



FY 2024
Shareholder Letter



Letter to shareholders

Dear shareholders,

The world is catching up to what we've known all along: nuclear power is essential to a clean, dependable, and scalable energy future. In 2024, Oklo took bold steps to lead this transformation. We went public, advanced development at our first commercial site at Idaho National Laboratory (INL), and built a customer pipeline of ~14 GW—one of the largest in our field.

At the same time, nuclear energy has gained unprecedented government support,¹ and AI has triggered a Sputnik moment, accelerating the demand for dependable, domestic power.² Our partnership with Equinix was the first commercial advanced nuclear energy deal that included an investment in the data center sector. And we capped the year with a landmark energy agreement, one of the largest of its kind, with data center developer Switch. It's clear that AI's rapid evolution means it will only become more accessible and scalable—if we have the power to support it.

But the need for clean, abundant power goes beyond AI. Oklo is positioned to deliver across sectors, with agreements across manufacturing, defense, oil and gas, and more. We have proven technology, deep regulatory expertise, and a scalable, repeatable model that enables us to co-locate our powerhouses onsite, directly supplying our customers' facilities.

We've already made big strides in 2025: evolving our powerhouse offering to scale up to 75 MW, partnering with RPower on a gas-to-nuclear strategy, and expanding into radioisotope production with our strategic acquisition of Atomic Alchemy. These moves unlock new revenue opportunities and open additional markets for Oklo.

As the only company with both a site use permit and secured fuel for our first deployment, Oklo remains on track to deliver commercial power by the end of 2027, backed by a strong and growing customer pipeline.

Sincerely,

Jacob DeWitte
Founder & CEO, Oklo



Key milestones

Customer pipeline

- › Signed one of the largest corporate power agreements in history with Switch for 12 GW of power, bringing confirmed customer interest to ~14 GW
- › Signed a Letter of Intent (LOI) with Equinix for 500 MW, accompanied by a \$25 million pre-payment
- › Signed an LOI with Prometheus Hyperscale for 100 MW
- › Signed an LOI with Diamondback Energy for 50 MW

Corporate development

- › Began trading on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "OKLO"
- › Completed acquisition of Atomic Alchemy, enabling accelerated radioisotope production
- › Entered into strategic partnership with RPower to provide customers with a natural gas bridge to nuclear power
- › Designated Siemens Energy as Oklo's preferred supplier of power conversion technology
- › Partnered with Oak Ridge National Laboratory to advance structural material testing to enhance durability and optimize manufacturing

Project execution

- › Expanded powerhouse offering to scale to a 75 MW design to meet customer demand
- › Secured key U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) approvals, including a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) for siting and an Environmental Compliance Permit for Oklo's first Aurora powerhouse at INL
- › Began drilling, testing, and site characterization for Oklo's first commercial powerhouse, backed by DOE approvals

Licensing progress

- › Advanced pre-application engagement with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and transitioned toward scheduling a Pre-Application Readiness Assessment for Oklo's combined license application (COLA)
- › On track to submit custom COLA to the NRC this year

Fuel fabrication & recycling

- › Signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Lightbridge Corporation to explore co-locating fuel fabrication and collaborating on advanced nuclear fuel recycling
- › Completed successful end-to-end demonstration of advanced nuclear fuel recycling process

Financial

- › Closed highly successful business combination with AltC Acquisition Corporation, resulting in \$276 million in cash proceeds net of fees
- › Full year cash used in operations of \$38.4 million, below our forecasted range of \$40-50 million

Oklo appoints two new board members

In March 2025, Oklo welcomed Daniel B. Poneman and Michael Thompson as new members of our Board of Directors. They join following the departure of Chris Wright, who stepped down upon his confirmation as U.S. Secretary of Energy.³



Daniel B. Poneman

Daniel B. Poneman has decades of experience in the U.S. nuclear industry. He served as U.S. Deputy Secretary of Energy (2009-2014), and later, he led Centrus Energy Corp. as President and CEO (2015-2023), where he led the launch of the first domestic, technology-enabled uranium enrichment production since 1954.



Michael Thompson

Michael Thompson has over 25 years of experience investing in and advising technology companies. Since 2017, he has served as CEO and Managing Partner of Reinvent Capital, a private investment fund focused on technology. He was previously the Founder and Managing Director of BHR-Capital, a New York-based hedge fund.

