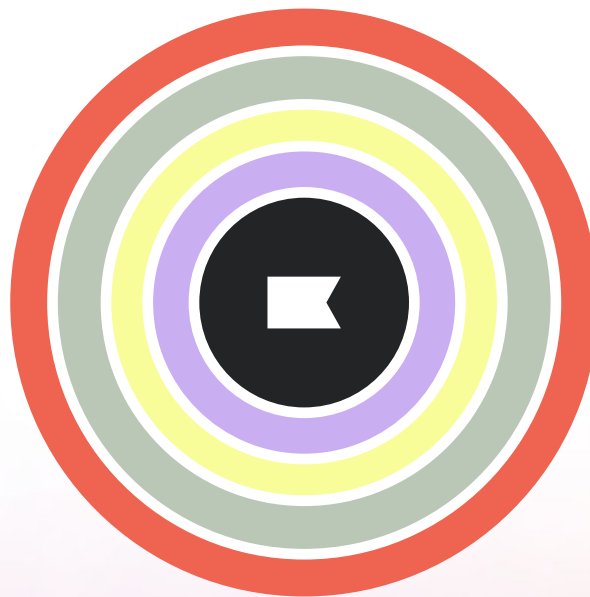
Drive more revenue with the only AI built for growth



AI is central to our roadmap and we have a **significant advantage**

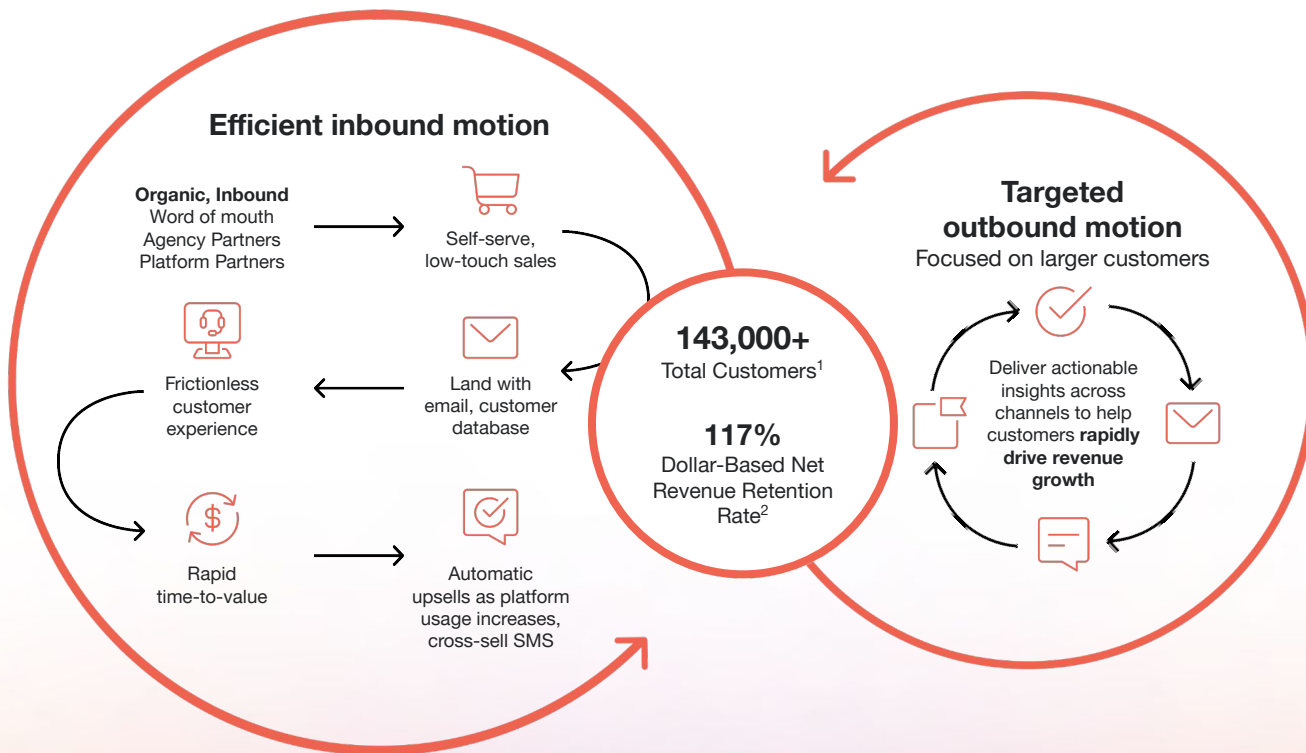
AI strategy is built on foundational values of data privacy and trust

- AI is a meaningful component of our **platform today** and we will continue to drive innovation
- We have a differentiated advantage from unifying **billions of data points daily** across profiles, events, and outcomes
- Our AI will extend beyond **content generation** to enable enhanced data, application, and ecosystem features
- Natural language application and **developer interfaces** will democratize advanced technology for all users



- Generative and predictive AI
- Idea generation and execution
- Content generation
- Decision making tools
- Full guided software

Product-led growth drives highly efficient go-to-market engine



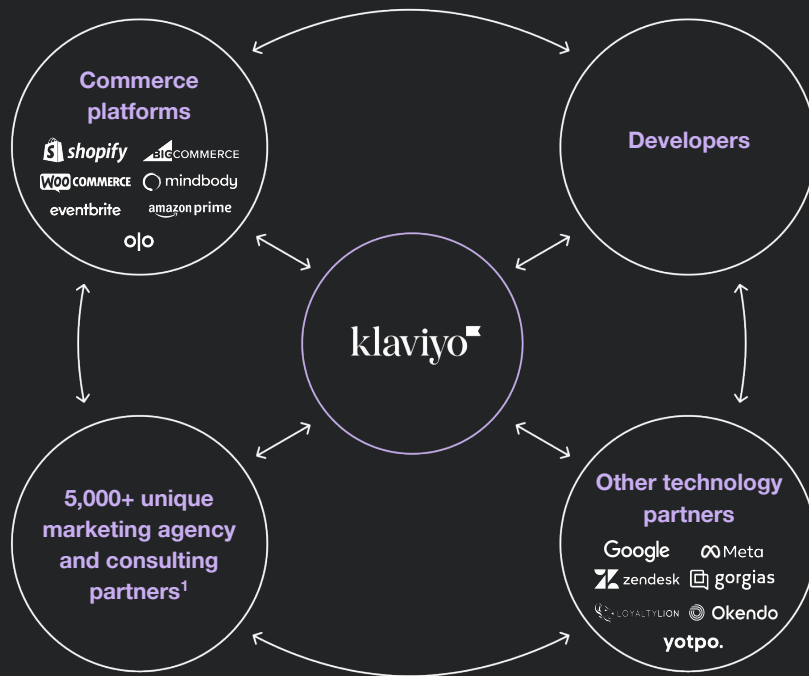
¹ As of December 31, 2023. See Appendix for definition of Customers.

² For the quarter ended December 31, 2023. See Appendix for definition of Dollar-Based Net Revenue Retention Rate.

Our partner ecosystem **enriches** customer offerings and **expands reach**

- Drive revenue for Klaviyo and GMV for commerce platforms
- Partner on product and GTM

- Help implement Klaviyo
- Offer expertise on how to use Klaviyo



- Building applications that extend functionality for Klaviyo
- Inside customers or third party developers

- Software to enhance functionality
- Example: Helpdesk functionality

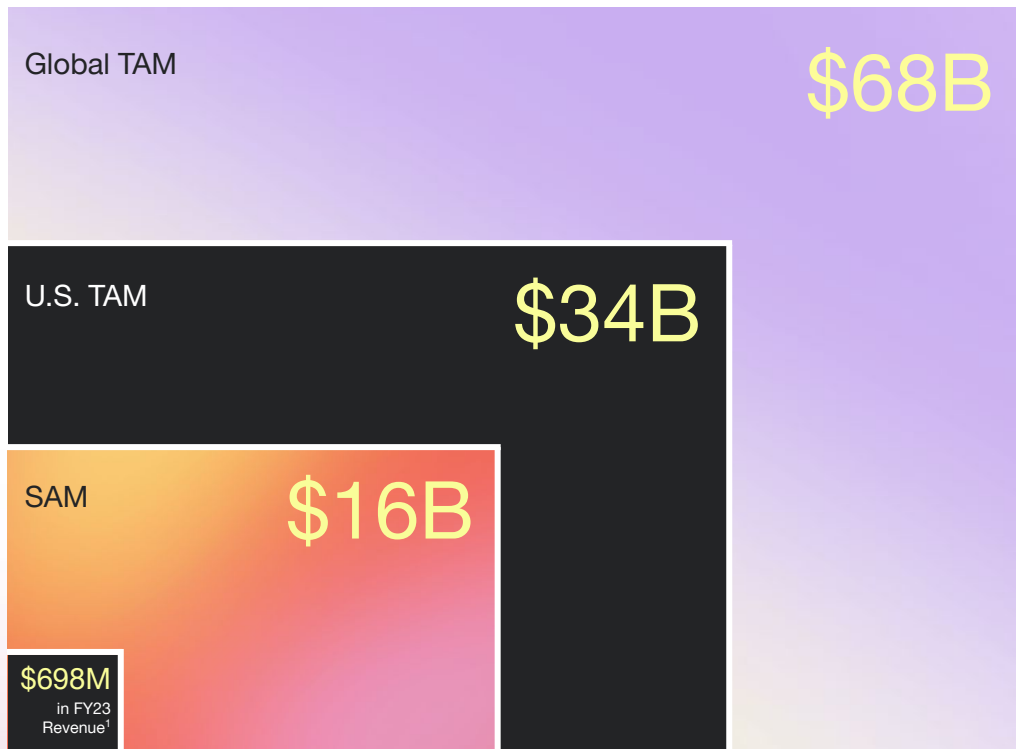
Whitespace for durable growth with sustained execution

█ \$698M in FY23 Revenue¹

█ \$16B market in retail and eCommerce (~4% penetrated)