“The long-awaited American nuclear renaissance must launch during President Trump’s administration. As global energy demand continues to grow, America must lead the commercialization of affordable and abundant nuclear energy. As such, the Department will work diligently and creatively to enable the rapid deployment and export of next-generation nuclear technology.”⁴



CHRIS WRIGHT
U.S. Secretary of Energy

Former CEO of Liberty Energy and Former Oklo Board Member

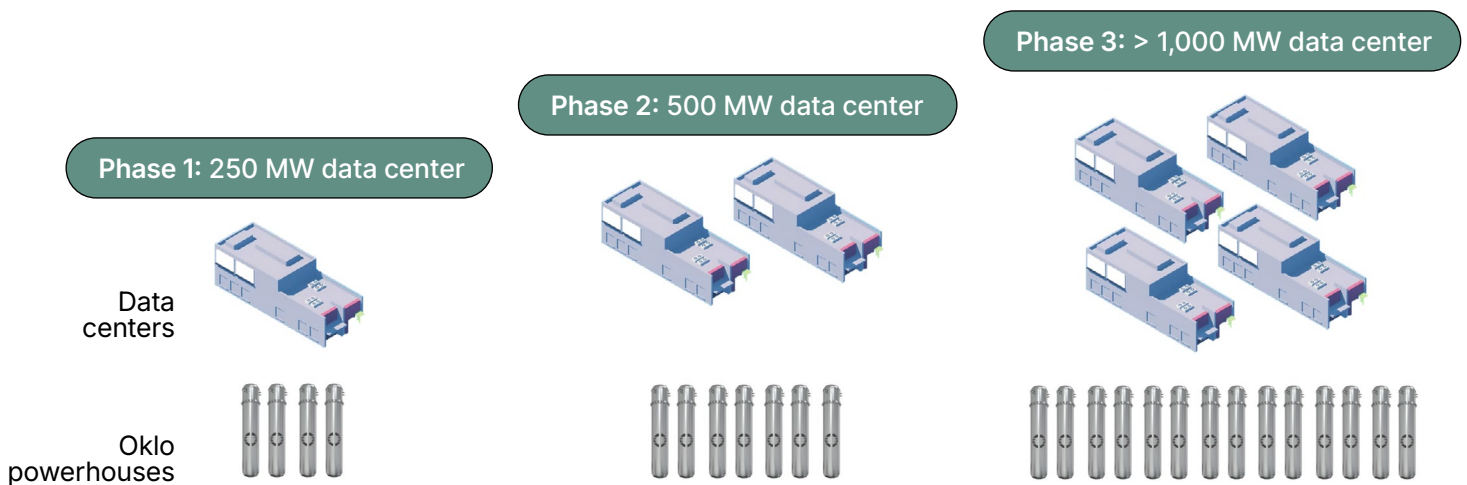
Product update

Oklo's 50 MW reactor now scales up to 75 MW to meet increased demand from large customers





Oklo's fast reactors can now deliver between 15 MW and 75 MW of power from a single powerhouse to flexibly address the diverse power needs from our broad customer base. Scaling our 50 MW reactor design up to 75 MW enables us to address increased demand from large data center customers through fewer powerhouse deployments, without adding any notable technical, design, or regulatory complexities.

Oklo's modular approach offers customers distinct advantages over traditional large-scale reactors





Instead of relying on a single large plant, Oklo builds small, modular powerhouses incrementally, allowing energy production to scale alongside customer growth.



CUSTOMER BENEFITS

-  Scalable from MW to GW scale to meet power needs
-  Ability to provide > 99% reliability by deploying multiple powerhouses
-  Flexible, phased deployment to align with customer timelines
-  Reduced grid interconnection and infrastructure costs

BUSINESS MODEL BENEFITS

-  Enables build-own-operate model to sell power directly to customers
-  Lowers supply chain, fabrication, and labor costs
-  Reduces timelines and avoids mega-project execution risks
-  Enables access to project financing for flexible funding

Oklo + Switch: One of the largest corporate power agreements in history

Oklo and Switch have signed a non-binding Master Power Agreement to provide 12 GW of advanced nuclear power to Switch by 2044. This landmark strategic relationship will accelerate industry decarbonization, scale Oklo's powerhouses, and provide clean energy for AI, cloud, and enterprise data centers across the United States.

“Our relationship with Oklo underscores our commitment to deploying advanced nuclear power at a transformative scale for our data centers, further enhancing our offerings of one of the world's most advanced data center infrastructures to current and future Switch clients.”