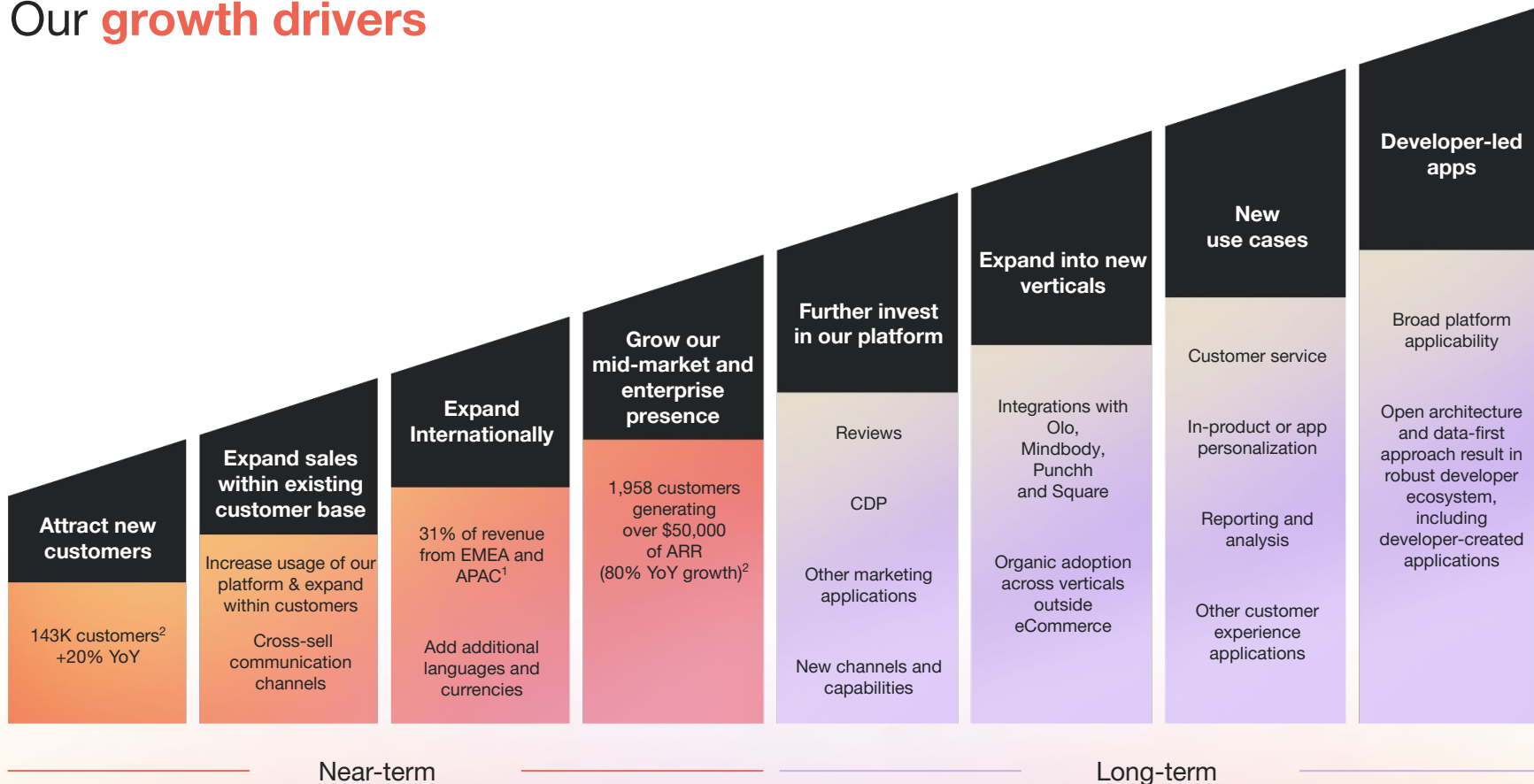
█ \$34B market across verticals in the U.S. (~2% penetrated)

█ \$68B market globally (~1% penetrated)



¹ For the fiscal-year 2023 ended December 31, 2023
TAM source data: Statista, Analysys Mason, Klaviyo estimates

Our growth drivers



¹ For the quarter ended December 31, 2023

² As of December 31, 2023

Financials

Financial highlights from FY24 Q4¹

Operating at Scale

\$202M

Quarterly revenue

Rapid Revenue Growth

39%

Year-over-year growth rate

**Strong Expansion With
Our Customers**

117%

Dollar-Based Net Revenue Retention Rate²

**Momentum in the
Mid Market**

80%

Year-over-year growth in Customers > \$50K ARR

**Generating
Free Cash Flow**

16%

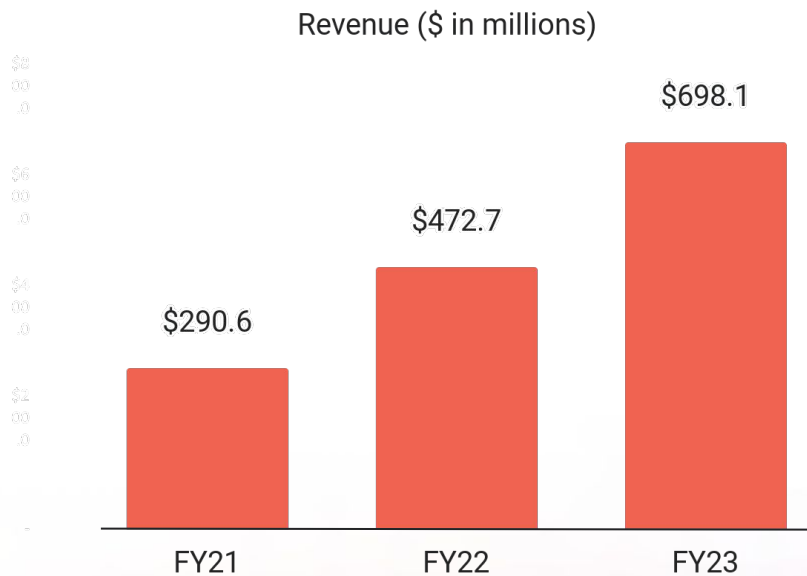
FY23 FCF Margin³

¹ All figures as of the quarter ended December 31, 2023 unless otherwise noted.