ROB ROY
Founder and CEO of Switch

Other selected data center power deals:



EQUINIX

\$25M pre-payment for a 20-year PPA, providing up to 500 MW of power to Equinix data centers



Non-binding Letter of Intent (LOI) to deliver 100 MW of power to its data center campus through a future 20-year PPA

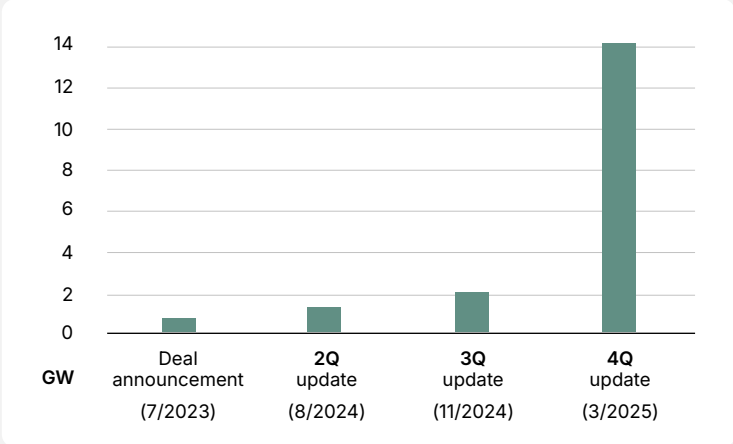
Oklo has the largest order book in the advanced nuclear industry

Customer agreements span data center, manufacturing, oil and gas, defense, and other industries.



14 GW

Total capacity in Oklo's customer pipeline



Oklo + RPower: A natural gas bridge to nuclear power

Oklo and RPower are partnering on a first-of-its-kind phased energy strategy to deliver immediate power and long-term clean energy for customers. RPower’s natural gas generators will provide bridge power for select projects, then shift to providing backup power as Aurora powerhouses come online, providing high uptime and reliability.

Why this approach wins



CUSTOMERS POWERED QUICKLY

Helps data centers and high-demand users get reliable power



NEW PATH FOR REVENUE

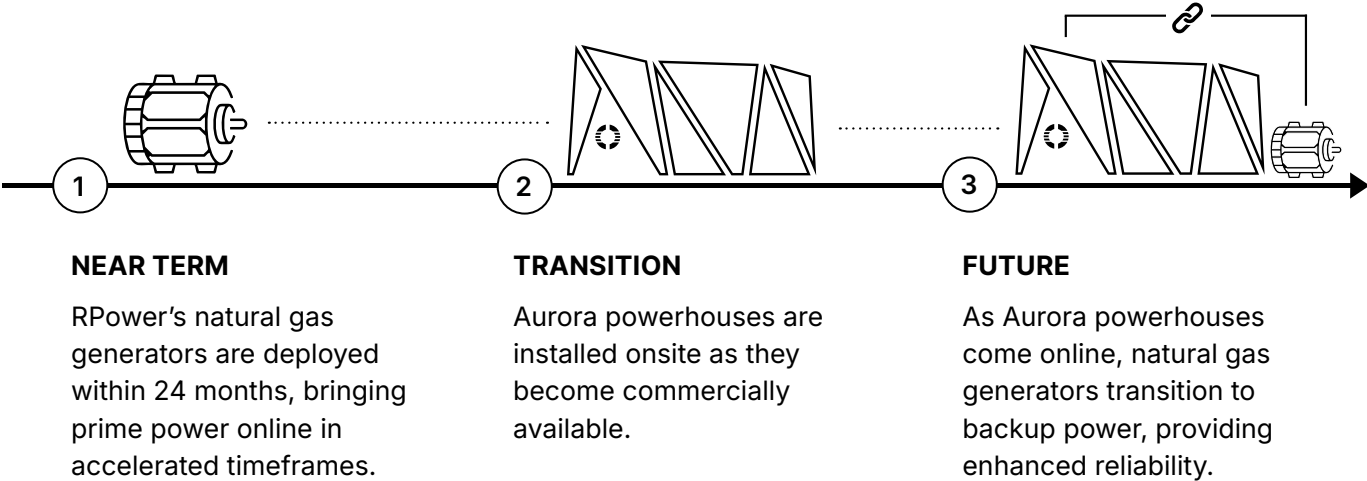
Combines proven tech with long-term energy deals for earnings



CLEAR PATH TO CLEAN ENERGY

Accelerates transition to sustainable nuclear power

Three-phase strategy: The gas-to-nuclear pathway



“Our relationship with Oklo represents a powerful way to bridge today’s energy demands with tomorrow’s clean energy solutions. We are excited to bring this phased model to market, providing valuable and timely energy solutions to our customers while advancing their sustainability goals.”



JAMIE SMITH
President & Chief Development Officer of RPower

Oklo expands into radioisotope market

Oklo acquires Atomic Alchemy

Atomic Alchemy's vertically integrated production facilities will supply high-value radioisotopes amid a global radioisotope shortage.⁵ Atomic Alchemy is well situated to supply high-value radioisotopes for various applications, including fueling radioisotope thermoelectric generators used by companies like Zeno Power. Revenue could potentially be generated as soon as 2026.

Four core areas of innovation—what Atomic Alchemy does

1 RECOVERING VALUABLE MATERIALS FROM WASTE

Extracting useful radioisotopes from discarded sources like old cancer therapy materials and uranium mining byproducts

2 PRODUCING ISOTOPES WITH A CUSTOM REACTOR

Using a purpose-built reactor to create a wide range of medical, industrial, and research radioisotopes through irradiation

3 REUSING BYPRODUCTS FROM OKLO'S RECYCLING PROCESS

Converting byproducts into valuable co-product materials and isotopes from Oklo's recycled fuel

4 EXPLORING NEW ISOTOPES WITH FAST REACTORS

Producing isotopes with versatile reactors—unlocking new frontiers in science, medicine, and space



APPLICATIONS



HEALTHCARE

Crucial for diagnostics, medical imaging, and cancer therapies



DEFENSE

Ensuring reliable power for unmanned systems and critical operations



SPACE

Powering deep-space exploration and satellite systems



INDUSTRY

Enabling precise measurement, testing, and monitoring



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Silicon doping of advanced semiconductor chips



NUCLEAR R&D

Enabling advanced nuclear fuels and materials characterization and qualification

Oklo is pioneering nuclear fuel recycling

Transforming nuclear waste into a sustainable, domestic energy supply

Oklo is advancing plans to deploy a commercial-scale fuel recycling facility, scaling proven recycling technology to establish a sustainable, domestic fuel supply. This initiative is supported by strong partnerships with the DOE, the Advanced Research Projects Agency-Energy (ARPA-E), and leading national laboratories.

Oklo's advanced reactors can utilize either recycled or fresh fuel

Oklo's vertical integration across nuclear power and fuel recycling makes us a differentiated leader, with reactors designed to operate on either fresh high-assay low-enriched uranium fuel or recycled nuclear fuel, ensuring a flexible and stable energy supply.



U.S. used nuclear fuel reserves total 94,000 metric tons⁶—which would fit on a football field stacked 10 yards high and is the energy equivalent of

1.2 trillion barrels of oil⁷



Why this matters:



PROVEN NUCLEAR FUEL RECYCLING

Transforming used fuel into a sustainable, domestic energy supply



CLOSING THE FUEL CYCLE

Recycling utilizes the remaining 95% of energy stored in used nuclear fuel



FUEL SUPPLY ADVANTAGE

Can utilize existing used nuclear fuel stored at nuclear plants across the U.S.



COST EFFICIENCY

Using recycled fuel reduces fuel costs by up to 80%

Oklo is building the next generation of nuclear technology at INL

In partnership with INL, Oklo is building out our full nuclear technology platform, which includes the Aurora Powerhouse, the Aurora Fuel Fabrication Facility, and a Radioisotope Production Facility.