² See Appendix for definition of Dollar-Based Net Revenue Retention Rate.

³ See Appendix for Non-GAAP reconciliation.

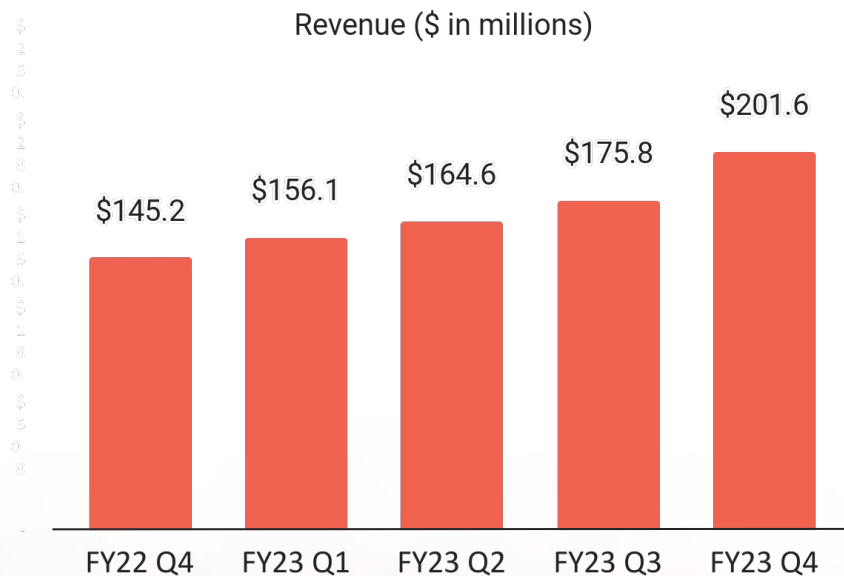
Revenue growth at scale



YoY Growth

63%

48%



62%

57%

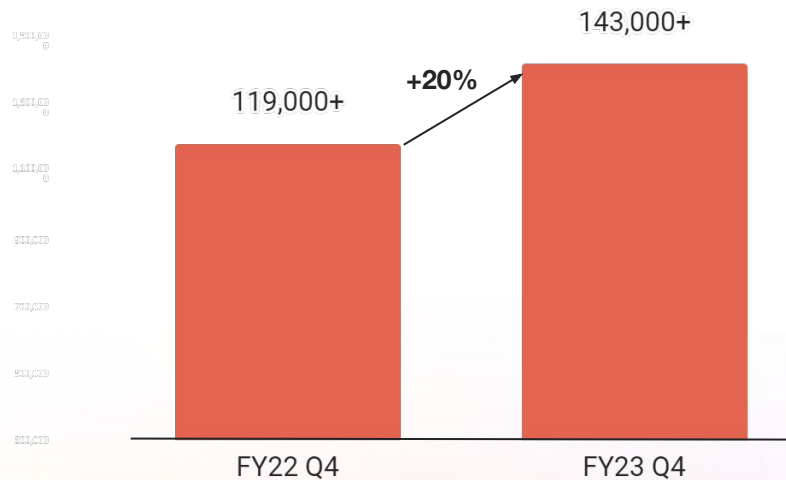
51%

48%