Aurora Fuel Fabrication Facility

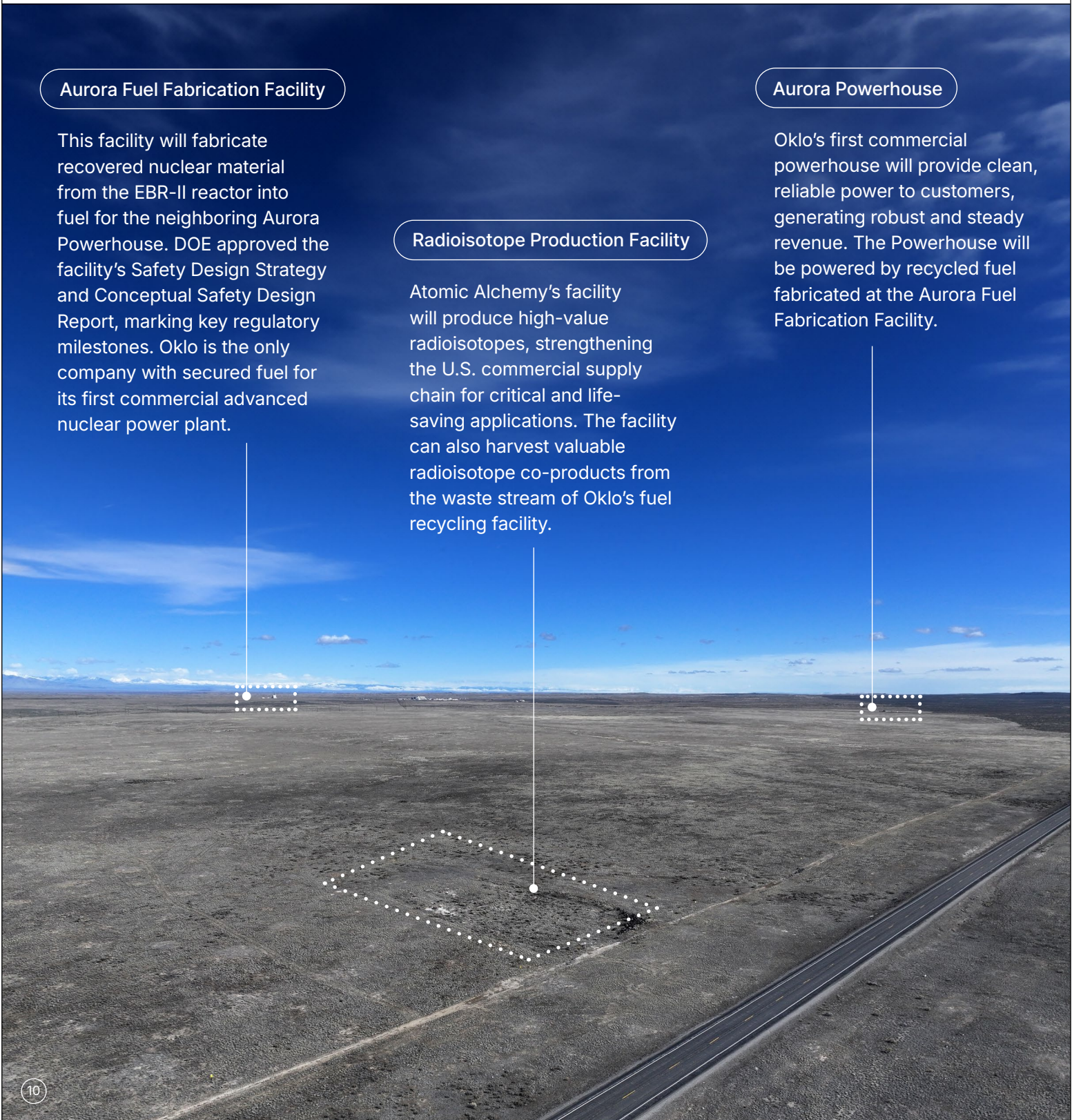
This facility will fabricate recovered nuclear material from the EBR-II reactor into fuel for the neighboring Aurora Powerhouse. DOE approved the facility's Safety Design Strategy and Conceptual Safety Design Report, marking key regulatory milestones. Oklo is the only company with secured fuel for its first commercial advanced nuclear power plant.

Radioisotope Production Facility

Atomic Alchemy's facility will produce high-value radioisotopes, strengthening the U.S. commercial supply chain for critical and life-saving applications. The facility can also harvest valuable radioisotope co-products from the waste stream of Oklo's fuel recycling facility.

Aurora Powerhouse

Oklo's first commercial powerhouse will provide clean, reliable power to customers, generating robust and steady revenue. The Powerhouse will be powered by recycled fuel fabricated at the Aurora Fuel Fabrication Facility.



Aurora Powerhouse site work kicks off at INL



Oklo has achieved major DOE regulatory milestones and has begun drilling, testing, and site characterization efforts at INL for our first commercial Aurora powerhouse. Backed by a DOE site use permit, the project is on track for deployment in late 2027 to early 2028.

Oklo closely collaborated with INL, DOE, and the Shoshone-Bannock Tribes to complete cultural and biological surveys and secure work authorization, ensuring environmental protection and construction safety.

Oklo's first powerhouse will be fueled with fuel fabricated at the Aurora Fuel Fabrication Facility at INL, for which Oklo is currently seeking DOE authorization.

Oklo to submit NRC application for first Aurora powerhouse in 2025

Oklo plans to submit our custom COLA[®] to the NRC this year, covering the design, construction, and operation of the Aurora Powerhouse at INL. Oklo remains on track to deploy our first Aurora powerhouse in late 2027. In preparation, Oklo has advanced pre-application engagement with the NRC and is moving toward scheduling a Pre-Application Readiness Assessment for our COLA.

Additionally, the NRC has proposed reducing hourly service fees for advanced nuclear reactor applicants by nearly 55%⁹ starting October 1, 2025, aligning with the ADVANCE Act¹⁰ mandate, which was recently signed into law to accelerate the deployment of next-generation nuclear technologies.

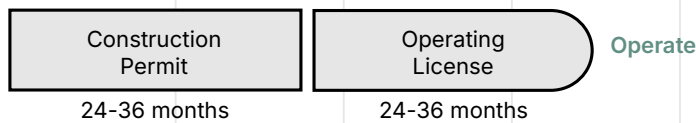
OKLO'S INTEGRATED BUSINESS MODEL UNLOCKS A FASTER PATH TO LICENSING

Other developers: Part 52



*Done by design developer, includes just design scope.