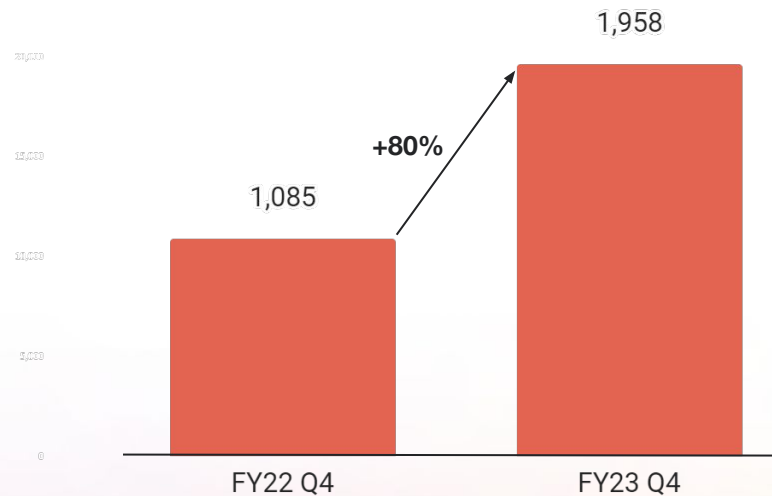
39%

Strong **customer growth**

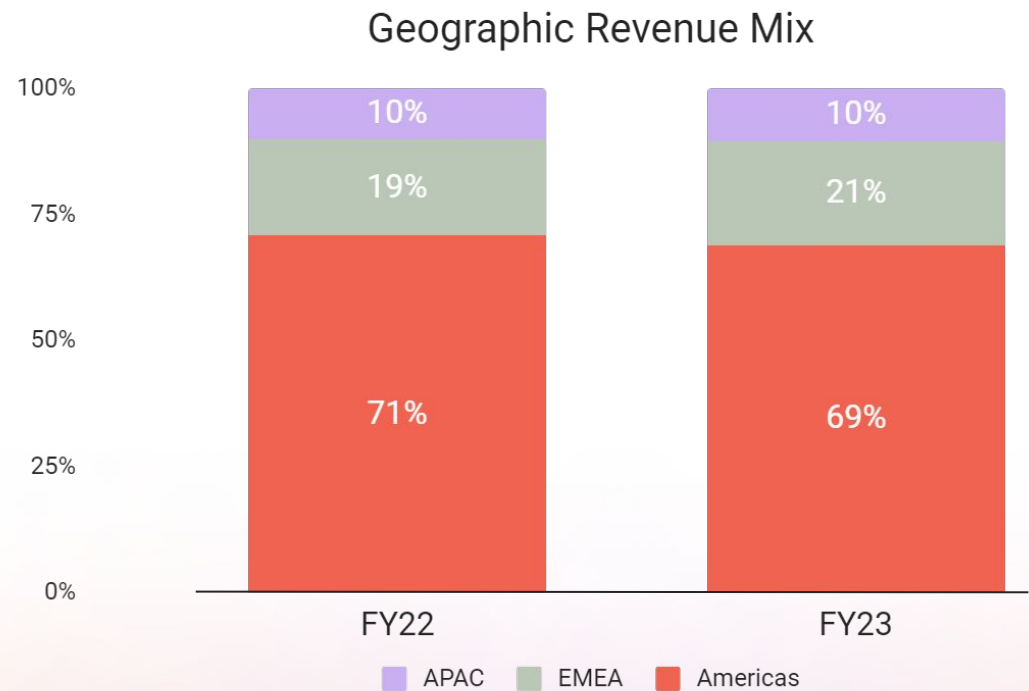
Total Customers



Customers Generating Over \$50,000 of ARR



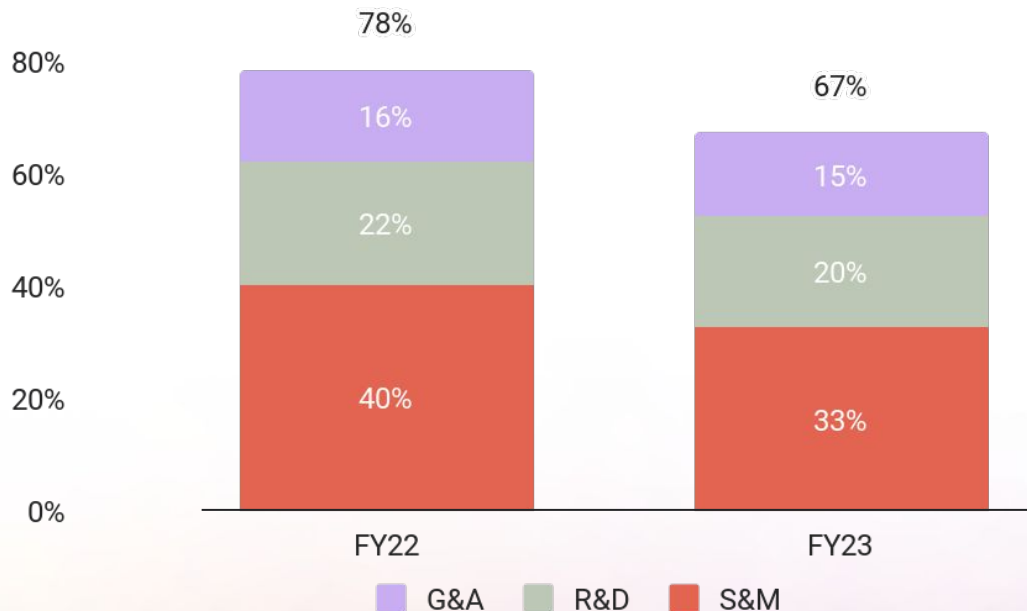
Continuing to diversify internationally



Percentages rounded for presentation purposes.

Gaining leverage in **operating expenses** while investing for **growth**

Non-GAAP Operating Expenses (% of Revenue)

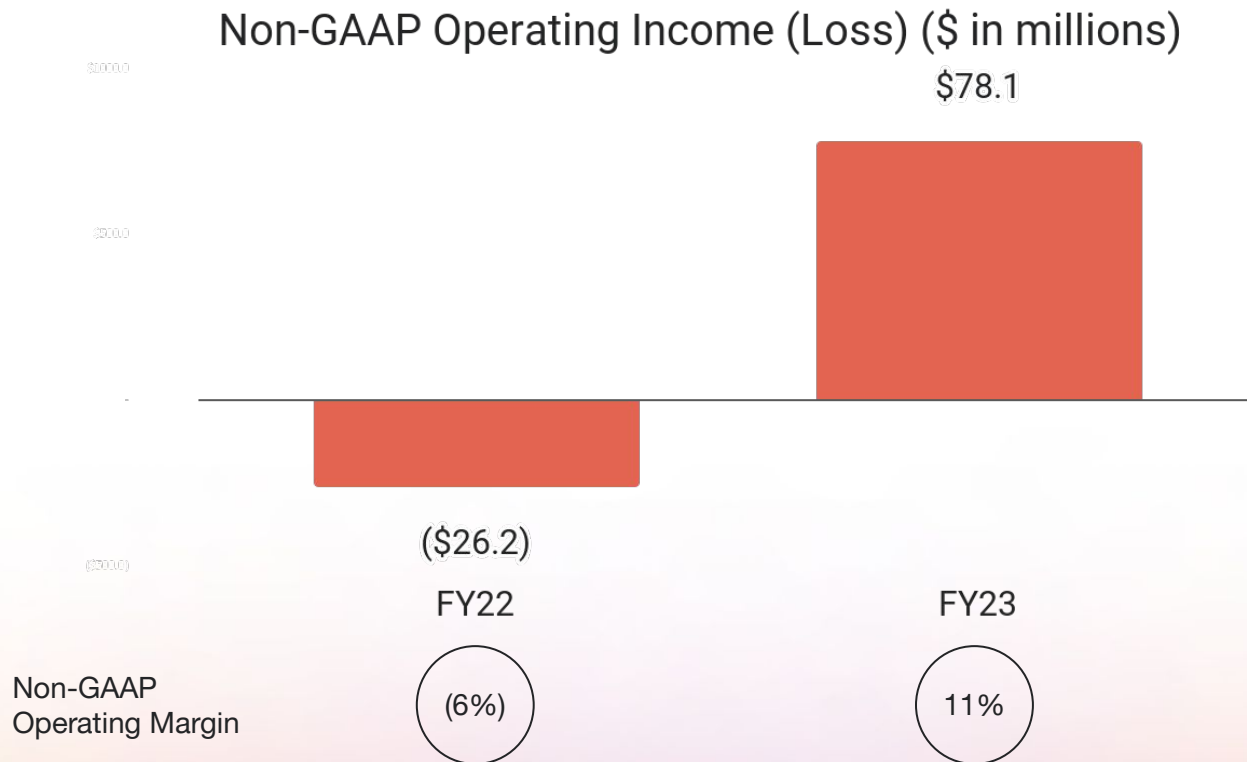


Leverage drivers

- Revenue growth
- G&A absorbing public company readiness initiatives, including team build out
- R&D investing in product and engineering against new initiatives
- S&M investing behind strong unit economics to drive growth

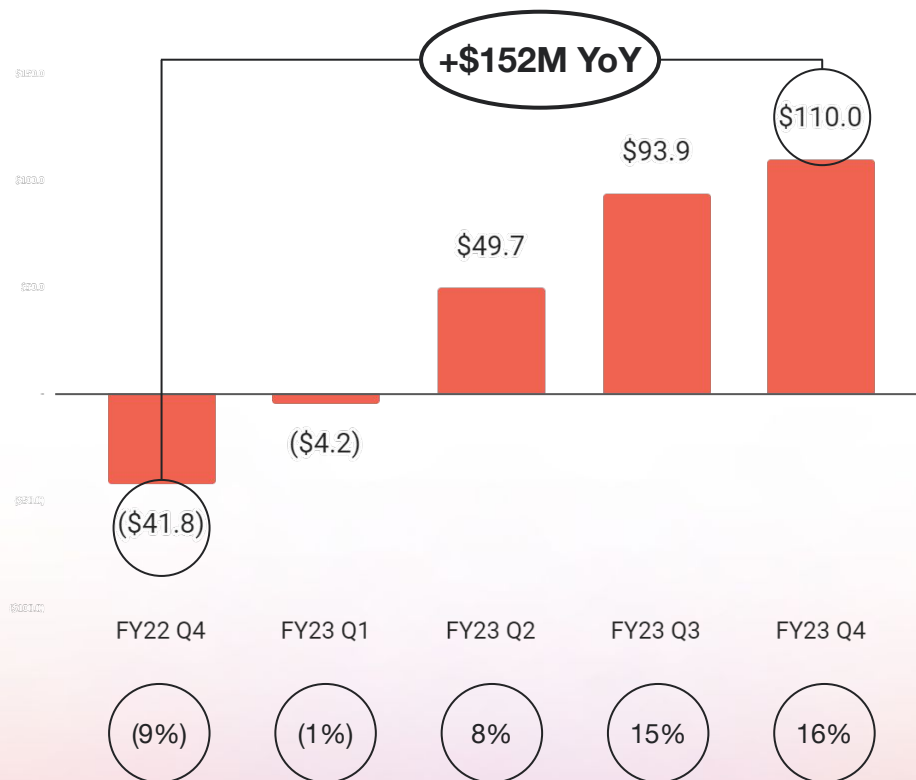


Maintaining **discipline** on the **bottom line**



Increasing **free cash flow** generation

Trailing Twelve Month Free Cash Flow (\$ in millions)