Other developers: Part 50

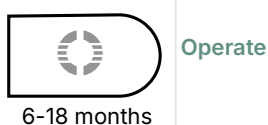


**Done by design developer with operator (e.g., utility), includes financial information, siting information, environmental report, operational and security programs, etc.

Oklo: COLA (First Deployment)



Oklo: S-COLA⁽¹⁾ (Subsequent Deployments)



Oklo's custom COLA includes all aspects of design, construction, and operation, significantly reducing overall review time.

(1) In an S-COLA, we believe only new information need be re-reviewed. This is expected to involve significantly less content, limited generally only to site-specific data. Additionally, current efforts are working toward a 6-month licensing timeline, and the ADVANCE Act laid out timelines for 18-month safety and environmental reviews. Oklo's advantage comes from policy changes and streamlined processes, rather than implying a different regulatory approach.



Oklo's custom COLA includes:

Siting	Design/analysis	Financial information	Environmental report	Operational programs	Security programs	State and local info	Review timeline
✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	24-36 months
✗	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	36-42 months



Key 2024 financial highlights

Oklo became a public company in May 2024 by successfully completing our business combination with AltC Acquisition Corp. (AltC), receiving \$276 million in proceeds net of fees. Management reports the following full-year financial results:

Loss from operations

Oklo's full year loss from operations was \$52.8 million, driven by payroll, professional fees, and other general business expenses. These costs included approximately \$12.5 million in non-cash stock-based compensation not in our original forecast. When adjusted for these amounts, we were at \$40.3 million, at the low end of our \$40–50 million forecast.

FULL YEAR 2024

\$52.8M

vs. forecast of
\$40–\$50M

Net loss

Our full year net loss of \$73.6 million comprises \$52.8 million loss from operations, \$27.9 million in fair market value charges on SAFE notes prior to conversion, and tax expense of \$0.7 million, offset by \$7.7 million in interest income.

FULL YEAR 2024

\$73.6M

Net loss

Cash used in operating activities

Our cash used in operating activities was \$38.4 million, derived from a net loss of \$73.6 million partially offset by the net impact of non-cash fair market value impacts on SAFE notes, non-cash stock-based compensation charges, and net changes to our working capital all totaling \$35.2 million.

FULL YEAR 2024

\$38.4M

Cash and marketable securities

Year-end cash and marketable securities were \$275.3 million, primarily driven by proceeds received from our business combination with AltC, and will continue to be used to support deployment of our first powerhouse at INL, license application fees, progression of our fuel recycling activities, and operations for our recently acquired Atomic Alchemy business.

FULL YEAR 2024

\$275.3M

As of December 31

Balance sheets

(in thousands, except share data)

Years ended December 31

	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$97,132	\$9,868
Marketable debt securities	130,682	-
Prepaid and other current assets	4,125	4,331
Total current assets	\$231,939	\$14,199
Marketable debt securities	47,473	-
Property and equipment, net	1,202	578
Operating lease right-of-use assets	982	83
Other assets	140	25
Total assets	\$281,736	\$14,885
Accounts payable	\$2,970	\$2,274
Accrued expenses and other	1,885	836
Operating lease liabilities	481	94
Total current liabilities	5,336	3,204
Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion	543	-
Simple agreements for future equity	-	46,042
Right of first refusal liability	25,000	-
Total liabilities	30,879	49,246
Commitments and contingencies:		
Stockholders' equity (deficit):		
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value – 500,000,000 shares authorized; 137,706,596 and 69,242,940 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively	14	7
Additional paid-in capital	383,739	27,125
Accumulated deficit	(135,109)	(61,493)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,213	-
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)	250,857	(34,361)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$281,736	\$14,885

Statements of operations

<i>(in thousands, except share data)</i>	Years ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Research and development	\$26,711	\$9,763
General and administrative	26,090	8,873
Total operating expenses	52,801	18,636
Loss from operations	(52,801)	(18,636)
Change in fair value of simple agreements for future equity	(27,864)	(13,717)
Interest and dividend income	7,732	180
Total other income (loss)	(20,132)	(13,537)
Loss before income taxes	(72,933)	(32,173)
Income taxes	(683)	-
Net loss	(73,616)	(32,173)
Basic and diluted Class A common stock:		
Net loss per share	\$(0.74)	\$(0.47)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	98,910,013	68,891,996

Statements of cash flows

(in thousands)