Guidance

(\$ in millions)

	FY24 Q1	FY24
Revenue	\$201.0 - \$203.0	\$889.0 - \$897.0
<i>YoY Growth</i>	<i>29% - 30%</i>	<i>27% - 28%</i>
Non-GAAP Operating Income	\$22.5 - \$25.5	\$94.0 - \$102.0
<i>Non-GAAP Operating Margin</i>	<i>11% - 13%</i>	<i>11% - 11%</i>

Appendix

Summary **Non-GAAP P&L**

(USD \$M)	FY22 Q4	FY23 Q1	FY23 Q2	FY23 Q3	FY23 Q4
Revenue	\$145.2	\$156.1	\$164.6	\$175.8	\$201.6
Cost of Revenue	\$37.3	\$35.4	\$37.5	\$35.5	\$41.9
Gross Profit	\$107.9	\$120.7	\$127.1	\$140.3	\$159.8
<i>Gross margin %</i>	74.3%	77.3%	77.2%	79.8%	79.2%
Selling and marketing	\$47.1	\$45.5	\$50.1	\$56.2	\$77.3
Research and development	\$28.4	\$31.2	\$32.8	\$35.0	\$37.8
General and administrative	\$22.7	\$20.8	\$23.5	\$31.4	\$28.5
Total operating expenses	\$98.2	\$97.4	\$106.4	\$122.5	\$143.6
<i>Operating expenses %</i>	68%	62%	65%	70%	71%
Operating income (loss)	\$9.7	\$23.3	\$20.8	\$17.8	\$16.2
<i>Operating margin %</i>	6.7%	14.9%	12.6%	10.1%	8.0%
Free cash flow	\$18.6	\$13.9	\$39.5	\$21.9	\$34.7
<i>FCF margin %</i>	13%	9%	24%	12%	17%



GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation of Operating Income

(USD \$K)	FY22 Q4	FY23 Q1	FY23 Q2	FY23 Q3	FY23 Q4
Operating Income (Loss)	(\$4,077)	\$878	\$7,034	(\$302,203)	(\$36,330)
Stock-based Compensation	\$557	\$1,823	\$519	\$299,975	\$38,482
Employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions	-	-	-	\$6,838	\$822
Amortization of prepaid marketing	\$13,224	\$13,224	\$13,224	\$13,224	\$13,225
Restructuring	-	\$7,366	-	-	-
Non-GAAP Operating Income (Loss)	\$9,704	\$23,291	\$20,777	\$17,834	\$16,199
Operating margin	(2.8%)	0.6%	4.3%	(171.9%)	(18.0%)
Non-GAAP operating margin	6.7%	14.9%	12.6%	10.1%	8.0%

GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation of Gross Profit

(USD \$K)	FY22 Q4	FY23 Q1	FY23 Q2	FY23 Q3	FY23 Q4
Gross profit	\$107,904	\$119,514	\$127,110	\$116,982	\$156,605
Stock-based Compensation	\$24	\$26	\$17	\$21,902	\$3,028
Employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions	-	-	-	\$1,451	\$135
Restructuring	-	\$1,156	-	-	-
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$107,928	\$120,696	\$127,127	\$140,335	\$159,768
Gross margin	74.3%	76.6%	77.2%	66.5%	77.7%
Non-GAAP gross margin	74.3%	77.3%	77.2%	79.8%	79.2%

GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation of Operating Expenses

(USD \$K)	FY22 Q4	FY23 Q1	FY23 Q2	FY23 Q3	FY23 Q4
Selling and marketing	\$60,447	\$60,613	\$63,357	\$167,877	\$102,524
Stock-based Compensation	(\$76)	(\$127)	(\$52)	(\$95,962)	(\$11,813)
Employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions	-	-	-	(\$2,515)	(\$232)
Amortization of prepaid marketing	(\$13,224)	(\$13,224)	(\$13,224)	(\$13,224)	(\$13,225)
Restructuring	-	(\$1,802)	-	-	-
Non-GAAP Selling and marketing	\$47,147	\$45,460	\$50,081	\$56,176	\$77,254
Research and development	\$28,712	\$35,032	\$33,055	\$141,455	\$52,635
Stock-based Compensation	(\$298)	(\$551)	(\$262)	(\$104,829)	(\$14,542)
Employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions	-	-	-	(\$1,676)	(\$277)
Restructuring	-	(\$3,300)	-	-	-
Non-GAAP Research and development	\$28,414	\$31,181	\$32,793	\$34,951	\$37,816
General and administrative	\$22,822	\$22,991	\$23,664	\$109,853	\$37,776
Stock-based Compensation	(\$159)	(\$1,119)	(\$188)	(\$77,282)	(\$9,099)
Employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions	-	-	-	(\$1,197)	(\$178)
Restructuring	-	(\$1,108)	-	-	-
Non-GAAP General and administrative	\$22,663	\$20,764	\$23,476	\$31,374	\$28,499
Total operating expenses	\$111,981	\$118,636	\$120,076	\$419,185	\$192,935
Stock-based Compensation	(\$533)	(\$1,797)	(\$502)	(\$278,073)	(\$35,454)
Employer payroll tax on employee stock transactions	-	-	-	(\$5,388)	(\$687)
Amortization of prepaid marketing	(\$13,224)	(\$13,224)	(\$13,224)	(\$13,224)	(\$13,225)
Restructuring	-	(\$6,210)	-	-	-
Non-GAAP Total Operating Expenses	\$98,224	\$97,405	\$106,350	\$122,501	\$143,569