Years ended December 31

	2024	2023
Net loss	\$(73,616)	\$(32,173)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	268	75
Change in fair value of simple agreements for future equity	27,864	13,717
Accretion of discount on marketable debt securities	(520)	-
Stock-based compensation	12,484	777
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid and other current assets	(1,520)	(126)
Other assets	(115)	26
Accounts payable	(1,762)	1,344
Accrued expenses and other	(1,504)	384
Operating lease right-of-use assets and liabilities	31	(22)
Net cash used in operating activities	(38,390)	(15,998)
Purchases of property and equipment	(352)	(83)
Purchase of marketable debt securities	(291,620)	-
Proceeds from redemptions of marketable debt securities	116,198	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(175,774)	(83)
Proceeds from recapitalization	276,210	-
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,044	114
Proceeds from right of first refusal liability	25,000	-
Proceeds from simple agreements for future equity	10,232	19,325
Payment of deferred issuance costs	(11,058)	(3,144)
Net cash provided by financing activities	301,428	16,295
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	87,264	214
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	9,868	9,654
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$97,132	\$9,868
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ -	\$ -
Cash paid for income taxes	907	-
Supplemental noncash investing and financing activities:		
Reclassification of deferred issuance costs in connection with business combination	\$5,510	\$ -
Reclassification of simple agreements for future equity in connection with business combination	84,138	-
Deferred issuance costs included in accounts payable	1,906	443
Deferred issuance costs included in accrued expense and other	-	122
Purchases of computer software in accounts payable and accrued expense and other	540	392

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This letter includes statements that express Oklo's opinions, expectations, objectives, beliefs, plans, intentions, strategies, assumptions, forecasts or projections regarding future events or future results and therefore are, or may be deemed to be, "forward-looking statements." The words "may," "will," "could," "should," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "continue," "might," "possible," "potential," "predict," "project," "goal," "would," "commit" or, in each case, their negative or other variations or comparable terminology, and similar expressions may identify forward-looking statements, but the absence of these words does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. These forward-looking statements include all matters that are not historical facts.

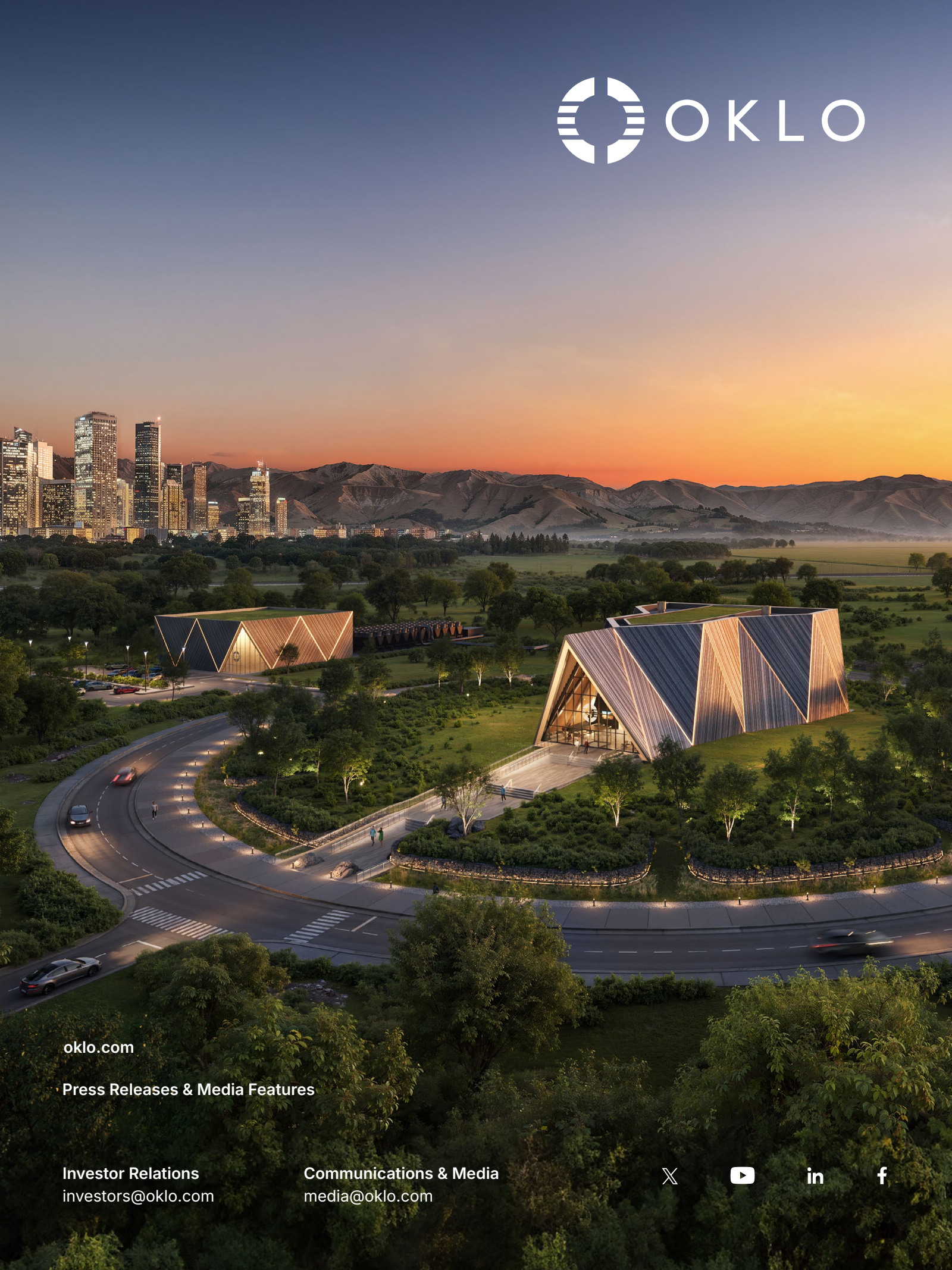
They appear in a number of places throughout this letter and include statements regarding our intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, the timing, goals and benefits of nuclear fuel recycling, environmental benefits and goals of Oklo's projects, results of operations, financial condition, liquidity, prospects, growth, strategies and the markets in which Oklo operates. Such forward-looking statements are based on information available as of the date of this letter, and current expectations, forecasts and assumptions, and involve a number of judgments, risks and uncertainties.