Free Cash Flow

(USD \$K)	FY22 Q4	FY23 Q1	FY23 Q2	FY23 Q3	FY23 Q4
Cash Provided by (used in) operating activities	\$20,914	\$15,552	\$41,474	\$23,700	\$38,644
Acquisition of property and equipment	(\$1,429)	(\$325)	(\$444)	(\$54)	(\$2,830)
Capitalization of software development costs	(\$898)	(\$1,306)	(\$1,530)	(\$1,776)	(\$1,093)
Non-GAAP free cash flow	\$18,587	\$13,921	\$39,500	\$21,870	\$34,721
Operating cash flow margin	14.4%	10.0%	25.2%	13.5%	19.2%
Free cash flow margin	12.8 %	8.9 %	24.0 %	12.4%	17.2%

Select defined terms

Customers: We define a customer as a distinct paid subscription to our platform. A single organization could have multiple discrete contracting divisions or subsidiaries or brands each with paid subscriptions to our platform, which would, in general, constitute multiple distinct customers. In some cases at the customer's request, we allow subscriptions under the same parent organization to be consolidated into a single paid subscription in which case such consolidated paid subscriptions would constitute a single customer. We measure our total number of customers as a point-in-time calculation measured as of the end of a particular period. Customers do not include persons or entities that use our platform on a free trial basis.

Customers Generating Over \$50,000 of ARR: We calculate our number of customers generating over \$50,000 of ARR as those customers that have an average ARR of greater than \$50,000 over the prior twelve months (or the entire duration of the customer's paying relationship, if it is less than twelve months) as of the date of determination. We believe the number of customers generating over \$50,000 of ARR is a key performance metric to help investors and others understand and evaluate our results of operations in the same manner as our management team, as it is an indicator of our ability to grow the number of customers that are exceeding this ARR threshold, both from our existing customers expanding their usage of our platform and from our sales to larger customers. We believe this is an important indicator of our ability to continue to successfully move up market.

Dollar-Based Net Revenue Retention Rate: We calculate our Dollar-Based Net Revenue Retention Rate, or NRR, by first identifying the cohort of customers as of twelve months prior to the date of determination. We then calculate the Annualized Recurring Revenue, or ARR, from this customer cohort as of twelve months prior to the date of determination, or the Prior Period ARR, and the ARR from this customer cohort as of the date of determination, or the Current Period ARR. ARR, for any date of determination, is the annualized value of existing paid subscriptions, which we calculate by taking the amount of revenue that we expect to receive in the next monthly period for our existing paid subscriptions, assuming no changes to such subscriptions in the next month, as of that date of determination, and multiplying that amount by twelve. Current Period ARR includes any expansion, price increases, and customer subscriptions that are deactivated and subsequently reactivated during the applicable twelve-month period and reflects contraction or attrition over the last twelve months from this customer cohort, but excludes any ARR from new customers in the current period. We then divide the total Current Period ARR by the total Prior Period ARR to arrive at the point-in-time NRR. We then calculate the weighted average point-in-time NRR as of the last day of each month in the current trailing twelve-month period to arrive at the NRR, with the weightings determined by the total ARR at the end of each period. We believe NRR is a key performance metric to help investors and others understand and evaluate our results of operations in the same manner as our management team, as it represents the expansion in usage of our platform by our existing customers, which is an important measure of the health of our business and future growth prospects. We measure dollar-based net revenue retention rate to measure this growth.

Klaviyo Attributed Value: We define Klaviyo Attributed Value, or KAV, as the amount of revenue our customers generated through orders placed by consumers within a specified period of time after a message is sent using our platform, which in the case of email is five days from when the message is sent, and in the case of SMS is twenty-four hours from when the message is sent. For email, the message also needs to be opened or clicked in order for the transaction to fall within our definition. KAV excludes orders placed with customers that do not opt-in to sharing data on placed orders, orders for which we cannot determine the currency or value, or unusual orders that appear to us to be anomalies. Since our definition of a customer does not include persons or entities that use our platform on a free trial basis, any revenue generated through orders placed with these persons or entities is also excluded from our definition of KAV. We do not net chargebacks or sales refunds from our calculation of KAV. If a customer leaves Klaviyo, we stop counting that customer's KAV after their last contracted month. We believe KAV serves as a measure of the return-on-investment that we help generate for our customers and illustrates the value our platform can drive to our customers, which we believe enhances our ability to maintain existing customers and attract new customers. We use KAV as an internal estimate to track the value we drive to customers through our platform. KAV is an operational measure, does not represent revenue earned by us, and does not directly correlate to our pricing, revenue, or results of operations. Further, KAV is not a forecast of future revenue and investors should not place undue reliance on KAV as an indicator of our future or expected results.

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