As a result of a number of known and unknown risks and uncertainties, the actual results or performance of Oklo may be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. The following important risk factors could affect Oklo's future results and cause those results or other outcomes to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements: risks related to the development and deployment of Oklo's powerhouses; the risk that Oklo is pursuing an emerging market, with no commercial project operating, regulatory uncertainties; risks related to acquisitions, divestitures, or joint ventures we may engage in; the potential need for financing to construct plants; market, financial, political and legal conditions; the effects of competition; risks related to accessing HALEU and recycled fuels; risks related to our supply chain; risks related to power purchase agreements; risks related to human capital; risks related to our intellectual property; risks related to cybersecurity and data privacy; changes in applicable laws or regulations; the outcome of any government and regulatory proceedings and investigations and inquiries; the risk that the acquisition of Atomic Alchemy fails to produce the expected benefits; and those factors in the other documents filed by Oklo from time to time with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

The foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive. You should carefully consider the foregoing factors and the other risks and uncertainties of the other documents filed by Oklo from time to time with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The forward-looking statements contained in this letter and in any document incorporated by reference are based on current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on Oklo. There can be no assurance that future developments affecting Oklo will be those that Oklo has anticipated. Oklo undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

CITATIONS

1. The White House. Unleashing American Energy. Published January 20, 2025. Accessed March 18, 2025. <https://www.whitehouse.gov/presidential-actions/2025/01/unleashing-american-energy/>
2. Goldman Sachs. AI to drive 165% increase in data center power demand by 2030. Published February 4, 2025. Accessed March 18, 2025. <https://www.goldmansachs.com/insights/articles/ai-to-drive-165-increase-in-data-center-power-demand-by-2030>
3. U.S. Department of Energy. Statement from Energy Secretary Chris Wright. Published February 3, 2025. Accessed March 18, 2025. <https://www.energy.gov/articles/statement-energy-secretary-chris-wright>
4. U.S. Department of Energy. Secretary Wright Acts to "Unleash Golden Era of American Energy Dominance." Published February 5, 2025. Accessed March 18, 2025. <https://www.energy.gov/articles/secretary-wright-acts-unleash-golden-era-american-energy-dominance>
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6. U.S. Government Accountability Office. Nuclear Waste Disposal. Accessed March 18, 2025. <https://www.gao.gov/nuclear-waste-disposal>
7. U.S. Energy Information Administration, DOE, World Nuclear Association, Company Analysis Calculated as amount of existing waste nuclear fuel (metric tons) multiplied by the energy content in used nuclear fuel (83,634 GJ/kg) divided by energy content per BOE (6.12 GJ/BOE).
8. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Combined License Applications for New Reactors. Accessed March 18, 2025. <https://www.nrc.gov/reactors/new-reactors/large-lwr/col.html>
9. U.S. Government Publishing Office. Proposed Rules. Published February 19, 2025. Accessed March 21, 2025. <https://www.govinfo.gov/content/pkg/FR-2025-02-19/pdf/2025-02779.pdf>
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